PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,

FOR

AUGUST 1890.

PART I, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.
DECISIONS OF GOVERNMENT IN REVENUE CASES.

PART II, IN ABSTRACT.

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PART I.

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Nil.

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Nil.

PART I

REVENUE.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 8th August 1890.

CIRCULAR MEMO.

No. 4981-8—Cir. 103, dated 8th August 1890.

Deputy Commissioners of Districts are requested to send along with the Annual Administration Reports, a statement showing the amount remitted during the year under each cause, *viz.*, (1) death, desertion and poverty, (2) erroneous demand, (3) waste under breached tanks, &c.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Read:—

Letter No. 929—219 of the 30th June 1890, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District,

Letter No. 1805 of 6th August 1890, from the Comptroller,

No. 5195-203—Cir. 109, dated 14th August 1890.

Order thereon.—The orders contained in para 3 of Government Proceedings No. 9149-58—Cir. 204, dated 20th February 1890, are applicable to the payment of permanent as well as temporary remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts,
The Comptroller.

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 7th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS :—

1. Docket from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, dated 30th June 1890, No. 232.
2. Do do dated 7th July 1890, No. 255.
3. Proceedings in the Education Department, dated 1st February 1890, No. 102—5.
4. Do do 1st April do No. 1—3.
5. Do do 23rd May do No. 23—6.
6. Do do 20th June do No. 17—20.
7. Do do 5th July 1889 No. 34—7.

No. 6107-18—CIR. 126, DATED 7TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government resolve to review the Budget Estimates of the several Municipalities of the Bangalore District for the year 1890—91.

1. YELAHANKA.

2. The income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is estimated at Rs 362 against Rs. 365, the actuals of 1888-89.

		Actuals of 1888—89.	Estimate for 1890—91.
II	Tax on houses ...	148	148
VII	Mohatarfa ...	136	136
X	Miscellaneous ...	81	78
	Total Rs.. ...	365	362

3. X *Miscellaneous.*—The estimate under this head includes an item of Rs. 28 under (*e*) Land Revenue. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to report whether this represents income from rents expected to be derived from building sites, in which case it has to be transferred to "VIII Rents (*e*) Lands"; or whether it is revenue from assessed lands, in which case it has to be struck off the budget, as the item is purely Provincial, enjoyed only by the Bangalore City Municipality under a special sanction of Government. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

4. Including the opening balance of Rs. 296, the sum available for expenditure during 1890-91 is Rs. 658, of which Rs. 463 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 195 at the end of the year.

		Actuals of 1888—89.	Estimates. 1889—90.	1890—91.
II	Head Office ...	6	6	6
IV	Conservancy ...	96	96	126
VIII	Public Works ...	219	290	331
XI	Miscellaneous ...	8	10	...
	Total Rs.....	329	402	463

5. *IV Conservancy.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision of Rs. (30) newly made for the purchase of a manure cart. The estimate is sanctioned.

6. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision under this head consisting of the marginally noted items is passed.

(*c*)	Road repairs	113
(*d*)	Drains, original	182
(*e*)	Do repairs	36
	Total Rs.....	331

7. The other items call for no remark.

2. KENGERI.

8. The income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is estimated at Rs. 431 against Rs. 713, the actuals of 1888—89.

II	Tax on houses	..	158	158
VII	Mohatarfa	..	249	227
X	Miscellaneous	..	306	46
	Total Rs.....		713	431

9. *VII Mohatarfa.*—It is stated that looms, from which Rs. 21 were realized during 1888—89, are not in existence at present. Hence the decrease in the estimate, which is sanctioned.

10. *X Miscellaneous.*—The decrease which is in "(*n*) Other Items" has not been explained. The actuals, *viz.*, Rs. 265 entered under this sub-head probably represents the sum drawn by the Amildar for expenditure but not expended within the year 1888—89. If so, such items should in future be adjusted in communication with the Comptroller by a minus entry under each of the several heads of expenditure to which they had been originally debited, as the system of crediting the unexpended balance to receipts gives a false notion of the receipts as well as of expenditure. The estimate is passed.

11. Including the opening balance of Rs. 1,062, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,493, of which Rs. 1,070 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 423 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office	..	10	10	10
IV	Conservancy	..	96	96	126
VIII	Public Works	..	291	410	934
XI	Miscellaneous	...	18	20	..
	Total Rs.....		415	536	1,070

12. *IV Conservancy.*—A provision of Rs. 30 is newly made for the purchase of a manure cart during 1890—91. Hence the increase in the estimate which is sanctioned.

13. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision under this head consisting of the marginally noted items is approved.

(*c*)	Roads repairs	... 258
(*d*)	Drains, original	... 640
(*e*)	Do repairs	... 36
	Total Rs.....	934

3. HOSKOTE.

14. The income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is estimated at Rs. 1,061 against Rs. 801, the actuals of 1888—89.

II	Tax on houses	...	342	400
VII	Mohatarfa	...	383	436
X	Miscellaneous	..	76	225
	Total Rs.....		801	1,061

15. *II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.*—The increase under these heads is explained to be due to the taxes having been recently revised. The estimates are sanctioned.

16. *X Miscellaneous.*—The increase of Rs. 149 is the result of variations in the items specified in the margin, which are of a fluctuating character. The estimate is passed.

Increase.			*Decrease.*		
(*a*)	Sale of houses and lands ..	19	(*n*).	Other Item ...	15
(*d*)	Pounds ...	19		Total Rs.....	15
(*g*)	Sale of manure	15			
(*k*)	Amarayi ...	40			
	Total Rs.....	164			

17. Including the opening balance of Rs. 267, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,328, of which Rs. 1,003 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 325 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ..	15	15	15
IV	Conservancy ..	344	348	348
VII	Lighting ...	39	100	50
VIII	Public Works ..	996	650	400
IX	Charitable Grants	108	117	157
XI	Miscellaneous ...	44	40	33
	Total Rs.....	1,546	1,270	1,003

18. *VII Lighting.*—The provision of Rs. 50 is stated to be on account of the cost of lighting the existing lamps. The cause of the decrease should have been explained. The estimate is sanctioned.

19. *VIII Public Works.*—The allotments made are for the marginally noted works proposed to be executed during 1890—91 and are approved.

(*d*)	Drains, original ..	200
(*e*)	Do repairs ...	200
	Total Rs.....	400

20. *IX Charitable Grants.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision made on account of the Municipal share of the allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant in charge of the Local Fund Dispensary in the Town. The estimate is passed.

21. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The decrease under this head is small and calls for no remark.

4. DODBALLAPUR.

22. The receipts of the Municipality for 1890—91 are estimated at Rs. 2,264 against Rs. 1,659, the actuals of 1888-89.

II	Tax on houses ...	418	654	
VII	Mohatarfa ..	1,051	1,421	
IX	Fines ..	8	8	
X	Miscellaneous ..	182	181	
	Total Rs.....	1,659	2,264	

23. *II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.*—The increase under these two heads is due to the arrears expected to be collected during 1890—91, while the actuals of 1888—89 included no such arrears. The estimates are approved.

24. *X Miscellaneous.*—No estimate under (*f*) School fees is shown under this head because the school has not yet been opened, but a sum of Rs. 50 is entered under Expenditure. If there is to be expenditure, there ought to be receipts also. The Government therefore estimate Rs. 56 under Receipts.

25. Including the opening balance of Rs. 530, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 2,830, of which Rs 2,112 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 718 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	20	20	20
IV	Conservancy ...	551	552	552
VII	Lighting ...	88	180	180
VIII	Public Works ...	1,446	775	1,077
IX	Charitable Grants	100	117	157
X	Education ...	..	100	50
XI	Miscellaneous ...	177	60	76
	Total Rs.....	2,382	1,804	2,112

26. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision under this head consisting of the marginally noted items is passed.

(*c*)	Road, repairs ...	200
(*d*)	Drains, original ...	482
(*e*)	Do repairs ..	25
(*m*)	Compensation ...	270
(*o*)	Reserve	100
	Total Rs.....	1,077

27. *IX Charitable Grants.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision newly made on account of the Municipal share of the charge allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant attached to the Local Fund Dispensary in the Town. The estimate is approved.

28. X *Education.*—The estimate of Rs. 50 against Rs. 100 sanctioned for 1889—90 will be retained, but the Deputy Commissioner is requested to furnish details of charges under this head and to state whether sanction has been accorded in the Education Department to the re-opening of the English school, which was closed for want of proper attendance.

29. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The large decrease under this head compared with the actuals, which is in "(*h*) Other items," should have been explained The estimate however will be passed.

5. NELAMANGALA

30 The estimated income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is Rs. 1,100 against Rs. 1,590, the actuals of 1888-89.

II	Tax on houses ..	338	331
VII	Mohatarfa ...	417	381
IX	Fines ..	1	...
X	Miscellaneous including mileage allotment for Provincial Road ...	834	388
	Total Rs... .	1,590	1,100

31. *VII Mohatarfa.*—The decrease in the estimate is not explained. The probable collections of 1889—90 are given as Rs. 404 and it is not clear why the estimate for 1890—91 should be less. The estimate will therefore be raised to Rs. 400.

32. X *Miscellaneous.*—The large decrease under this head which is chiefly in (*n*) other items, has not been explained. The omission should be supplied. Meanwhile, the estimate will stand.

33. Including the opening balance of Rs. 553, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,672, of which Rs. 1,319 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 353 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	10	10	10
IV	Conservancy ...	364	432	432
VII	Lighting ...	15	100	100
VIII	Public Works...	476	1,519	505
IX	Charitable Grants	113	100	140
XI	Miscellaneous ..	417	25	45
XIII	Mileage Allotment	...	...	87
	Total Rs. 1,395		2,216	1,319

34. *IV Conservancy.*—The increase over the actuals is due to the entertainment of a Mutsaddi on Rs. 5 per mensem sanctioned in the past year. The estimate which is the same as that for 1889—90 is passed

35. *VIII Public Works.*—The estimate under this head consisting of the marginally noted items is sanctioned.

(*c*)	Road repairs	... 280
(*d*)	Drains, original	... 150
(*e*)	Do repairs	... 25
(*m*)	Compensation	 30
(*o*)	Reserve ..	... 20
	Total Rs	505

36. *IX Charitable Grants.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision newly made on account of the Municipal share of the charge allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant attached to the Local Fund Dispensary in the Town. The estimate is passed.

37. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The large decrease compared with the actuals should have been explained. The estimate however which exceeds the sanctioned provision for 1889—90 by Rs. 20 only will be retained.

		Estimate for— 1889—90.	1890—91.
(*d*)	Rewards to dog and snake-killers ...	15	20
(*h*)	Other items ...	10	25
	Total Rs.....	25	45

38. *XIII Mileage Allotment.*—The provision made under this head is on account of the maintenance of the portion of the Provincial Road (Salem-Bellary Road,) lying within the Municipal limits of the Town recently transferred to the Municipality. The provision will be approved but shown under the proper head VIII Public Works "(*e*) Road Repairs" raising the estimate under that head from Rs. 505 to Rs. 592.

6. TYAMAGONDLU.

39. The estimated income of this Municipality for 1890—91 amounts to Rs. 730 against Rs. 904, the actuals of 1888—89.

II	Tax on houses ...	305	305
VII	Mohatarfa ...	356	367
IX	Fines ...	1	...
X	Miscellaneous ...	242	58
	Total Rs.....	904	730

40. *VII Mohatarfa.*—The small increase under this head is stated to be due to the inclusion in the estimate, of arrears to be collected during 1890—91. The estimate is passed.

41. *X Miscellaneous.*—The large decrease under this head is chiefly in "(*d*) Pounds" and "(*n*) Other Items." The actuals of 1888—89 under "(*d*) Pounds" are entered as Rs. 36 and the probable collections for 1889—90 as Rs. 167. It is not stated why the estimate, for 1890—91 is entered only as Rs. 35. It will be raised to Rs. 100. It is not explained why no estimate is entered under "(*n*) Other Items." The omission should be supplied. Meanwhile the estimate will stand as Rs. 123.

Actuals of 1888—89 ...	193
Probable collections of 1889—90 ...	21
Estimate for 1890—91 ...	...

42. The estimated receipts as now sanctioned amounts to Rs. 795. Adding to this the opening balance of Rs. 2,101, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 2,896, of which Rs. 1,607 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,289 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	10	10	10
IV	Conservancy ...	204	252	277
VII	Lighting ...	95	100	100
VIII	Public Works ...	572	380	1,200
XI	Miscellaneous ...	94	25	20
	Total Rs.....	975	767	1,607

43. *IV Conservancy.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision of Rs. 25 made for the purchase of a hand cart for removing manure. The estimate is sanctioned.

44. *VIII Public Works.*—The estimate under this head consisting of the marginally noted items is approved. The closing balance is large. The President requested to propose a further allotment amounting to Rs. 1,000 for some useful work at an early date.

(*c*)	Road, repairs ...	450
(*d*)	Drains, original ...	400
(*e*)	Do repairs ...	50
(*i*)	Building, repairs ...	100
(*m*)	Compensation ...	100
(*o*)	Reserve	100
	Total Rs.....	1,200

45. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The decrease compared with the actuals, which is chiefly in "(*h*) Other Items" should have been explained. The estimate will however be passed.

7 KANKANHALLI.

46. The receipts of this Municipality for 1890—91 are estimated at Rs. 1,280 against Rs 1,312, the actuals of 1888 89.

II	Tax on houses	... 221	300	
VII	Mohatarfa	... 472	526	
X	Miscellaneous	... 619	454	
	Total Rs....	1,312	1,280	

47. *II Tax on Houses and VII. Mohatarfa.*—The increase, which is chiefly in house and shop taxes, is due to the inclusion in the estimates for 1890—91 arrears to be collected during the year. The estimates are approved

48. X *Miscellaneous*—The decrease under this head is the result of variations in the items specified in the margin. The increase under (*f*) School Fees is justified by the probable collections of the year 1889—90 which amounted to Rs. 325. The reason for the large decrease under "(*n*) Other Items" against which Rs. 296 are shown as the probable collections for the year 1889—90, is not apparent. The President is requested to explain the matter. The estimate will meanwhile stand. The variations under other items are small and call for no remark

Increase			*Decrease*	
(*a*)	Sale of houses, &c	8	(*g*) Sale of manure	6
(*d*)	Pounds	4	(*n*) Other items	300
(*f*)	School fees	102	Total Rs	306
(*i*)	Sale of grass	25		
(*k*)	Amanayi	2		
	Total Rs	141		

49. Including the opening balance of Rs. 193, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,478, of which Rs. 1,211 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs 267 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office	... 10	10	10
IV	Conservancy	... 417	438	438
VII	Lighting	... 100	50	50
VIII	Public Works	... 435	100	70
IX	Charitable Grants	160	178	258
X	Education	... 280	310	355
XI	Miscellaneous	... 474	30	30
	Total Rs	...1,876	1,116	1,211

50. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision of Rs. 70 made under this head on account of road repairs proposed to be executed during 1890-91 is approved.

51. *IX Charitable Grants*—The increase under this head is due to the provision newly made on account of the charge allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant attached to the Local Fund Dispensary in the Town. The estimate is sanctioned.

52. *X. Education.*—Under this head Rs. 355 or Rs. 45 more than the sanctioned estimate for 1889—90 are entered to meet the increased cost consequent on the appointment of a Pupil Teacher. The Government observe that the total cost sanctioned in Proceedings, dated 1st April 1890, No. 1—3 is Rs. 49 per mensem or Rs. 588 per annum. Of this, the portion debitable to the Municipality is Rs. 441. This sum will be entered.

53. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The large decrease compared with the actuals which is in "(*h*) Other Items," should have been explained. The estimate however which is the same as that sanctioned for 1889—90 is sanctioned.

54. The charges as now sanctioned amount to Rs. 1,297 which reduces the closing balance to Rs. 181, which is less than 25 per cent of the receipts by Rs. 139. The President states that the proposed charges cannot be reduced, as provisions made are on account of sanctioned establishments, &c. The President should try to improve the resources.

8 MAGADI.

55. The estimated income of this Municipality for 1890—91 amounts to Rs. 1,800 against Rs. 2,411, the actuals of 1888—89.

II	Tax on houses,	.. 564	580	
VII	Mohatarfa	... 576	652	
X	Miscellaneous	... 1,271	568	
	Total Rs....	... 2,411	1,800	

56. *II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.*—The outstandings of the previous years are expected to be collected during 1890—91. Hence the increase in the estimates which are sanctioned.

57. *X Miscellaneous.*—The decrease under this head is chiefly due to the variations noted in the margin.

Increase.			*Decrease.*		
(*f*)	School fees ...	75	(*n*)	Other items ..	834
(*d*)	Pounds ...	14			
(*a*)	Sale of lands ...	42			
	Total Rs.....	131			

58. The increase under School fees is supported by the probable collections of 1889—90, which are shown as Rs. 243 against Rs. 165, the actuals of 1888—89, but the decrease under "(*n*) Other Items" has not been explained. The omission should be supplied. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

59. Including the opening balance of Rs. 464, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 2,264, of which Rs. 1,721 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 543 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	22	22	22
IV	Conservancy ...	286	396	516
VII	Lighting ...	122	168	168
VIII	Public Works ...	750	400	300
IX	Charitable Grants ...	100	117	157
X	Education ...	216	225	489
XI	Miscellaneous ...	626	50	69
	Total Rs.....	2,122	1,378	1,721

60. *IV. Conservancy.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision of Rs. 120 newly made for hiring a conservancy cart. The estimate is sanctioned.

61. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision under this head consisting of the marginally noted works is approved.

(*c*)	Road repairs ...	200
(*d*)	Drains, original..	100
	Total Rs.	300

62. *IX Charitable Grants.*—A provision of Rs. 40 being the Municipal share of the charge allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant attached to the Local Fund Dispensary in Government Proceedings, dated 6th December 1889, No. 7180 90—164, is newly entered under this head. Hence the increase in the estimate for the current year which is passed.

63. *X Education.*—The increase compared with the sanctioned estimate for 1889—90 is due to the provision newly made for the items noted below :—

(1)	Assistant Master at Rs. 10	90
(2)	Furniture	174
	Total Rs.....	264

Item I, which is in accordance with the Proceedings of the Government, dated 1st February 1890, Educational Department, is approved. With reference to Item II, it should be explained whether the amount entered represents the entire cost of furniture required for the school or only the share debitable to Municipal Funds. The estimate will stand for the present.

64 *XI Miscellaneous.*—The large decrease compared with the actuals of 1888—89 should have been explained The estimate will however be passed.

9. CLOSEPET.

65. The income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is estimated at Rs. 1,405 against Rs. 1,641, the actuals of 1888—89.

II	Tax on houses ...	617	550
VII	Mohatarfa ...	829	630
X	Miscellaneous ...	195	225
	Total Rs.....	1,641	1,405

66. *II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.*—The actuals of 1888-89 included arrears of the previous years, while no outstandings are expected to be collected in 1890-91. Hence the decrease in the estimates The estimates are passed.

67. It is observed that the amounts entered under House Tax and Mohatarfa represent only the moieties usually credited to the Municipality and not the entire collections which have been made over to the Municipality to enable it to liquidate the advance of Rs 4,000 made to the Municipality in Proceedings, dated 18th January 1890, No. 7905-6—380. The estimates under the 2 heads will therefore be doubled and a sum corresponding to the income now added will be shown under "Expenditure XI, Miscellaneous (*a*) Repayment of Loan."

68. X *Miscellaneous*—The increase is chiefly due to an estimate of Rs. 40 entered on account of the mileage allotment payable by the Public Works Department for the maintenance of the Provincial roads lying within the Municipal limits of the Town. The Government observe that the length of the "Madras-Cannanore road" stated to be within the limits of the Town is 4 furlongs and 142 yards and the mileage allotment payable therefor at the rate of Rs. 150 per mile as stated in the Executive Engineer's letter dated 29th April 1890, No. 1944—201, to the address of the Chief Engineer is Rs. 87. It is not therefore clear why a sum of Rs. 40 only is entered on this account. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to explain the matter. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

69. The estimate as now sanctioned amounts to Rs. 2,585. Adding to this the opening balance of Rs. 62, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 2,647, of which a sum of Rs. 1,106 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,541 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	25	25	25
IV	Conservancy ...	547	636	756
VII	Lighting ...	152	160	160
VIII	Public Works ...	964	225	25
IX	Charitable Grants	...	100	140
X	Education ...	220	120	120
XI	Miscellaneous ...	66	85	20
	Mileage allotment	...	...	40
	Total Rs.....	1,974	1,351	1,106

70. *IV Conservancy.*—Owing to insufficiency of funds, it is proposed to reduce 1 Sweeper on Rs. 5 per mensem. The estimate is approved.

71. *VIII Public Works.*—A small sum of Rs. 25 entered under the head on account of repairs to the existing drains is sanctioned.

72. *IX Charitable Grants.*—The Municipal share of the charge allowance (Rs. 40) sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant in charge of local Dispensary has been newly provided, which accounts for the increase under the head. The estimate is

73. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The small provision of Rs. 40 made for rewards to dog and snake killers calls for no remark. The estimate will however be raised by Rs. 1,180 for reasons given in para 67 *Supra.*

74. *Mileage Allotment.*—The provision made under this head is on account of the maintenance of the Provincial road, (Salem-Bellary road) lying within the Municipal limits of the town, recently made over to the Municipality. The provision will be approved but transferred to the proper head VIII Public Works, (*c*) Road repairs, raising the estimate under that head from Rs. 25 to 65.

75. It is noted that the total estimated expenditure for 1890—91 and closing balance amount to Rs. 1,106 and Rs. 361 and not Rs. 1,166 and Rs, 301 respectively as erroneously entered in the Budget Statement No 1 and that the correct total of details of conservancy charges for 1889—90 entered in Statement No. III is Rs. 672, whereas that entered in Statement No. 1 is Rs. 636. These differences should be explained.

10. CHANNAPATNA.

76. The estimated income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is Rs. 4,379 against Rs. 2,463, the actuals of 1888-89.

II	Tax on houses ...	907	800	
VII	Mohatarfa ...	749	977	
X	Miscellaneous including mileage allotment ...	807	825	
XII	Grant-in aid ...	...	1,777	
	Total Rs.	2,463	4,379	

77. *II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.*—The variations under these two heads are stated to be due to the revision of the taxes. The estimates are passed.

78. *X Miscellaneous.*—The increase is chiefly in "(*m*) Contributions", under which Rs. 45 are provided on account of the mileage allotment payable by the Public Works Department for the maintenance of the Provincial road (Madras-Cannanore road) stated to be within the limits of the town. The Government observe that the length of the road lying within the Municipal limits of the town is 5 furlongs and 42 yards and the mileage allotment payable therefor at the rate of Rs 150 a mile as stated in the Executive Engineer's letter, dated 29th April 1890, No. 1944—201, to the address of the Chief Engineer, is Rs. 97. It is not therefore clear why a sum of Rs. 45 only is entered on this account. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to explain the matter. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

79. *XII Grants-in-Aid.*—The new estimate under this head has not been explained. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to state the source under which Rs. 1,777 are expected to be realized under this head. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

80. Including the opening balance of Rs. 865, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 5,244, of which Rs. 3,944 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,300 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ... 35	35	35	
IV	Conservancy ... 658	768	720	
VII	Lighting ... 150	240	240	
VIII	Public Works ... 901	1,350	1,971	
IX	Charitable Grants 100	117	157	
X	Education ... 576	746	746	
XI	Miscellaneous ... 25	70	30	
	Mileage allotment ...	...	45	
	Total Rs.....2,475	3,326	3,944	

81. *IV Conservancy.*—During the year 1890—91, it is proposed to reduce one peon on Rs. 4 per mensem. This accounts for the decrease in the estimate compared with that sanctioned for 1889—90. The estimate is approved.

82. *VIII Public Works.*—The works noted in the margin are proposed to be executed during 1890—91. The estimate is sanctioned.

(*c*)	Road repairs ..	300
(*d*)	Drains, original..	1,375
(*g*)	Water supply, repairs	250
(*i*)	Building repairs ...	16
(*m*)	Compensation ...	30
	Total Rs	1,971

83. *IX Charitable Grants*—The Municipal share of the charge allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant attached to the Local Fund Dispensary has been newly entered under this head Hence the increase in the estimate, which is sanctioned.

84. *X Education.*—The provision which is the same as that sanctioned for 1889-90 does not include the increase of Rs. 12 per mensem sanctioned to the masters in Government Proceedings, dated 20th June 1889, No 17—20. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to state whether the increases have not been allowed to the teachers, and if they have been, why no provision has been made on that account.

85. A sum of Rs. 45 is newly entered under a special head "Mileage Allotment" on account of the maintenance of the Provincial road within the Municipal limits of the town. The estimate is approved, but will be transferred to the proper head VIII Public Works (*c*) Road Repairs.

86. Other items do not call for remark.

11. ANEKAL.

87. The estimated income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is Rs. 1,999, the same as the actuals of 1888—89. The estimate is fair and calls for no remark.

II	Tax on houses ...	571	571	
VII	Mohatarfa ...	868	869	
X	Miscellaneous ...	560	559	
	Total Rs.....	1,999	1,999	

88. Including the opening balance of Rs. 655, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 2,654, the whole of which is proposed to be expended, leaving no balance at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	30	30	30
VI	Conservancy ...	357	574	574
VII	Lighting ...	224	310	216
VIII	Public Works ...	1,035	1,170	1,657
IX	Charitable Grants	100	117	157
XI	Miscellaneous ...	127	100	20
	Total Rs.....	1,873	2,301	2,654

89. *VII Lighting.*—The decrease under this head has not been explained. The provision made is stated to be for the purposes specified below :—

(1).	Peon at Rs. 5 per mensem	= 60
(2).	Oil, wick, &c, ...	=156
	Total Rs.....	216

The Deputy Commissioner is requested to state the necessity for the employment of peon. Probably he is intended to be the lamp-lighter.

90. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision under this head is for the marginally noted works. The provision under (*f*) is stated to be for laying pipes to bring drinking water into the town. As there is no closing balance left, the estimate will be reduced to Rs. 1,000. Any excess charge over that amount may be provided for in the next year's budget. If the whole expenditure is required to be incurred during the current year, the President is requested to submit an application for a loan from Local Funds General showing how he proposes to liquidate the same.

(*e*)	Road repairs ...	200
(*e*)	Drain repairs ...	40
(*f*)	Water Supply original	1,417
	Total Rs.. ...	1,657

91. *IX Charitable Grants.*—The Municipal share of the allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant in charge of the Local Fund Dispensary has been newly entered under this head, which accounts for the increase compared with the sanctioned estimate for 1889—90. The estimate is approved.

92. *X Education.*— In his docket dated 7th July 1890, No. 255, the President requests that a provision under this head may be made in the budget of this Municipality as required by Education Secretary in his letters noted in the margin ; but these references relate to the English School at Sarjapur and not to that at Anekal. The Deputy Commissioner is therefore requested to state whether the establishment of school in this town has been sanctioned and if so to quote the Proceedings sanctioning the same and to state the amount of fees expected and the amount of expenditure to be provided for.

No. 1950, dated 30th June 1890.
No. 290, dated 10th June 1890.

93. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The details of actuals of 1888—89 have not been given. The omission should be supplied. The small estimate under this head will however be sanctioned.

12. SARJAPUR.

94. The income of this Municipality is estimated for 1890—91 is Rs. 489, against Rs. 490, the actuals of 1888—89.

II	Tax on houses ...	198	198	
VII	Mohatarfa ...	172	172	
X	Miscellaneous ...	120	119	
	Total Rs.....	490	489	

95. *X Miscellaneous.*—No provision is made for fees from the English School sanctioned in Proceedings, dated 25th May 1890, No. 23—6, Education Department. The estimate will be raised by Rs. 120.

96. The income as now estimated amounts to Rs. 609. Adding to this the opening balance of Rs. 119, the sum available for expenditure during 1890-91 is Rs. 728, of which Rs. 462 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 266 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office ...	10	10	10
IV	Conservancy ...	180	190	180
VII	Lighting ...	28	65	54
VIII	Public Works ...	323	280	218
X	Education ...	...	...	...
XI	Miscellaneous ...	29	20	...
	Total Rs.....	572	568	462

97. *IV Conservancy.*—The decrease of Rs. 10 is due to no provision having been made for miscellaneous charges. The estimate is passed.

98. *VII Lighting.*—The decrease of Rs. 11 compared with the sanctioned estimate for 1889-90 is not explained. It is however small and the estimate is passed.

99. *VIII Public Works.*—The marginally noted works are proposed to be carried out during 1890-91, Owing to the insufficiency of funds, the provision made for drains, original, will be struck out.

(*c*)	Road repairs ...	94
(*d*)	Drains, original ...	94
(*e*)	Do repairs ...	30
	Total Rs.....	218

X Education.—No provision is made under this head on account of the three-fourth cost of the English School recently sanctioned but with reference to the Proceedings, dated 25th May 1890, No. 23—6, a sum of Rs. 196 will be inserted as per details noted in the margin.

					Rs.	A	P.
(*a*)	Three-fourth cost of Master on Rs 15 per month			...	135	0	0
(*b*)	Furniture and Maps, &c—						
		Rs	A	P.			
	One table with drawers ..	9	0	0			
	One arm chair with wooden seat ...	3	8	0			
	One stool	1	8	0			
	Four benches at Rs 5 each ...	20	0	0			
	Four desks at Rs 10 each .	40	0	0			
	One wall plank board . .	5	0	0			
	One round ruler	1	0	0			
	One Map of World ...	3	8	0			
	One do Asia ...	3	8	0			
	One do India	3	8	0			
	One Starmouths' English Dictionary ..	4	12	0			
	One English and Kanarese Dictionary ...	2	8	0			
	One American clock .	20	0	0			
	Cart hire .. .	3	6	0			
	Total	121	2	0			
	Moiety debitable to Municipality			...	60	9	0
	Grand Total			....	195	9	0

13. DOMMASANDRA.

100. The income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is estimated at Rs. 361 or 1 rupee less than the actuals of 1888—89.

Tax on houses ...	132	132	
Mohatarfa ...	177	176	
Miscellaneous ...	53	53	
Total Rs....	362	361	

101. *X Miscellaneous.*—The probable receipts for 1889—90 under this head are entered as Rs. 161. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to explain the difference between the probable receipts of 1889—90 and the estimate for 1890—91.

102. Including the opening balance of Rs. 139, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 500, of which Rs. 392 are proposed to be expended leaving a balance of Rs. 108 at the end of the year.

	Head Office ...	7	7	7
	Conservancy ...	96	101	96
	Lighting ...	54	45	38
	Public Works ...	223	270	167
	Education ...	84	84	84
XI	Miscellaneous ...	24	...	...
	Total Rs...	465	507	392

103. *IV Conservancy.*—Under this head Rs. 5 were sanctioned for other charges including hire of a cart during 1889—90, while for the current year this item has been omitted. Hence the decrease in the estimate which is sanctioned.

104. *VII Lighting.*—The decrease in the estimate is not explained, but the estimate will be passed.

105. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision under this head for the marginally noted works proposed to be carried out during 1890—91, is approved.

(*c*)	Road, repairs ...	75
(*d*)	Drains, original ...	72
(*e*)	Do repairs ..	20
	Total Rs . ..	167

106 *XI Miscellaneous.*—The omission of the estimate under this head has not been explained. Probably no charges are likely to occur in 1890—91. However to meet any unforeseen charges, a provision of Rs. 10 will be made.

14. DEVANHALLI

107. The estimated income of this Municipality for 1890—91 amounts to Rs. 1,349 against Rs. 1,290, which is the correct total of the details of actuals for 1888-89 and not Rs. 1,288 as entered in the Budget Statement No. I.

II	Tax on houses	398	490
V I	Mohatarfa ...	360	476
X	Miscellaneous ..	542	383
	Total Rs	1,290	1,349

108. *II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.*—It is stated that new houses, shops, looms and carts are to be brought under taxation during 1890—91. Hence the increase in the estimates, which are sanctioned.

109. *X Miscellaneous.*—The decrease under this head which is chiefly in "(*f*) School Fees" and "(*n*) Other Items," is not explained. The probable collections under (*f*) School Fees for 1889—90 are entered as 236 and there is no reason why the estimate for 1890—91 should be less than even that amount. It will therefore be raised to Rs. 235. The decrease under "(*n*)Other Items" should be explained.

		Actuals 1888—89.	Estimate 1890—91
(*b*)	School fees ...	254	225
(*n*)	Other items ...	140	16

110. The receipts as now estimated amount to Rs. 1,359. Adding to this the opening balance of Rs. 1,569, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 2,928, of which Rs. 2,508 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 420 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office	20	20	20
IV	Conservancy	372	372	372
VII	Lighting	...	100	250
VIII	Public Works	685	1,475	1,150
IX	Charitable Grants	98	117	157
X	Education	39	599	444
XI	Miscellaneous	77	145	115
	Total Rs.....	1,291	2,628	2,508

111. *VII Lighting.*—The increase is due to the provision for the purchase of 6 new lamps and the increased cost of lighting in consequence of it. The estimate is passed.

112. *VIII Public Works.*—The estimate for the marginally noted works is approved.

(*c*)	Road repairs ...	400
(*d*)	Drains, original ..	600
(*e*)	Do repairs .	100
(*m*)	Compensation ...	500
	Total Rs.....	1,150

113. *IX Charitable Grants.*—The increase under this head is due to the provision newly made on account of the Municipal share of the allowance sanctioned to the Hospital Assistant in charge of the Local Fund Dispensary in the Town. This accounts for the increase in the current year's estimate ; which is passed.

114. *X Education.*—The explanation given for the increase compared with the sanctioned estimate for 1889—90 is not clear. Clearer explanation should be furnished. Meanwhile the estimate will not be disturbed.

115. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The increase under this head compared with actuals of 1888—89 is chiefly in " *(h)* Other Items, " under which Rs. 100 are newly entered for the cost of plants required for the plantation opposite the Taluk Cutcherry. The estimate is passed.

15. VADIGENAHALLI.

116 The income of this Municipality for 1890—91 is estimated at Rs. 591 against Rs. 987, the actuals of 1888-89.

II	Tax on houses	207	290
VII	Mohatarfa	207	286
X	Miscellaneous	573	15
	Total Rs.....	987	591

117. *II Tax on Houses and VII, Mohatarfa.*—The increase under these heads is due to the arrears of previous years expected to be collected during 1890—91. The estimates are passed.

118. *X Miscellaneous.*—The decrease is chiefly in " *(n)* Other Items," under which no estimate is entered, while Rs 552 were realized in 1888—89. The cause of the decrease has not been explained. The omission should be supplied. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

119. Including the opening balance of Rs 1,113, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,704, of which Rs. 1,173 are proposed to be expended, leaving a balance of Rs. 531 at the end of the year.

II	Head Office	10	10	10
IV	Conservancy	189	252	252
VII	Lighting	...	...	160
VIII	Public Works	462	550	630
X	Education	24	60	60
XI	Miscellaneous	117	35	61
	Total Rs.....	802	907	1,173

120. *VII Lighting.*—The new provision under this head is on account of the lighting to be newly introduced into the town. It is stated that 6 lamps have already been purchased, and 4 are intended to be purchased during 1890—91 at a cost of Rs. 60 and the cost of lighting these 10 lamps is stated to be Rs. 100. The estimate is sanctioned.

121. *VIII Public Works.*—The provision consisting of the marginally noted works is passed.

(c)	Road repairs	... 200
(d)	Drains, original	... 400
(m)	Compensation	... 30
	Total Rs.....	630

122. *XI Miscellaneous.*—The increase compared with the sanctioned estimate for 1889—90 is chiefly in " *(h)* Other Items," which is stated to be on account of the purchase of spades, &c. The estimate is sanctioned.

123. The President is requested to state the number of the existing lamps and the cost of lighting each lamp in every Municipality, an information which is not furnished in most of the Budget Statements.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 7th August 1890.

124. With these remarks and subject to the explanations called for, the Budget Estimates of the several Municipalities of the Bangalore District for 1890—91 are sanctioned as detailed in accompanying Appendices, A, B and C.

125. The Government note that the Budget which was due in January 1890 was sent on the 30th June. The delay should be explained.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The President of the Municipalities of the Bangalore District.
The Comptroller.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Education Secretary.
The Secretary in the Public Works Department.
The Presidents of the Municipalities in other Districts.

APPENDIX

	Yelahanka.		Kengeri.		Hosʻote.		Doddballapur.		Nelamangala.		Tyamagondal.		Kankanhalli.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
II. Tax on houses, buildings and lands.	160	148	120	158	350	400	550	654	330	331	288	395	220	300
VII. Other Taxes, Mohatarfa —														
(*a*) Shop Tax	50	70	120	90	240	250	400	594	250	290	244	260	250	200
(*b*) Loom Tax ...	20	20			8	6	500	632	50	50	65	64	320	300
(*c*) Oil-Mill Tax	15	12	100	100	45	50	60	95	25	25	15	16	5	4
(*d*) Cart Tax	40	34	30	37	150	130	80	100	35	35	25	27	20	22
Total VII, Mohatarfa	125	136	250	227	443	436	1,040	1,421	360	400	349	367	595	526
IX. Fines	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	8	...	...	. .	...	...	...
X. Miscellaneous —														
(*a*) Sale of houses and lands .	3	3	...	6	10	100	10	17	...	5	...	5	10	12
(*d*) Pounds	30	47	60	21	60	50	100	151	50	250	100	100	120	65
(*e*) Land Revenue ...	...	28	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*f*) School Fees	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	36	40	38	...	...	185	350
(*g*) Sale of manure ...	...	..	5	12	30	15	20	13	...	..	10	18	...	...
(*i*) Sale of grass ...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	2	...	..	3	25
(*k*) Amarayi	...	...	5	..	35	50	...	...	15	6	...	...	3	2
(*l*) Notice and warrant Fees...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*m*) Contributions ...	...	...	...	...	...	. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*n*) Other items ...	20	...	5	5	10	10	5	. .	5	87	25	...	10	...
Total X, Miscellaneous.....	53	78	75	46	165	225	225	217	110	388	135	123	331	454
XII. Grant-in-Aid	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...
Total.....	338	362	445	431	958	1,061	1,815	2,300	800	1,119	772	795	1,146	1,280
Opening Balance.....	360	296	1,153	1,062	579	267	519	530	1,969	553	2,096	2,101	168	198
Grand Total.....	698	658	1,598	1,493	1,537	1,328	2,334	2,830	2,769	1,672	2,868	2,896	1,314	1,478

of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 7th August 1890.

A.

Magadi.		Closepet.		Channapatna.		Anekal.		Sarjapur.		Domsandra.		Devanhalli.		Vadigenhalli.		Total.	
1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
550	580	550	1,100	700	800	760	571	250	198	150	132	450	490	290	290	5,718	6,457
420	400	500	1,000	800	750	370	347	60	59	40	35	250	241	200	212	4,194	4,798
105	120	...	...	20	17	400	365	60	67	130	117	40	54	10	10	1,728	1,802
15	22	10	20	20	60	68	65	5	6	10	9	30	35	10	11	433	530
60	110	150	240	200	150	90	92	40	40	20	15	160	166	45	53	1,145	1,251
600	652	660	1,260	1,040	977	928	869	165	172	200	176	480	476	265	286	7,500	8,381
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
30	60	...	10	30	20	100	371	5	27	...	...	10	14	10	..	218	650
80	100	120	150	200	200	30	40	15	15	10	4	100	69	10	8	1,085	1,268
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
130	240	...	...	480	480	...	...	...	120	...	...	200	235	...	..	1,125	1,461
30	30	10	20	50	50	...	11	15	14	10	6	...	32	15	6	195	265
20	...	...	..	...	...	20	4	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	...	63	57
10	...	...	...	...	..	50	75	30	34	20	20	50	1	...	1	218	189
..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
...	...	...	40	...	45	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85
10	138	...	5	20	30	20	58	20	31	50	23	40	16	...	...	240	403
310	568	130	225	780	825	221	559	85	239	90	83	400	393	35	15	3,145	4,368
..	...	...	...	...	1,777	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,777
1,460	1,800	1,940	2,585	2,520	4,379	1,902	1,999	500	609	440	361	1,330	1,359	590	591	16,363	21,931
382	464	73	62	1,671	865	1,047	655	187	119	206	139	2 867	1,569	1,430	1,113	14,707	9,993
1,842	2,264	1,413	2,647	4,191	5,244	2,956	2,654	687	728	646	500	4,197	2,928	2,020	1,704	31,070	31,024

APPENDIX B.

Expenditure.	Yelahanka.		Kengeri.		Hoskote.		Doddaballapur.		Nelamangala.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
II. Head Office Charges	6	6	10	10	15	15	20	20	10	10
Total.....	6	6	10	10	15	15	20	20	10	10
IV. Conservancy—										
(a) Establishment—										
1. Mutsaddi	..	...	...	...	1 5 60	1 5 60	1 6 72	1 6 72	1 5 60	1 5 60
2. Peon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Sweepers	2 4 96	2 4 96	2 4 96	2 ... 96	6 4 288	6 4 288	8 5 480	8 5 480	4 3 144	4 3 144
4. Scavengers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Sweepers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 4½ 108	2 4½ 108
6. Do.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	2 5 120	2 5 120
7. Sweepers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
(b) Other items including carts... ...	..	30	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carts for removing sweepings ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total IV, Conservancy.....	96	126	126	126	348	348	552	552	432	432
VII. Lighting—										
1. Lamp lighters	...	...	...	...	...	..	1 3 36	1 3 36	...	...
2. Oil and contingencies	..	...	...	...	...	...	144	144	...	...
3. Lighting on contract	...	...	...	...	100	50	...	...	100	100
4. Fixing lamp-posts and lanterns ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Do lamp-posts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total VII, Lighting.....	...	...	...	...	100	50	180	180	100	100

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Tyamagondal.		Kankanhalli.		Magadi.		Closepet.		Channapatna.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
II. Head Office Charges	10	10	10	10	22	22	25	25	35	35
Total.....	10	10	10	10	22	22	25	25	35	35
IV. Conservancy—										
(a) Establishment—										
1. Mutsaddi	...	...	1 3 36	1 3 36	...	...	...	...	1 6 72	1 6 72
2. Peon	...	...	1 5 60	1 5 60	...	...	...	...	3 4 144	2 4 96
3. Sweepers	3 4 144	3 4 144	4 5 240	4 5 240	8 3 288	8 3 288	1 6 72	1 6 72	5 5 300	5 5 300
4. Scavengers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Sweepers	3 3 108	3 3 108	1 4½ 54	1 4½ 54	1 4 48	1 4 48	3 5 180	2 5 120	3 4 144	3 4 144
6. Do.	...	...	1 3 36	1 3 36	1 5 60	1 5 60	5 4 240	5 4 240	3 3 108	3 3 108
7. Sweepers	...	...	1 1 12	1 1 12	...	...	1 3 36	...	...	...
(b) Other items including carts ...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 Cart for removing sweepings	...	...	...	...	...	1 10 120	1 12 144	1 12 144	...	...
Total IV, Conservancy.....	252	277	438	438	396	516	672	576	768	720
VII. Lighting—										
1. Lamp lighters	...	...	...	...	1 2 24	1 2 24	1 3 36	1 3 36	1 2 24	...
2. Oil and contingencies	...	...	...	...	144	144	124	124	...	2
3. Lighting on contract	100	100	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	228
4. Fixing lamp-posts and lanterns ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Do lamp-posts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	216	10
Total VII, Lighting.....	100	100	50	50	168	168	160	160	240	240

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Anekal.		Sarjapur.		Domsandra.		Devanhalli.		Vadigenhalli.		Total.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
I. Head Office Charges ...	30	30	10	10	7	7	20	20	10	10	240	240
Total.....	30	30	10	10	7	7	20	20	10	10	240	240
IV. Conservancy—												
(*a*) Establishment—												
1. Mutsaddi ...	1 7 84	1 7 84	...	..	...	...	1 7 84	1 7 84	...	...	468	468
2. Peon ...	5 4½ 270	5 4½ 270	3 4 144	3 4 144	...	...	...	...	...	...	618	570
3. Sweepers ...	5 3½ 210	5 3½ 210	1 3 36	1 3 36	2 4 96	2 4 96	6 4 288	6 4 288	4 4 192	4 4 192	2,970	2,970
4. Scavengers ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..
5. Sweepers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 5 60	1 5 60	702	642
6 Do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	564	564
7. Sweepers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	48	12
(*b*) Other items including carts ...	10	10	10	...	5	..	...	...	..	...	55	95
2. Cart for removing sweepings...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	144	264
Total IV, Conservancy.....	574	574	190	180	101	96	372	372	252	252	5,569	5,585
VII. Lighting—												
1. Lamp lighters ...	...	1 5 60	...	...	45	38	...	...	...	...	165	194
2. Oil and contingencies ...	...	156	68	54	...	...	100	250	..	160	580	1,034
3. Lighting on contract ...	310	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	660	528
4. Fixing lamp-posts and lanterns ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Do lamp-posts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	216	10
Total VII, Lighting.....	310	216	68	54	45	38	100	250	...	160	1,621	1,766

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Yelahanka.		Kengeri.		Hoskote.		Dodballapur.		Nelamangala.	
	1889—90	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
VIII. Public Works—										
(*b*) Roads, original	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
(*c*) Do repairs	100	113	150	258	100	...	250	200	200	367
(*d*) Drains, original	100	182	150	640	300	200	200	482	200	150
(*e*) Do repairs...	20	36	20	36	50	200	25	25	50	25
(*f*) Water-supply, original	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*g*) Do repairs	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...
(*h*) Buildings, original	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	899	...
(*i*) Do repairs	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
(*m*) Compensation	20	...	10	...	50	...	200	270	50	30
(*n*) Educational repairs	...	...	...	...	150	...	...	...	...	...
(*o*) Reserve	50	...	80	...	.	..	100	100	150	20
Total VIII, Public Works.....	290	331	410	934	650	400	775	1,077	1,549	592
IX. Charitable Grants—										
(*a*) Dispensary—										
1. Compounder	...	...	...	...	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28
2. Toti	...	...	...	...	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24
3. Waterman	...	...	...	...	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8
(*b*) Contingencies	...	...	...	...	40	40	40	40	40	40
(*c*) Travelling Allowance	...	...	...	...	17	17	17	17	...	...
(*d*) Charge Allowance	...	...	...	...	...	1 10 40	...	40	...	40
(*e*) Malnad Allowance	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total IX, Charitable Grants	...	...	...	...	117	157	117	157	100	140

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Tyamagondal.		Kankanhalli.		Magadi.		Closepet.		Channapatna.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
VIII. Public Works—										
(*b*) Roads, original	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	.	..	
(*c*) Do repairs...	...	...	100	70	200	200	100	40	100	345
(*d*) Drains, original	...	...	...	..	100	100	..	.	100	1,375
(*e*) Do repairs...	100	450	...	..		..	25	25	..	...
(*f*) Water supply, original	150	400	.	.	...	.	.		...	...
(*g*) Do repairs	...	50	...	.	.	..		.	50	250
(*h*) Buildings, original	...	...	.	..	..	.		.	900	.
(*i*) Do repairs	...	100	...	...	..	..	..	.	...	16
(*m*) Compensation...	30	100	..	.	50	..	100	..	100	30
(*n*) Educational repairs	...	...	..	...	.	..	...	...	...	..
(*o*) Reserve ...	100	100	..	...	50	..	...	.	100	..
Total VIII, Public Works	380	1,200	100	70	400	300	225	65	1,350	2,016
IX. Charitable Grants—										
(*a*) Dispensary—										
1. Compounder ...	...	...	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28	1 7 28
2. Toti ...	...	...	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24	1 6 24
3. Waterman	...	...	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8
(*b*) Contingencies ...	...	...	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
(*c*) Travelling Allowance	...	...	18	18	17	17	...	...	17	17
(*d*) Charge Allowance	...	...	...	1 20 80	...	1 10 40	...	1 10 40	..	1 10 40
(*e*) Mainad Allowance	...	...	60	60	...	...	..	..	...	...
Total IX, Charitable Grants.....	...	...	178	258	117	157	100	140	117	157

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Anekal.		Sarjapur.		Domsandra.		Devanhalli.		Vadigenhalli.		Total.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
VIII. Public Works—												
(*b*) Roads, original ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*c*) Do repairs ...	520	200	100	94	100	75	...	400	150	200	2,170	2,562
(*d*) Drains, original ...	300	...	120	...	100	72	175	600	200	400	2,045	4,261
(*e*) Do repairs ...	50	40	30	30	20	20	100	100	..	...	490	987
(*f*) Water-supply, original	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	1,150	1,400
(*g*) Do repairs	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	300
(*h*) Buildings, original ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,799	...
(*i*) Do repairs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116
(*m*) Compensation ...	200	...	20	...	...	...	100	50	50	30	980	510
(*n*) Educational repairs...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	...
(*o*) Reserve ...	100	...	10	...	50	...	100	...	150	...	1,040	220
Total VIII, Public Works.....	1,170	1,240	280	124	270	167	1,475	1,150	550	630	9,674	10,296
IX. Charitable Grants—												
(*a*) Dispensary—												
1. Compounder ...	1 7 25	1 7 28	...	...	...	...	1 7 28	1 7 28	...	...	252	252
2. Toti ...	1 6 24	1 6 24	...	...	...	...	1 6 24	1 6 24	...	...	216	216
3. Waterman...	1 2 8	1 2 8	...	...	...	...	1 2 8	1 2 8	...	...	72	72
(*b*) Contingencies ...	40	40	...	...	...	...	40	40	...	...	360	360
(*c*) Travelling Allowance	17	17	...	...	...	...	17	17	...	...	120	120
(*d*) Charge Allowance...	1 10 ...	40	...	...	...	...	...	1 10 40	...	...	...	400
(*e*) Mahad Allowance...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60
Total IX, Charitable Grants.....	117	157	..	...	...	...	117	157	...	...	1,080	1,480

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Yelahanka.		Kengeri.		Hoskote.		Dodballapur.		Nelamangala.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
X. Education—										
Three fourth cost of Head Master ...										
Assistant Master ...										
Do ...							100	50		
Pupil Teacher ...										
Peon		—								
Contingencies ...										
Grant-in-aid ...										
Furniture										
Other Charges ...										
Full cost of Sanskrit School Master ...										
Total X, Education ...							100	50		
XI. Miscellaneous—										
(*a*) Repayment of Loan										
(*c*) Cattle pounds										
(*d*) Reward to dog and snake-killers ...	5		10		25	23	30	50	15	20
(*h*) Other Items	5		10		15	10	30	26	10	25
Total XI, Miscellaneous ...	10		20		40	33	60	76	25	45
Total Expenditure ...	402	463	566	1,070	1,270	1,003	1,804	2,112	2,216	1,319
Closing Balance ...	296	195	1,062	423	267	325	513	718	553	353
Grand Total ...	698	658	1,628	1,493	1,537	1,328	2,317	2,830	2,769	1,672

APPENDIX B.—*Continued.*

Expenditure.	Tyamagondal.		Kankunhalli.		Magadi.		Closepet.		Channapatna.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
X. Education—										
Three-fourth cost of Head Master ...	...	...	1 25 225	1 30 270	1 20 180	1 20 180	...	...	1 40 360	1 40 360
Assistant Master ...	...	...	...	1 8 72	1	1 10 90	...	...	1 12 108	1 12 108
Do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 10 90	1 10 90
Pupil Teacher ...	...	...	...	1 5 45	...	...	...	...	1 8 72	1 8 72
Peon	...	...	1 5 45	1 5 45	1 4 36	1 4 36	...	...	1 5 45	1 5 45
Contigencies ...	...	...	...	9	9	9	...	...	9	9
Grant-in aid ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	120	...	..
Furniture	...	...	...	...	...	174	...	..	...	..
Other Charges ...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	62	62
Full cost of Sanskrit School Master ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total X, Education	...	...	310	441	225	489	120	120	746	746
XI. Miscellaneous—										
(a) Repayment of Loans	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1,180	..	...
(c) Cattle pounds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(d) Reward to dog and snake killers ...	15	20	20	20	30	11	35	20	50	30
(k) Other Items	10	...	10	10	20	58	50	...	20	...
Total XI, Miscellaneous.....	25	20	30	30	50	69	85	1,200	70	30
Total Expenditure.....	767	1,607	1,116	1,497	1,378	1,721	1,397	2,286	3,326	3,944
Closing Balance	2,101	1,289	198	181	464	543	52	361	865	1,300
Grand Total.....	2,868	2,896	1,314	1,478	1,842	2,264	1,449	2,647	4,191	5,244

APPENDIX B.—*Concluded*

Expenditure.	Anekal.		Sarjapur.		Domsandra.		Devanhalli.		Vadigenhalli.		Total.	
	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.	1889—90.	1890—91.
X. Education—												
Three-fourth cost of Head Master	...	...	...	1 15 135	...	...	..	...	..	.	775	995
Assistant Master	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	108	270
Do	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	90	90
Pupil Teacher	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	. .	...	72	117
Peon	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	126	126
Contingencies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	27
Grant-in-Aid	...	...	...	...	84	84	399	444	...	...	603	648
Furniture	...	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	235
Other Charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	93	62
Full cost of Sanskrit School Master	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1 5 60	1 5 60	60	60
Total X, Education	...	...	...	196	84	84	399	444	60	60	2,044	2,650
XI. Miscellaneous—												
(*a*) Repayment of Loans	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1,180
(*c*) Cattle pounds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	.	...	...	100	...
(*d*) Reward to dog and snake-killers	20	20	10	..	...	..	15	15	15	10	295	239
(*h*) Other Items ...	80	..	10	...	...	10	30	100	20	51	320	290
Total XI, Miscellaneous	100	20	20	...	...	10	145	115	35	61	715	1,709
Total Expenditure	2,301	2,237	568	564	507	402	2,628	2,508	907	1,173	21,143	23,706
Closing Balance	655	417	119	164	139	98	1,569	420	1,113	531	9,976	7,318
Grand Total	2,956	2,654	687	728	646	500	4,197	2,928	2,020	1,704	31,119	31,024

APPENDIX C.

Name of Municipality.	Name of Work.	Amount.
Yelahanka	(c) Roads, repairs	113
	(d) Drains, original	182
	(e) Drains, repairs	36
	Total.....	331
Kengeri	(c) Roads, repairs	258
	(d) Drains, original	640
	(e) Do repairs	36
	Total.....	934
Hoskote	(d) Drains, original	200
	(e) Drains, repairs	200
	Total.....	400
Doddballapur ...	(c) Roads, repairs	200
	(d) Drains, original	482
	(e) Do repairs	25
	(m) Compensation	270
	(o) Reserve	100
	Total.....	1,077
Nelamangala ...	(c) Roads, repairs—(1) Municipal	280
	(2) Provincial	87
	(d) Drains, original	150
	(e) Drains, repairs	25
	(m) Compensation	30
	(o) Reserve	20
	Total.....	592
Tyamagondal ...	(c) Roads, repairs	450
	(d) Drains, original	400
	(e) Drains, repairs	50
	(m) Compensation	100
	(i) Building repairs	100
	(o) Reserve	100
	Total.....	1,200

APPENDIX C.—*Concluded*

Name of Municipality.	Name of Work.		Amount.
Kankanhalli ..	(c) Road repairs		70
		Total	70
Nagadi ...	(c) Road repairs		200
	(d) Drains, original		100
		Total.....	300
Closepet ...	(c) Drains, repairs		25
	Repairing Provincial roads		40
		Total... ..	65
Channapatna ...	(c) Road repairs—(1) Municipal		300
	(2) Provincial		45
	(d) Drains, original		1,375
	(g) Water-supply, repairs		250
	(h) Building repairs		16
	(m) Compensation		30
		Total	2,016
Anekal ...	(c) Road repairs		200
	(e) Drains do		40
	(f) Water supply, original		1,000
		Total.....	1,240
Sarjapur ...	(c) Road repairs		94
	(e) Drains do		30
		Total.. ...	124
Domsandra ...	(c) Road repairs		75
	(d) Drains, original		72
	(e) Do repairs		20
		Total.....	167
Devanhalli ...	(c) Road repairs		400
	(d) Drains, original		600
	(e) Do repairs		100
	(m) Compensation		50
		Total	1,150
Vadigenhalli ...	(c) Roads repairs		200
	(d) Drains, original		400
	(m) Compensation		30
		Total.....	630

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 11th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS :—

From the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 325—73, dated 7th May 1888.

I have the honor to bring to your notice that the Deputy Commissioners of Districts will be constantly indenting for supply of chairs, tables, hand-cuffs, lanterns, whistles, stretchers and other articles of furniture required for their Districts. The expenditure incurred on the above account is either charged to "Printing charges and Office Contingencies" if the item is small, or to the head Equipment and Clothing, if the same could not be conveniently met from the former head.

The Inspector General of Police under the authority vested in him by Chapter V, paras 2 and 18, of the Account Code is sanctioning such expenditure within the Budget Grant.

The Comptroller objects to this procedure, and wishes to be furnished with an order from the Local Government sanctioning expenditure of the above nature.

These, I think, are ordinary charges in the Police Department. If the Inspector General as Controlling or Countersigning officer is not authorized to sanction such expenditure, it will give rise to unnecessary delay and inconvenience in complying with the request of the Deputy Commissioners and necessitate needless correspondence with the Local Government on matters which are but ordinary.

I beg therefore that under the above circumstance you will be pleased to move the Dewan to issue necessary orders to the Comptroller to admit such charges on my authority.

From the Comptroller of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 4454, dated 20th March 1890.

In reply to your No. 9650—613 of the 7th instant (received on the 12th), I have the honor to state that the Deputy Commissioners as disbursing officers may be allowed to incur the ordinary expenditure in connection with the Police, under the heads as per margin, on their obtaining from the Inspector General of Police (the Controlling authority) at the beginning of each official year a general sanction to the scale of their expenditure.

Oil and Petty Stationery for Tannas
Ordinary contingencies of Police Assistant Commissioners.
Cart hire (while on circuit).
Repair of office furniture.

The Inspector General of Police as Controlling officer may be allowed to sanction the other articles, such as hand-cuffs, lanterns, whistles, stretchers and furniture which are debitable to the Budget Grant of "Equipment and Clothing."

The Government might reserve to itself the right of sanctioning expenditure under the heads of "Secret Service" and "Rewards for good service by Police" on the recommendation of the Inspector General of Police.

READ ALSO :—

Letter No. 561—70, dated 9th June 1890, submitting for orders Comptroller's Memo objecting to pass a bill for Rs. 10 spent for "Secret Service," as the expenditure under the heads "Secret Service" and "Rewards for good services" have been recommended by him to be reserved for sanction by Government.

No. 5039-48—CIR. 105, DATED 11TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON—The proposals made in paras 1 and 2 of the Comptroller's letter, No. 4454, dated 20th March 1890, read above, are approved.

2. With regard to expenditure under the head "Secret Service" the Inspector General of Police, as the Controlling authority, is empowered to sanction expenditure up to Rs. 100. For expenditure exceeding that amount and for all sums intended to be granted as "Rewards for good services," the special sanction of Government should be obtained.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Inspector General of Police with Comptroller's Memo No. 574, dated 3rd June 1890.
The Comptroller in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts for information.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),— dated 13th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS —

Letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, dated 23rd July 1890, No. 205, submitting the explanation called for on the several points referred to in Government Proceedings, dated 18th June 1890, No. 3270-80— 57, regarding the Budget Estimates of the several Municipalities of the District for 1890—91.

No. 5280-9—CIR. 111, DATED 13TH AUGUST 1890.

Tumkur.

ORDER THEREON.—*I Octroi.*—The falling off of revenue under Octroi during 1889—90 is stated to be due to less importation of piece goods from Her Majesty's Territories, in consequence of large importation of goods manufactured in the Mysore Province, on which no octroi is at present levied. The estimate for 1890—91 is passed.

Para 3 of Govt. Progs. Para 2 of Dy Commr's letter.

VII Mohatarfa.—The explanation is accepted and the estimate for 1890—91 approved.

Para 5 of Govt. Progs. Para 3 of Dy Commr.'s letter.

X *Miscellaneous.*—Under the circumstances stated, the estimate under "(*m*) Contribution" will be raised by Rs. 1,028, on account of the mileage allotment payable by the Public Works Department and the provision on the side of expenditure under VIII Public Works will also be raised by a corresponding sum for the repair of District Fund roads recently transferred to the Municipality.

Para 4 of Govt. Progs. Para 7 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

II Head Office.—Under the circumstances stated, the increased rate of pay from Rs. 20 to 25 proposed to be given to the Municipal Overseer in consideration of his approved service and the additional work devolving on him in connection with the Provincial and Local Fund *roads transferred to the Municipality, is sanctioned for one year and the estimate is approved. The question of allowing the increase of pay to the Overseer permanently will be considered when the President reports that the grant made for District Fund roads is sufficient to cover the additional expenditure involved.

Para 5 of Govt. Progs. Para 9 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

	Length.
*1. Provincial roads	3½ miles.
2. District Fund roads ...	6½ miles.

III Collection.—The Overseer was appointed on the understanding that he should do the work of Mutsaddi also in addition to his other duties. Now that his pay also is increased, there is less reason for relieving him of the Mutsaddi's work. The President is requested to consider this point and to discontinue the Mutsaddi newly employed, unless he considers that his employment is absolutely necessary in which case, he should submit a report. Meanwhile the estimate will stand.

Para 10 of Govt. Progs. Para 6 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

IX Charitable Grants.—The explanation is accepted and the estimate allowed to stand.

Para 7 of Govt. Progs. Para 14 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

Koratagere.

VIII Rents and X Education.—The explanations are accepted and the estimates for 1890—91 passed.

Paras 8 and 9 of Govt. Progs. Paras 22 and 27 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

Gubbi.

LVII Lighting.—The explanation is accepted and the estimate approved.

Para 10 of Govt. Progs. *Para 37 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th August 1890.

XI Miscellaneous.—The provision of Rs. 50 is stated to have been made for planting mango trees in the Municipal garden opened under Government Proceedings, dated 1st May 1886, No. 1221-9—30 and is accordingly passed.

Para 11 of Govt. Progs. Para 40 of Dy. Commr's. letter.

Tiptur.

X Miscellaneous.—Under the circumstances stated, the sum of Rs. 50 erroneously included under "(*n*) other items" on account of realizations from Municipal garden will be struck out and the estimate under this head reduced from Rs. 1,558 to 1,508. In regard to the receipts entered under "Sale proceeds of earth," the President's attention is drawn to para 3, Rule X of the Land Revenue Rules, under which the inhabitants of a town or village are entitled to remove earth for domestic or agricultural purposes free of charge. He is requested to report whether with reference to this rule, the estimate of Rs. 250 made under the above head can be retained and if so, for what reasons.

Para 12 of Govt. Progs. Para 44 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

VIII Public Works.—The Government await the report of the Deputy Commissioner after he visits Tiptur.

Para 49 of Govt. Progs. Para 13 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

Sira.

VIII Public Works.—The additional provision of Rs. 1,007 proposed for the works noted in the margin is approved and the estimate under this head raised from Rs. 2,300 to Rs. 3,307.

Para 64 of Govt. Progs. Para 14 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

(*d*) Constructing drains Rs. 686.
(*f*) Constructing parapet walls to 2 wells 321.

Total Rs.....1,007.

XI Miscellaneous.—The provision under this head will be raised by Rs. 120 for opening a Municipal Park near the Taluk Cutcherry as recommended by the President.

Chiknayakanhalli.

II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.—The increase estimated is stated to be due to the proposed revision of the taxes on houses and shops recently improved. The estimates are passed.

Para 15 of Govt. Progs. Para 68 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

VIII Public Works.—The Government await the President's proposals for further expenditure under this head in this town and in Turuvekere and Huliyar after local inspection.

Para 16 of Govt. Progs. Paras 71, 78 and 81 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

Kunigal.

II Tax on Houses and VII Mohatarfa.—The explanation is accepted.

Para 17 of Govt. Progs. Para 88 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

XI Miscellaneous.—The President now explains that the Municipal garden was abandoned during 1889—90 owing to the unsuitableness of the soil, and that therefore no estimate was made on account of it. The President is requested to state when the garden was planted and what cost incurred on account of it up to the date of its abandonment.

Para 18 of Govt. Progs. Para 95 of Dy. Commr.'s letter.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th August 1890.

The estimated receipts and expenditure of the several Municipalities of the Tumkur District as now sanctioned subject to the further explanations called for are as shown below —

No.	Municipality	Opening Balance	Receipts.	Total including Balance.	Expenditure.	Closing Balance.
1	Tumkur	1,978	7,800	9,778	8,078	1,700
2	Bellavi	267	376	643	445	198
3	Koratagere	268	513	781	595	186
4	Gubbi	1,118	2,375	3,493	2,924	569
5	Tiptur	3,933	2,685	6,618	4,485	2,133
6	Maddagiri	557	1,235	1,792	1,524	268
7	Sira	4,545	1,411	5,959	4,457	1,502
8	Chiknayakanhalli ...	1,104	1,136	2,240	1,793	747
9	Turuvekere .. .	657	583	1,240	669	571
10	Huliyar	102	310	712	436	276
11	Pavagada	21	347	371	275	96
12	Kunigal	362	1,288	1,651	1,330	321
13	Huliyurdurga ...	333	200	533	401	132
14	Kadaba	..	363	363	273	90
	Total	15,549	20,925	36,474	27,685	8,789

A SRINIVASACHARLU,
Under-Secretary.

To—The President of the Municipalities in the Tumkur District.
The Comptroller.
The Education Secretary.
The Presidents of the Municipalities in other Districts for information.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 14th August 1890.

READ—

Proceedings No. 5648-9—90, dated 16th December 1887, sanctioning a pension of Rs. 11—12—0 per mensem to Jafar Mohadinkhan, Nishanbardar of the late 1st Regiment of the Mysore Savars.

Petitions, Registered Nos. 1844 and 2334, from the said Jafar Mohadinkhan, claiming a higher pension of Rs. 13—0—0 per month allowed to Dafadars.

No. 5245-6—58, DATED BANGALORE, 14TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—Nishanbardars having been ranked with Dafadars, they are entitled to the same pension as the latter. The difference of Rs. 3 between the pay of these grades of officers should not affect the amount of pension, as the pension has been fixed without any reference to the pay. Under such circumstances, the Government are pleased to sanction to the Petitioner Jafar Mohadinkhan the payment of the same amount of pension as a Dafadar would be entitled to, *viz.* Rs. 13 per mensem, instead of Rs. 11—12—0 per mensem as sanctioned in the Proceedings of the 16th December 1887.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Military Secretary.
The Comptroller in Mysore.

READ—

Letter from the Offg. Chief Judge in Mysore, No. 3628—108, dated the 19th August 1890, submitting for orders correspondence with the Comptroller regarding the investment in Government Savings Banks of moneys belonging to the Companies in course of liquidation under the orders of the Chief Court.

No. 6083-4—CIR. 86, DATED BANGALORE, 26TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The winding up of a Company that has failed or has not been properly managed is for the public good, and the Courts are bound to do all that is necessary to carry out that object and to protect the interests of all concerned when a Company is ordered to be wound up. Reading the Notification of the Government of India, No. 1076, dated the 17th February 1875 along with Rules XII and XII of the Government Savings Banks Rules, there seems to be no objection to investments being made by the Courts on behalf of the Companies in course of liquidation. The Comptroller is accordingly authorized to accept such investments.

* Published in Notification No. 161, dated 14th December 1887.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Offg. Chief Judge in Mysore, with a covering letter.
The Comptroller.

PART I

GENERAL

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 5th August 1890.

READ '—

Circular No. 8 Railway.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

To

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab.

The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma and Assam.

The Residents, Hyderabad and Mysore.

The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana and Baluchistan.

The Director General of Railways.

The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow and Central Division

The Accountant General, Public Works Department.

Simla, the 28*th June* 1890.

SIR,

Under the orders contained in Public Works Department Circular No 2 Railway, dated 24th January 1884, Officers of the Police Force, when on duty, are allowed to travel on State Railways in first class carriages at second class fares, and men of the Police Force on duty can travel in second class carriages at the lowest fare.

2. These provisions, however, have not been generally applied, and, as their continuance is no longer advisable, P. W. D. Circular No. 2 Railway, dated 24th January 1884, is hereby cancelled.

I have the honor to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

M. C. BRACKENBURY, MAJOR, R. E.,
Under-Secretary.

Documents accompanying.
Nil.

Copy forwarded to the Finance and Commerce and Home Departments for information.

By Order,

M. C. BRACKENBURY, MAJOR, R, E.,
Under-Secretary.

No. 4631-41—CIR. 95, DATED 5TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Police, Secretary, Public Works Department (Railway), Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Comptroller, for information and guidance.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 6th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER :—

From the Census Superintendent in Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 15, dated 21st July 1890.

I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to move the Government to direct that the establishments of the various Government Departments may be placed on requisition at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioners for employment in suitable capacities in the ensuing Census, so far as possible without detriment to their legitimate duties.

2. It will however be necessary for the Deputy Commissioners to require their exclusive attendance—

(1) at the time of instructing them in, and testing their knowledge of, their respective Census duties,

(2) at the preparation of and scrutinizing the Preliminary Record, and

(3) at the final Census, including the Enumerator's Abstract and the tests of the Supervisor and Charge Superintendent.

No. 4442-74—CIR. 96, DATED 6TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER.—Communicated to Deputy Commissioners and Heads of Departments with a request that the necessary orders may be issued for ensuring the co-operation of all Government servants in the manner suggested by the Census Superintendent.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Census Superintendent in Mysore.
The Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

READ :—

Correspondence ending with docket No 555—517, dated 13th December 1889, from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga.

No. 4708-40—CIR. 97, DATED 7TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Deputy Commissioner complains that the Postal authorities do not grant acknowledgments for covers and parcels posted, and therefore requests sanction for registering and insuring such as contain valuable records or documents. He desires also that his permanent advance should be raised by Rs. 25 to meet the extra cost.

2. Inquiries made in the adjoining British Collectorates show that the practice there is to insure covers and parcels which contain coin, currency notes, or bullion; and only to register others which contain valuable documents and records. Other service covers and packets are simply posted with the prescribed service postage prepaid in service postage stamps. The expense in all cases is debited to office contingencies.

3. It seems sufficient to follow the same procedure in Mysore also. There is little meaning in insuring covers which contain documents or records, and the practicability of such insurance is doubtful. But where these are of special value or importance, registration should be resorted to. The facility afforded by Postal rules for obtaining certificates of posting is less expensive (a certificate costing but half an anna), and may be resorted to whenever necessary.

4. As officers and the public get more accustomed to the altered conditions of the Imperial Postal system, there is little doubt that existing fears will considerably diminish. For the present in view of the fact that official correspondence between Deputy Commissioners and Amildars is carried on on a system which requires the entire file to be transmitted from office to office, Deputy Commissioners will do well to exchange with Amildars once a month or once a fortnight lists of the office numbers on the communications sent and received. These files may also be sent as parcels, receipts being obtained for the parcels from the Post Office.

5. In any case, the large increase to the permanent advance sought does not seem called for as will appear from the fact that Rs. 25 (the increase applied for) represent the cost of fully registering 200 covers or packets.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts.
The Heads of Departments.

READ :—

Letter No. 2167—88, dated 4th August 1890, from the Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

No. 4972-80—Cir. 102, DATED 8TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The proposal to substitute the "seer" of 80 Tolas weight for the Imperial Quart measure at present used in Toddy shops is in accordance with the Excise Act, and is approved. The following Notification shall accordingly be published in the Gazette for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.

No. 186.—His Highness the Maharaja's Government are pleased to direct that the Toddy Contractors of the Mysore State shall, in vending toddy to the public, adopt as measure of capacity, earthen or metallic pots capable of containing a *seer* of toddy, a *seer* under the Excise Act being equal to a weight of eighty *tolas*.

2. The pots, if metallic, shall be stamped by the Amildar, and, if earthen, shall have strings tied round their necks and the ends of the strings formed into knots, and a sealing-wax impression of the contractors' seal placed on such knots. Care should be taken to renew the seals and strings whenever they get damaged.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 15th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS:—

From the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations in Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 297-28, Fn. 6, dated 30th April 1890.

I beg to enclose copy * of "Circular Instructions" issued by me to all Deputy Commissioners and Forest Officers, No. 3323-31—90, dated 27th March 1890, for the perusal of the Dewan.

*With five spare copies.

II. I venture to state that these instructions are full, clear and simple and yet from past experience I am prepared to state that the results will be nil as regards most of the Amildars.

III. An Amildar who takes an interest in the subject will in a single season raise thousands and more of sandal seedlings on the *modus operandi* prescribed by me. Other Amildars through carelessness and not even taking the trouble to properly read the instructions given to them will form what they call plantations wherein the number of sandal seedlings can almost be counted on the fingers. Whilst the majority of Amildars will do nothing at all.

IV. In ordinary forest cultural operations the aid of Amildars is not required, but the case of sandalwood is exceptional. It not only brings a large and certain revenue to the State (last sales realized no less than Rs. 8,66,423) but has apparently no rival elsewhere so that there is no fear of the supply exceeding the demand. In fact the fear is the other way, *viz.*, that the supply will ultimately fall short of the demand.

V. Sandal has to contend against two difficulties, *viz.*, (1) the great increase of cultivation in the plains and (2) the increase of cattle grazing in Forests and Jungles.

VI. The increase of cultivation in the plains is followed by the destruction of all young seedlings. Whilst the bigger trees stand isolated and when the time comes for their being cut down there are no seedlings to take its place. Thus gradually but surely large and even increasing tracts of country in the Maidan are becoming entirely denuded of sandal trees where formerly they grew in abundance.

VII. Cattle grazing is also extremely inimical to the sandal, as such, cattle greedily eat its leaves, whilst the graziers add to the mischief by hacking off branches and shoots for the cattle to more readily devour.

VIII. The difficulty referred to in para VII, is not so serious as that described in para VI. Parts of jungles or forests where the growth of sandal is sparse can be closed to cattle grazing whilst artificial re-production is being attended to and further whilst there are still trees, brushwood and the like sandal can at all times be successfully propagated under their shade or nourishment. In fact it may be accepted as an axiom that where there is a good growth of trees or shrubs these sandal as a rule can be got to grow easily. As it is a sort of parasite which finds nourishment and protection in the roots of other trees or shrubs. The shade too afforded by the latter to the young seedlings is also doubtless beneficial; but that it is not a question of shade alone can easily be proved by the fact that sandal seedlings are seldom if ever seen under the shade afforded by buildings, walls, deserted villages and the like. If however a ruined village or fort remains long enough in that state to create a growth of brushwood or trees then the sandal appears, but not before. Where therefore there is growth of even ordinary jungle, there sandal can be grown to an indefinite extent. This is not a mere assertion; but has been amply verified by the sandal sowings of recent years.

IX. The difficulty to be contended with in the "Maidan" is in fact insuperable owing to the want of tree or what is the same thing root growth to nourish the young sandal, hence the vital necessity of Amildars being instructed to form plantations of quick growing indigenous trees to be mixed largely with sandal sowings in the manner prescribed in my copy of "Circular Instructions."

X. The results attained in this manner by the Amildars of the Taluks of Bangalore and Nelamangala are surprising and where there is not only a large growth of artificially produced sandal; but the certainty of large supplies of seed to reproduce itself hereafter.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 15th August 1890.

XI. Even in the Taluk Revenue plantations carried out under my instructions when Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore, and when the object was not so specially directed to the increased growth of sandal, a fair number of sandal trees is to be observed. Many of which by the dropping of their seeds have caused a good growth of natural re-production in their vicinity.

XII. It is only wanted that Amildars should in each year thoroughly fence, plough, sow and rear but a small extent of plantation say from 25, 20 or even 10 acres; but it is essential that this planting should be thereafter continuously carried on in the same and then other localities till there is found in every Taluk, particularly Maidan Taluks, a good growth of sandal plantations; not only to replace what has been lost by extended cultivation; but to practically secure an unfailing supply in the future; for these trees will by their seed in the course of a few years not only re-produce themselves largely in the plantations; but much seed will also be distributed to other parts by birds and beasts with the result that a few here and there in favorable localities will also germinate and arrive at maturity.

XIII. Hitherto I have been dependent as it were on the good will of Amildars to carry out my instructions as regards these mixed plantations of indigenous and sandal trees and I regret to have to state that with a few marked exceptions the results have been more or less a failure.

XIV. I would therefore beg that the Dewan be moved to issue circular orders on the object so as to ensure real and systematic action being taken in the matter commencing from this season. It seems highly advisable that Amildars should know more about sandalwood than they do at present and take a pride even in being able to show favorable results as regards this invaluable tree. Not the least of the benefits that will accrue from the Dewan taking up the subject will be the certainty that then, changes of Amildars, their going on leave, &c., will not interfere with or be allowed to be the excuse for neglect of sandal re-production. As the case stands at present an Amildar may work with vigor and success when he is replaced by a new man who not only does no fresh work; but positively neglects what has been done by his predecessor.

XV. The personal labor involved will not be great. The trench can be dug by contract, the hedge planted in the same manner. The ploughing to be paid for daily and at liberal rates by the Shekdar. The sowings to be carried out in like manner. Virtually one or two visits by the Amildar to check the contract rates and to see that the ploughing is thoroughly done and two more inspections when the sowings are going on will form all the work that an Amildar will have to do in order to secure a growth of sandal to be counted in thousands of seedlings.

From the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations, To all Deputy Commissioners and Forest Officers, No. 3323-31—90, dated 27th March 1890.

Circular Instructions.

I. For reasons given hereafter the following Office Circular is printed *in extenso*:—

No 1661—38, *dated* 11*th February* 1887.

"In Dewan's Proceedings No. 4782-5—186 of the 16th October 1882, it is stated "attention should be specially given to the conservancy of sandal preserves and to the extension of sandal growth."

2 "Artificial planting in the open, even on the most favored soils, is generally attended with failure for want of shade to the seedlings in the hot season. The operation is moreover an expensive one which could only be resorted to in Regular Plantations."

3 "But the chances of failure of artificial sowing in ploughed lands have proved to be few and limited, as under these conditions sandal plantations raised by the Amildars of Bangalore and Nelamangala have proved very successful and this mode is likewise inexpensive. All that is required to be done is to select at once a good sized block of waste land favorably situated if possible as regards moisture; though if the soil be poor it does not much matter. This block of land should be *thoroughly* ploughed up at the first rains or the usual ploughing season. Sandal seed should be sown therein at the ordinary sowing season mixed with seeds of quick growing indigenous fuel trees, or the naturalized "Sime Tangadi" (*cassia florida*) if the same can be had. The reason for sowing such indigenous tree seeds along with the sandal is that it has been found that they act as nurses to sandal seedlings, while, after a few years, they will begin to yield a fair supply of firewood when coppiced."

4 "To enable a good start being made in the coming rains, every Forest Officer and Amildar should be called upon to make a large collection of seeds, as early as possible, both of sandal and indigenous trees and select lands for sandal cultivation."

5 "It is necessary to add that unless the land be thoroughly ploughed up and weeds and grass eradicated, failure will certainly be the result. Similarly, failure must ensure if a bad selection of seed be made, or the sowing and covering up of the seed be entrusted to careless or unintelligent subordinates."

6 "Such Amildars as are within reasonable distance of Golhalli Railway Station in the Nelamangala Taluk of the Bangalore District might be directed to pay a visit to the sandalwood plantation near Golhalli and judge for themselves as to the results there obtained."

7 "Lastly it has to be observed that there appears to be a growing demand for sandalwood and its oil, and that an increased consumption has to be met by an increased growth. The conservancy of existing trees, both large and small, should also be strictly and scrupulously attended to. Young trees are, it is feared, often wantonly injured or uprooted, whilst creepers are allowed to ruin many larger trees. Thick thorny and other bushes are also seen encumbering the growth which a little judicious pruning and clearing would easily remedy."

8 "Looking at the amount of revenue realized by the State from sandalwood, it behoves every officer of the Mysore Government to actively assist in the extended growth and strict and improved conservation of this very valuable tree."

II. Though the instructions above given are explicit, it is matter for regret that they have been but very indifferently attended to. Attempts have been doubtless made here and there by certain Amildars; but the results, as a rule, have been failures. The causes of such want of success are traceable to three main causes, *viz*, (1) want of thorough ploughing, (2) putting in of seed that was either originally bad or subsequently spoilt by careless storing, (3) not sowing at the proper time.

III. As regards the above first cause of failure it has to be stated that the land to be operated on should be as well ploughed up as the field of an ordinary careful raiyat, and obviously a small area thoroughly ploughed up is preferable to a larger area of indifferently ploughed land. The sowing of bad seed is inexcusable and almost equally so is the allowing of good seed to get spoilt by want of care. Seed should not be kept in heaps and it should be aired from time to time and frequently turned over, so as not to allow it to ferment and at all times it should be kept in a dry and airy place. Sandal seed is very liable to go bad owing to its fleshy

and fermentable pericarp, hence the necessity of additional precautions in its airing and drying. Failure from the third cause, *viz.*, not sowing at the proper time is also inexcusable as the Amildar or Forest Officer concerned has only to watch when the neighbouring raiyats sow their fields and sow himself at the same time also.

IV. In Nelamangala and Bangalore Taluks cultural operations on the lines indicated in the Office Circular above set out have been very successful and if other Amildars are strictly directed to work on the same lines, the aggregate result would be an enormous addition to our present sandalwood resources. Even in an arid country like the Chitaldroog District, the results have been equally favorable as will be seen by what follows.

"Memo on inspection of Revenue Plantation near Kasaba Challakere."

1. "The Amildar Mr. Venkat Rao has been very successful with this plantation. He has carefully attended to the instructions conveyed in this Office Circular No. 1661—38, dated 11th February 1887, and the result is a thick growth of seedlings of tamarinds, neem and other trees, the out-come of sowings of last year, and a thinner but very fair growth of similar seedlings, the result of the sowings of the present year."
2. "The young plants of 1886—87 have successfully passed through one hot weather undamaged and they may now be said to be out of danger. Judging from this fact and the present healthy appearance of the growth of the present year, it may be fairly assumed that it too will pass the ordeal of the coming hot weather unscathed."

5. "The results, having regard to the poverty of the soil and the scanty rainfall, are surprising. The young trees can be counted by thousands; in fact their growth is too thick and they will have to be thinned out hereafter; but obviously a close growth to be rectified by subsequent thinning, is far more satisfactory than sparse growth with blank spaces here and there."
6. "The conclusion to be arrived at from this most successful experiment by the Challakere Amildar is, that even in dry and comparatively treeless regions like this portion of the Chitaldroog District, plantations of useful trees can be cheaply, expeditiously and successfully raised by the simple plan of properly enclosing a block of land, thoroughly ploughing it up at the usual ploughing season and then sowing it with tree seeds which should be sound and good at the usual sowing season and properly covering up the same. The tree seeds thus sown at the proper time in well ploughed up land will come up as surely as the cereals of the locality though they may take a little longer in germinating. In fact, the seed as a rule will come up too thickly in places and will require thinning out. This thinning, added to the removal of the grass for the first and second years, is all that remains to be done to secure a thickly wooded plantation even in a treeless region and with a small rain-fall."

V. The results of Challakere Revenue Plantation are not however altogether to the point as no sandal seed was sown as it does not thrive in those parts.

VI. The above recapitulation of previous instructions is necessitated not only by the failures of the past but by a sense of the importance of the subject. It is clear that with the rapid increase of cultivation, the number of sandal trees growing in assessed arable land will yearly diminish till they disappear altogether and it is very necessary, nay imperative, that timely measures should be taken to replace this loss.

VII. There is no wish to restrict Deputy Commissioners in their cultural operations, to these instructions which have for their main, if not sole object, the expansion of sandal growth It is believed however that the mode now indicated will be

found the most successful in the case of other trees also; but there is no objection, and in fact it will be a great gain to the country, if Deputy Commissioners through their Amildars and others, raise topes of trees, especially fruit trees, on any other plan they prefer. Only the vital importance to the State in a revenue point of view to have a practically unfailing supply of sandal trees in all stages of growth, demands that sandal sowings mixed with seeds of quick growing indigenous trees should have a decided priority.

VIII It may be stated in conclusion that dibbling of sandal seed under bushes, hedges and the like should be yearly undertaken on as large a scale as possible. This method has been very successful in the Shimoga District as also at Yelval and in the Kunbalgod Plantation of Bangalore District and in fact in many other places where it has been tried

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READ ALSO —

Letter No 576—55, dated the 27th May 1890, from the same Officer, forwarding copy of a Memorandum in Kanarese which he has circulated to all Amildars laying down the steps to be taken by them for raising Sandalwood Plantations and otherwise promoting the growth of sandalwood

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No. 5267-75—CIR. 110, DATED 15TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The careful attention of Deputy Commissioners is invited to the Circular of the Inspector General of Forests read above and their cordial co-operation is requested in the important matter of conserving and growing sandalwood.

2. The Government direct that a paragraph be devoted in every Annual Administration Report of the District reviewing the action of every Amildar in this matter

T ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Inspector General of Forests and Plantations
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 11th August 1890.

READ :—

Papers received with the Superintending Engineer's Note, dated 31st December 1888.

No. 5127-34—CIR. 108, DATED 11TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—In the Note read above, the Chief Engineer brings to the notice of Government the inconvenience caused to his Department by the indiscriminate sale of granite quarries in villages. The attention of all Deputy Commissioners will be drawn to paras 4 and 5 of Rule X of the Rules published under Notification No. 150, dated 22nd July 1890, in the Mysore Gazette, dated 2nd August 1890, and they are requested not to sell such quarries as may be required by the Public Works Department. Before selling any quarries, the Deputy Commissioners should place themselves in communication with the officers of Public Works Department and sell only such quarries as are not required by them. The Deputy Commissioners however are at liberty to sell or otherwise dispose of the right to remove gravel, &c., for purposes other than those mentioned in paras 3 and 4 of the Rule quoted above, subject to the provisions contained in para 5.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 19th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS.—

From the Officer in charge of Amrut Mahal Department, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 126, dated 4th December 1889.

I have the honor to inform you that the Yemmedoddi Amrut Mahal Kaval in the Kadur Taluk is hilly and considered to be very important both as regards its forests and grass. It is situated close to Kadur and several villages. The people cannot do without it and resort to it for their supply of fuel and wood for agricultural purposes. It is found impossible to prevent indiscriminate felling and I have therefore arranged to place it for the purpose of conserving the forest under proper restrictions. The Inspector General of Forests and the Deputy Commissioner were both consulted on the subject, and they agree with me as to the advisability of the measure.

It has been proposed by the Inspector General of Forests to employ the marginally noted Conservancy Establishment at an annual cost of Rs. 432 to which I beg you will kindly obtain the sanction of the Dewan.

4 Watchers on Rs. 6 per mensem.
1 Mutsaddi on Rs. 12 per mensem.

From the Inspector General of Forests in Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 3056—216, Enclosures 4, dated 1st March 1890.

With reference to your letter No. 7457—109, dated 24th December last, I have the honor to forward for submission to the Dewan, copy of my Memorandum No. 1094—45, dated 2nd August 1889, as regards the conservancy of the Yemmedoddi Kaval in the Kadur Taluk, together with extract from paras 6 to 8 of the Forest Officer's report thereon, from which it will be seen that only the villages situated to the east and west of the kaval depend upon it for fuel supply.

2. It is not intended however by the proposed conservancy to exclude the neighbouring raiyats from obtaining from the allotted portions of the kaval their usual supply of firewood and agricultural implements for which they have no other jungle close by. As the Survey settlement has conceded to them an unqualified right to unreserved trees standing on their occupied lands, their indents upon the kaval is comparatively very limited. But the drain by irón smelters, arecanut-boilers and the establishments of castor-oil manufactories at Birur is so large that the kaval cannot stand it longer and if early measures were not taken to regulate felling, the kaval would be entirely denuded and the large industrial establishments now depending upon it for fuel supply would suffer in the end. It has therefore been decided to place the kaval upon a proper footing so as to prevent indiscriminate and wasteful felling. For this purpose it has been arranged to divide the kaval into blocks to be worked by rotation and to levy seigniorage on firewood when removed by others than raiyats and iron-smelters on a limited scale. At present a great waste is made of firewood in manufacturing charcoal by iron smelters and in boiling sugar-cane and arecanut by garden owners. The latter when required to take firewood in a moderate quantity will be compelled to use sugar-cane refuse, cocoanut and arecanut dry leaves and thorns and shrubs as others do in the villages which have no jungle. In this way felling can be limited in the maidan kaval to the common benefit of all the villagers ensuring to them permanence of stock for ordinary purposes of agriculture.

3. In reply to the question why the Amrut Mahal Department should pay for the conservancy and why the same be not carried on by the Forest Department, if the Amrut Mahal Department wants only the grass, I beg to state that the arrangement reported by Major Macintire in his No. 126, dated 4th December last, has been based upon my proposal in para 3 of my Memorandum and that the cost of con-

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servancy has to be met out of grazing fees collected for the Amrut Mahal Department in the Tarige portion of the kaval. The Amrut Mahal cattle are confined to the Nelgaval portion which is reserved. The Tarige portion is sold annually for a certain sum and this is beyond the means of ordinary raiyats to pay. A well-to-do person purchases the right and then levies at so much per head of cattle irrespective of numbers. His concern is not whether there be overgrazing, but to let in as many cattle as possible. He is thus able to make a large profit at the cost of raiyats taking cattle to the kaval. In the Forest Department, the cattle graziers are directly dealt with and a uniform fee is levied upon the number of cattle which each man brings. Thus a larger amount to the benefit of the Amrut Mahal Department may be hoped to be realized with a proper control over the graziers in keeping out their cattle from the planted or closed portions of the kaval. In these circumstances, it is considered that the Amrut Mahal Department should bear the cost of Establishment.

4. Some portions of the kaval carrying sandal and other tree growth have been reserved for the Forest Department, and if the Tarige portion which is also to be conserved at an additional cost and from which the Amrut Mahal Department derives a revenue from pasture can be made over to the Forest Department, it may be expected to bear the whole cost. No conservancy can be effectually carried out unless the whole kaval is treated as a District Forest or constituted into a Fuel and Fodder Reserve under Section 23 of the Forest Rules. Indeed all Amrut Mahal Kavals should be so treated for the reasons explained in my letter to Government No. 2536—196, dated 26th December 1888.

5. The proposed conservancy arrangements for the Yemmedoddi Kaval may be extended to the adjoining Kamenahalli Kaval also, entertaining only a few more hands if at all required. A copy of the Forest Officer's report on this latter kaval is enclosed. The tree vegetation here is more encouraging and portions of the kaval form as it were natural habitats for sandal and teak trees, which chiefly induce the Forest Department to conserve and extend growth by artificial means. I beg to invite the Dewan's attention particularly to para 7 of the Forest Offier's report and to the facilities that exist for the entire reservation of the kaval, without interfering with the grazing requirements of the Amrut Mahal cattle. Should the Dewan decide that the Amrut Mahal Department should not be deprived of the Tarige fees in the kavals taken up by the Forest Department for conservancy, that Department will still regulate grazing, collect fees and credit the same to the Amrut Mahal Department, deducting therefrom the conservancy charges either in full or in equal part as the Dewan may direct. The Kamenahalli Kaval will be the chief, and to the maidan raiyats convenient feeder to a Timber Depôt to be established at Sakrepatam as an experimental measure and this will lead to the discriminate and careful working of the kaval forests.

Memorandum by the Inspector General of Forests, dated Bangalore, 2nd August 1889.

The situation and the interests involved in the Yemmedoddi Amrut Mahal Kaval render the conservancy of jungle therein very difficult. A complete description of the kaval and the jungle resources of the same is given in the Forest Officer's Memo received with Kadur Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 1278, dated 8th February last. In addition to raiyats' own requirements of firewood and large consumption by iron smelters in the vicinity, a large supply is drawn for the use of Kadur and chiefly Birur Town in which a larger quantity is consumed for arecanut boiling and also for castor-oil manufactories.

2. The kaval consists of two portions known as Tarige and Nelgaval. The latter is the interior part of the kaval reserved for the exclusive use of the Amrut Mahal cattle and here the tree vegetation is not so much affected. The Tarige por-

tion of the kaval, which is annually sold for grazing, is open to thorough devastation of trees, which at this distance of time cannot be stopped without a special establishment. The nearer and more accessible parts have been almost denuded and the inhabitants of Kadur have even ventured to top the distant and difficult parts for their firewood supply. It is therefore high time to concert measures necessary for the growth of jungle and it is best done by dividing the kaval into blocks and permitting felling block by block, as a sudden stop, will cause no small amount of inconvenience to people who have no other source of firewood supply but the kaval in question.

3. For the introduction of the above arrangements, the Forest officer should have exclusive control over the Tarige portion of the kaval and should therefore be permitted to sell grazing on terms calculated to ensure safety to trees generally and sandalwood in particular, and credit the proceeds to the Amrut Mahal Department as in the case of Kundur Kaval near the Lakvalli Forest. It is hoped that under this arrangement a larger revenue may be realised for the benefit of the Amrut Mahal Department which will be charged the cost of Conservancy Establishment of 6 Watchers on Rs. 4 or 5 each and a Mutsaddi on Rs. 8 or 10. The Amrut Mahal Officer will be requested to be so good as to accede to the above arrangement as in no other way can the question be satisfactorily disposed of.

4. The portions marked D and E on the kaval map may be strictly reserved against felling and the portion D against grazing also, but the grass therein may be allowed to be cut and taken away on payment. The portion marked F which is reported to contain a good spontaneous growth of sandal though a rocky soil, may also be reserved, at least to the extent covered by sandal trees for purposes of test as to the degree of scent the sandalwood, grown in rocky and poor soil, contains as compared to wood grown in rich soil. The attention of the Forest Officer will be drawn to para 28 of the Provincial Forest Report for 1885—86. The proposed operations in the portions D and E may be carried out with Forest Funds and fuel plantations both in the Yemmedoddi and Birur Kavals started. A copy of the Amrut Mahal Officer's letter No. 53, dated 31st May last, will be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner for information and compliance.

Extract from the Forest Officer's Report upon Yemmedoddi Kaval.

Fuel.—The very same kaval has to supply fuel also to the villages close by both for domestic purposes and for the fuel demanding industries existing in them. It appears the villagers on the west and south do not come here for fuel at all.

Domestic purposes.—The quantity required for this home consumption alone is about 7,500 cart-loads as detailed below :—

Villages.	Cart-loads per Annum.
Hirijangala	360
Gollarahalli	180
Govindapura	240
Chennanahalli	360
Saraswatipura	400
Kadur, Hosahalli...	1,600
Ananthanahalli	360
Chikkangala	400
Birur	3,600
	7,500

Fuel demanding industries.—These are Castor-oil Manufactory at Birur only, Areca-nut boiling at Brahmasamudra, Kadur and Birur, Iron-smelting furnaces at Hogrekan and Saraswatipura.

Castor-oil Manufactory.—A detailed Memo about this has been annexed. It will be observed from it that 480 cart-loads are required to work out the 4 Manufactories at Birur.

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Arecanut boiling.—The following quantities of arecanut are boiled in the villages opposite to them :—

Villages.	Quantity in Maunds.
Brahmasamudra	1,500
Kadur	3,000
Birur	6,000
	10,500

It appears one maund of fuel is sufficient for boiling one maund of arecanut. At this rate the total quantity of fuel required will be 10,500 maunds or 262 cart-loads at about 40 maunds per cart-load.

Iron smelting furnaces.—A separate Memo about this has been annexed.

It is clear from that, that for furnaces about 1 cart-load of charcoal is required per diem or for extracting ½ a maund of iron. And the fuel required to obtain this quantity of charcoal will, I think, be 6 cart-loads. For the outturn of charcoal, if prepared in the most scientific manner, will only be 25 per cent. Considering the wasteful manner in which charcoal is prepared, I have estimated the yield at 16·25. At this rate the total quantity required for the 2 furnaces per annum will be about 1,800 cart-loads as shown in the Memo. The proprietors of the furnace say that they would not at all go to Yemmedoddi for obtaining the requisite quantity of charcoal and that they would get all the charcoal from their District jungles only. This is hardly believable ; for, I inspected their District jungle ; ¼ of which, lying in the accessible portions, contain only bushes and undershrubs scarcely fit for making charcoal. It is only in the higher altitudes of the Hogrekan hills that hard wooded trees such as stunted teak, hunal, dindaga are met with. These are not easily accessible, nevertheless signs of having cut teak and other trees and of having prepared charcoal were observed. At any rate it is hard to believe that they obtain all the charcoal required from this jungle only, considering the very poor stock met with. Moreover my belief was strengthened by statements of other local people who said that they get the greater portion of charcoal from the Yemmedoddi Kaval and Lingadahalli District jungle. Besides I myself saw in the kaval a few charcoal burners during my inspection. Their objection to give out the truth is, I think, the fear that their furnace would be abolished if it is known that such a large quantity of fuel is removed from the kaval, in question, to keep up an industry which besides being ruinous is not at all profitable. Their sole desire is, to keep up the industry by any means. They say, they would not go to the kaval at all for charcoal and they would get everything from their District jungle only, if the industry is left unmolested; but this is hardly believable for the reasons stated above.

VII. It will be clear from the above that the total quantity of fuel required both for the domestic purposes and for the fuel demanding industries existing in them will be 9,562 or at the rate of 32 cart-loads per day. Now all this fuel is got from "Tarige" kaval only, especially from the nearer and accessible portions of it. This is no small strain on the kaval considering the poor stock met with, and its incapability to produce better and more rapid growth. It is too well known that the growth of trees do not keep pace with overfelling. The pressure mentioned above, it appears, is put on the kaval from times past memory. As such, it is not unnatural to see this portion covered with only coppice shoots and stunted trees excepting along the nalas and other small isolated places. And if the same quantity is to be obtained hereafter from the said portion, there is no doubt that all the fuel resources will be exhausted in no distant future. Signs of it are already visible in as much as the inhabitants, especially of Kadur, have begun to go to distant portions of the kaval, not visited by wood cutters until very recently, to fetch fuel. To prevent the exhaustion, the only course left is the reservation of the portion, in question, which if done, will be a great hardship to the villagers close by, as they have no other forest to go to, near at hand. No doubt the levy of seigniorage on fuel may check the overfelling to some extent, but there is no wholesale remedy for the danger apprehended.

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VIII. To obviate this overfelling in limited portions, the Officer in charge of Amrut Mahal Department has suggested that the whole kaval may be divided into a series of blocks and let out by rotation, both for grazing and for obtaining fuel. No doubt this is a very good suggestion and would have been carried out but for the following difficulties :—

The kaval as stated above is in the midst of a number of villages. All of them more or less are equidistant from the kaval. The cattle from these places come in the mornings to the kaval for fodder and go back in the evenings. Now if the kaval is divided into blocks and let out by rotation, the blocks let out every year cannot be equidistant to all the villages. They will be very near to some and very far from the rest. The consequence will be that villages, close at hand, reap the most benefit and the rest none at all or next to nothing. When raiyats are driven to such a necessity it is not unlikely that they would be tempted to have recourse to illicit means, when no amount of protective staff would keep them in check. This may be done and will be done with regard to places frequented by cattle of distant villages which come and stay in the kaval for some months in the year.

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From the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, To the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations in Mysore, No. 11—2, dated 3rd April 1890.

Has the honor to forward herewith a detailed Memo on the inspection of the Kamenahalli Kaval as called for in the above, received with the Sub-Assistant Conservator's docket No. 1, dated 2nd instant.

A depôt at Sakrepatam may be opened as suggested by the Forest Sub-Assistant Conservator and this kaval preserved to some extent. It does not appear however necessary at present to interfere with its being given out for grazing.

Memo on the Inspection of the Kamenahalli Amrut Mahal Kaval.

The kaval in question is bounded on the north by Dodana Gudda, Sakanipur Gudda and lands belonging to Siddarhalli ; on the east by the bed of Iyankere, portion of Yammedoddi Kaval and lands belonging to Sakrepatam ; on the south by portions of Turelu Gudda and Jakari Gudda Amrut Mahal Kavals and lands belonging to Halasbal ; on the west by lands belonging to Gonakal and Togari Hankal.

The following villages are close to the said kaval :—Kumbagati ; Bhaktarahalli ; Halasabalu ; Gonukal ; Togari Hankal Galupuje ; Halasinamaradahalli Garamaradahalli ; Sayanebasavanahalli.

2. The kaval contains the feeders of Iyankere and Madagadakere, a portion of Santaveri-Sakrepatam road, footpaths connecting the said road with Gonakal and Kumbagade and bechirakh villages of Padamani and Linganahalli.

3. The soil towards the western half is Kengadu or red clay mixed with a little humus, generally considered good for agricultural purposes and interspersed here and there with black cotton soil.

The eastern half also contains a similar soil, but gets more and more stony as it approaches the beds of the tanks mentioned above. The southern limits contain soil similar to the latter kind. Since the portion consists chiefly of hill slopes not easily accessible to carts, it may be left out of consideration for all practical purposes.

4. The following kinds of trees are met with :—Matti, honne, bite, bage, bilvara, nerle, alale, mugali, honge, mukarte, teak, sandal, sivana, thadakalu, nandi, dindiga and other jungle trees. Of these teak and sandal are found abundantly only in the marked portions. Honge and mugali as usual near hallas. Eastern and southern limits contain a very poor flora scarcely fit for anything. Bamboos (Kira bidarus) are found to a pretty large extent only in the northern and western limits

Sandal.—This is found, as stated above, abundantly in the marked portions. Both young and old are mixed up. The advance growth as usual is not proportionate to mature trees. Perhaps this is due to constant fire and unrestricted grazing. Their heights and girths vary from 10' to 20' and 1' to 4' respectively. The spots occupied by them are easily accessible, so that they may be easily removed. No damage of the kind referred to in the Yammedoddi Kaval appears to have been done to them here by graziers.

Teak.—This is also found abundantly only in the marked portions. As it attains pretty good dimensions, it cannot be said to be stunted. Trees now found are either defective or unsound which of course is due to constant fire; in addition most of them have branched just from the surface of the ground only. Consequently, at the best, only poles can be had at present. All the above go to prove only the neglected state of the jungle and not its incapacity to produce good trees. As such it is needless to state that better growth can be had if it is properly looked after. Their heights and girths at present vary from 20 to 30' and 3 to 6' respectively.

The remaining timber yielding trees both reserved and unreserved found only in the western half, attain pretty good dimensions and are fit for building purposes. Their heights and girths vary from 20 to 30' and 2 to 5' respectively.

Dindiga which yields an excellent fuel, also attains similar dimensions and is found more or less abundantly all over the kaval.

Bamboos (Kiribidrus) found here do not materially differ from those found in other jungles. It is only from this and the adjoining Sidarahalli Jungles, the people in Maidan places, such as, Kadur, Patnagere, &c., derive their supply of bamboos. Consequently bamboo fellings if allowed to go on unrestricted may exhaust the existing stock in no distant future.

5. This kaval unlike that of Yammedoddi does not appear to have been divided into Nilagaval and Tarige Kaval. In fact Government cattle do not seem to frequent any portion of the kaval regularly People here, say that if they at all come, they are chiefly confined to the bed of Iyankere, and that too, for very short periods during certain years. Excepting in the late famine, it appears they were never seen in the interior of the kaval, so that it may be concluded for all practicable purposes that nearly the whole of the kaval, bed of Iyankere being excepted, is being treated here as "Tarige Kaval". The "Hulbanni" rights of the said portion are auctioned every year and given over to the highest bidder who sublets as usual both to the neighbouring and distant villages, hard up for fodder, and recovers from them at the rate of so much per head of cattle.

Surrounding villagers here also have acquired a right to fodder and fuel just as in Yammedoddi, though their mode of acquisition is unknown. Perhaps the absence of any check on the part of the Amrut Mahal Department people from times immemorial has given the said right. Now the removal of that right may cause hardship and heart burning to them. Consequently provision will have to be made for the due exercise of such rights.

6. *Fodder.*—The undermentioned villages depend on the kaval for fodder. The total number of cattle that come from all of them is as detailed below:—

	Villages.	No of Cattle (Approx.)
1.	Kumagadda	500
2.	Bhaktarahalli	200
3.	Hulasabalu	500
4.	Gonakal	200
5.	Togaribankal	300
6.	Gale Puje	200
7.	Halasinamarada Hadlu and Garamarada Hadlu	1,500
8.	Sagani Basavanahalli	1,000
	Total.....	4,400

About as much more from distant villages may come and graze there during certain seasons in the year. Therefore the total number that graze in the kaval may be estimated at 8,800 or nearly 9,000. Last year one Timmegauda, a native of Sakrepatam, had bought the monopoly of "Hulbanni" rights for about Rs. 400 and had sublet it as said above. It is not known what profit he made by the transaction. It is only the cattle of the last three villages that come in the mornings for fodder and go back in the evenings. The rest being somewhat remote from the kaval frequent only during certain periods in the year. Hence it is not difficult to arrange for the exercise of this right, suitable both to Government and private interests; which may be ensured either by leaving for good the requisite area or by letting it out by blocks. No goats and sheep of any appreciable number graze in the kaval, so that one of the main causes of destruction is almost absent here.

7. *Fuel.*—It appears none of the villages mentioned above go to the kaval for fuel purposes, nor are there fuel demanding industries close by. It is only dealers in fuel in Chikmagalur that frequent the kaval for fuel purposes. No doubt the kaval contains a large fuel supply, nevertheless it may be exhausted soon if reckless felling is allowed. At present the fuel is removed only to meet the domestic wants and not those of any of the industries. Even with regard to domestic wants all people at Chikmagalur do not depend on this kaval, inasmuch as most of them being coffee planters can afford to get their wants supplied from their estates. Consequently fuel removed from the kaval alone cannot be much. Such of the quantity as is required for the use of the public at large, is now met with from fuel brought both from Government jungles and private estates. The quantity of fuel now sold at Chikmagalur is about 250 carts per month or about 3,000 per annum, other things being the same. All the said quantity is not brought from Government jungles alone, as stated above; and much less from the kaval in question. Allowing a fair margin for fuel brought from private estates and Government jungles other than the kaval, it may be roughly estimated that about 33 per cent of the required quantity or $\frac{1}{3}$, is brought from the kaval in question; which quantity can be always met with from the said kaval without deteriorating it, by dividing it into blocks and working them out by rotation.

The kaval in addition has to supply bamboos to all the neighbouring and some of the distant villages. Arrangements to meet this demand may also be made without any inconvenience.

Excepting the above the kaval has not to supply anything to any people.

8. It will be observed from the above, that excepting the bed of "Iyankere," the rest of the kaval is practically useless to the Amrut Mahal Department. Allowing the position of the former to remain unaltered, will not in any way be an obstacle for the furtherance of forest interests in the kaval, as that portion lies in a corner of it. Therefore it can be conveniently left for the use of the Amrut Mahal Department cattle. That done, there can be hardly any objection on the part of the Amrut Mahal Department authorities for handing over the rest of the kaval to the Forest Department, unless it be the insufficiency of fodder under rare circumstances, when provision for it can also be made by throwing open the reserved portions. It then remains for us to provide for the villages entirely depending on the kaval for fodder or fuel. That may be done either by setting apart sufficient portions of the kaval for their use wherever necessary or by dividing the whole into blocks and letting them out by rotation; of course the latter is less destructive.

After the kaval is divided in the above manner, there will then remain a portion of the kaval fit for a reserve considering the stock now met with it can serve no better purpose than supplying only the local wants such as small timber, bamboos and fuel. There are only two ways of turning the said produce to account, *viz.*, either by bringing them to Chikmagalur Depôt and exposing them for sale there or exposing the same for sale at Sakrepatam by establishing a depôt in the station. The latter appears to be preferable; for it is too well known that at Chikmagalur there

is hardly any demand for timber of any kind except teak natas, junglewood poles and small bamboos; which demand is at present met with more or less to a satisfactory extent, from Balehonnur and Mutodi Jungles. Consequently opening another feeder to the said depôt may be superfluous; on the other hand there is a great local demand for the produce in question at Sakrepatam and other rich Maidan villages close by, and there are no depôts close at hand to supply the said wants. The people there are now getting their wants supplied from Tarikere and Lakvalli Depôts and not from that of Chikmagalur as it cannot afford to supply every kind of timber required for their use, owing to the heavy cost of carriage. As the said depôts are somewhat distant from the places under reference, it may not always be convenient to get the required timber from them. Besides it may be ruinous to Government inasmuch as a continuous heavy strain will have to be put upon the feeders of the said depôts to meet such demands, which may thereby exhaust them at no distant future; whereas establishing a depôt at Sakrepatam and making the kaval a feeder to it as proposed, would not only overcome the said difficulties but would also prove an additional source of income inasmuch as the procedure would turn to account the materials now lying idle. In addition to the demand for timber in the Maidan places, there is a great demand for fuel also, which is being met with from the Yammedoddi Kaval, owing to which the said kaval has already deteriorated. There are no other jungles close by to supply the said want. Whereas it may be met with to some extent if the kaval in question which contains in addition a good supply of fuel, is opened so as to meet the requirements at Sakrepatam and other adjoining places as proposed. The strain put upon the Yammedoddi Kaval may then be lessened to some extent and thereby room left for the gradual development of fuel resources in both the kavals without the fear of getting the present stock exhausted.

Sakrepatam lies close to a number of Maidan villages, such as, Kadur, Banavar, Patnagere, &c., all of them have been already connected by Public Works Department roads and are at distances of not more than 5 to 15 miles from one another. A "Katcha" road already connects the said kaval with Sakrepatam which if improved would enable loaded carts to pass over them easily. The furthest point of the kaval is not more than 10 miles from the same, whereas its nearest point is 15 miles from Chikmagalur. After improving the main "Katcha" road, feeder lines may be opened wherever necessary. In fact some of them already exist. It will be clear from the above that making the kaval under reference to meet the demands at Sakrepatam and other adjoining places is better and more profitable than making the same to meet the demands at Chikmagalur. Hence the necessity for establishing at Sakrepatam a depôt which may be sanctioned for the present as an experimental measure.

9. The method of treatment depends upon the materials required. As evident from the above the kaval is incapable at present of producing better growth than poles, fuel and bamboos, all of which are in great demand amongst the local people. Consequently no higher object than supplying only the above demand can be attained at present. The said object can be accomplished to the best possible extent by employing coppice method, which besides being very cheap, yields crops at short intervals. No doubt broadcast sowings and plantations may also be started in convenient places which may enhance the capacity of the forest by giving birth to good sized timber yielding seedling trees in course of time, when the method of treatment will have to be adjusted accordingly.

10. As to the management of the kaval since it is not very far from the Yammedoddi Kaval, the proposed establishment for its management if sanctioned would be able to look after this also. Perhaps three more Watchers may be required for the efficient discharge of duties.

In case sanction is accorded to the proposed depôt, a Mutsaddi and a Peon are required for its management.

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From the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 75, dated 12th August 1890.

In reply to your No. 4754 of 7th instant forwarding Inspector General of Forests proposals, I have the honor to say that I have no objection to the Forest Department arranging for the due conservancy of the two kavals in question, and for the cost of the necessary establishment being debited to the Amrut Mahal Department as already reported in this office No. 126 of 4th December 1889, all the proceeds realized by the issue of licenses for felling timber and terige fees being credited to the Amrut Mahal Department.

2. There is also no objection, as a tentative measure, to the Forest Department regulating the "Terige" sales, and the block marked "D" may be reserved entirely from grazing as proposed by Mr. Ricketts, and as intimated to him last August. As a rule it is better for this Department to regulate the "Terige" sales, as the raiyats in adjacent villages understand our procedure, but as the Inspector General of Forests wishes to try it, it may be done by the Forest Officers. Only one point must be clearly understood that with the exception of the block "D" the Amrut Mahal has not resigned the right of grazing in any portion of the two kavals.

3. I would remark that I look upon this Department also as having greatly helped to conserve the growth of trees throughout the Province, as in every kaval, with the exception of a few large jungle ones, felling of trees was as a rule carefully checked.

4. The enclosures are herewith returned.

No. 5438-41—Cir. 114, DATED 19TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The proposals made in the foregoing letters by the Inspector General of Forests, in consultation with the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department, for the conservancy of the Yammedoddi and Kamenahalli Kavals in the Kadur Taluk, are approved. The kavals will be transferred to the Forest Department, under whose control the sales of grazing in the "Terige" portions will be regulated. The proceeds from the "Terige" fees as well as the realizations from the issue of licenses for felling firewood, &c., should be credited to the Forest Department and a refund allowed annually to the Amrut Mahal Department, which will be debited with the entire cost of the conservancy establishment.

2. The Block "D" in the Yammedoddi Kaval will be strictly closed against grazing, and the remaining portion of this kaval will be left open to the Amrut Mahal Department for grazing purposes.

3. The establishment of 4 watchers at Rs. 6 each and one Mutsaddi on Rs. 12 per month proposed to be entertained for the conservancy of the kavals, is sanctioned.

4. It is noted that the requirements of the raiyats of the villages which adjoin the kavals under reference will be sufficiently provided for, by the allotment of portions of the kavals for their exclusive use, as stated in para 2 of Mr. Ricketts' letter No. 3056—216, dated 1st March 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Inspector General of Forests and Plantations.
The Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.
The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.
Copy to the Comptroller.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 20th August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPER —

Letter No 90, dated the 15th October 1889, from the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, submitting the Annual Report on the Gardens and Parks under his charge for the year 1888—89.

No. 5506—589, DATED 20TH AUGUST 1890.

REVIEW THEREON.—The season was favorable to the growth of fruits, vegetables and flowers and the garden pests were less prevalent than in the previous year. The rain-fall as gauged at the Lal-Bagh was nearly 4 inches more than that of the year previous.

2. Eight acres of land have been added to the area of the Government Gardens, on which experimental and other cultivation will be carried on, and on a portion of which the new Exhibition Buildings will be erected.

3. The two half-yearly Horticultural Shows were fairly successful, nearly one-half of the expenditure incurred having been met from the gate collections.

4. The colored drawings of plants, of which a list is given in Appendix III, have been creditably finished by the Artist; and the catalogue of plants and seeds has been revised and printed. Appendix I contains valuable information in regard to the exotic species of plants introduced and cultivated in the Gardens during the past 15 years, and the Government are much indebted to Mr. Cameron for the same. It is stated that there are many more exotic species introduced prior to 1874, but which it has not been found possible to describe for want of authentic information.

5. The Superintendent considers that larger cages ought to be provided for the tigers. The additions proposed to these buildings have been sanctioned in the Public Works Department.

6. The receipts of the Government Gardens, including the value of gratis issues for Government use amounted to * Rs. 3,409—0—2 and the expenditure under all heads was Rs. 18,302—11—9 as summarised below .—

	Rs.	A.	P
* Lal-Bagh	2,896	6	8
Cubbon's Park ...	455	13	0
Dewan's Official Residence...	56	12	6
Total.....	3,409	0	2

I. Botanical Gardens.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment	8,228	9	8
Contingencies	1,295	0	0
Menagerie and Aviary	3,668	15	2
English plants and seeds	1,000	0	0
Construction and repairs	999	15	6
Horticultural Shows	800	0	0
Artists	300	0	0
Total.....	16,292	8	4

II. Cubbon's Park

	Rs.	A.	P.
Servants, including temporary servants ...	803	4	0
Contingencies	410	4	4
Water carts	360	0	0
Total .. .	1,573	8	4

III. Dewan's Official Residence.

Servants	262	14	6
Contingencies	54	9	0
Water carts	119	3	7
Total	436	11	1
Grand Total	18,302	11	9

7. The thanks of Government will be conveyed to the donors of plants seeds, &c., for their contributions and a copy of this report will also be sent to each of them for their kind acceptance.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd August 1890.

No. 5802-9—Cir. 121, dated Bangalore, 23rd August 1890.

Order.—Under the instructions contained in the "Rules for the conduct of business at the Meeting of the Representative Assembly," published with Proceedings No. 2732-39—73, dated 13th August 1887, the members for each District are required to communicate with each other as to the subjects to be brought forward for discussion at the Meeting of the Assembly, to hold a formal meeting at Mysore to decide what subjects of general interest shall be so brought forward, and to submit to the Chief Secretary a list of such subjects, with the names of the members who would speak on them, at least 3 days before the first Meeting of the Assembly. The lists of subjects to be discussed thus reach the Secretariat when there is hardly sufficient time for their being translated, arranged and circulated to the District Officers concerned and for the needful references being got ready. To remove this inconvenience and to enable the members themselves to properly discuss and sift matters before they draw up their lists and to inform themselves sufficiently well on matters on which they wish to speak, the following instructions are issued for guidance :—

I. The members for each Taluk should hold a preliminary meeting at the Taluk Head-quarters as soon after their selection as possible, and, after discussion among themselves, prepare a memorandum describing *seriatim* their representations and suggestions on the subjects which they desire to bring forward for discussion at the Meeting of the Assembly at Mysore. They should also nominate the particular members who should speak on each subject, before the General Meeting of the Assembly at Mysore. Such memoranda should be sent by the Representative Members direct to the Deputy Commissioner of their District, so as to reach him not later than the 20th September 1890.

II. The memoranda submitted by the members under the above Rule should be collated in the Deputy Commissioner's office and submitted to the Chief Secretary, with the Deputy Commissioner's remarks on each proposition, in the accompanying form, so as to reach the Secretariat not later than the 8th October 1890.

III. The preliminary meeting prescribed in Rule I is auxiliary to, and not in supersession of, the formal Meeting which members for each District are required to hold at Mysore under the Rules of 13th August 1887. If, at such formal meeting, the members should decide to bring forward any subjects which are not mentioned in their memoranda prepared under Rule I above, a supplemental list of such additional subjects should be sent to the Chief Secretary at least 3 days before the first Meeting of the Assembly.

2. The above instructions are for this year of a tentative character and Deputy Commissioners of Districts are requested to arrange for giving immediate effect to them and report upon the results and sufficiency of these arrangements after next Dasara Assembly.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts,
with 70 copies of the Kannrese (printed) translation for transmission to Representative Members.

Register of subjects to be brought forward by the Representative Members of District for discussion at the Meeting of the Representative Assembly at Mysore.

Serial No.	Name of Speaker.	Representation or Suggestion by the Representative Members.	Existing orders or practice relating to the subject.	Remarks by the Deputy Commissioner.	Reply of the Dewan.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd August 1890.

No. 5971-81—Cir. 125, dated Bangalore, 23rd August 1890.

Order.—The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore have for some time felt convinced of the expediency of affording the necessary facilities for the development of the resources of the Province in iron ore, and the establishment of an Iron manufacturing industry on a large scale with a full use of modern processes and modern appliances which have been developed elsewhere. The abundant supply of iron ore which is available and the success which has attended small, crude, and isolated efforts to manufacture it afford every promise of success attending a large, well-organized and carefully conducted undertaking. Under these circumstances, the Government entertained the overtures with which Dr. Dhanakoti Raju approached them in September last year, for establishing an iron manufactory in the Mysore Province ; and after a full and careful consideration and discussion of all the details have resolved upon granting to Dr. Dhanakoti Raju, a concession on the terms set forth in the annexed Memorandum. These terms, which Dr. Dhanakoti Raju has accepted, will be embodied by the Government Advocate in a deed which that officer will draw up in due form to be engrossed on a stamp paper of proper value and executed by Dr. Dhanakoti Raju to the Dewan on behalf of the Mysore Government, and duly registered.

2. The Inspector General of Forests will, as soon as the deed is duly executed and registered, proceed to give effect to the concession, and, in communication with Dr. Dhanakoti Raju, define the forest land to be granted for fuel and report the same for the approval and orders of Government.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Government Advocate.
Dr. Dhanakoti Raju.
The Inspector General of Forests.
The Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore and Mysore Districts.
Copy to other Deputy Commissioners for information and guidance.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd August 1890.

Memorandum of Concessions granted by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore to Dr. Dhanakoti Raju, for the Iron Works proposed to be established by him in the Mysore Province.

I. Iron Ores free for 50 years.

1. Dr. Dhanakoti Raju to have the right to prospect for and obtain Iron Ores, for use at the said Iron Works, from any part of the Province, free of all charges, duties and taxes for a period of 50 years. Provided that the operations in question shall not be carried on in lands, the property of private individuals, except with their consent, and under arrangements previously entered into between them and Dr. Dhanakoti Raju; and provided also that Dr. Dhanakoti Raju shall be bound to take care that by the operations in question, no injury whatever is done to public property of any kind, such as roads, tanks, &c.

II. Land for Factories, &c.

2. Dr. Dhanakoti Raju to be granted any unoccupied Government lands required for the erection of factories, workshops and other buildings necessary for the said Iron Works and for dwelling houses for the people employed in such works.

III. Exemption from duty for 25 years.

3. Machinery imported for the said Iron Works and iron and steel goods manufactured therein, to be free from import, export or other duties or taxes for a period of 25 years.

IV. Fuel concession for 30 years.

4. An area of forest land, up to 100 square miles in extent, to be demarcated and set apart for fuel supply to the said Iron Works in the following Government Forests:—

Bilikalbetta		
Chilandadi		
Banantimari	In Kankanhalli Taluk.	
Ragihalli		
Basavanbetta and any other forests ..	In Malvalli Taluk.	

If Dr. Dhanakoti Raju should, for better and more efficient working of the Iron Works, desire at any time that any portion of the 100 square miles of Government Forest lands granted to him for fuel supply in the Taluks of Malvalli and Kankanhalli should be exchanged for an equal area of fuel tract in other Taluks in Mysore, his application to Government for such a purpose will be favorably considered and also reasonable help rendered to him in the matter.

In the area thus set apart, Dr. Dhanakoti Raju to be at liberty to fell fuel for the use of the said Iron Works during a period of 30 years, and subject to the following conditions:—

(*a*) Felling for fuel by Dr. Dhanakoti Raju should be carried on block by block, in succession, so as to allow of planting work by Government being concentrated on one or more portions of the areas felled for fuel year after year.

(*b*) In any one year felling operations must be restricted to one or more defined blocks not exceeding 5 square miles in total area, and a block once felled for fuel shall not be re-allotted for felling during the next 15 years so as to allow sufficient time for re-growth.

(*c*) Out of the area cleared in each year, not less than half a square mile, in localities to be selected by the Government Forest Department, should be clean felled, and cleared of thorn and brushwood, and reserved for re-planting by Government Agency. Such re-planted areas shall not be liable to be again granted for felling under this concession.

(*d*) Where bamboo clumps exist, at least five per acre should be left standing.

(*e*) Reserved trees and the right of Government to collect minor Forest produce should not be interfered with in any way.

(*f*) Trees yielding minor Forest produce (such as gall-nut, marking-nut, tamarind, mango, wood-apple, custard-apple and such like) should be left standing, unless where certified to as past bearing by a Forest Officer.

(*g*) During the first period of ten years, Dr. Dhanakoti Raju shall be at liberty to fell fuel as above free of any duty, royalty or rent to Government; during the second period of ten years, he must pay to the Government a rent at the rate of Rs 640 per annum per square mile cleared, and during the 3rd period of ten years, he must similarly pay a rent at the rate of Rs 1,280 per square mile cleared.

(*h*) When, at the end of 16 years, or at any later time, the whole of the 100 square miles demarcated as above has once been felled for fuel, annual allotments for re-felling will be made in regular rotation (during the unexpired period of this thirty years' fuel concession) out of the area originally felled for fuel

(*i*) Dr. Dhanakoti Raju to be at liberty to burn charcoal out of wood felled by him under this concession.

(*j*) Fuel and charcoal obtained under this concession shall be used exclusively for the said Iron Works and for no other purposes.

(*k*) Dr. Dhanakoti Raju will be allowed to sell or otherwise dispose of for purposes unconnected with the said Iron Works, charcoal made out of wood obtained under this concession, or from wood obtained under the ordinary fuel and charcoal licenses, by paying to the Government the seigniorage rates of duty, current for the time being.

(*l*) Dr. Dhanakoti Raju will be allowed to take up under the Rules in Notification dated 7th June 1866 or any other Private Plantation Rules for the time being in force, such portions of the area cleared by him as may not be required for Government Plantations under Clause (*c*) above To Private Plantations thus made, the restrictions in Clauses (*j*) and (*k*) above shall not apply.

(*m*) Dr. Dhanakoti Raju will, before all other applicants, have a prior claim to obtain any mining leases which he may apply for within the limits of this fuel concession, provided that the Government shall be at liberty to grant them to others when Dr. Dhanakoti Raju does not himself take them up, within a month of the same being offered to him. Such leases will be granted to him under the rules for the time being in force and any assessment, royalties and other payments due under such leases shall be over and above the rent fixed under Clause (*g*) above.

V. Conditions affecting the currency of the Concession.

5. The foregoing valuable concessions are granted to Dr. Dhanakoti Raju, in order to afford sufficient encouragement for the early establishment of a most important industry. They will be withdrawn if the industry be not established within the next two years, on a satisfactory scale as prescribed below, or, if, after being once established, it at any time ceases from any cause whatsoever to be maintained at the prescribed scale for full one year. The proposed Iron Works of Dr. Dhanakoti Raju shall be considered to have been established on a satisfactory scale, if the produce of the works in the form of Pig iron, wrought iron and steel goods shall not fall below 1,000 tons per annum during the first 3 years after the works have been fairly started and commenced to work. Similar concessions will not on the other hand be granted to any other person during the next 12 years, in the event of Dr. Dhanakoti Raju succeeding in establishing and carrying on the industry as above laid down.

6. The concessions hereby granted are not transferable without the consent of Government; but this restriction shall not debar Dr. Dhanakoti Raju from taking, if he chooses it, one or more partners with himself, or forming a Company with himself to carry on the proposed Iron Works under this concession, and strictly according to the terms and conditions thereof.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd August 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPER :—

From the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 87—84, Enclosures 2, dated 19th May 1890.

I have the honor to submit herewith plan of Kallurkatte with Memorandum of proposals for laying out the new town received with Police Assistant Commissioner's letter No. 21 of 25th April 1890.

2. The proposals made in the Memorandum of the Police Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Nagar Taluk embody the result of my repeated inspection of the locality and a full discussion of all details with Mr. Puttanna Chetti who had been deputed to mark the different roads and sites on the ground, and may be sanctioned by Government.

3. I would ask that in the event of my recommendation being approved, instructions may be issued to the Public Works Department for laying out the roads and sinking wells at an early date.

4. The Taluk Cutcherry is nearing completion, and as it is necessary to give out building sites without delay, I would solicit the favor of your obtaining early orders on the several points referred to in the Memorandum.

5. If the principle of granting free timber to officials referred to in para 17 of the Memorandum is approved, details of requirements in each individual's case will be submitted in due course.

Memo of Proposals for laying out the Kallurkatte new Town.

The accompanying plan (scale 400' to an inch) shows the existing roads, buildings, tanks, &c. The proposals now submitted for approval are marked in pencil.

2. The roads to be opened are—

A. S.	..	1,350 ft.	by	36 ft.	
E. F.	..	550'	×	36'	
R. P.	..	900'	×	36'	
K. L.	..	700'	×	36'	
G. H.	..	1,400'	×	36'	
Q. S.	..	320'	×	27'	
M. N. O.	..	1,300'	×	36'	(but less width on Tank bund).
T. V.	..	1,750'	×	27	
Total....		8,270 ft. of road.			

Also W. X. .. 2,080 ft. with a check drain of one yard. No road-making here would be necessary as the ground is level and hard.

3. The roads to be closed are A. C. and A. D.

Allotment of Sites.

4. The maidan to the south of the Taluk Cutcherry, to be given to Brahmins for building.

From $\frac{3}{4}$ mile on the Shimoga-Kallurkatte High road up to the new square between A. C. and A. D. and from the latter point up to the 31st milestone on the Kallurkatte-Nagar High road, to be given to Saukars, Traders (Marvaris, Konkanis,

Banajigars) and men carrying on important professions, subject to the following stipulation :—

Sites marked 14 and 14*a* which adjoin the Taluk Cutcherry to be given only for shops and godowns. No dwelling houses to be built here.

5. From the Kallurkatte new square up to the point B, to be given to Lingayats. The Kallur Matt is in the adjoining tope.

6. The sites on cross roads to right of Shimoga-Kallurkatte High road between $\frac{2}{31}$ and $\frac{3}{31}$ miles to be given to Muhammadans.

The sites on cross roads on the opposite side of the same main road, to be given to the Hindu peons, &c. 2 polliems of one acre each to be given to Holeyars and Madigars at sites marked on the plan.

7. The sites to the right of the Kallurkatte-Lakshmipur road, between $\frac{4}{1}$ and $\frac{7}{1}$ miles to Christians and other castes.

8. The remaining sites shown on plan, not specified above to be given to miscellaneous classes.

9. The above allotment of sites has been made with due care after consulting the wants and convenience of each class of people.

10. It is proposed in consideration of the wants of Malnad (where 6 months' necessaries including firewood, are to be stored for the monsoons) to fix the dimensions of each building site at 40 ft. (frontage) by 120 ft. This may appear a large allowance, but it is not too large considering the out-houses and luttal they would want.

11. To secure decent frontages, it will be necessary to lay down that all houses on the main roads should be tiled structures with at least 6 ft. verandah.

12. The houses on sites marked 12 on the plan should have particularly good frontages and should be given to people able to put up such frontages.

13. To encourage building in a new and rising town like Kallurkatte, it is necessary to offer some facilities to intending builders. With this view, it is proposed to dispose of building sites at an upset valuation without selling them by open competition. The sites will be divided into three classes as follows.

14. The sites on the Shimoga-Kallurkatte main road up to where the new square is to be formed and from the latter point up to 31st mile stone on the Nagar road, to be charged at Rs. 8 per site.

15. The new rows of house sites on the plain opposite the Taluk Cutcherry up to junction with the Nagar road, to be charged at Rs. 6 per site.

16. All other sites to be charged at Rs. 4 per site.

17. Government servants who elect to build houses here may get house sites free. I would recommend that some concession may be made to them in the matter of building timber. It is estimated that the number of sites required for them would be between 60 and 80 as follows :—

1 Amildar.
1 Sheristadar.
1 Inspector.
1 Jamadar.
15 Revenue Munshis, Gumastas, Shroffs, &c.
20 Revenue Dafadars, Peons, Sayar Kolkars, &c.
20 Police Dafadars and Constables.
20 For other Departments, *viz.*, Public Works Department, Medical, Forest, Schools, &c.

18. I would venture to suggest that as in Mudgere Taluk, Government buildings may be erected for the Amildar, Sheristadar and the Inspector.

19. A Musafirkhana may be built on the triangular piece of ground where the new * road in front of the Taluk Cutcherry meets the old Nagar High road.

* E. L.

A School house and a Dispensary may be built on the plain to the east of the Taluk Cutcherry marked 13 on plan.

20. A foot-path 6 ft. wide to be cut on the northern and western sides of the Taluk Cutcherry as shown on plan to mark off the boundary of the Cutcherry premises.

21. For the making of a square and the opening out of the road A. B., the following houses will have to be taken up, other sites being given to them in exchange:—

(1). Mestri Narnappa's house on the right side of the Shimoga-Kallurkatte High road.

(2). Kedalagadde Rahman Saib and Miran Saib's joint house to the left of the said road.

22. To prevent the pollution of drinking water in the spring tank near the Travellers' Bungalow, the following 4 huts should be taken up, other sites being given to them in exchange:—

1. Bolagude Budan Sab's.
2. Dandi Husen Sab's.
3. Harnahalli Khadar Sab's.
4. Shek Ahmed Sab's.

23. The sites allotted for house building should be built upon in a proper manner within one year from date of grant, any default will entail forfeiture of site to Government.

24. It is necessary to provide good drinking water to the inhabitants. A dozen wells to be sunk as follows:—

1 Near Taluk Cutcherry.
2 For Brahmins.
1 Lingayats.
4 For dwellings on the main road.
1 For other classes of Hindus.
1 For Muhammadans.
1 For Christians.
1 For Holeyars and Madigars.

25. The grounds about the Taluk Cutcherry should be planted with blue gum trees especially on the southern and western aspects.

26. A park to be formed on the maidan in front of the Amildars' Cutcherry.

No. 5843-6—177, dated Bangalore, 23rd August 1890.

Order thereon.—The proposals and suggestions made in the very carefully prepared Memorandum above read, for forming the new town of Kallurkatte in the Nagar Taluk, are generally approved.

2. The Public Works Department will arrange, as early as possible, for laying out the required roads and sinking wells for drinking purposes, referred to in paras 2 and 25 of the Memorandum. The proposals for providing Government quarters for the higher Taluk officials and for the construction of a Musafirkhana, a School house and a Dispensary, will be considered in the Public Works Department.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),- dated 23rd August 1890.

3 The Government are of opinion that free grants of timber for building houses should be limited to minor officials such as Munshis and other subordinates Details of requirements in each individual's case should be submitted in due course for formal sanction through the Inspector General of Forests.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District
The Secretary, Public Works Department
The Inspector General of Forests.
The Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner to the Mysore Government.

READ—

Letter No. 10 of the 13th April 1890, from the the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.

No. 5313—169, DATED 14TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—In the letter above read, the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur, recommends the appointment of a Committee of Panchayatdars for the proper management of the affairs of the Bhandigadi Tengina Matt in the Koppa Taluk. This Matt is in receipt of a ready money allowance of Rs. 69—13—0 from Government in addition to Inam lands The Guru who is the present head of the Matt is said to be still too young and inexperienced to manage its affairs.

2. The Government observe that the appointment of a number of Panchayatdars for the management of the affairs of the Matt may not secure the object in view, and that it would be better to entrust the management to a single person who could be held responsible to Government. The manager so appointed may be called upon to furnish security, and it will be his duty to collect the rents and profits of the Inam lands, and out of the annual income, pay the sum fixed for the performance of worship and maintenance of the Guru, and set apart ¼th or ⅓rd of the income for the liquidation of the debt payable by the Matt. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to make enquiries of the persons interested in the Matt and report whether any trustworthy and respectable person out of them is willing to undertake the management of the Matt on the lines above indicated. With this report, full information should be submitted on the following points:—

(1). What is the nature and value of the movable property said to have been mortgaged? What is the amount now actually due to the mortgagees?

(2). In regard to lands said to have been transferred in the names of Brahmins and others, when were these transfers made and what is their nature temporary or absolute?

(3). Since when has the worship in the shrine of the Matt ceased?

(4). In what condition is the Matt building at present and what amount would be required for its repair?

(5). Has the Matt any other liabilities? If so, particulars thereof should be furnished.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, with the Vernacular proceedings submitted by him.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 25th August 1890.

READ :—

Annual Report on the working of the Indian Companies Act X of 1866 in Mysore, during the year 1889—90.

No. 5894—652, DATED BANGALORE, 25TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—Forty new Companies or Associations were registered during the year, and 135 were in existence at its commencement. Of the new Companies so registered, two dissolved before commencing operations, three came under voluntary liquidation and one was amalgamated with another Company previously existing. Of the 135 old Companies, 24 came under liquidation either voluntarily or under the orders of the Chief Court, leaving 145 Companies in all at work at the close of the year under review.

2. Many of these Companies were formed subsequent to July 1888, and no less than 67 of them belong to the Kolar District. It was brought to the notice of Government that these Companies were constituted on speculative principles, and their operations were conducted in a manner likely to result in certain eventual loss to the share-holders. A private enquiry was instituted by Government by a Committee of Officers appointed for the purpose, and the public were warned through Amildars and otherwise, against the risk they were running in subscribing to these Companies. Meanwhile many of the Companies were ordered to be wound up by the Chief Court on the application of the share-holders themselves, and the further enquiry by the Committee was rendered obviously unnecessary.

3. In paragraph 11, the Registrar states that no prosecutions were instituted for breach of the provisions of the Companies Act, from which it is to be inferred that there was no occasion therefor. But in Appendix A of the Report it is shown that the Companies named on the margin and several others have failed to file with the Registrar the annual list of share-holders or members, as required by Section 25 of the Act, and Section 26 of the same Act provides a penalty of Rs. 50 per diem for the defaulting Company for the period during which such default continues. It should be explained why these penalties were not enforced.

(1) The Srinivaspur Savings Bank.
(2) „ Bangalore Petta Merchants Bank.
(3) „ Nelamangala Mangalapura Bank.
(4) „ Tumkur Srikanta Rajendra Bank.
(5) „ Hassan Karnatak Bank.
(6) „ Mysore Dhanabhivridhi Bank.
(7) „ Mysore Bank.

4. Section 49 of the Act directs the annual submission to the Registrar by each Company, of a duly audited balance sheet, under a penalty of Rs. 1,000 for failure. The majority of the Companies have failed in this respect also, and it is not stated whether the Agents of the defaulting Companies have been called upon to do so and what was their explanation. This should now be reported.

5. Dividends have been declared in the case of a few Companies, but it is not clear whether such was for the year or for a lesser period In the case of the others, dividends are said to have been "not declared" and "not reported." The reason for this omission is not explained.

6. It is also observed that several Companies have not reported the amount of their paid-up capital although they were registered during the year 1888—89. The Registrar will report if he has called upon the Agents to do so.

7. It is hoped that the Registrar will see that the provisions of the Act are strictly observed by these Companies, and that before a Company is registered under the Act he will satisfy himself that the calculations upon which it is proposed to work the Company are sound, and that the promises held out in the Articles of Association are not illusory in their character.

T. ANANDA RAO,
Chief Secretary

To—The Registrar of Companies in Mysore.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 28th August 1890.

No. 6052-7—GOLD 29, DATED 28TH AUGUST 1890.

ORDER.—Tenders were invited for the lease of mining rights in the six Blocks of land noted in the margin. The tenders received were opened on the 25th August 1890. There were no applications for Blocks Nos. 5 and 6.

1.	Kempinkote Block A.	In Channarayapatna Taluk, Hassan District.
2.	Do C.	
3.	Do D.	
4.	Tank Block.	In Bowringpet Taluk, Kolar District.
5.	Karadihalli Block.	In Arsikere Taluk, Hassan District
6.	Belgumba Block.	

2. For the three Blocks at Kempinkote Nos. 1, 2 and 3, there were two tenders, one from Mr. H. F. Strickland on behalf of himself and 5 others, and another from Mr. D. J. Lavelle, on behalf of the London Mysore Mining Company, Limited. Mr. Strickland's tender is for Rs 6,625 in cash and £ 2,500 in shares in any Company which may be formed hereafter for working the Blocks. Mr. Lavelle's tender is for Rs. 6,000 only. Mr. Strickland's tender being the highest, the Government are pleased to accept it. The prescribed deposit of 10 per cent on the £ 2,500 shares offered should be made in cash on or before the 25th September 1890, unless the Company is formed within that date, in which case, a share certificate for the amount will be accepted.

3. For the Tank Block, No. 4, the following tenders were received, *viz*:—

1.	From the Mysore West Gold Company, Limited, and the Mysore Wynad Consolidated Gold Mining Company, Limited	£ 6,000 in cash and £ 5,000 in shares.
2.	From the Champion Reef Gold Mining do	Rs. 6,000.
3.	From Mr. D. J. Lavelle, on behalf of the London Mysore Mining Company, Limited	Rs. 200 over and above any other tender.
4.	From Lady Frank Souter	Rs. 3,500.

The tender of the Mysore West Gold Company, Limited, and the Mysore Wynad Consolidated Gold Mining Company, Limited, which is the highest, will be accepted. Mr. Lavelle was, at his own request, permitted to withdraw his tender.

4. The names of the successful tenderers will be published in the Gazette. They will be requested to pay up the balance of the amount of their tenders within 30 days from the date of the receipt by them of this order. The Comptroller will be requested to report the dates on which the balances of the amounts tendered are paid up by the successful applicants.

5. The Comptroller is also requested to arrange for the return of the deposits made by the unsuccessful tenderers specified in the margin on their application.

1. Mr. D. J. Lavelle Rs. 1,600.
2. Mr. R. C. Jones, Agent, Champion Reef Gold Mining Company, Limited. Rs 600.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—H. F. Strickland, Esq, United Service Club, Bangalore.
H. P. Hodgson, Esq., Agent for the Mysore West Gold Company, Limited, Kolar Road Station.
D. J. Lavelle, Esq, Bangalore.
The Agent, Champion Reef Gold Mining Company, Limited, Kolar Road Station.
Lady Frank Souter, Ootacamund.
Copy to Comptroller.

No. 6228-29—Cir. 127, dated 29th August 1890.

Order.—The scale of Deputy Commissioners for the Province sanctioned by Proceedings of Government No. 269-77—13, dated 8th April 1886, is as shown below :—

1 Special Deputy Commissioner, (European), on Rs. 1,200.
1 Deputy Commissioner, 1st Class, on Rs. 1,200.
1 Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Class, on Rs. 1,000.
3 Deputy Commissioners, 3rd Class, on Rs. 800 each.
2 Deputy Commissioners, 4th Class, on Rs. 700 each.

2. The following is the Gradation list of Deputy Commissioners as they stood on 30th June 1890 :—

1 Special Deputy Commissioner for the Coffee District on Rs. 1,200.
Colonel J. A. Campbell.

2 Deputy Commissioners, 1st Class, on Rs. 1,200 each.
(1) Mr. G. F. Meiklejohn.
(2) Mr. P. N. Krishnamurti.

1 Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Class, on Rs. 1,000.
Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao.

1 Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class, on Rs. 800.
Mr. P. N. Purnaiya.

3 Deputy Commissioners, 4th Class.
(1) Mr. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar. } at Rs. 700 each.
(2) Mr. Abdul Rahman. }
(3) Mr. B. Tiramalachari. }

3. The sanctioned scale for District Judges is—

1	1st Class	Rs.	1,200
1	2nd Class	,,	1,000
1	3rd Class	Rs. 700 rising to Rs.	800

Mr. Narahari Rao, District Judge of Mysore, draws Rs. 800.
Mr. Cress, District Judge of Shimoga, draws Rs. 700.

4. Besides Deputy Commissioners and District Judges, there are two Officers holding special appointments ; namely : —

Mr. T. Ananda Row, Chief Secretary, on Rs. 900.
Mr. A. Rangaswamaiengar, Comptroller, on Rs. 800.

Although these Officers rank with Deputy Commissioners and District Judges, it seems desirable that their promotions should, instead of being given only when vacancies occur in the grades of Deputy Commissioners or District Judges, be regulated in the following manner :—

Comptroller.—To start with Rs. 800 and to rise by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,000.

Chief Secretary.—To start with Rs. 1,000 and to rise by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,200.

On attaining the prescribed maximum pay, these two Officers shall, if necessary, be sent out to Districts as Deputy Commissioners or District Judges.

5. Mr. A. Rangaswamaiengar, the Comptroller, having completed 4 years' service, will draw Rs. 1,000 from 1st September 1890.

6. Mr. T. Ananda Row will draw the minimum pay of Chief Secretary, *viz.*, Rs. 1,000, from 1st September 1890.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 29th August 1890.

7. Each District Judge will, on first appointment, unless specially ordered by Government, start with Rs. 700, rising to Rs. 800 after a year's probation as Deputy Commissioner or District Judge and be promoted to the next two higher grades as vacancies occur, or by biennial increments of Rs. 50 as the Government may direct.

Mr. Narahari Rao having been District Judge on Rs. 800 since 1st January 1885 and the 2nd grade being vacant, he will be promoted to that grade with effect from 1st September 1890.

Mr. Cross having been Deputy Commissioner and District Judge for more than a year, he will be allowed to draw Rs. 800 from 1st September 1890.

8. With regard to Deputy Commissioners, the Special European Deputy Commissioner who may hereafter be appointed, will start on Rs. 700 and after a year's satisfactory work will get Rs. 800 and thereafter rise by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,200.

9. Mr. Meiklejohn, formerly Special Deputy Commissioner of the Coffee District on Rs. 1,200, having had, under special circumstances, to be transferred to Mysore, will be regarded as Supernumerary in the 1st grade for the time being.

10. The remaining six Deputy Commissioners will be graded as follows and receive their promotions according to vacancies :—

1 on Rs. 1,200
1 on Rs. 1,000
4 on Rs. 700 rising to Rs. 800 after a year's probation in the case of each Officer.

11. Mr. Krishnamurti, Deputy Commissioner, 1st Class, having been appointed to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court, the following promotions are ordered with effect from 1st September 1890 :—

Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, 1st Class.

Mr. P. N. Purnaiya, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Class.

Messrs. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar and Abdul Rahman having been Deputy Commissioners, 4th Class, for more than a year, will draw Rs. 800 each per mensem, with effect from 1st September 1890.

12. Mr. Tirumalachari will be a Deputy Commissioner in the 4th Class on Rs. 700 and Mr. C. Madhah, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of the same class, *sub-protem*, to complete the scale now sanctioned.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Comptroller.
The District and Sessions Judges of Mysore and Shimoga (through the Chief Court).
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Chief Secretary.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	172.	2nd	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the investiture of C. Rama Rao, Munsiff of Yedahalli, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.
2	4418—55.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding copy of the above.
3	4343—206.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding the return of sick prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore State for June 1890.
4	4473—57.	3rd	The Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore.	Returning the record in criminal appeal No. 23 of 1890 on the file of the District Magistrate of Tumkur, and stating that the Deputy Commissioner is instituting a special enquiry on the revenue side into the conduct of Shanbhog Ramaiya of Banasandra in the Tiptur Taluk and that if he is found guilty, he will receive adequate punishment.
5	4474—161.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
6	173.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that H. Timmakrishna Rao, B.A., B. L., Advocate of the Chief Court, is appointed as Munsiff of the 3rd Class and posted to Kolar.
7	4417—54.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore.	Forwarding copy of the above.
8	6302—297.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting that the District Magistrate of South Canara may be instructed by telegraph to hold in deposit the property connected with a certain theft case and to record the marks of identification of the accused prisoner Ganiga Subbaraya so as to allow of his arrest again when a warrant may hereafter issue in due course.

Serial No.	Proceedings			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
9	4484—212.	5th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding duly executed a commission for the examination of Brahmasurisastri, residing at Sravanabelagola in the Channarayapatna Taluk and requesting that the sum of Rs. 2—6—0 may be remitted to this office to make up the first class batta of Rs 10 claimed by him.
10	4486—214	Do	Do	Stating that the Rao Sahib, the Chief of Jamkhandi in the Southern Mahratta Country did not visit Sringeri within the period of the license granted to him by the Political Agent, Kolhapur.
11	4548—458.	6th	The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg	Acknowledging the receipt of 4 copies of the report on the administration of Civil Justice in Coorg during the year 1889.
12	175.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the appointment of Revd. Arnold Crashaw, the Revd Samuel Nathinel and the Revd John Mark of the Wesleyan Mission, to be Marriage Registrars for the Territories of Mysore.
13	4618—119.	7th	The Assistant to Accountant General in charge of Paper Currency Department, Bombay	Forwarding an indemnity bond executed in the prescribed form by C. S. Gundappa, Amildar of the Sagar Taluk, and two sureties in respect of a lost currency note for Rs. 20
14	4688—216.	Do	The District Magistrate Bangalore.	Returning duly countersigned a license under the Indian Arms Act.
15	4697—167.	Do	The District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Returning duly countersigned three licenses under the Indian Arms Act.
16	4705—139	8th	The District Magistrate of Hassan.	Returning duly countersigned a license under the Indian Arms Act.
17	4786—209.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Recording the diary of the Assistant Commissioner, Kolar Gold Fields, for the week ending 12th July 1890.
18	4785—208.	Do	Do	Do do for the week ending 19th July 1890.
19	4783—206.	9th	Do	Do do for the week ending 26th July 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
20	4953—502.	9th	The Inspector General of Police.	Approving of his action with reference to the conduct of the Police Officers in the investigation of a case of suspected poisoning and requesting him to communicate to the Amildar Lazarus Domingo of the Honnali Taluk through the Deputy Commissioner the dissatisfaction with which Government view his part in the case.
21	4814—59.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding 3 copies of the report of the Committee appointed under the orders of the Governor General in Council to enquire into certain matters connected with Jail Administration in India for the use of the Inspector General of Jails and the Superintendents of Jails in the State.
22	4847—229.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a return showing the result of the trial of persons surrendered during the half year ended 30th June 1890 to the courts of the Mysore State under Act XXI of 1879, the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act.
23	5108-9—62	11th	The Registrar of the Chief Court and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Sanctioning the construction of a separate court house for the Munsiff at Holé-Narsipur, and requesting the Secretary, Public Works Department, to take early steps to frame an estimate and submit the same for the formal sanction of Government.
24	4964—232.	12th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that under the circumstances set forth in the letter of the District Magistrate of Anantapur, the Darbar will not press the charge for the refund of annas three and pies three on account of discount on postage labels received as fees under the Indian Arms Act, 1878.
25	5103—154.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Stating with reference to a petition from the Humcha Jain Matt in the Nagar Taluk, applying for exemption from personal attendance in courts, that the Government are not prepared to grant the exemption claimed, as the privilege has not heretofore been enjoyed by the present Guru or his predecessors either in Mysore or in British Territories.
26	5099—Gold 13.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Stating that the Government are in communication with the Residency and that on receipt of the information asked, the question of the special legislation required for the Gold Mines will be considered.
27	5117—54.	Do	The Inspector General of Prisons.	Declining to interfere with the order transferring Mr. J. Smith from the post of Jailor, Shimoga Jail, on Rs. 70 to his present appointment of Daroga, Central Jail, on Rs. 40.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
28	187.	12th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the substitution of a revised clause for clause (11) paragraph I, Foreign Department Notification No. 28 I. P., dated 7th January 1880, as amended by Notification No. 310, dated 4th February 1890, exempting all Revenue officials including Excise officers, &c., from the operations of the Indian Arms Act XI of 1878.
29	5121—517.	Do	The Excise Commissioner.	Forwarding a copy of the above
30	5137—239.	14th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that no cases of opium smuggling have been brought to notice in the State during the quarter ended 30th June 1890.
31	5150—178.	Do	The District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Forwarding duly countersigned a license under the Indian Arms Act.
32	191.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the investiture under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of C. Narayan Rao, Acting Amildar of the Manjarabad Taluk, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class and also with power to try offences under the Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859 as a temporary measure till the end of the year.
33	5241—63.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding copy of the above.
34	5219—238.	15th	The District Magistrate of Bangalore.	Intimating the issue of a warrant to the District Magistrate of Salem on the 12th instant for the surrender of Chinnasami, accused of housebreaking and theft.
35	5269—540.	16th	The Inspector General of Prisons.	Directing that as an act of clemency in honor of the birth of the 3rd Prince, the three prisoners Vankatarama *alias* Amtiga, Subbaraya and Ramaswamaiengar undergoing sentence in the Bangalore Central Jail be immediately set at liberty.
36	198.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the undermentioned Amildars are invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class for the disposal of offences falling under the Railway Act:— **Srinivasa Rao, Amildar of the Tarikere Taluk.** **Srinivas Rao, Amildar of the Kadur Taluk.**

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				Krishnaiengar, Amildar of the Holalkere Taluk, and Krishna Rao, Amildar of the Davangere Taluk.
37	5373—72.	16th	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
38	128.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the temporary investiture of the undermentioned Munsiffs with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class to be exercised until further orders :— (1) Mr. T. J. Vanderlowen, Munsiff of Hassan. (2) Mr. U. Mangapati Naidu, Munsiff of Chitaldroog. (3) Mr. S. Vardarajaiengar, Munsiff of Tumkur. (4) Mr. P. Venkata Rao, Munsiff of Chikmagalur.
39	5528—76.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding copy of the above.
40	5460—165.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 35 dated the 11th August 1890, from the Government Advocate, giving his opinion that no license is required by any Pyrotechnist for the manufacture of fire works and drawing his attention to Government Proceedings No. 1891—42, dated 26th June 1884.
41	5344—68.	17th	The Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore.	Returning the memorial addressed to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore by Siddiga, appellant in criminal case No. 85 of 1890 on the file of the Chief Court now under sentence of death in the Central Jail at Bangalore, together with a copy of the orders passed by His Highness the Maharaja on the memorial commuting the sentence of death to one of transportation for life.
42	5435—559.	18th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Acknowledging the receipt of 4 copies of the report on the Administration of Civil Justice in Coorg during 1889.
43	5436—74.	Do	The Registrar of Chief Court in Mysore.	Forwarding two copies of the report above referred to.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
44	5503—259.	18th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting the issue of warrants for the arrest and surrender of Nadig Mallarappa and seven others
45	5308-10—154.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of the Hassan and Chitaldroog Districts, and the Registrar of the Chief Court	Passing orders with reference to the conduct of S. Leighton, late Amildar of the Arkalgud Taluk, in connection with a case of theft brought against Venkatappa and Venkatesaiya.
46	121.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette	Notifying that under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, P. Venkata Rao, Munsiff and 2nd Class Magistrate of Chikmagalur, is empowered to try cases under the Breach of Contract Act. XIII of 1859 as a temporary measure till the end of the current year.
47	5463—75.	Do	The Chief Judge.	Forwarding copy of the above.
48	5427—253.	19th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No., 325 dated 9th instant, from the Officiating Inspector General of Prisons, reporting that the sentence of death passed upon Private James Nicholls of the 2nd Yorkshire Regiment, was duly carried out at the Central Jail, Bangalore, on the morning of the 7th instant.
49	5530—251.	20th	The District Magistrate of Shimoga.	Returning duly countersigned a under the Indian Arms Act.
50	5556—171	Do	The District Magistrate of Kadur.	Do do do
51	5598—262.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Returning slips relating to statistics of the Jails at Bangalore and Mysore with certain discrepancies corrected in red ink.
52	5712—319.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that the criminal work devolving upon the French Rocks Sub-Division Magistrate cannot be considered so very heavy as to justify an application for relief.
53	5639—162.	21st	The District Magistrate of Hassan.	Forwarding duly countersigned a licence under the Indian Arms Act.

Serial No.	Proceedings			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
54	5686—231.	22nd	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting that certain additions may be made in column 3 of the return submitted showing the result of the trial of persons surrendered under the Extradition Act during the half year ended 30th June 1890.
55	5721—79.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding 2 copies of the report by Drs. Walker and Lethbridge appointed by the Government of India to enquire into the system of Jail management in India.
56	357.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that under Section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Ahmad Ali Khan Amildar of the Arsikere Taluk, is empowered to take down the evidence of witnesses in Railway cases with his own hand in the English language.
57	5799—82.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
58	5776—202.	23rd	The District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Forwarding duly countersigned a license under the Indian Arms Act.
59	5786—179.	Do	The District Magistrate of Kadur.	Do do do
60	5813—277.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting that 2 copies of the report of Mr. C. J. Lyall and Surgeon Major Lethbridge on the working of the Penal Settlement of Port Blair may be obtained for this Government.
61	5892—169.	Do	The District Magistrate of Hassan.	Returning duly countersigned two licenses under the Indian Arms Act.
62	5893—83.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore.	Stating that the proposed alteration in the territorial jurisdiction of the Munsiff of Nelamangala will be taken into consideration as so on as the formation of the District Court in Bangalore is decided upon, and calling for a statement showing the printing charges incurred in each year since the formation of the Chief Court and also a draft of the Rules with the proposed alterations regulating the fees of Advocates and Pleaders.
63	5986—283.	26th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding an extract from the Bombay Gazette under the heading " A gang of alleged Mysore Swindlers in Bombay "and requesting that the Darbar may be favored with any information which may be obtained in the course of the enquiry which appears to be now going on in Bombay in regard to the alleged mortgage of 24 villages

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				of Mysore by His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore to one Vinachand of Channapatna.
64	6040—286.	29th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 3708—112, dated 22nd instant, from the Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore, explaining the grounds upon which the Chief Court consider the Madras 2nd Grade Pleadership Examination to be an insufficient test of qualification in a candidate for enrolment as Pleader in the Courts of Mysore.
65	215.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the investiture of Officiating Assistant Commissioners Messrs. B. Sitaramaiya and M. Changaiya Chetti with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class to be exercised within the limits of the Shimoga and Chitaldroog Districts respectively.
66	6047—180.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
67	6048—87.	Do	Do do of the Chitaldroog District.	Do do
68	6038—660.	Do	The Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore.	Sanctioning the remission of portions of the sentences passed upon Vedantachari and two other convicts of the Bangalore Central Jail.
69	6046—85.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore.	Sanctioning the establishment of the District Sessions Court of Bangalore from the 15th September 1890, and appointing Mr. Narahari Rao, District and Sessions Judge, Bangalore, and Mr. Srinivasaiengar, District and Sessions Judge, Mysore, and requesting the submission of proposals regarding the accommodation and establishment required for the new District and Sessions Court, Bangalore.
70	6131—89.	Do	Do	Calling for a memo showing the names of the Munsiffs who are not overburdened with work and whose small cause powers may be limited to Rs. 20 and required to try the other cases now falling within the Rs. 50 limit as regular appealable cases.
71	6198—257.	30th	The Deputy Commissioner of th Kolar District.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 1098—15, dated 11th March 1890, from the Chief Judge in Mysore, together with copy of its enclosure, *viz.* a copy of the judgment passed by the Chief Court in Criminal Appeal No. 11 of 1890 for the information of the Deputy Commissioner and his Assistant Commissioners and communication to the Secretary of the Gold Mining Association if the same is not already known in the Gold Fields.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.

PART II.

REVENUE.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	4289—120.	2nd	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that Muniyappa from whom a sum of Rs. 10—10—0 was required to be collected is not to be found in Bangalore.
2	4447—430.	Do	The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.	Approving of the introduction of arrack standard dram cups in shops licensed to sell foreign spirituous and fermented liquors in Refreshment rooms, and sanctioning the addition of the word "51 whereof shall go to one Imperial gallon" to Rule III after the word drams, in the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in Refreshment rooms.
3	4414—62.	4th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Returning duly signed by the Officiating Dewan the grant for a piece of land in Arehalli in the Holalkere Taluk sanctioned to contractor Govindraj Pille for the construction of a chattram.
4	4541-2—233.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 976-12-4 being the moiety of wet assessment on lands under breached tanks, &c., in the Chamrajnagar Taluk for the year 1889—90.
5	4495-6—162.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of 2 acres of land assessed at Rs. 1—8—0 out of Survey number 16 in favor of Rangadasegauda and others of Hosahalli, Tumkur Taluk, for rebuilding their village and also the remission of assessment thereon.
6	4382-3—159.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Takavi advances amounting to Rs 39—7—6 made by Lakshman Rao while he was Amildar of Koratagere Taluk, with the intimation that Amildar Lakshman Rao now in the Tiptur Taluk should be warned to be more careful in future.
7	4386-1—158.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of 1 acre of land assessed at 15 annas out of Survey number 1 in favor of the villagers of the Nelagondanahalli in the Tiptur Taluk for extending the old village site and the remission of the assessment thereon.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
8	4398-9—134.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Gomal land Survey number 35 measuring 1 acre, 25 guntas in favor of Dodda and others in village of Chikka Medur in the Belur Taluk for building purposes and extending the village site.
9	4533—456.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests.	Calling for further information regarding the proposed scheme for improving and extending the art of gardening in Mysore.
10	4547—32.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the agreement executed by the present Ganja contractors Messrs. C. Papanna, F. Wolesley Smith and W. V. Davy for the wholesale vend, &c., of Ganja in the Mysore State for the 3 years from 1st April 1889 to 31st March 1892
11	4545-6—234.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Approving of and returning the draft of a deed to be executed by Bhima Rao, Badami, son of the late Regimentdar Lakshman Rao for the payment of the loan Rs. 17,250 on the mortgage of Devapur and Kupsoge, with the intimation that it should be engrossed on a proper stamp executed to the Dewan of Mysore for time being and duly registered.
12	4554—213.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Calling for further information regarding the land selected for servants' quarters near the Palace at Bangalore.
13	4402-3—150.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of 1 acre, 8 guntas of free grazing land out of Survey number 170 in favor of Subba and 9 other Holeyars in the village of Talogode in the Mudgere Taluk for building purposes.
14	4404-5—151.	Do	Do	Sanctioning the alienation of 8 guntas of waste land out of Survey number 199 in favor of Gopalaiya for building his house in the Kodur Village of the Koppa Taluk.
15	4406-7-152.	Do	Do	Sanctioning the alienation of 2 acres, 21 guntas of land assessed at Rs. 2 out of Survey number 178 in favor of the inhabitants of Majre Vaderhalli attached to the Isvarahalli Village in the Chikmagalur Taluk for rebuilding the hamlet and the remission of the assessment thereon.
16	4543-4—164.	6th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the writing off of the assessment of Rs. 2 on 1 acre, 18 guntas of land taken up for the construction of the Dispensary at Gubbi, Gubbi Taluk.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
17	4532—217.	6th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 5 printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains and salt in the State for the fortnight ending 15th July 1890.
18	4557—218.	Do	Do	Forwarding a demand notice for service on Mr. G. J. Brown of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and the return of the original with the mode of service endorsed thereon.
19	4555-6—153.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of 4 guntas and 56 yards of land out of Survey number 204 in favor of Ranga *alias* Tammaiya in the hamlet of Mundamane attached to Advalli in the Yedahalli Sub-Taluk for building purposes.
20	4619—159.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 484 being the balance of contribution remaining unpaid by the raiyats on account of the repairs of the Sivani Tank in the Tarikere Taluk and declining to grant remission of half assessment on the lands below the tank.
21	4683—473.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Forwarding for publication a notification regarding the sale of a portion of the Kayamgutta Nariganhalli in the Kolar District.
22	4684—120	Do	The Proprietor of the Daily Post, Bangalore.	Do do do
23	4685—121.	Do	The Proprietor of the Bangalore Spectator.	Do do do
24	4686—203	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Returning certain papers and stating that the sale of a portion of the Kayamgutta Nariganahalli in the Malur Taluk has been fixed for the 29th September 1890 and that the amount of arrears being very large, further endeavour should be made if possible to find out the defaulter's movable property and proceed against it before selling the portion of the village which should be last step to be taken.
25	4757—481.	Do	The Excise Commissioner.	Passing orders on the extract from the register of arrack issued from the Bangalore Central Distillery and the Shimoga Bonded Warehouse and the cancelled rahadaris for November 1889.
26	4798-9—249.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the remission of irrecoverable balances in the Mandya Taluk amounting to Rs. 1,082—15—11.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
27	4895-96—214.	6th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of irrecoverable balances in the Chikballapur Taluk amounting to Rs. 1,936—12—1 for the year 1888—89.
28	4746—99.	Do	The Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.	Enquiring what final orders if any have been passed on the Kalnathpur Project, and whether the lands commanded by the project may be given out for cultivation on a 3 years' tenure as recommended by the Deputy Commissioner.
29	4834-5—490.	7th	The President of the Mysore Municipality and the Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Requesting the President to ascertain and report what would be the annual cost of the maintenance of the water works in Mysore and how the Board propose to meet it when they are made over to the Municipality.
30	4744—150.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Sanctioning the reduction of the fine of Rs. 26 imposed upon Duggabhatta of Adagodu in the Nagar Taluk for excavating a channel on Government assessed waste and removing stones for constructing a well in his village for his own use to Rs. 10.
31	4908-11—263.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Survey Superintendent, the Secretary, Public Works, and the Officer in charge of Palace Establishments.	Passing orders in the matter of the irrigation of the lands belonging to Jagannatha Chetti and certain others from the water of the Rayankere Tank in the Mysore Taluk.
32	4766—223.	8th	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Returning the enclosure of his demi-official letter of the 7th June 1890 and requesting that the lists of articles to which it is proposed to restrict the collection in 1890—91 of specimens of economic products of India alluded to in para 3 of Sir F. Buck's letter may be kindly obtained and furnished to this office together with two or three copies of the enclosure above referred to.
33	4794—246.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating with reference to a petition, submitted by him, from the Jahgirdars of Doddakotur, Mysore Taluk, regarding the right of drawing toddy in their village, that the Deputy Commissioner should dispose of the case under the rules for the new contract for the period from 1st April 1890, and report upon it with other cases on which report has been called for for the period antecedent to August 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
34	4772—487.	8th	The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.	Acknowledging the receipt of 5 copies of the report on the Excise Administration of Coorg for the year 1889—90.
35	4771—486.	Do	The Excise Commissioner.	Forwarding two copies of the Report above referred to.
36	4955—504.	Do	Do	Approving with a few verbal alterations of a Circular proposed to be issued in regard to the re-opening of certain arrack shops which had been ordered to be closed on the ground that they were superfluous and requesting him to issue the order for the present only to those Districts from which complaints were received.
37	5187—Gold 14.	Do	Messrs. Wilson & Co., Madras.	Intimating that the demand of land revenue on the Honnali lands for the year 1888—89 which expired on the 31st March 1889 could not be further postponed.
38	4803—253.	9th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding for information and guidance a copy of the Government Advocate's opinion in regard to the non-applicability of the provisions of Section 7 of the Land Acquisition Act to dwelling houses.
39	4845—227.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Forwarding the rain-fall return for the month of June 1890.
40	4927—104.	Do	The Superintending Engineer.	Forwarding extracts from letter No. 200, dated 10th July 1889, from the Survey Superintendent, on the subject of suitable boundary marks for Gold Mining blocks, and requesting him to cause a typical boundary line on one side of a typical block to be selected and an estimate prepared for demarcating it by the different methods proposed.
41	5016—164.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District	Requesting with reference to his application for permission for the acquisition by Ramachandra Rao, Amildar of the Chikmagalur Taluk, of Survey No. 54 of Hirikalale Village in that Taluk, information as to the extent of land held by Ramachandra Rao in the Chikmagalur Taluk and as to the length of time he has been in that Taluk.
42	5541-2-300.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the remission of irrecoverable balances of land revenue, &c., in the Seringapatam Taluk amounting to Rs. 6,458—6—1 for the years 1876—77 to 1886—87.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
43	5058-9—513	10th	The Excise Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner and President of the Mysore Municipal Board.	Directing that as recommended by the Excise Commissioner, the retail arrack vendor's license fee of Rs. 180 per annum in Mysore Town may be collected in two half-yearly instalments in advance as in Bangalore.
44	4802—252.	11th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Passing orders regarding the management of the Lakshminarayanaswami Temple at Hampapur in the Yedatore Taluk.
45	4912—264.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the Dewan's Memorandum No. 840, dated 13th December 1889, on the Hulhalli Channel.
46	4915-16—145.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the sale of the right of collecting Kuranga stones in the Arsikere Taluk for the year 1890—91 to Magadi Puttanna for Rs. 12.
47	4919—148.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Returning a notice duly served on the Kayamguttadar of Haradanhalli.
48	5102—152.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Stating that the Toddy contract of the Hassan District was given to J. Kariyanna and Narasimmaiya on the express condition stated in para 4 of Proceedings No. 9725-34—312, dated 12th March 1890, and that the stipulation regarding the supply of toddy according to "Mamul" to the Kadur District is therefore binding on them under the provisions of the Condition VIII of the conditions specified in the Notification inviting tenders for the contract and that the Deputy Commissioner should see that the contract agreement is duly executed forthwith and report the same to this office, and that if the contractors fail to sign the agreement, the terms of 7 of the said Notification will be enforced.
49	5149—235.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding a sannad engrossed on stamp paper and duly signed by the Officiating Dewan for delivery to Karigauda of Channasandra, Hoskote Taluk, for the land granted to him for planting a tope in the village of Vaderhalli for the use of the travellers, and stating that Karigauda should be called upon to execute a mutchalika accepting the conditions laid down in Proceedings No. 2085-6—88, dated 3rd July 1888.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
50	5019—111.	11th	The Chief Engineer.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 235, dated 28th May last, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and requesting that needful action may be taken in the Public Works Department for seeing whether by providing special facilities the 45 acres of land under the Ramasamudram Channel in the Yedatore Taluk alluded to by the Deputy Commissioner may not be irrigated as they are or by a reasonable reduction of the level of the land.
51	5008—170.	12th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Requesting him to call upon the Amildars who have not as yet submitted the season reports for the week ending 2nd August 1890 to explain the delay, and to take prompt and severe notice of the recurrence of such delays.
52	5009—171.	Do	Do	Sanctioning the acquisition of certain land in the Nanjangud Taluk by Narainsami Mudaliar, Head Clerk, Mysore District Office.
53	5122-3—518.	Do	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Approving of the confirmation of the sales of the right to draw and sell Bagani Toddy in the Shimoga District and calling for further report in regard to the Kadur and Hassan Districts.
54	5151-3—179.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 271-6-0 being balance of quit-rent and local cess outstanding against the Jodidars of Kalenahalli Village in the Gubbi Taluk.
55	5159—166.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Stating that it is objectionable that the Shekdar should perform the duties of Patel of Hipla and 4 other villages in the Jagar valley, that it is desirable that a separate person should be appointed as Patel but that if there is real difficulty in getting a respectable raiyat to take up the Patelship of the villages in question, the arrangement sanctioned in Proceedings No. 2083, dated 21st March 1887, will continue for the present, and that enquiry should however be made during the ensuing jamabandi by the Deputy Commissioner or his Assistant and a further report submitted before the end of the official year.
56	5184—527.	Do	The Excise Commissioner.	Requesting the submission as early as possible of forms of accounts to be kept by Toddy contractors in pursuance of No. IX of the conditions to which they are required to conform.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
57	5003—167 and 5004—109.	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Forwarding to the Secretary, Public Works Department, a copy of the Deputy Commissioner's docket No. 521, dated 26th July 1890 and its enclosure, regarding the repairs of the tank in the village of Kaudle in the Mandya Taluk and requesting the Deputy Commissioner to call for the promised contribution in anticipation of an early commencement of the work.
58	4970—235.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Stating that Mr. L. Ricketts, the Director of Statistics and Agriculture, has been requested to arrange immediately for making copies of all available rain returns under his superintendence and also place himself if necessary in direct communication with Mr. Elliot, the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, in the matter.
59	4971—5 06	Do	The Director of Statistics and Agiculture.	Forwarding copy of the above for information and guidance.
60	188.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that the name of Jodi Pu... gosanahalli in the Chikballapur Taluk has been altered to Mannarpura.
61	5145—219.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
62	5146—73.	Do	The Inam Superintendent.	Do do
63	5485—577.	Do	The President of Mysore City Municipality.	Recording his letter No. 537, dated 29th July 1890, stating there are no itinerant wrestlers in the City of Mysore and that there is no necessity for the levy of license fees proposed by the Municipality in 1887.
64	5125—177.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Returning duly signed a sannad in favor of V. Bhimanna of Byalya in the Maddagiri Taluk for a piece of land granted to him for building a Siva temple and for planting a flower garden.
65	5229-31—280.	14th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Chief Engineer and the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.	Directing that for reasons stated, Mr. Gopalaiengar's liability for contribution on account of the maintenance of the Hemagiri Channel which irrigates his Inam village of Hariharpur in the Attikuppa Taluk be calculated upon the actual outlay incurred, and that he should be called upon to pay the arrears due by him up to date at once, failing which the Amrut Mahal Officer should enforce the order for the attachment of his pay already issued by the Deputy Commissioner.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
66	5211—243.	14th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding two manuscript copies of the return of prices current of food grains and salt in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st July 1890.
67	5240—72.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Sanctioning the holding of a weekly market at Konasagar in the Molkalmuru Taluk as an experimental measure for one year.
68	5325-6—383.	Do	The Comptroller and the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that the question as to whether the Yelandur Jahgirdar has a right to the arrack revenue or not has to be decided upon a careful consideration of the terms of the sannad granted to the Jahgirdar and of the subsequent correspondence if any, bearing on the subject, that the Comptroller should not make any payments till the question is decided and that the Jahgirdar should be asked to submit a statement setting forth the grounds on which he claims the arrack revenue.
69	196.	15th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying under the Land Acquisition Act that certain houses are required for public purposes in the town of Mysore.
70	5370—288.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
71	5434—290.	16th	Do	Forwarding for necessary action plan and schedule of land required for quarrying purposes opposite the 4th mile of the Nanjangud Railway extension.
72	5431—256.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Communicating the above.
73	122.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying under the Land Acquisition Act that certain lands are required for public purposes that is for a new burial ground near the Jakrayankere Tank, Bangalore City.
74	193.	18th	Do	Notifying the extension of the provisions of Chapters VIII and IX of the Mysore Land Revenue Code to the sarvamanya village of Tumbanerle in the Nanjangud Taluk.
75	5385—76.	Do	The Survey Superintendent.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
76	5429—558.	Do	The Director of Agriculture and Statistics in Mysore.	Acknowledging the receipt of a copy of the correspondence between the Director and the Superintendent, Indian Museum, Calcutta, on the subject of "Apple Pests and remedies for the same," stating that an annual report of the Department over which he presides will be useful

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				and interesting, and requesting him to prepare and submit such a report for 1890—91 and subsequent years.
77	5707—314.	18th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Passing orders regarding the levy of stamp duty with penalty on a insufficiently stamped document produced by one Nanja.
78	5565—124.	Do	The Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 595, dated 9th August 1890, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, submitting a report on the arrangements made for the hot weather supply of water in the channels, &c.
79	127.	19th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying under the Land Acquisition Act that a certain house behind the Trinesvara Temple in the fort of Mysore is required for public purposes.
80	5538—297.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
81	5597—610.	Do	The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.	Stating in reply to his letter No. 1885—68, dated 11th ultimo, proposing the cancelment of the rule which requires vendors of foreign liquor to enter the names of purchasers in their account books, that a similar rule exists in the Madras Presidency and that there seems to be no good reason for cancelling it in Mysore, and requesting him to submit a Memo of his views and suggestions in re-vend of foreign liquor for the consideration and orders of Government.
82	5539—298	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that the Government are of opinion that the document executed on Rs 4 stamp paper by one Shamanna, Shanbhog of Kirijaji in the Hunsur Taluk, transferring for a consideration of Rs. 800 the Shanbhogship of one of the two divisions into which his Firka was divided at the re-arrangement of Shanbhog's charges by the Survey Department for Potgi purposes, should be treated as a conveyance, and stamped accordingly under Article 21 of Schedule I of the Stamp Act, 1879, that the Government cannot countenance sales of hereditary offices; and that in this case, the party who purchased the right should be informed that the sale is invalid as against Government, and cannot be recognized; but that if the alienee is found competent, he would be appointed as Gumasta of the registered hakdar Shanbhog.
83	5663—613.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Forwarding for publication a notification regarding the sale of the right of collecting Kuranga stones in the Seringapatam Taluk during the year 1890—91.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
84	5664—310.	19th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
85	5128—254.	20th	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Forwarding a copy of the correspondence above referred to regarding "Apple pests and remedies for the same."
86	5600—264.	Do	Do	Forwarding a statement of traffic both of goods and passengers in the Gundlupet Taluk for the month of July 1890.
87	5601—261.	Do	Do	Intimating the views of the Darbar relative to the vend of Mysore Receipt Stamps by Post-Masters.
88	5705-6—313.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Passing orders regarding the adjustment of the arrears due to Government by R. C. Muddappa on account of the Toddy contract of the Mysore District which expired on the 31st March 1890.
89	5857-8—172.	21st	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the alienation of 21 guntas of Gomal land out of Survey No. 116 in favor of Holeyarduggi, Bhairagi and 5 others in the village of Javali in the Mudgere Taluk for building purposes.
90	5602—266.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding two manuscript copies of the return of prices current of food grains and salt in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th August 1890.
91	5671—619.	Do	The Director of Statistics and Agriculture.	Forwarding a copy of a Circular from the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India regarding the transmission of weekly telegrams to "Weather India" for the issue of the necessary instructions to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
92	5725—Gold 18.	22nd	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey.	Forwarding the plans of two blocks of land in the Attikuppa Taluk and of another block in the Nagamangala Taluk leased out for mining.
93	5775—201.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Declining to grant a loan to the inamdars of Kamasanhalli and Aklapur in the Maddagiri Taluk for the repair of their village tanks.
94	5777-8—203.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the alienation of 2 acres, 2½ guntas of land assessed at Rs. 1—2—7 out of Survey No. 22 in favor of Puttegauda and others of Guddanahalli in the Gubbi Taluk for re-building the village and the remission of the assessment thereon, with the remark that the old village site should be assessed and given out for cultivation.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
95	5779—323	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that the transfer to Government of the management of one-fourth share of the Inam village of Alaganchi belonging to Chikka Mumsamu Chetti for the maintenance of the chattram built by him at Mysore cannot effectually take place till the detailed survey of the village is completed.
96	5839-40—331	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Approving of the Deputy Commissioner's proposal to grant for cultivation on a temporary 3 years' tenure dry crop lands commanded by the Kalnathpur Project on the condition that the raiyats taking up the lands agree in writing to resign them to Government on the expiry of the 3 years if the channel is eventually finally decided on.
97	5848-9-182.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of certain pieces of land in favor of Ramanna and Puttanna for building cattle sheds, &c, in the Kummakki Village, Koppa Taluk.
98	5850-1—183.	Do	Do	Sanctioning the alienation of 34 guntas of land out of Survey No. 74 in favor of Kariya and other Holeyars of Basagal in the Chikmagalur Taluk for building purposes and the remission of the assessment thereon.
99	5868-9—84.	23rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the grant to pensioned Munshi Sarvothama Rao on shraya tenure of Survey No. 64, Sub No. 1 measuring 1½ acres and assessed at Rs 5—4—0 in the Madanbhavi Village in the Honnali Taluk, with the remark that the applicant must pay the value of the 8 cocoanut trees standing on the land.
100	5964—Gold 20.	D	Mrs. Ottley care of Mr. T. H. Puddephatt, Madras.	Stating that if she wishes to retain any interest in the Baganhalli Block in the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, she must pay up the Government assessment of Rs. 316—5—9 due by her for the year 1889—90 and that if the amount is not paid within 30 days from this date, steps will be taken to enforce the terms of the lease.
101	5965—21.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
102	208.	25th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying under Land Acquisition Act X of 1870 that a part of Survey No. 47 in the village of Ketamaranhalli in the Bangalore Taluk

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				is required for a public purpose, that is, for a burial ground for prisoners in the Bangalore District.
103	5941—265.	26th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding a copy of the obove.
104	5992-3—206.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 38—10—5 being the amount of boundary mark charges paid by the raiyats of Kasaba Tiptur, but misappropriated by the Shanbhog.
105	211.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the following amendment of the Rules relating to the grant of licences for the vend of Foreign fermented liquors published in Notification No. 31, dated 9th May 1889:— "At the end of the word 'drams' in Rule III of the 'License' for the sale of Foreign spirits and Foreign fermented liquors in Refreshment Rooms, a coma shall be inserted in place of the full stop and the following words added:— 'Fifty-one whereof shall go to make one Imperial gallon.'"
106	5963—653.	Do	The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.	Communicating the above.
107	5994—336.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Passing orders in the matter of the land to be assigned to Bettegauda for having planted 200 avenue trees on the Mysore-Yelval road from the Ukkad to the Kibbakatte Bungalow under the Endowment Rules of 6th July 1846.
108	5998-9—171.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No. 35 assessed at Rs. 7 and measuring 6 acres, 36 guntas for extending the town of Arsikere and for the compound of the Railway Station in that town and the remission of the assessment thereon.
109	6007-8—84.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No. 198 measuring 11 acres, 36 guntas assessed at Rs. 4-8-0 in favor of the Municipality of Challakere in the Challakere Taluk for building purposes and the remission of the assessment thereon.
110	6010—132.	Do	The Resident Engineer in Mysore.	Forwarding a plan of the Government land near the Gubbi Railway Station on which one Channabasaiya wishes to build a chattram for the use of the public.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
111	6002-3—174.	27th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No. 58 measuring 16 guntas assessed at 4 anaas in favor of the raiyats of Anemahal in Manjarabad Taluk for extending the village site and the remission of the assessment thereon.
112	6060-1—249.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of certain pieces of land in favor of the Nirganti and certain others of Hudugur in the Goribidnur Taluk in exchange for their service Inam land submerged by the Hudugur Tank and the remission of the assessment thereon.
113	6080—88.	28th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Sanctioning the restoration of Hanumappa to the Shanbhogship of Kundavada Firka in the Davangere Taluk, with the intimation that he should be regarded as officiator, his son continuing to be registered Bavaradar.
114	6064-5—208.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of 22 guntas of land assessed at 4 annas out of Survey No. 50 in favor of the raiyats of Madhavara in the Koratagere Sub-Taluk for extending the village site and the remission of the assessment thereon.
115	6071-2—345.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 29—1—10 due from Patel Bommegauda on account of boundary mark charges on his land in the Punjur Village, Chamrajnagar Taluk, on account of good work done by him in connection with Khaddas.
116	6081-2—89.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No. 347 measuring 8 acres, 15 guntas in favor of the raiyats of the Jagalur in the Jagalur Taluk for building purposes and the remission of the assessment thereon.
117	6156-7—184.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Director of Statistics.	Sanctioning the opening of a weekly market on Saturdays at Tavarekere in the Channagiri Taluk.
118	6178—135.	Do	Mr. M. F. Lavelle, Bangalore.	Requesting him to remit to the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, Rs. 3—13—0 being the price of sulphur and antimony stones supplied to him.
119	6154—188.	29th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Stating that the question of transferring the license fees charged on European liquor shops in the Town of Shimoga to the Municipality of Shimoga will be considered as soon as Mufusal Municipal Regulation now under consideration is passed.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
20	6194-5—255.	29th	The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of 1 acre, 15 guntas of land assessed at Rs. 5—6—0 out of Survey No. 144 in favor of T. Nanjundappa in the Chintamani Village in the Chintamani Taluk for planting a tope and a flower garden for the use of the public, and the remission of the assessment thereon with the remark that a mutchalika should be taken from Nanjundappa and that the purpose of the grant should be noted in the Ketvar Patrik.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.

PART II.

FORESTS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	4558-9—460.	2nd	Mr. A. Rangaswamaiengar and the Inspector General of Forests.	Allowing Mr. Rangaswamaiengar to purchase about 44 acres of land in the Pinya village in the Bangalore Taluk, and requesting the Inspector General of Forests to submit a detailed statement showing the extent and assessment of the lands and the number and value of the Jali trees standing thereon and obtain the sanction of the Government to the proposed sale.
2	4675—81.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests.	Calling for the submission of proposals for checking the smuggling of sandalwood from the Mysore Forests on the Dharwar frontier and making the frontier more secure against loss.
3	4934-6—85.	8th	The Inspector General of Forests, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Stating that Probationer Krishna Ars will be granted a daily allowance of Rs. 2 for the 35 days during which he was employed in weighing out Sandalwood at the Seringapatam and Hunsur Kotis, the charge being debited to the Forest Department Budget.
	180.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying certain additions in the Sandal sale rules and the Timber and Bamboo sale rules published under Notifications Nos. 86 and 99, respectively, dated 17th and 30th August 1887, respectively.
	4937—86.	11th	The Inspector General of Forests.	Forwarding 4 copies of No. 10 of the addenda and corrigenda to the 3rd Edition of the Forest Department Code.
	4938—87.	Do	Do do	Forwarding 2 copies of a Resolution by the Government of India circulating a revised prospectus of the Forest School at Dehra Dun.
	5024—89.	10th	Do do	Sanctioning the writing off of 89 lbs. of Sandalwood billets valued at Rs. 20—1—10 supplied to the Traffic Manager of the Southern Mahratta Railway Company, to be retained by him as specimens in order that, when consignments are forwarded, their class can be readily determined,

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent	Subject and Order.
				with the remark that local officers are not authorized to allow any sandalwood to leave the Koti without payment and without Government sanction, and that in the circumstances reported, the interests of the Mysore State Railway will probably be best served by the Traffic Manager requiring merchants to vouch for the class of sandalwood contained in any consignment by the descriptive particulars recorded in Government passes rather than causing the contents of each consignment to be compared with the samples obtained from the Koti.
8	5112—91.	12th	The Inspector General of Forests.	Stating that the draft rules for the grant of waste lands for opening Fuel Plantations, &c., are under the consideration of Government and that the officer who made a reference on the subject may be informed that the rules will be duly promulgated when passed and that there is no need for anticipating them.
9	5319—93.	15th	Do	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 1813, dated 7th August, intimating the despatch of a draft for Rs. 20,000 to the credit of Mr. Sanderson with Messrs. King Hamilton and Co. of Calcutta.
10	5381-82—94	16th	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Requesting the Comptroller to allot Rs. 40,000 for the collection of timber for the supply of sleepers for the Bangalore-Hindupur Railway on the distinct understanding that fellings should be confined to stunted trees and issuing further instructions on the subject.
11	5383 4—95.	18th	Do	Stating that the entertainment of a clerk for checking Khadda accounts in the office of the Inspector General of Forests, sanctioned in Proceedings No. 4141-2—70, dated 26th July 1890, will have effect from the 1st May 1890.
12	5654—78.	20th	The Inspector General of Forests in Mysore.	Forwarding copy of letter No. 1225—115, dated the 7th August 1890, from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, intimating the transfer of the Coorg Timber Depôt from Arkalgud to Saniyarsante.
13	5655—125.	Do	The Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do do do
14	5749-50—100.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Inspector General of Forests.	Stating that Survey Nos. 3 and 4 of the Gurpur village in the Hunsur Taluk may be reserved for forest purposes.

Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
15 5790-1—102.	22nd	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a reward o Rs. 17 to Shanbhog Siddappa for having brought to notice a case of destruction of 34 sandal trees by the occupant of Survey No. 22 in the village of Hanumanahalli in the Honnali Taluk.
16 5835-6—329.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Inspector General of Forests.	Stating that the land applied for by Mr. Morris within the reserved Forests of Chamrajnagar for coffee cultivation cannot be granted.
17 204.	23rd	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that to the last clause of para V of the Forest Subsidiary Rules, published under Notification No. 206 of the 9th October 1889, the following shall be added:— "If the balance of sale proceeds be not claimed within 3 months from the date of sale, the same shall be credited to the Forest Department."
18 5865—103	Do	The Inspector General of Forests.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
19 5957-8—105.	24th	The Inspector General of Forests in Mysore.	Sanctioning the free grant of certain poles and bamboos to certain poor shoe-makers of Avinhalli in the Sagar Taluk, to enable them to remove from their present unhealthy locality and build houses in the new Petta of the village.
20 6160-1—111.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the distribution of the allowance of Rs. 20 which was withdrawn from Anantaramaiengar, between the two students Narasimha Murti Rao and S. Srinivasalu Naidu, who are now studying at the Forest School at Dehra Dun at Rs. 10 each per mensem, till they pass out of the School, on the conditions prescribed in Proceedings No. 6874-5—94, dated 28th January 1889.
21 6014-15—108.	26th	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 80 in favor of the Jahgirdar of Kullahalli in the Nanjangud Taluk, being the sale proceeds of the Jahgir sandalwood collected and sold by public auction along with the Government wood in December 1889.
22 6016-17—109.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests and the Dy. Commr. of the Mysore District.	Passing orders rejecting the petition of Lakshmi Narasaiya, late Daroga of the Hunsur Sandal Koti, and declining to interfere with the orders passed by the Inspector General of Forests regarding the retirement of petitioner.
23 6012-3—107.	28th	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of a table and a chair at a cost of Rs. 13 for the use of the Ranger of the Hassan District.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
24	6039—285.	29th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of a telegram which tl Inspector General of Forests in Mysore sent dire to the Consulting Engineer for Railways, statin that the Forest Department is not prepared t tender for sleepers but would supply the tendere with timber at Mysore at a rate not lower tha fifteen annas per cubic foot.
25	6217-18—113.	30th	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an acting allowance of 10 pe cent on the minimum salary (Rs. 250) of the Su perintendent of Forests to Mr. Annaji Rao, fo having held charge of the Office of Superintende of Forests, Bangalore District, in addition to hi own duties as General Assistant Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary

FINANCIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	4400-1—146.	1st	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of Rs. 40 out of the "General Surplus Fund" to meet the cost of instituting a suit for the recovery of the Mirasi due to Ranganathadevaru temple at Sorab from the raiyats holding the lands belonging to the temple, on condition of its being repaid when the amount due by the raiyats is recovered.
2	4494—63.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Stating that the variation in the rates of lighting lamps in the several Municipalities of the Chitaldroog District is very great and the Deputy Commissioner should use his best endeavours to reduce the cost and enquiring how much of the cost entered against Jagalur and Molkalmuru is on account of the purchase of new lamp-posts and how much is on account of the cost of lighting.
3	4346—209.	2nd	The Assistant to the Resident.	Acknowledging the receipt of 12 copies of the Journal of Indian Art, Part XXIX, and forwarding Rs. 16—15—0 being the equivalent of 24 shillings, the price thereof.
4	4392—228.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that the charge of Rs. 5—10—0 incurred on account of the Assistant to the Resident's journey to the Khadda Camp in November 1889 will be borne by the Mysore Government.
5	4393—320.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
6	4410—11.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 125 being the irrecoverable balance of contribution promised by Coffee Planters towards the construction of a Dispensary at Sollebail in the Koppa Taluk.
7	4445-6—330.	Do	The Comptroller and the Military Secretary.	Stating that the increase of pay recently sanctioned by the Government of India to Mr. Deseraj Ars will have effect from 1st January 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
8	4506—116.	2nd	Mr. Kavaji Dinshaji Kiash.	Advising the despatch of a money order for Rs. 5—6—0 being the price of a copy of his work "Ancient Persian Sculptures."
9	4378-9—157.	4th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 21—14—0 being the arrears of Muzarayi stipend due to Bandiyana Narasimha of Hebbur, Tumkur Taluk, from 1st May 1886 to 30th June 1890.
10	4444—329.	Do	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning an increase of Rs. 20 to the salary of Mr Page, Deputy Clerk of the Dewan's Office, for approved service with effect from the 26th July 1890.
11	4448-9—431.	Do	Mr. E. Sidney Smith and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 50 on account of fees due to Mr E. S. Smith.
12	4482-3—53.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of allowances aggregating Rs. 13—8—0 to Drill Instructors attached to the 2nd Battalion of Barr at Bangalore.
13	4510—451.	Do	The Inspector General of Police.	Stating that compassionate allowances are not recognized by the Pension Code and enquiring whether Mr. Sausman, late Police Inspector of Koppa Taluk, cannot be employed in any subordinate post either as a Clerk or in any other capacity.
14	4549-50—64.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 125 to Krishnappa, late Shekdar of Anagodi Hobli, Davangere Taluk.
15	4679-80—237.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 234—11— for repairing the big car of Srikanthesvaraswami temple at Nanjangud.
16	4615-16—201.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a special allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem to Amildar Raju Mudaliar on special detection duty at the Kolar Mines during the time he is so employed with effect from the 1st instant.
17	4424-5—50.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning gratuities of Rs. 96 and Rs 7 respectively to Sepoys Narasanna and Venkata Rao.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
18	4426-7—51.	5th	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning pensions of Rs. 5—8—0 and Rs. 4 per mensem to Havildar Narayin Rao and Drummer Chauri of the Mysore Barr force with effect from the 26th June 1890 and 1st July 1890, respectively.
19	4501-2—137.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning capitation allowances for 7 girls and 12 boys of the Wesleyan Orphanage at Hassan amounting to Rs 110 and marriage allowance for 3 girls aggregating Rs. 75.
20	4594-6—94.	Do	The Secretary Public Works Department, the Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Circulating for information, copy of Circular No. 5, dated 21st February 1890, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, regarding the mode of adjustment of cost of Police guards supplied by Police Department for the protection of treasure chests at the Railway stations, to be filed in the office of the last named officer.
21	4677-8—202.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 381 for repairing the Yoga Nandisvara temple on the Nundy Hill.
22	4539-40—457.	6th	The Superintendant, Mysore Government Museum, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of 300 white stoppered bottles for preserving specimens of grain, &c., at a cost of Rs. 191—5—0.
23	4598—465.	Do	J. D. Rees, Esq., C. I. E., Private Secretary to His Excellancy the Governor of Madras, Ootacamund.	Intimating that the Comptroller in Mysore has been instructed to remit Rs. 2,000 to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., Madras, to be placed at his credit on account of the contribution promised by the Mysore Government towards the publication of his work relating to His Royal Highness Prince Victor's tour in Southern India.
24	4606-8—79.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests, Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Stating that Mohmed Khan, late Fuel Inspector, Bangalore City, having been permanently provided for in the Bangalore District office establishment, he will be considered to have been a supernumerary on Rs. 25 per month from the date on which his post of Fuel Inspector was abolished up to the date on which he took up his appointment in the District office and requesting the Deputy Commissioner to intimate the latter date to the Inspector General of Forests.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
25	4703-4—241.	6th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Approving of the undermentioned temporary appointments during the absence of Revenue Sheristadar Ramachandra Rao on other duty:— 1 Y. Narasummaiya, Revenue Head Munshi, to be Revenue Sheristadar; 2. Sampathaiengar, Revenue Deputy Munshi, to be Revenue Head Munshi; with the intimation that the above mentioned officials will only draw the acting allowances to which they may be entitled to under the Acting Allowance Code.
26	4841—494.	Do	The Assistant Commissioner in charge of the French Rocks Sub-Division	Forwarding a public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 64—8—0 and requesting that the amount may be paid to the heirs of the late Venkoba Rao who was taken into the Dewan's Office establishment from the French Rocks Sub-Division.
27	4747-8—55.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of salaries to the establishment maintained at the Government House at Mysore from the 13th February to 31st March 1890, the charge being met out of General Savings in the last year's Budget.
28	4699-700—239.	7th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 87 on account of mileage and batta due to Krishnamurti Rao, Amildar of the Attikuppa Taluk, for the months of October, November and December 1888, and January and April 1889.
29	4681-2—472.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning two bills aggregating £381-14-7 on account of printing materials supplied by Mr. John Gladding of London and forwarding the same to the Comptroller with a request that he will furnish the Superintendent of the Government Press, with a draft on Messrs. Couts and Co., favoring Mr. John Gladding.
30	4701-2—240.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the continuance of the pension of Rs. 17 enjoyed by the deceased Karim Bi, widow of the late Syed Husen, a State pensioner, and directing that it should be divided and separately paid as life pensions as follows to the two daughters and four sons who have survived Karim Bi:— 2 Daughters *viz*— (1) Hyder Bi. (2) Nur Bi. — Rs. 1½ each = Rs. 3 4 Sons— (1) Syed Ali. (2) Syed Murad. (3) Syed Haidar. (4) Syed Pir. — Rs. 3½ each = Rs. 14 Total Rs....17

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
38	4892-3—212.	8th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Stating that full acting allowance at Rs. 140 per mensem should be passed to Mr. Madiah as a special case from the date on which he assumed charge of the Kolar District, and that his pay for the period occupied in travelling from Hassan to Kolar must according to rules be calculated at Rs. 500 per month which is his permanent pay, the Gumbaz allowance being purely a local one.
39	4780-1—221.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning charges amounting to Rs. 49—4—0 for advertising the sale of the Anche building in the Town of Bangalore.
40	4764-5—484.	9th	The Public Prosecutor, Chief Court, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the grant of a permanent advance of Rs. 20 to the Public Prosecutor with the intimation that he should submit bills of expenditure to the Dewan's Office.
41	4822—46.	Do	The Senior Surgeon.	Stating that intimation has been received that a sum of Rs. 3,760—0—11 being the cost of maintaining in the State Asylums the lunatics and lepers from the Civil and Military Station during the year 1889—90 was paid into the Huzur Treasury on the 18th July 1890.
42	4944-5—495.	Do	The Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the permanent entertainment of Chelvaiya, the Artist, on the fixed establishment of the Botanical Gardens on a salary of Rs. 25.
43	4948-9—498.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, and the Comptroller.	Approving of the entertainment of the undermentioned temporary establishment for printing the Census forms, &c. Pay per mensem. Rs. 1 Head Compositor 30 1 Clerk .. 15 1 Proof Reader .. 13 1 Do do .. 10 2 Orderlies at Rs. 6 each 12 Total Rs....80
44	5012-13—150.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the refund of Rs. 5 being the penalty levied by the Munsiff of Hole-Narsipur on a lease executed on plain paper.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
45	5414-5—393.	9th	The Comptroller and the Excise Commissioner in Mysore.	Requesting the Comptroller to advance Rs. 800 to Mr. Vijayindra Rao, Excise Commissioner, out of his pay for the current month of August 1890.
46	5172—372.	Do	The Comptroller and the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Raising the salary of probationer Mr. Nanjaraj Ars now in charge of the Mysore District Treasury from Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 per mensem with effect from the 1st July 1890, with the intimation that the Treasury allowance which Mr. Nanjaraj Ars is now drawing will be continued to be paid to him and will cease whenever he is relieved of the Treasury charge.
47	5113-4—55.	11th	The Senior Surgeon and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of 50 additional copies of the Canarese translation of Dr. Bellew's Manual of Vaccination.
48		Do		Recording letter No. 2571—4776, dated 11th August 1890, from the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, acknowledging the receipt of Rs. 16—15—0 in adjustment of the value of 12 copies of Part XXIX of the Journal of Indian Art.
49	4889-90—224.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for annas 8 being the amount paid on account of process fees in the 3rd Class Magistrate's Court, Devanhalli Taluk, in a certain case.
50	4966-7—72.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment to Mr. E. H. Butcher, Assistant Settlement Officer, Mysore Revenue Survey, of a bonus of Rs. 2,130 which is equal to his 3 months, pay, with the remark that his pension should commence from the 1st February 1890.
51	4965—233.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Stating that the Darbar propose to pay Messrs. J. P. Barker and E. H. Butcher, late Assistant Superintendents of the Mysore Revenue Survey, Rs. 2,130 each equal to their three months' pay, and requesting that the sanction of the Government of India may be obtained to Mr. Barker receiving the bonus of Rs. 2,130 above referred to, he being a British Officer.
52	4920-1—149.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an expenditure of Rs. 41 for making belts for the use of the Dafadars and Peons of the Belur Taluk.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
53	4940-1—57.	11th	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 16 being the fee due to Veterinary Surgeon J. H. Fenton for professional attendance and advice given in case of Government sick horses.
54	4943—343.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding for audit duly countersigned two bills for Rs. 1,782—7—7 and Rs. 399-10-8 being the amounts paid to the Sringeri Matt on account of sayer collections during the months of April and May 1890.
55	5010-1—172.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Stating that a moiety of the Reception charges amounting to Rs. 1,041—8—8 incurred on account of the visit of His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor to Seringapatam will be paid from Provincial Funds.
56	5014-5—151.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 4 per mensem to Kalanaik, late Revenue Dafadar of the Hole-Narsipur Taluk, with effect from the date of last pay.
57	5022-3—49.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning two bills amounting to Rs. 166 being the amount due to Veterinary Surgeon J. H. Fenton for professional attendance and advice given in the case of certain Government sick horses.
58	5176-7—522.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the retention of two temporary Proof Readers on Rs. 10 each per mensem till the end of June 1890.
59	4956-¼—505.	Do	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning two refund bills for Rs. 562—3—11 and Rs. 21—10—0 being the amount of duty and two anna cess respectively due to the Sringeri Matt for June 1890.
60	5056-7—512.	Do	Do do	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 23,673—8—5 being the amount of duty and local cess on the arrack issued to the Civil and Military Station during the month of June 1890.
61	4903-4—259.	12th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Stating the sum of Rs. 52—6—7 bequeathed by one Krishnaiya of Mattikere in the Heggaddevankote Taluk for the service of Ramesvaradevaru in the said village, may be invested in the Government Savings Bank and the interest accruing thereon received annually or once in two or three years and spent for service during the Dasara festival.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
2	5053-4—510.	12th	The Superintendent, Government Museum and the Comptrollor.	Sanctioning the purchase of certain books at a cost of Rs. 16—6—0 for the Museum Library.
3	5080—236.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Stating that the Darbar will accept liability to pay a portion of the pension payable to Mr. Baylis, late Chief Jailor, Central Jail, Bangalore, proportionate to his service in Mysore from 24th November 1874 to 30th September 1882 in addition to paying the prescribed contribution for his service from 1st October 1882 up to the date of his retirement.
4	4959—354.	Do	The Comptroller.	Returning 14 halves of Government of India Pro-notes and Mysore Debentures duly signed by the Officiating Dewan.
5	4994-5—225.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangolore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 66 for 8 teak wood cash chests required for the use of the Hoskote Taluk Treasury.
	5155-6—2;5.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the entertainment of a Munshi on Rs. 15 temporarily for 6 months for doing Census work under Mr. Krishnaiengar, Assistant Commissioner.
	5095 6—227.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a compensation of Rs. 300 for three acres of land in Jodi Kempapur village in the Bangalore Taluk proposed to be taken up for the erection of cholera sheds for prisoners, lunatics and lepers.
	5097-8—228.	Do	Do do	Approving of the undermentioned scale of establishment for the Railway Magistrate's office :—

Head Munshi on	Rs.	50
Deputy do	„	35
Accountant ..	„	25
Dafadar ..	„	8
Two peons on Rs. 7 each		14
One do .	Rs.	6
One Laskar ..	„	7
One Mashalchi ..	„	5

	5115—367.	Do	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the retention of the establishment entertained for compiling information in connection with the proposed scheme for a State Insurance till the end of August 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
70	5179-81—524.	13th	The Inspector General of Police, the Comptroller and the Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Sanctioning the permanent advance of the Hassan District Police Department being raised from Rs. 20 to Rs. 25.
71	5093-4—226.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning two bills for Rs. 71—3—4 on account of arrears of Sarjapur Jahgir allowance.
72	5006-7—169.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 6—8—0 being the charges incurred on account of process fees under the Excise Act in the 3rd Class Magistrate's Court, Tirumakudlu-Narsipur Taluk.
73	5050-2—509.	Do	The Superintendent, Government Museum, the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the making of one Dafadar's lace-striped belt and four Peons' belts for the Museum Dafadar and Peons.
74	5078-9—366.	Do	The Comptroller and Mr. C. G. Brown, Bangalore.	Authorizing the Comptroller to pay Mr. C. G. Brown, Photographer, a further advance of Rs. 250 on account of the Khadda albums to be supplied by him to Government and his travelling expenses to and from the Khadda Camp, subject to adjustment hereafter.
75	5212—244.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting an early adjustment of the bill for Rs. 3,687—12—5 sent with this office letter No. 2701-221, dated the 9th July 1889, on account of the proportionate cost of the Excise Establishment payable by the Civil and Military Station for the year 1888—89.
76	5213—531.	Do	The Excise Commissioner.	Requesting him to call upon his Assistant Mr. McDonnel to explain how the proportion of the cost of the testing staff payable by the Civil and Military Station, was originally fixed at 54 per cent, and stating that according to the principle laid down in para 1 of the Assistant Resident's letter No. 3229—1995, dated 4th December 1886, the proper percentage is 68 and not 54 which alone has been charged by the Mysore Government since April 1887, thereby entailing a loss to Government of Rs. 564 and a fraction in the year.
77	5214-5—532.	Do	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 3,001—5—7 on account of the establishment cess levied from the

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				arrack contractors and creditable to the Resident's Treasury for the year 1888—89.
78	5237-9—168.	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the continuance of the Nagadi Gumasta on Rs. 15 in the Kadur District Treasury.
79	5256-7—538.	Do	The Superintendent, Government Press, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning certain temporary appointments in the Government Press consequent on the temporary transfer of Head Clerk and Translator Raghavendra Rao to the Census Superintendent's Office.
80	5480-1—574.	Do	The President of Municipalities in the Tumkur District and the the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 144 for converting box drains into V shaped drains in the Municipality of Tumkur.
81	5569-70—591.	Do	Do do	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 437 for repairing Provincial roads in the Municipality of Tumkur.
82	5482-3—575.	Do	The President, Mysore City Municipal Board, and Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 33—5—4 being the allowance due to Mr. B. Krishnaiengar as Officiating Vice President of the Mysore Municipal Board from the 11th to 30th June 1890.
83	5488-580—and 5578—597.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Accepting two notifications of sanction for Rs. 144 and Rs. 38 for works in the Municipality of Molkalmuru.
84	5772-3—239.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 615 for constructing V shaped drains in the Municipality of Chikballapur.
85	5571-2—592.	Do	The President of the Tumkur Municipality and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 48 for fixing an ornamental lamp-post in the Municipality of Tumkur.
86	5573-74—593.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 134—10—2 for repairing the Bazar road in the Municipality of Nanjangud.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
87	5575—595	13th	The President of the Shimoga Municipality.	Recording his docket No. 261—244, dated 30th July 1890, submitting copy of Proceedings of the Shimoga Municipal Board, dated 12th June 1890, with the remark that the sanction conveyed in para 4 of the Proceedings for the repair of certain Police stations in the town at a cost of Rs. 63 is unauthorized as the Municipality has been relieved of all Police charges in the Town.
88	5579-80—598.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Chitaldroog District.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs 100 for constructing new drains in the Municipality of Molkalmuru.
89	5591-2—599.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 30 for constructing a picota to the Honda at Davangere.
90	5583-6—601.	Do	Do do	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 99—9—0 for filling up a ditch in the Municipality of Molkalmuru.
91	5650-1—80	Do	Do do	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 36—3—0 for constructing V shaped drains in the Municipality of Challakere.
92	5105 6—1 6.	14th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning two bills aggregating Rs. 60—5—2 on account of arrears of allowance due to certain Inamdars of whole inam villages for collecting jodi from minor inamdars.
93	5169—369	Do	The Comptroller.	Appointing V. C. Munisami Modaliar as Library Clerk on Rs. 12 per mensem :—
94	5337-8—546,	Do	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the proposed distribution as noted below of Rs. 32 allowed for orderlies in the scale of Excise Commissioner's office establishment sanctioned by Government :—

I.	Jamadar ..	Rs. 12
II.	Increase to Dafadar's pay	„ 2
III.	One peon at ..	„ 8
IV.	Do do ..	„ 7
V.	One Farrash ..	„ 3
	Total ..	32

and stating that the number of menial servants

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				of the Excise Commissioner's Office will stand as shown below — *For Excise Commissioner.* 1 Jamadar on Rs. 12 1 Dafadar .. „ 10 1 Peon .. „ 8 3 Peons at Rs. 7 each „ 21 2 Do 6 each „ 12 1 Farrash .. „ 3 *For Assistant Commissioner.* 2 Peons at Rs. 7 each 14 2 Do „ 6 each 12 2 Lascars „ 7 each 14 1 Mashalchi and Sweeper Rs. 6 Total per month....112
95	5339-40—547.	14th	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 16 for printing the papers relating to the strike at Mysore.
96	5341-2—548.	Do	The Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the pay bills of the Artist employed at the Government Gardens for June and July 1890.
97	5306-7—283.	15th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 78 to Mada, late Revenue Peon, Mysore Taluk.
98	5311-2—155.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a pension of Rs. 5 per mensem to Subba Rao, late Shekdar, Anati Hobli, Channarayapatna Taluk, with effect from the 26th May 1887.
99	5329—386.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding an extract of para 3 of the Dewan's letter to the Resident, No. 27 of the 7th March 1890, containing the terms of Mr. Weir's employment in Mysore Service.
00	5335-6—515.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 29 on account of Railway fare, &c., from Bangalore to Madras and back due to the Reserve Inspector, Bangalore, who was directed to go to the latter place to bring recruits for the Reserve Police from the recently disbanded Madras Regiments.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
101	5300-1—223.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of pensions of Rs. 1[illegible] and Rs. 12—8—0 per mensem respectively to Girivasaiya, late Record-Keeper, Judicial Department, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Kolar District and Krishna Chatti, late Head Shroff of the Kolar District Treasury, with effect from the 1st April 1889.
102	5305—282.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District	Stating that the Government will be disposed to sanction an advance not exceeding six months' pay of C. D. Ramaswami Iyer, the Mysore City Amildar, if the house which he proposes to build is to be built in an appropriate locality and requesting the Deputy Commissioner to report on what site Ramaswami Iyer proposes to build the house if the advance be sanctioned.
103	5317-8—59.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a pension of Rs. 2—8—0 per mensem to Narasa, Washerman of the 2nd Battalion of the Mysore Barr Infantry, with effect from the 1st April 1890.
104	5345-7—69.	Do	Mr. C. G. Plumer, Chief Judge of Mysore, the Comptroller and the Registrar of the Chief Court.	Placing on record the high sense which the Government entertain of the excellent services rendered by Mr. C. G. Plumer during the past seven years as the head of the Judicial Department and granting him a special pension of £200 per annum from the date of his retirement *viz.*, 1st March 1891.
105	5348—70.	Do	Mr. C. G. Plumer, Chief Judge of Mysore, Bangalore.	Forwarding copy of the above.
106	5380—122.	Do	The Sanitary Engineer, Mysore Special Improvements Division.	Stating that there is not work sufficient to warrant an additional hand being entertained for keeping the artware accounts and that the same should be kept in the Municipal Office without extra cost to Government.
107	5477—571.	Do	The President of the Tumkur Municipality.	Stating that the Government see no special reason for relieving the Tumkur Municipality of the Police charges.
108	5491-2—583.	Do	The Education Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a pension of Rs. 7 per mensem to V. Raghavachar, Head Master, Taluk Kanarese School, Gundlupet, with effect from the 14th June 1890, and the payment to their heirs of the gratuities of Rs. 95 and Rs. 84 respectively earned by Puttaiya, Hobli School Master, Jotipur, Hoskote Taluk, and Rasulkhan, Peon, Education Secretary's Office, respectively.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
109	5396-7—555	18th	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 44—11—0 for printing certain forms at the Morning Star Press.
110	5458—293.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Inviting his attention to this office docket No. 807—48, dated 6th May 1889, and stating that the purchase of the clock now applied for for use in the Seringapatam Taluk Cutcherry cannot be permitted for the reasons therein stated.
111	5497—131.	Do	Mr. Virachand Dupchand, Bombay.	Advising him of the despatch of a money order for Rs. 99—8—0 in payment of 199 copies of His Highness the Maharaja's picture.
112	5589-91—604.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government, Press, the Comptroller and the Census Superintendent.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 262—8—0 on account of paper obtained from Messrs. Dymes and Co. of Madras for Census Work.
113	5550—166.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 36 for repairing the Mandagadde Chattram in the Tirthahalli Taluk.
114	5535-6—192	19th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 5—11—0 payable to Kottanahalli Karigiraiya.
115	5552-3—167.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of belts at a cost of Rs. 9—12—0 for the use of the Peons of the 2nd Assistant Commissioner's Office in the Shimoga District.
116	5624-5—235.	20th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	According sanction to increasing the pay of the Nazim of the Mokhbara at Kolar to Rs. 15 and that of the Mutsaddi attached to that institution to Rs. 10.
117	5648-9—174.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of a rubber seal at a cost of Rs. 6 for the use of the 2nd Assistant Commissioner's Court.
118	5727-8—404.	Do	The Comptroller and the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Raising the pay of Chokkanna, Revenue Probationer, Mysore District, to Rs. 70 per mensem with effect from the 1st instant.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
119	5731—407	20th	The Comptroller.	Intimating that Rule XIV Section 94 of Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code was inapplicable to Mr. Smith, as he held no substantive appointment when he was deputed to act for the Government Advocate and that the disbursement of full pay under the circumstances was proper.
120	5764—412.	Do	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of pensions and gratuities to certain men of the late Anche Department.
121	5545 6—159.	21st	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 4—8—0 in favor of Ramegauda of Muttasagara in the Manjarabad Taluk.
122	5740-1—633.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the formation of a Municipality at Hole honnur, with the remark that no octroi should be levied in the Municipality, that it should be maintained by a moiety of Mohatarfa revenue and proceeds from miscellaneous items such as fines, pounds, &c., and requesting the President to submit the Budget Estimates for the current year and a list of Members for the Municipal Board.
123	5633-4—305.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning two bills amounting to Rs. 600 being the expenditure incurred during the last Panchanhga Darsana festival in December 1888.
124	5681-2—164.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Sanctioning the restoration of the Hosahalli Inam tank belonging to Sravanabelagola Matt in the Channarayapatna Taluk.
125	5780-2—324.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a revised estimate for Rs. 878 for the purchase of furniture for use in the Court of the 3rd General Assistant Commissioner and certain other Courts.
126	5788-9—65.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs 508—12—0 being the price of two sets of black leather double harness purchased for the use of the Government horses.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, in Government Proceedings No. 4892-3—212 of the 8th instant
136	5962—424.	24th	The Comptroller.	Issuing instructions regarding the conveyance of Government treasure by the Southern Mahratta Railway Company.
137	5943—267.	25th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Stating with reference to the sum of Rs. 500 deposited by Raghavachar as puduvat for the car procession of the Sri Ranganathaswami temple at Kalkunte Agrahar, Hoskote Taluk, that the temple is not one of the Muzarayi institutions under Government management nor is it endowed with any grant from Government and that the interference of Government with the investment of funds of such a temple is therefore not called for.
138	6097-8—86.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, and the Comptroller	Stating that as Mr. Butcher, late Assistant Settlement Officer, Mysore Revenue Survey, is a Local Officer and as his pension has also to be borne by the Mysore Government, he cannot be allowed to draw both pension and three months' pay as bonus for one and the same period, and that there seems to be no good reason to reconsider the order already passed.
139	5946-7—334.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Passing orders excusing the fault of Mr. North, Deputy Clerk in the Mysore District Office, in delaying the issue of a certain draft and granting him from 1st September 1889 the increase of pay sanctioned to him in Proceedings No. 5775-6—342, dated 28th October 1889.
140	5987—284.	26th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding two bills amounting to Rs. 731—7—5 on account of compensation paid for lands made over to the Madras Railway Company with a request that the amount may be recovered from the Company and remitted to the Darbar.
141	6121-3—662.	Do	The Public Prosecutor, Mysore District, the Comptroller and the District and Sessions Judge, Mysore.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 65 for furniture required for the use of the Public Prosecutor, Mysore.
142	6005-6—187.	28th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a detailed Muzarayi contingent bill for Rs. 2 for June 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
143	6019—426.	28th	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a pension of Rs. 19—2—8 per mensem to B. Krishna Rao, Accountant, Comptroller's Office, with effect from the 1st April 1890.
144	6022—428.	Do	Do do	Forwarding a bill for Rs. 53—12—0 being the Railway charges incurred on a consignment of paper purchased for Census work, with a request that it may be audited and forwarded to this office, the charge being debited to Census.
145	6024—430.	Do	Do do	Forwarding a formal bill for Rs. 35—7—1 being the equivalent of £ 3 remitted to Messrs. L. Reeves and Co., London, on account of the price of four copies of Moore's Lepidoptera Indica and stating that the amount may be debited to the contingencies of this office.
146	6074—175.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Sanctioning the purchase of a house situated within the compound of the Hassan Taluk Cutcherry at a reasonable cost not exceeding Rs. 200.
147	6058—287.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 2070, dated 19th August 1890, from the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore, together with a copy of one of its enclosures on the subject of the interest claimed by the Accountant General of Madras, under Article 832 of the Civil Service Regulations (1st Edition) on the arrears of Pensionary contribution paid by the Darbar on account of Mr. G. P. Sanderson, Superintendent of Khaddas, and requesting that under the circumstances therein explained, the Government of India may be moved to waive the claim for interest and to modify the above mentioned Article of the Civil Service Regulations in favor of the Mysore Darbar.
148	6151-2—176.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Stating that the sum of Rs. 2,000 proposed to be invested by Channaviraswami of Changadavalli Sivachar Matt in the Manjarabad Taluk may be invested through the Comptroller in Government of India Securities in the name of Amildar of the Taluk or the Deputy Commissioner of the District for the time being who as Trustee on behalf of the Matt will draw the interest annually and appropriate the same towards the payment of the assessment due to Government, the surplus if any being carried to the credit of the fund to meet any future remission of assessment.

Serial No.	Proceedings			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent	
149	6102—436.	28th	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of gratuities of Rs 51—12—0 and Rs. 30 respectively to Anche Runners Fakrudin and Naga.
150	6163—441	29th	Do do	Requesting him to expedite the publication of the Provincial Budget Estimates for 1890—91 and to take steps in future to ensure the printing and publication of the Budget Estimates before the commencement of the official year to which they relate.
151	6166-7—669.	Do	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Forwarding duly sanctioned the travelling allowance bill of the Excise Commissioner for July 1890, with the remark that the travelling allowances of the Excise Commissioner will be those prescribed for the Deputy Commissioners.
152	6172-3—673.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning certain arrangements proposed by the Inspector General of Police for the purpose of retaining Mr. Wilkinson as Inspector of the Bangalore Special Reserve Police without incurring any increase of expenditure in the budget.
153	6174-5—674.	Do	Do do	Sanctioning the entertainment of another Chief Constable for the Mysore Town Police, on the understanding that no extra cost would be entailed.
154	6146-7—353.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a compensation of Rs 148—14—2 to certain individuals on account of the resumption of the lands belonging to the compound of the Residency Bungalow at Nanjangud which had been leased out to them for temporary cultivation.
155	6075-6—181.	30th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 8—7—5 on account of acting allowance due to Balakrishna Rao, Acting Revenue Head Munshi, Deputy Commissioner's Office.
156	6119-20—661.	Do	The Superintendent Government Press, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs 184—10—0 on account of furniture, &c., obtained from Madras.
157	5642-4—170.	31st	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, the Comptroller and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Sanctioning the proposed distribution of the allotment of Rs. 30,000 sanctioned for certain works from the District Fund assets of the Shimoga District.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	4371-2—207.	1st.	The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government.	Calling for further information regarding the construction of wards for the accommodation of respectable classes of people affected with contagious diseases.
2	4420—93.	Do	The Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Sanctioning the temporary occupation of a set of rooms in the travellers' bungalow at Hassan by Mr. T. J. Vanderlowen, Munsiff, for one month on payment of 3 per cent on his pay.
3	4337—204	2nd.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 6 copies of Circulars issued in connection with the approaching Census.
4	4408—153.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Recording his letter No. 176, dated 18th July 1890, Kadur District, forwarding an application for promotion from 5th Class Amildar Srinivasa Rao of Kadur.
5	168.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying a further extension by 3 days of the casual leave granted to Mr. Ananda Row, B. A., Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, in Notification No. 167, dated 31st July 1890.
6	4291—423.	Do	Mr. T. Ananda Row.	Forwarding copy of the above.
7	4341—205.	4th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Retransmitting the statement of traffic on the Gudalur road for March 1890 with the intimation that it may be accepted as correct, together with the statements for April, May and June 1890.
8	4374—209	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding a copy of the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 7662—161, dated 17th December 1878, regarding the appointment of certain Native Officers to the charge of Districts.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
9	174.	4th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant to Mr. N. Venkata Rao Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, o extraordinary leave without pay for one month and one day in extension of the 3 months and 8 days' leave of the same description already granted to him.
10	4418—53.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
11	177.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that V. Krishna Rao, Clerk, No. Sub-Division, Kolar, having taken the name "Krishnachar," he will be borne on the establishment rolls by that name from this day.
12	4816-18—100.	Do	The Secretary, Public Works Department, the Comptroller and the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Communicating the above.
13	4485—213.	5th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Asking for copies of certain Census Circulars
14	4493—213.	Do	Do do	Forwarding 6 copies of partly Circular No. dated 28th July 1890, issued by the Census Superintendent in Mysore, two of which are intended for transmission to the Superintendent Census operations in Madras.
15	4609—200.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Intimating that as the "Gani Gumasta" intended and is actually required to help the Amildar of Bowringpet Taluk in his correspondence with the Superintendents of Mining Companies, he should be sent to the Taluk to do duty under the orders of the Amildar, and that the increase of correspondence in connection with the mines is not such as to render the employment of the Gumasta in the District Office necessary.
16	4557—459.	Do	The Director of Archæological Researches in Mysore.	Enquiring how letter No. 2090—118, dated 30th October 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, to the address of the Dewan, requesting to be furnished with a list of all ancient monuments in Mysore, has been disposed of
17	4568—219.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that instructions have been issued to District Officers to arrange for the transport of Imperial Mails free of cost across the ferries in the State and for the prevention of delay at such ferries.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
18	4569-76—91.	5th.	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.	Forwarding copy of the above for information and guidance.
19	4610—468.	Do	Mr. C. G. Plumer, Chief Judge of Mysore on leave at Bangalore.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 1537, dated 18th July 1890, from the Comptroller and stating that for the reasons therein given, the furlough sanctioned to him by Notification, dated 6th July, will be reckoned from the 8th July 1890.
20	4758—482.	Do	The Manager, "Madras Times," Madras.	Stating that the Mysore Government advertisements are published only in the local newspapers under special agreement with the Proprietors and are not intended or required to be published in newspapers outside Province.
21	4604—25.	7th.	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Issuing instructions regarding the appointment of Municipal members of the Bangalore City Municipality in place of those whose term of appointment has expired.
22	4695-6—217.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Approving of the arrangements proposed by the Deputy Commissioner to fill the vacancy of the post of Head Munshi in the Closepet Sub-Division Assistant Commissioner's office on Rs. 50.
23	4741-2—149.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the retention of the temporary Record-keeper employed in assorting old records for a further period of 6 months, with the remark that the progress made in the arrangement of the old records in the Shimoga District is not at all satisfactory, that the Deputy Commissioner should see to the work being completed at least within the next 6 months and that a monthly report of progress made, should, after scrutiny and check, be forwarded to this office.
24	4806—143.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Stating that if Srinivasa Rao, Sheristadar of the Hole-Narsipur Taluk, is inattentive to his duties and apparently lazy, he should not be transferred to an important Taluk like Manjarabad; that if he is not giving satisfaction where he is, he should be transferred to a post, the duties of which are not so onerous and responsible as those devolving on a Taluk Sheristadar; and requesting the Deputy Commissioner to reconsider his proposals with referrence to the above remarks.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent	Subject and Order.
25	4819—101.	7th.	The Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Returning the plans and estimates for the water supply to the town of Birur, with remark that the health and sanitation of the people are more important than revenue, that the Government is bound to give the required water supply for drinking purposes and curtail cultivation if necessary, and that moreover there will be no insurmountable difficulty in the settlement of the vested rights, if any, of the raiyats to the water of the Devankere Tank, and requesting him to have the estimates examined and state the probable cost of the proposed scheme for supplying good drinking water to the town of Birur which is growing in importance.
26	4769—341.	8th	The Comptroller and Superintendent of Stamps	Forwarding two copies of the Administration of the Stamp Department in Coorg for 1889—90.
27	4770—484.	Do	The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.	Acknowledging the receipt of 4 copies of the report above referred to
28	178.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of 7 days' casual leave to Kuppusami Naidu, Amildar of the Dodballapur Taluk
29	4779—220.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
30	4811—160.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Stating that his remarks and recommendations for the promotion and transfer of the Amildar of Sringeri Jahgir are noted.
31	4821—103.	Do	The Secretary, P. W. Department.	Forwarding a copy of letter No 2208—449, dated the 14th January 1890, from the Inspector General of Police, submitting a proposal for the construction of a new building for the Sub-Taluk Cutcherry and Police Station at Hosdurga, and requesting that the necessary plans and estimates may be prepared in consultation with the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.
32	4867-75—Cir. 100.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Superintendent of Stationery.	Directing that the annual supply of candles to each of the Districts should be restricted to 200, that if the sanctioned number should be found insufficient in the course of the year, a supplemental indent for 50 more may be sent in, that the consumption should be subjected to close scrutiny and reduced as much as possible, and that the practice of minor officials using candles instead of oil should be put a stop to wherever it exists.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
33	4906—261.	8th.	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Enquiring how far the existing confusion in the records of the Mysore Taluk is due to the incompetency if any of the officials in charge.
34	4951—500.	Do	The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.	Stating that the Government are not prepared to sanction the entertainment of a 2nd grade Jamadar for Sringeri as it involves an extra charge to the Police Budget.
35	179.	9th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that Mr. H. Nanjundaraj Ars, Assistant Commissioner, delivered over, and S. Varadarajaiengar, Munsiff of Tumkur, assumed, charge of the Tumkur District Treasury on the afternoon of the 24th July 1890.
36	4768—225.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a statement showing the newspapers and periodicals published in the State during the quarter ended 30th June 1890.
37	4795—247.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Approving of his action in placing Madhava Rao, Deputy Amildar of Seringapatam, in charge of the Malvalli Taluk during the absence of the permanent incumbent on leave.
38	4796—342.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding copy of the above.
39	183.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of privilege leave of absence for 15 days to Krishna Rao, Amildar of the Kankanhalli Taluk.
40	4888—223.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
41	4836—491.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Requesting that a copy of the Mysore Gazette in English and Canarese may be sent to the Vice-President of the Mysore Municipal Board.
42	182.	Do	Do do	Notifying the extension of the privilege leave granted to Mr. Narayanaiengar, Assistant Commissioner, Kadur District, in Notification No. 118, dated 18th July 1890, by 3 days.
43	4923—163.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
44	4925—61.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore.	Forwarding two large stamp punches.
45	4926—123.	Do	Messrs. Rickie & Co., Bangalore.	Requesting them to supply (6 large and 6 small) stamp punches at Rs. 5 and Rs. 4 each respectively.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
46	4928—105.	9th.	The Chief Engineer and Secretary, P. W. Department.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 6, dated the 7th ultimo, from the Census Superintendent and requesting him to inspect the buildings in the fort of Bangalore and state whether some of the rooms therein referred to cannot be provided with shutters, &c., and made available for the Census Superintendent's office in a couple of months.
47	5165—117.	10th.	The Secretary, P. W. Department.	Requesting the early preparation and submission of plans and estimates for houses for the use of the Taluk officials at Kallurkatte, the new Headquarters of the Nagar Taluk, and stating that they may be on the same lines as those sanctioned for the Mudgere Taluk with such modifications as the local circumstances may require.
48	5166—158.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
49	4989-93—Cir. 104.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court, the Private Secretary to the Dewan, the Survey Superintendent, the Inspector General of Forests and the Sanitary Engineer.	Intimating that certain publications have been ordered to be sent to them direct for the use of their departments at the public expense and that subscription has been paid up to the date mentioned in each case, and requesting them to intimate non-receipt in any case, and in the first week of December next, whether the publications should be continued to be taken for next year.
50	5227—184.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Tumkur District.	Calling for an explanation regarding the large variation in the cost of lighting in the several Municipalities of the District.
51	4929—106.	11th.	The Chief Engineer.	Forwarding three copies of the Addenda No. 4 to the pamphlet containing the Rules and Orders of the Governor General in Council regulating the conduct of public servants in respect of borrowing money, &c.
52	4917—146.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Stating that the files of the Gazettes of India and Fort Saint George referred to by him should not be destroyed but bound and preserved for reference.
53	4897—215.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Acknowledging with thanks his letter No. 1236—275, dated 3rd August 1890, submitting a letter of condolence from the inhabitants of Kolar Town expressing their deep regret at the sad bereavement sustained by His Highness the Maharaja by the premature death of Prince Subramanya Raj Ars.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
54	5154—180.	11th.	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Stating that Revenue Sheristadar Naranachar's connection with the Oil Manufactory at Tumkur partakes of the nature of a trade or commercial transaction falling within the meaning of Section 30 (*a*) of the Land Revenue Code, that the Government cannot approve of the order passed by the Deputy Commissioner permitting the Revenue Sheristadar to take part in the management of the factory and that the order should at once be withdrawn and the Revenue Sheristadar directed to sever himself from all connection with the factory within 3 months from this date.
55	5025-7—50.	Do	The Senior Surgeon and the Deputy Commissioners of the Hassan and Tumkur Districts.	Stating that under the circumstances brought to notice by the Senior Surgeon, the Government do not consider it necessary to establish a dispensary at Grama in the Hassan Taluk; and requesting the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District to report upon the necessity for a dispensary at Huliyurdurga as proposed by the Senior Surgeon.
56	185.	12th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of 6 days' casual leave to Abdul Rahim Mekri, Deputy Amildar of the Hosdurga Sub-Taluk.
57	5017.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
58	5063-71—Cir. 166.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Officer in charge of the Palace Establishments.	Requesting the Deputy Commissioners to take early steps to select Members for attending the Representative Assembly to meet at Mysore during the approaching Dasara and submit a list of the Members so selected so as to reach this office by the 15th proximo, and a copy thereof to the Officer in charge of the Palace Establishments.
59	5107—165.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Stating that the establishment of a telegraph office at Tarikere has been recommended.
60	5110—112.	Do	The Secretary, P. W. Department.	Transferring docket No. 112—106, dated the 30th May 1888, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, submitting copies of 3 communications regarding temples of Archæological interest in his District.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
61	5111—113.	12th.	The Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Requesting that as the building in the Compound of Government House (Lower Residency), at Mysore which is now used as an armoury by the Rifle Volunteers is reported to be leaking, the Executive Engineer. Mysore Division, may be called upon to inspect it and submit as early as possible an estimate for such petty repairs as may be absolutely required to put the building in a safe condition pending the construction of a new building by the Military authorities which is now under contemplation.
62	5072—365	13th.	The Comptroller.	Forwarding the certificates of physical fitness of A. Singaravelu Mudaliar and Subramanya Iyer, Clerks in this office, and stating that M. Venkatasubbaya having been transferred from the Maharaja's College at Mysore to this office in July 1884, no certificate appears necessary in his case.
63	5160—69	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Recording his letter No. 216—187, dated the 1st August 1890, giving an account of what was done in the Chitaldroog District in honor of the birth of the 3rd Prince on the Namakaranam day.
64	5456—291	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Requesting him to forward the letter or other document by Mr Narasimmaiengar, Police Assistant Commissioner, Tumkur District, making over his building at Mandya to Government for the Dispensary and stating that if no such document exists, one should now be obtained from him and forwarded to this office.
65	189.	14th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of 4 days' casual leave to Kumarasami Nayik, Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk.
66	5221—182.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
67	190.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of privilege leave of absence for 3 months to Mr. H. V. Nanjundaiya, Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga District, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.
68	5233—160.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Forwarding copy of the same.
69	5416-25—Cir. 113.	Do	The Excise Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Comptroller.	Passing orders with reference to the conduct of business in the Excise Department and defining the duties of Mr. McDonnell as Assistant Commissioner, Excise Department.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
70	5190—529.	15th.	The President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission.	Stating that the Government have no objection to the grant of a license to one Syed Abdul Khudus Sahib permitting him to bury the body of his wife in the family enclosure in the Lakkar Sha Makan near the Kengeri Gate Police Station in the City.
71	5218—246.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding the Promotion Recommendation Roll in duplicate of the Imperial Public Works Officers serving in Mysore for the half year ending 31st August 1890.
72	193.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of privilege leave for 15 days from the 6th August 1890 to B. Sitaramaiya, Amildar of the Bangalore Taluk.
73	5298—241.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding copy of the above and approving of the arrangements proposed for the conduct of Sitaramaiya's duties during his absence.
74	194.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the extension of the 15 days' privilege leave granted to Muhammad Ali Khan, Deputy Amildar of Turuvekere in the Tumkur District, in Notification No. 153, dated 18th July 1890, by two months and 7 days.
75	5302—185.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
76	5367-8—286.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the bye-law in force in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore regarding the destruction of stray dogs and stating that the Government see no objection to a similar bye law being passed by the Mysore City Municipality.
77	199.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Extending the furlough for 4 months already granted to Mr. J. G. North, Police Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, by 3 months.
78	5393—552.	Do	The Inspector General of Police.	Forwarding copy of the above.
79	192.	16th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the following transfers:— Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao, Deputy Commissioner and District Magistrate, from Shimoga to Bangalore District.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				Mr. Abdul Rahman, Deputy Commissioner and District Magistrate, from Bangalore to Shimoga District. To join on being relieved by Mr. Madhava Rao.
80	5264—163.	16th.	Mr. Madhava Rao.	Forwarding copy of the above.
81	5265—240.	Do	Mr. Abdul Rahman.	Do do do
82	5266—377.	Do	The Comptroller.	Do do do
83	5279—250.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a printed copy of a history of the various State Pensions of the Mysore State together with a statement of the pensioners of each class corrected up to 1st April 1890.
84	5353—251.	Do	Do do	Forwarding a statement of the services of the Public Works Officers lent to the Darbar for the month of July 1890.
85	5523-7—Cir. 117.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of Hassan, Chitaldroog, Kadur and Tumkur Districts and the Census Superintendent.	Intimating the investiture of certain Munsiffs with 1st Class Magisterial powers and their being put in charge of District Treasuries and stating that the Deputy Commissioners and one of his Assistants ought to be able to attend to the Jamabandi and the Census work.
86	5426—252.	17th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Explaining the nature of a communication sent on the Mysore Government Service by one Srinivasaiya, Revenue Gumasta of the Pavagada Taluk, and stating that the irregularity committed by the Gumasta was of a trivial nature, that for reasons stated it would be very inconvenient to limit the privilege of sending demi-official communications to officers of and above the rank of Assistant Commissioners, and that the Darbar will take every precaution to guard against the abuse of the privilege of franking conceded to public servants.
87	5401—123.	19th.	The Secretary, Public Works Department.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 13163—3050, dated 13th August 1890, from the Officiating Post Master General, Madras, and the Assistant to the Resident's endorsement thereon No. 2701—3649, dated 18th August 1890, with a request that he will make arrangements for taking charge of the Anche building at Devanhalli in communication with the Superintendent of Post Offices, Bangalore Division.
88	5400—251.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Communicating the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
89	5504—260.	19th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 152—141, dated 19th June 1890, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, regarding the claim to a Jahgir by one Dasaye Puttaiya, with the remark that petitioner's ancestors having lost the Jahgir during the sovereignty of the Nagar Rajas, petitioner cannot now be permitted to assert any claim for its restoration, that petitioner is a Police Dafadar in the Nagar Taluk and that his advancement in the Government service will depend on his industry, integrity and competency for higher appointments.
90	5502—258.	20th.	Do do	Forwarding seven copies of a Volume of Reports on Revenue Administration of the several Districts in the Mysore State for the year 1888—89 with the Dewan's review thereon.
91	5514-21—Cir. 116.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.	Forwarding for record in the District Office Library one copy of Part XXV of Hooker's Flora of British India.
92	5782-3—325.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Confirming the election of Mr. Narasimha Upadya, as a Member of the Local Fund Committee, Mysore Circle.
93	5810-1—240.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Appointing Mr. Advocate Basavaradhya, B A, B. L., Probationer in the Revenue Department, and posting him for duty under the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, with the remark that his pay will be Rs. 70 a month to start with, rising to Rs. 100, after six months' satisfactory work.
94	5812—641.	Do	Mr. Basavaradhya, Advocate.	Forwarding copy of the above.
95	5859-62—57.	Do	The Senior Surgeon, the Comptroller, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Secretary, P. W. D.	Recording the Senior Surgeon's letter No. 1413, dated 7th August 1890, reporting that a Local Fund Dispensary has been opened at Turuvekere on the 1st idem.
96	5668—617.	21st.	The Superintendent, Government Museum.	Forwarding a copy of Volume I of South Indian Inscriptions, Tamil and Sanskrit, for the Museum Library.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
97	5735-7—630.	21st.	The Census Superintendent, the Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press and the Comptroller.	Stating that all officials lent to the Census Department will retain their lien on their permanent appointments in the Departments from which they are lent
98	5713—320.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Approving of the grant of one week's casual leave to Mr. R. Plumer, Revenue Probationer, Mysore District.
99	5757—126.	Do	The Chief Engineer of Mysore.	Forwarding for delivery to Mr. Groves, Executive Engineer, a copy of the Addenda No. 4, to the Pamphlet containing the rules and orders of the Government of India regulating the conduct of public servants in respect of borrowing money, &c.
100	206.	23rd.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of 21 days' privilege leave to Mr. T. V Armugam Mudaliar, Assistant Surgeon, attached to the General Hospital, Mysore.
101	5864—59.	Do	The Senior Surgeon.	Forwarding copy of the above.
102	5949—178.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Requesting the Deputy Commissioner to institute careful inquiries and submit further report regarding the 6 women who were drowned while crossing the Tumbohalla stream between Lakvalli and Bannur of the Sorab Taluk in a boat
103	5942—266.	24th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Stating the claim for house rent put forward by Mr. Abdul Rahman, Deputy Commissioner, is unusual and clearly inadmissible.
104	5944—245.	25th.	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Stating that one of the Revenue Munshis of the District Office or that of the General Assistant Commissioner must be spared for Revenue work of the Bowringpet Taluk under Mr. Coopoosawmy Mudaliar, Assistant Commissioner.
105	5895—279.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding an amended statement of particulars relating to the Bangalore Woollen, Cotton, and Silk Mills Company, Limited, for the year ending 31st March 1890.
106	207.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of 8 days' privilege leave to S. Krishnamurti Rao, Amildar of the Attikuppa Taluk.
107	5945—333.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
108	209.	25th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of privilege leave for one month from the 9th June 1890 to Mr. H. Eagles, Chief Assistant to the Comptroller.
109	5959—422.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding copy of the above.
110	5985—282	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 8 copies of the Volume of the Mysore Government Proceedings for May 1890.
111	6069-70—344.	28th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the undermentioned appointment and promotion of Taluk Sheristadars consequent on the death of Sheristadar Tippaiya of the Seringapatam Taluk with effect from the date of Tippaiya's death :—
				Name. / Present. / Proposed. Tippaiya, / Sheristadar, Tirumakudlu-Narsipur Taluk on Rs. 40 / Sheristadar Tirumakudlu-Narsipur Taluk on Rs. 50. K. A. Ranganna, / Deputy Munshi, District Office on Rs. 35. / Sheristadar, Seringapatam Taluk on Rs. 40.
112	216.	29th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the temporary transfer of Kuppusami Naidu, Amildar of the Dodballapur Taluk, to the Bangalore Taluk.
113	6049.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding copy of the above with the intimation that the Sheristadar of the Dodballapur Taluk should be placed in charge of the Taluk pending other arrangements.
114	6086—88.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 3891, dated 21st August 1890, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore, regarding the construction of the new Munsiff's Court house at Chikballapur.
115	6158—140.	Do	The Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Stating that if the Chief Engineer is convinced that Syed Ahmad Sahib's claim for compensation for damage done to certain bales of cloth, &c., is false and that the Sanitary Engineer has a good defence to make the party may be referred to the Civil Court as suggested by the Sanitary Engineer.
116	6165—668.	31st	The Census Superintendent.	Recording his docket No. 82, dated 23rd August 1890, transmitting a copy of a Memorandum drawn up by him and circulated to Deputy Commissioners of Districts regarding a question of detail in the preparation of Enumerator's Schedule Book.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31st August 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	70—1.	3rd	The Comptroller and the Honorary Secretary, Her Highness the Maharani's Girls' School, Mysore.	Sanctioning a special grant of Rs. 300 to form a Library of Standard and Reference books in Her Highness the Maharani's Girls' School. Also an annual allowance of Rs. 150 for the same purpose from 1891—92.
2	72—3.	5th	The Comptroller and the Head Master, Municipal English School, Tirthahalli.	A special scholarship of Rs. 2 per mensem tenable in any Government High School for 2 years granted to M. R. Giriyappa, a boy of the Námadári caste who passed the Madras Middle School Examination from the Municipal English School at Tirthahalli.
3	74—5.	7th	The Comptroller and the Curator, Govt. Central Book Depôt.	The annual increments of Rs. 10 to which Mr. V. Nadamuni Naidu, Curator, Government Central Book Depôt, would have been entitled to on the 1st August 1890 and the 1st August 1891 had he continued as a Deputy Inspector, allowed to him and the pay of the Curator fixed for the present at Rs. 100 rising to Rs. 150 by annual increments of Rs. 10.
4	76.	18th	The Comptroller.	A. Subba Rao, Kanarese Despatching Clerk in the Education Secretary's Office, transferred as Assistant Master in the Koratagere Kannada School on Rs. 15 but permitted to serve in the Education Secretary's Office to the 1st November 1890 and to draw Rs. 15 from the 1st August 1890.
5	77—79.	18th	The Comptroller, the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, the Deputy Inspector, North Circle, and the Head Master, English School, Tiptur.	Sanctioning the appointment of an Assistant Master on Rs. 10 to the Municipal English School at Tiptur from the 1st September 1890.

BANGALORE,
31*st August* 1890.

H. J. BHABHA, M. A.,
Education Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	4743—222.	5th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of each of the returns showing the strength of the Mysore Horse and Infantry for the month of July 1890 and stating that copies of the same had been posted to the Quarter Master General and Adjutant General of the Madras Army.
2	5138—240.	13th	Do	Forwarding an indent in triplicate on the Ordnance Department, Madras, for certain articles required for the Mysore Infantry and requesting that the sanction of the Madras Government may be obtained for the issue of the same to the Darbar on payment.
3	5464—61.	16th	The Military Secretary.	Passing orders disapproving of the grants of loans to Silahdars from the Chanda Fund and calling for certain information regarding loans already granted.
4	6093-67.	28th	Do	Sanctioning the sale of certain unserviceable articles in the Military Stores.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.

PART II.

PUBLIC WORKS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order
				Buildings.
1	3445—534.	2nd	The Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division.	Returning the estimate for improving the Tiger's cage in the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore, duly sanctioned by Government for Rs. 2,010.
2	3446—535.	Do	The Superintendent, Government Gardens.	Communicating the above.
3	3548—547.	6th	The Sanitary Engineer, Special Improvements Division.	Informing that the Darbar have rejected the design and estimate of Rs. 33,404 for constructing Quarters for Military Secretary at Mysore, on the score of expensiveness, and requesting that a fresh design to cost not more than Rs. 20,000 in all, may be prepared and submitted.
4	3973—599.	25th	M. Arumugum Mudaliar, Overseer, Fern Hill, Ootacamund.	Forwarding an estimate for the construction of office rooms and coach house at Mowbray Cottage at Ootacamund, duly sanctioned by Government for Rs. 5,375, and requesting the Overseer to have the work carried out expeditiously, also informing him that the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, will be ordered to inspect the work in the course of the next cold season, and check the accounts, &c.
5	3974—600	Do	The Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division.	Communicating the above.
				Irrigation.
1	3999—601.	26th	The Executive Engineer, Hassan Division.	Returning the project for restoring the Hosahalli Inam Tank, Registered No 180, Channarayapatna Taluk, duly sanctioned by Government in the General Department, for Rs. 5,491 which includes the excess of Rs. 419 referred to in his No. 220 dated 7th idem and a sum of Rs. 499 on account of establishment charges, and informing that the cost should be debited to Civil Department, to be met from the funds at credit of the Sravana Belagula Matt, to which the tank belongs.
2	4000—602.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District.	Communicating the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				Establishment.
1	3569—551	7th	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Requesting to move the Resident to obtain the sanction of the Government of India to the retention by the Darbar of the services of Mr. F. J. McLaughlin, Executive Engineer, for a further period of one year, *viz.*, to October 1891, which the exigencies of the Mysore service render very desirable.
2	3935—595.	23rd	Do	Informing that the Darbar has no objection to Mr. Sundaram Iyer, Temporary Overseer in the Mysore Public Works Department, taking up the appointment of Acting Assistant Local Fund Engineer, Malabar, offered to him.
3	3936—596.	Do	The Executive Engineer, Mysore Division.	Communicating the above.
4	3937—597.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Stating that it is not likely that the Darbar will apply for a further extension of Mr. McLaughlin's service in Mysore State after the expiration of the period for which his services are now asked, *viz.*, to October 1891.
				Miscellaneous.
1	3621—556.	8th	The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Forwarding a sketch plan, with an original explanatory letter from Mr. Cameron, and requesting Deputy Commissioner to take the necessary steps for reducing the valuation of the lands adjoining the main entrance to the Botanical Gardens at Bangalore, and acquiring the mud houses referred to.
2	3622—557.	Do	Mr. Cameron.	Communicating the above
3	3782—572.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Requesting to report the market valuation of the compound of the Upper Residency at Mysore said to contain 85 acres.

BANGALORE,
31st *August* 1890.

C. BOWEN, *Col., R. E.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Public Works Department.

PART II.

DECISIONS OF GOVERNMENT IN REVENUE CASES.

AUGUST 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
1	4693—204.	2nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Petitions Nos. 1812, dated 22nd August 1886, 1608, dated 6th September 1887, and 2028, received on the 18th October 1887. *Petitioner* .. Mr. Srinivasa Rao, Pensioned Assistant Commissioner, on behalf of his minor son Narayana Rao. *Decision.*—From the statement prepared by the Amildar of the Kolar Taluk on 1st April 1890 filed in Proceedings, it appeared that Mr. Srinivasa Rao's son Narayana Rao held lands under the Irgasandra Tank to the extent of * 17 Khandis, 7 Kudus and 14 Padis assessed at Rs. 131—8—5. Upon a complaint of encroachment, the lands were measured in the year Svabhanu (1883—84) and found to contain † 22 Khandis, 2 Kudus and 0 Padis assessable at Rs. 166—12—6 which sum the Deputy Commissioner directed should be levied from the year 1883—84. Against this order Mr. Srinivasa Rao appeals on the ground that there has been no encroachment and that the measurements made by the Taluk authorities in 1883 are not reliable. That the measurement of 1883 was not accurate is apparent from the fact that at the Survey the area of the lands in question has been found to be 43 acres and 5 guntas, or 2 acres and 2½ guntas less. There is always some difference between the old measurement and that made during Survey Settlement and from the mere fact that there is a difference between the two measurements it cannot be presumed that there is any encroachment; and as clear proof of such encroachment was wanting in this case, the Government directed that the demand against Mr. Srinivasa Rao's son be calculated at the old assessment of Rs. 131—8—5 up to the year of the introduction of the Survey Settlement into the Taluk, on the distinct understanding that Mr. Srinivasa Rao pays up the * Acres. 35 G. 37 Sq. Yards. 60 † Acres. 45 G. 26 Sq. Yards. 54

Serial No	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				arrears due at once. From the year Sarvadhari 1888—89 the assessment imposed by the Survey Settlement shall be levied.
2	4373—208.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Petition No. 43 of 8th April 1889. *Petitioner* .. Syed Abbas *Vs* Syed Hasham son of Gaus Sahib of Anekal Petitioner's father Gaus Sahib was the registered Patel of Kasaba Anekal and was also doing the duties of 4 other villages, *viz.*, (1) Kurubarhatti, (2) Kavalahosahalli, (3) Aldenhalli and (4) Jundenhalli. Kasaba Anekal apparently includes the Doddakere, *i. e.*, the lands under the Amanikere Tank. On his death in 1877, his son Syed Abbas was registered as Patel of Kasaba Anekal Doddakere and (Bechirakh) Kurubarhatti, and his uncle Syed Hasham was appointed to do duty as Gumasta during his minority, the remaining three villages being given to others. * 1 Kavalhosahalli. 2. Aldenhalli. 3. Jundenhalli. In February 1889, the Deputy Commissioner proposed to separate Kurubarhatti and Doddakere kane from the charge of the Patel of Kasaba Anekal and to appoint Syed Hasham to them independently of Syed Abbas. Petitioner Syed Abbas appeals against this arrangement. *Decision.*—Syed Abbas' claim to the Patelship of Kasaba Anekal, Kurubarhatti and Doddakere was indisputable. The only point for decision was whether the charge of all the three villages was not so large as to warrant a division as proposed by the Deputy Commissioner on public grounds. The Government were of opinion that the duties connected with all the 3 villages could easily be performed by one Patel. These were registered in 1877 in the name of Syed Abbas and during his minority his uncle Syed Hasham was appointed only as *Gumasta* for the performance of the duties. Now that Syed Abbas has attained majority and is competent to carry on the duties of Patel, there was no sufficient reason for dividing the charge. Syed Abbas as the registered Patel of the said 3 villages was permitted to assume charge of the office from Syed Hasham and the Deputy Commissioner was requested to issue orders accordingly.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
3	4690—65.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Appeal No. 1624 of 29th October 1889.

Appellant. — Puttappa of Mallodu, Holalkere Taluk, Chitaldroog District.

Vs.

Respondent. — Shamanna.

This is an appeal against the decree of the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, dismissing the suit brought by the Appellant for the Shanbhog hak of the Mallodu Firka.

The facts of the case are briefly as follows :—

The Shanbhog hak of the 5 Firkas mentioned below belonged to the family of the Petitioner. Of these 2 Firkas were registered at the Katcha Potigi Settlement in the name of the Appellant's late father, and the others in the names of the other members of the family; but in the Pakka Potigi Settlement, the Katcha Potigi arrangement was altered and only one Firka was registered in the Appellant's name. The arrangements made at the two settlements were as shown hereunder :—

	Names registered at the Katcha Settlement.	Names registered at the Pakka Settlement.
1. Mallodu Firka— 5 villages, salary Rs. 60 ...	Appellant's father.	Respondent.
2. Ilugondahalli Firka— 4 villages, salary Rs. 44½ ...	Do	Channappa.
3. Lingadahalli Firka— 6 villages, salary Rs. 46 ...	Krishnappa.	Appellant.
4. Karchalli Firka— 5 villages, salary Rs 47 ..	Respondent's brother Tammanna.	Krishnappa.
5. Ajja Kamsagar Firka— 5 villages, salary Rs. 47 ...	Do	Respondent's brother Tammanna.

Appellant having thus got at the Pakka Potigi Settlement only one Firka instead of two which stood in his father's name, he brought a suit in November 1888 for the possession of the Mallodu Firka.

The Police Assistant Commissioner, who heard the case, dismissed the suit on the ground that the appointments at the Pakka Potigi Settle-

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				ment were made with the consent of the Appellant's late father and that they should not therefore be cancelled. The Deputy Commissioner who heard the case on appeal remarked that the real claim of the Appellant was for half of all the 25 villages, and if so, he should have brought the suit against all the persons in possession of the Firkas instead of against the Respondent only and further agreeing with the Court below, that the arrangements made at the Pakka Potigi were with the consent of the Appellant's father, rejected the appeal. Held that even granting that Appellant's late father consented to the arrangements made at the Pakka Potigi Settlement, there was nothing to show that such consent was given under circumstances which would be legally binding on the son in a matter of hereditary hak like the present. The case was therefore remanded to the Deputy Commissioner for re-investigation and decision on the merits after making all the holders of the five Firkas as Defendants in the case.
4	4691—238.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Appeal No. 1522 of 16th October 1889. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Gantebora of Tattihalli, Nagamangala Taluk, Mysore District. — Honna. This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner declining to enforce a Razinama presented by the Respondent transferring his land to Appellant. In November 1888, a Razinama was presented by Respondent transferring his land to Appellant. This was accepted by the Amildar on 30th March 1888, with a remark that it was presented in person. But before the registry took place, the Respondent withdraw the Razinama, and Appellant also presented a petition on 31st May 1888 to cancel the Razinama. The Razinama was accordingly left unenforced. Appellant now denies his petition and claims transfer according to the original agreement, but Respondent objects. The Deputy Commissioner declined to enforce the Razinama and the appeal is against this order. *Decision.*—The Government considered this appeal inadmissable, whether the petition was

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				actually presented by Petitioner or not, it is a fact that the Respondent withdrew the Razinama before it was enforced and no effect could be given to a Razinama so withdrawn. Appeal dismissed.
5	4692—166.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Appeal No. 2319 of 30th January 1890. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Rangappa of Nilatanahalli, Kunigal Taluk, Tumkur District. — Puttaiya. In the Shanbhogi register, date not known, Respondent is entered as the Baravardar and the Appellant's name is entered as Gumasta. Appellant became old and inefficient and requested that his son-in-law, Venkat Rao, may be appointed in his place. The Respondent objected and the Deputy Commissioner gave him (Respondent) the appointment. The Appellant states that the Respondent is not the Baravardar but that his maternal uncle of the same name is the Baravardar. He admits however that he was appointed by Respondent's father as his Gumasta. *Decision.*—Whatever might be the title of the Respondent to the office, it being admitted that the Appellant was appointed as a Gumasta by the Respondent's father, he cannot be permitted to dispute the Respondent's title and claim the office himself. Appeal rejected.
6	4800—250.	8th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Docket No. 459, dated 16th July 1890, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, reporting upon the Petition of Alasingrachari, complaining that he has been assessed with the full water-rate of Rs. 4 an acre for taking Government river channel to irrigate his lands therewith, though he has had to construct an expensive work to make water available for his use. As the water taken by the Petitioner was the tail water of the Ramaswami Channel which used to run to waste, and as such it was at best

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				an uncertain supply and as the Petitioner had t spend a large amount estimated at about Rs. 30 for constructing the acqueduct necessary to tak the water, the Government reduced the wate rate payable to Rs. 3 an acre under clause 2 o para 1 of Notification sanctioned in Proceeding No. 5012-20—Cir. 127, dated 5th Decembe 1887.
7	5388-9—77.	16th	The Survey Supt. and the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	This was a referece made by the Superintendent of Revenue Survey in his letters Nos. 544 and 685 of 31st October and 8th December 1888 respectively, recommending the imposition of the highest dry rate of assessment on certain lands irrigated by anikats constructed by private enterprise. Between the years 1866 and 1871 Mr. Walker constructed at his own expense two anikats across a nala running through his land at Herganhalli in the Nagamangala Taluk, and, under the authority conveyed in the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner's letter No. 877—7, dated 24th May 1872, he was allowed to retain the lands which were irrigated by the anikats, and which were in his possession previous to their construction, "at the dry land rates paid by him thereon at that time, subject to revision at the general re-settlement of the Taluk by the Revenue Survey." This order was in accordance with the provisions of para 5 of the late Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 227, dated 31st March 1863. 2. Mr. Walker transferred his right to the lands in question to one Ranga Mestri, in whose possession they are at present. The area of wet land, as ascertained by the Survey, is 27 acres and 20 grants, assessable at Rs. 95—8—0 at wet rates. The Survey Superintendent's proposal to impose on these lands the highest dry land rate adopted for the village in which they are situated, was sanctioned by Government.
8	5492—75.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Appeal No 2100 of 19th November 1888. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Somaiya of Kattiganahalli, Jagalur Taluk, Chitaldroog District. — Channappa. This is an appeal against the decree of the Deputy Commissioner in case No. 3 of 1888—89.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				The Appellant and Respondent are the descendants of two brothers and have admittedly equal right to the office of Patel. Prior to 1882, Respondent's father was the Patel of the village, but in that year he resigned the office in favor of the Appellant. The Deputy Commissioner refused to accept the resignation and appointed Appellant as Gumasta of the Patel. In 1888 Respondent's father requested that his own son might be appointed in his place and this was sanctioned. Appellant then brought a suit, and the Deputy Commissioner finding that that both the Appellant and Respondent were equal sharers, directed that each of them should hold the office for 6 years, and that as Appellant had already held the office for 6 years, the Respondent should hold it for the next 6 years. The present appeal is against this order. The Appellant's contention was that since Respondent's father had once resigned the office in favor of the Appellant, he had no right to claim the office on behalf of his son and that therefore the appointment of the Respondent made in 1888 was irregular. The Government were unable to accept this view. Held that the resignation of Respondent's father in favor of the Appellant not having been accepted by Government, there was nothing to prevent the appointment of the Respondent. The present order of the Deputy Commissioner was perfectly equitable and was therefore confirmed.
5499—76.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.		Appeal No. 2111 of 9th January 1890. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondents.* Palapate Timmaiya. 1. Hanumaiya. 2. Timmaiya. This is an appeal against the decision of the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog in suit No. 1 of 1889—90, claiming the office of Patel of Ramajogihalli in the Chellakere Taluk. Up to 1877 both the Appellant and the Respondent were doing the duties. In 1877 the Respondent's grandfather alone was appointed. He died in 1884 and 1st Respondent's father succeeded him. He also died in 1888, and 1st

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				Respondent was appointed. Appellant brought the suit in July 1889. The 2nd Respondent is the Gumasta of the 1st. The lower court considered that the cause of action arose in 1877 when the Respondent's grandfather was appointed, and accordingly dismissed the suit as barred by the Law of Limitation Appellant contended that the suit was not barred because Respondent's grandfather was appointed in 1877 under the general rule that there should be only one Patel for a village, and he could not therefore have brought the suit before his (Respondent's grandfather's) death which took place in 1884. Held that the argument of the Appellant was valid and that the cause of action could only be said to have arisen in 1884 when the Respondent's grandfather died. The case was accordingly remanded for disposal on its merits.
10	5500—295.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Appeal No. 2083 of 20th December 1890. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Narasimhachar of Seringapatam. — Kallegauda, Javarna Mada, &c. This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner dated 10th September 1889, cancelling the revenue sale which took place on 5th April 1889 and in which Petitioner purchased the land in dispute. The facts are these :— On 24th April 1875 one Rangaiengar presented a relinquishment of his wet land No. 112—178 (4 Kolagas and ¾ Pudis assessment Rs. 3—10—0). One Naika Ramanujaiengar presented a darkhast for the same land on 27th April 1875. The locality applied for was found to have been mixed up with the lands of Kallegauda Boregauda and Javarna Mada, and they agreed on 29th July 1875, to pay the assessment of the land darkhasted for. On 31st December 1875 Rangaiengar wished to cancel his relinquishment and asked the Amildar to take the assessment through Ramanujaiengar. The Deputy Commissioner upon the Amildar's report refused, in June 1876, to cancel the relinquishment and

Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
			ordered the Patta to be issued to the three individuals above named with assessment for past 5 years, as they enjoyed the land without any payment. On 12th July 1878, the Division Commissioner cancelled the order of the Deputy Commissioner and ordered the land to be separated and made over to Rangaiengar. The land was accordingly made over to Ramanujaiengar on behalf of Rangaiengar on 16th January 1879. On 1st October 1880, Ramanujaiengar complained that the occupants did not give him possession of the land. The Assistant Commissioner referred him to the Civil Courts on 18th July 1884. In Parthiva 1885—86 Rangaiengar fell in arrear. In the Survey the land under dispute having been included by the Survey Department in the lands of the three individuals named above, the Sub-Division Officer directed, in January 1887, that the land should be separated and sold for the arrears due. The sale took place accordingly on 5th April 1889, when Petitioner purchased the land for Rs. 44. Upon this Boregauda's son Maridevegauda complained that the land was not properly separated and that it had been sold to him. This complaint was rejected and the revenue sale confirmed on 26th June 1889 by the Sub-Division Officer. Maridevegauda appealed to the Deputy Commissioner who cancelled the sale on 10th September 1889 on the ground that the complainant had all along been in possession of the land and ordered the arrears te be recovered by other means. The present appeal is against this order. The Government observed that there was no fraud in the sale. If the Respondents who were in possession of the land wanted to save it from the revenue sale, they should have paid the arrear, but as they failed to do so, the sale which was legal in every way could not be cancelled. The Respondent argued that the land said to have belonged to Rangaiengar had really no existence and that what was called his was really the Patta land of the Respondents on which separate assessment was paid. This plea was held to be inadmissible because the revenue accounts showed that the defaulter Rangaiengar had a land whose boundaries were once duly determined and that the same land was put in possession of Rangaiengar in 1879. The sale was confirmed and the Deputy Commissioner's order appealed against reversed.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
11	5501—189.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District,	Appeal No. 396 of 4th June 1889. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Hutchu Viregauda, Patel of Kadaba, Gubbi Taluk. — Yachi Srinivasaiengar. This is an appeal against the order of th Deputy Commissioner, dated 14th August 188 appointing Respondent as Patel of Amanikere, hamlet of Kadaba. The facts of the case are these :— Neither Kadaba nor its hamlet Amanike had a Patel prior to 1868. In that year th Amildar forwarded on arzi to the Deputy Com missioner stating that Kadaba was a large villag with an "Amanikere" or a large tank, and th appointment of a Patel for it was absolutely nece sary. Petitioner's father, who was an influenti raiyat was then appointed as Patel, but the orde appointing him merely stated that he was appoin ed as Patel of Kadaba without any particula mention of Amanikere. Petitioner's father an after him Petitioner continued to do the duties both Kadaba and Amanikere, but the duties Patel for Amanikere appear to have been perform ed partly by the Shanbhog of the village. I 1887 the Amildar taking advantage of the non mention of the Amanikere in the order of 186 reported that Amanikere had no Patel and re commended one Venkatachari for the pos Petitioner then objected to the appointment of stranger, but his objection was over-ruled, and th Respondent, who was altogether a stranger, wa appointed to the post in August 1888. The pre sent appeal is against this appointment. Although the order of 1868 does not sta that the Petitioner's father was appointed Pat of both Kadaba and its hamlet Amanikere, th correspondence clearly showed that he was a pointed Patel of Amanikere as well as of Kadab and there was also evidence that the Petitioner father and Petitioner performed the duties of bot the villages though somewhat imperfectly as re gards Amanikere. Held that the appointment of the Respo dent in 1888 was irregular. The order of th Deputy Commissioner was cancelled and it wa ordered that the Appellant be recognized as Pat of both Kadaba and its hamlet Amanikere.

Office of the Dewan of Mysore,
Bangalore, 31st August 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,

FOR

SEPTEMBER 1890.

PART I, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.
DECISIONS OF GOVERNMENT IN REVENUE CASES.

PART II, IN ABSTRACT.

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REVENUE.
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BANGALORE:
PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS
1890.

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PART I.

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Nil.

PART I.

REVENUE.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 1st September 1890.

READ—

Letter No. 201, dated 26th July 1889, from the Deputy Commissioner of Kadur with enclosures.

No. 6317-25—CIR. 130, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—From the correspondence received with the letter above read, it appears that land, Survey No. 17 measuring 8 acres and 2 guntas and bearing an assessment of Rs. 3 in Kamandrug Village of the Tarikere Taluk, is unoccupied Government land assessed at dry crop rates and has always remained waste. Coffee Planter Mr. Oliver applied for it for building cooly lines on, as no unassessed land suitable for his purpose is available in the neighbourhood, and he does not wish his coolies to live at Santaveri where (it being a Government village) they have to pay house-tax in accordance with the Mohatarfa rules. Mr. Oliver agreed to pay the permanent coffee rate of Rs. 1—8—0 per acre instead of the present dry crop rate of 6 annas per acre. The Deputy Commissioner first informed Mr. Oliver that the land being an assessed number could not be granted under the rules applicable for the grant of lands for purposes connected with coffee cultivation, but afterwards consulted the Survey Superintendent who has recorded his opinion that there are good grounds for complying with Mr. Oliver's application. The Deputy Commissioner accordingly recommends the grant.

2. Government observe that there is nothing in the rules to prevent land being used, within the limits laid down in Section 63 of the Land Revenue Code, for purposes connected with coffee cultivation, though it may have been assessed for purposes of agriculture other than coffee. In cases of the kind under reference (of which that disposed of in Proceedings No. 3883-6—Cir 69, dated 18th July 1890, is an example) the difference lies, not in the purpose for which the land is held, but in the tenure on which it is held.

3. As in the present case the land is dry crop land assessed so much below the coffee rate, the Government sanction the writing off of the dry crops assessment and the grant of the land at a fair valuation under Rule XII prescribed by the Notification No. 461, dated 25th May 1888, to be held on the permanent coffee tenure at an annual assessment of Rs. 1—8—0 per acre.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur.
The Superintendent, Revenue Survey.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts for information.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 1st September 1890.

READ AGAIN—

Dewan's Proceedings (Camp) No. 458—60, dated 25th May 1888.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTERS :—

From Deputy Commissioner, Kadur, No. 146, dated 7th July 1888.

From Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, No. 215, dated 6th August 1888.

No. 6326-8—182, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—In consultation with the Deputy Commissioners of Kadur and Hassan Districts, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to direct that the limit of extent up to which grants of land under the new Rule XII sanctioned in Proceedings Camp No. 458—60, dated 25th May 1888, may be made by Deputy Commissioners shall be ten acres. The following Notification will accordingly be published in the Mysore Government Gazette :—

Notification.

No. 223.—To Rule No. XII published in Notification No. 461, dated 25th May 1888, the following proviso should be added:—

Provided that in no case shall, the extent of land to be granted by Deputy Commissioners under this Rule XII, exceed ten acres for any single estate without the previous sanction of Government.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Hassan and Kadur Districts.
The Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 1st September 1890.

No. 6628-34—Cir. 138, dated Bangalore, 1st September 1890.

Order.—The accompanying statement showing particulars of lands for which leases for Gold Mining purposes have been granted up to date in the various Districts of the Province, is forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners concerned for information, with a request that they will forward to this office as early as possible, a statement in the annexed form, giving details of the recoveries made, and the balances, if any, outstanding, on account of the assessments due on these lands.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Kolar, Tumkur, Mysore Hassan, Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts.

Statement showing the particulars of lands for which leases for mining purposes have been granted up to date.

District.	Taluk.	Name of Block.	Name of Lessee.	Date of Lease.	Area.			Assessment.			Official year from which assessment is payable.	Remarks.
					Acres.	G.	S. Yds.	Rs.	A	P.		
Shimoga.	Honnali ...	Block No. 1, 1 A and 1 B.	Messrs. Wilson and Co.	30th September 1881	1,964	7	..	1,739	0	0	1881—82	
	Do ...	Block No. 2 ...	Mr. W. Garratt	14th January 1882 ...	645	5	...	647	2	0	1881—82	
	Do ...	Block No. 10 ...	Major-General R. G. Lewis ..	14th January 1882 ...	713	29	...	289	12	0	1881—82	
	Do ...	Block No. 20 ...	Mr. W. Robertson	14th January 1882 ..	641	10	...	374	10	0	1881—82	
	Do ..	Block No. 16 ...	Lieut J. Haddock	14th January 1882 ...	670	4	...	416	12	0	1881—82	
	Do ...	...	Messrs. Wilson and Co.	14th January 1882 ...	685	1	...	684	15	0	1881—82	
	Do ...	Block No 2 ..	Lieut. C. Gough	15th January 1882 ...	700	39	..	415	6	0	1881—82	
	Do ...	...	Mr C. Meenacshaiya	29th April 1882 ...	742	33	...	396	0	0	1882—83	
	Do ...	...	Lieut A. M. Lloyd	5th May 1882 ...	693	13	...	376	7	0	1882—83	
	Do ...	...	Major-General C. G. Ottley ...	11th July 1882 ...	660	...	...	825	8	0	1882—83	
	Do ...	..	Mr. W. G. Stephenson	24th July 1882 ...	677	1	...	593	10	0	1882—83	
	Do ...	No. 21 Israrapara Block.	Mr. D E. W. Leighton	24th July 1882 ...	773	30	...	608	3	0	1882—83	
	Do ...	Block No 13 ...	Mr. Thomas Craig	21st February 1883...	725	1	...	347	8	7	1882—83	
	Do ...	Block No. 8 ...	Mr. Thomas Ottley	21st February 1883 ..	683	1	...	1,155	13	8	1882—83	
	Do ...	. .	Mr. A. M. Smith	19th June 1883 ...	680	12	...	682	6	0	1883—84	

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 1st September 1890.

Tumkur.	Do	...	...	Messrs. Wilson and Co. ...	...26th July 1883 ..	1,639	11	...	1,030	1	0	1883—84		
	Do	...	...	Captain O. W. Gray ...	...26th July 1883 ...	777	6	...	807	14	0	1883—84		
	Do	...	...	Mr. Henry Bill ...	...26th July 1883 ...	799	9	...	1,148	4	0	1883—84		
	Do	...	Block No. 3	Mr. P. A. Cole ...	...25th November 1885 .	632	33	...	657	12	0	1885—86		
	Do	...	...	Colonel G. W. Cole ...	...25th November 1885 .	658	39	...	314	6	0	1885—86		
	Do	...	...	Messrs. Wilson and Co. ...	...11th January 1888 ...	749	31	...	719	5	6	1888—89		
	Shimoga	...	Placer washing Block	Major-General Cole ...	...3rd June 1887 ...	663	12	...	331	10	0	1887—88		
Mysore.	Chiknayakanhalli	...	...	Messrs. J. W. H. V. Ryan & C. Fletcher	2nd February 1882 ...	1,920	...	...	1,099	5	0	1881—82		
	Do	...	...	Major-General H. R. Morgan	..10th July 1882 ...	640	..	...	344	11	0	1882—83		
	Do	...	...	Do do	...1st July 1882 ..	640	...	...	328	14	0	1882—83		
	Do and Kadaba.	...	...	Do do	...7th July 1882 ...	640	...	...	328	14	0	1882—83		
	Chiknayakanhalli	...	...	Mr. C. Howes ...	...20th November 1882	...	...	..	...	.....		...	Since forfeited.	
	Do	...	...	Messrs. Wilson and Co. ...	...25th November 1886	634	18	...	363	4	0	1886—87		
	Kunigal	...	...	The Gold Prospecting Syndicate	...21st September 1886 .	666	20	...	356	14	0	...		
	Chiknayakanhalli	...	...	Brigade Surgeon J. Ross ...	...25th March 1886 ...	640	32	...	348	8	0	...		
	Do	...	...	Mr A. H. Batchelor ...	.. 25th March 1886 ...	654	4	...	337	10	0	...		
	Nanjangud	...	...	Mr. G. G. Brown ...	...3rd June 1882 ...	696	4	79	338	13	3	1882—83		
	Neganasagala	...	...	Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co	...6th November 1882...	626	24	...	224	14	3	1882—83		
	Attikuppa	...	...	Do do ...	...6th November 1882...	274	5	35	151	9	7	1882—83		
	Do	...	...	Do do ...	...6th November 1882...	320	...	...	160	0	0	1882—83		

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 1st September 1890.

District.	Taluk.	Name of Block.	Name of Lessee.	Date of Lease.	Area.			Assessment.			Official year from which assessment is payable.	Remarks.
					Acres.	G.	S. Yds	Rs.	A.	P.		
Mysore.	Nagamangala	...	Messrs. Hinde and Co.	17th January 1885	417	26	33	208	13	3	1884—85	
	Do	...	Do do	17th January 1885	1,725	16	97	862	11	6	1884—85	
	Do	...	Do do	17th January 1885	21	31	71	11	2	1	1884—85	
	Do	...	Do do	17th January 1885	195	20	90	97	12	0	1884—85	
	Do	...	Do do	17th January 1885	234	39	120	118	12	0	1884—85	
	Do	...	Do do	17th January 1885	291	39	33	156	10	9	1884—85	
	Mandya	...	Mr. W. Lendale	10th March 1886	24 Khandis	6 K.	5 P.	168	7	10	1885—86	
	Seringapatam	...	Messrs. McDowell and Co.	19th August 1886	640	...	...	323	6	0	1886—87	
	Do	...	Do do	19th August 1886	586	25	...	254	10	0	1886—87	
	Mandya and Nagamangala	...	Do do	19th August 1886	659	38	...	312	14	0	1886—87	
	Attikuppa	...	Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co	13th September 1886	720	15	...	480	8	9	1886—87	
	Do	...	Do do	13th September 1886	559	24	...	287	13	0	1886—87	
	Do	...	Do do	13th September 1886	596	11	106	298	2	4	1886—87	
	Do	...	Do do	20th September 1886	648	9	31	324	1	0	1886—87	
	Seringapatam and Mandya	...	Do do	20th September 1886	640	...	..	276	12	5	1886—87	
	Do	...	Mr. Brooke Mockett	25th September 1886	577	28	7	288	13	10	1886—87	
	Do	...	Mr. T. T. Thompson	September 1886	631	32	...	337	0	3	1886—87	
	Seringapatam	...	Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.	22nd February 1887	638	8	...	285	12	3	1886—87	

Kolar.	Attikuppa ...	...	Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. ...	10th June 1887 ...	615	33	...	327	4	2	1887—88
	Nagamangala ...	...	Messrs. R. G. Orr and W. Morgan ...	20th February 1888	759	24	74	385	5	9	1887—88
	Mandya ...	...	Do do	20th February 1888	1,160	...	...	571	4	11	1887—88
	Seringapatam ...	...	Mr. J. C. Butterfield	1st December 1888 ...	328	5	...	164	1	0	1888—89
	Bowringpet ...	Railway Block ..	Mysore Concession Co.	31st March 1886 ..	1 107	20	...	637	1	4	1886—87
	Kolar ...	Neutral Block ...	Do do	31st March 1886 ..	905	14	...	776	3	10	1886—87
	Kolar and Mulbagal.	Manighatta ...	Messrs M. F. Lavelle and S R. Turnbull	21st March 1886 ...	1,829	35	...	1,853	10	9	1885—86
	Bowringpet ..	...	Mr F. W Smith	23rd March 1886 ..	628	18	...	226	0	0	1885—86
	Do ...	East Byatarayaswami Block	Mr. M F. Lavelle	18th March 1886 ..	2,164	23	..	1,159	2	4	1885—86
	Do ...	Neutral Ground Block.	Do do	18th March 1886 ...	256	31	...	197	0	3	1885—86
	Do ...	Great Western Reefs Block.	...	...	1,154	32	...	600	7	8	1885—86
	Do ...	...	Mr. F. W. Smith	16th May 1886 ...	222	21	...	Gutta Amount of Krishnarajpur hayamgutta.			1886—87
	Do ...	Benganur and Karpanhalli Plantation.	Major-General Beresford and others ..	7th February 1885 ..	819	24	36	324	0	0	1885—86
	Do ..	...	Messrs. G. Lavelle, H P. Hodgson and P. C. Shaw	14th May 1888 ...	680	26	...	252	0	0	...
Hassan.	Arsikere ...	...	Mr. W. Lonsdale	22nd February 1887 .	657	20	..	569	8	5	1886—87
	Channaraypatna ...	Kempenkote Block.	Messrs. H. F. Strickland and others ...	4th November 1887 .	312	39	...	330	10	0	1887—88
	Arsikere ...	...	Sir Roper Lethbridge	13th December 1887 .	766	16	...	444	2	4	1887—88
	Channaraypatna ...	Madhihalli Block...	Sullobal Gold Mining Syndicate ...	18th March 1889 ...	317	23	...	313	9	2	1888—89
Kadur.	Tarikere ...	Ajjampur do ...	The London Mining and Exploration Co.	31st October 1887 ...	675	24	...	337	14	0	1887—88
	Do ...	Tarikere Block ...	Do do	31st October 1887 ...	674	16	...	334	5	0	1887—88
Chitaldroog.	Gonur Block ..	Chitaldroog Taluk.	Major-General R. A. Cole... ..	30th June 1890 ...	676	...	...	330	6	8	1890—91

Statement showing particulars of lands granted for mining purposes in the District and the Demand, Collection and Balance of the Assessments due thereupon.

District.	Taluk.	Name of Block if any.	Name of Lessee.	Date of Lease.	Area of land included in the lease.			Annual Demand on account of Assessment.							Official year from which payable	Total demand from the year shown in the preceding column up to and inclusive of 1889—90			Remissions granted if any			Amount collected up to date			Balance remaining uncollected			Remarks showing measures adopted for recovery of the outstanding balances
					Acres.	Gunthas	S. Yds.	Assessment.			Local and other cesses.			Total.														
								Rs	A.	P	Rs	A.	P	Rs	A.	P		Years.	Rs	A	P	Years	Rs	A	P	Years	Rs	A	P	

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 2nd September 1890.

READ :—

Docket No. 1119 of the 27th March 1890, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, submitting Remission Statements of the Taluks of Mysore, Yedatore, Hunsur, Heggaddevankote and Gundlupet.

No. 6582-90—CIR. 136, DATED 2ND SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The remission statements of the five Taluks will be considered separately. The Mysore Taluk will be taken up first.

2. The total amount recommended to be remitted is Rs. 7,161-0-7 relating to the years noted in the margin. But the babvar details as given at foot of the statement seem incorrect; the figures given and the correct figures are shown here below side by side :—

	Rs	As.	P.
1876—77	6	0	7
1877—78	9	1	0
1878—79	98	10	1
1879—80	113	13	7
1880—81	202	8	9
1881—82	246	1	11
1882—83	374	9	8
1883—84	558	3	5
1884—85	1,163	2	10
1885—86	1,000	13	2
1886—87	1,555	14	4
1887—88	1,191	3	10
1888—89	604	6	0
1889—90	3	8	9
Boundary mark charges for which the year is not given	27	14	8
Total	7,161	0	7

	Wrong figures.			Correct figures.		
Land Revenue ...	5,345	4	6	5,347	2	6
Huibanni	10	10	2	13	10	2
Amarayi	22	4	8	17	14	6
Lime-kilns ...	49	12	2	56	2	4
Fines	59	3	1	59	3	1
Quit-rent	3	8	0	19	0	0
Local Fund ..	271	1	5	252	2	11
Irrigation Fund ..	3	8	3	3	8	3
Mohatarfa ...	518	1	8	531	12	4
Boundary marks ...	877	10	8	860	8	6
Total	7,161	0	7	7,161	0	7

3. In the cases alluded to in the following (17) paragraphs the amounts recommended for remission cannot be passed without further explanation by the Deputy Commissioner for the reasons mentioned in each case.

4. In case No. 59, there is no reason why the occupancy right of the land subject to the existing condition, that the trees should not be felled, should not be sold. It should be sold accordingly.

Case No. 59.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	24	0	0
Local Cess	1	8	0
	25	8	0

5. In case No. 66, the reasons assigned for remission are not clear. The correspondence in the case with the Inam Superintendent should be submitted.

Case No. 66.	Rs	A.	P.
Land Revenue	69	13	0
Local Fund	4	6	6
	74	3	6

6. In case No. 83 it should be explained why the owner of the house, on which the tax is due, has not been made liable. The tax is on the house and not on the individual.

Case No. 83.	Rs.	A.	P.
House-tax	1	8	0

7. In these two cases (Nos. 123 and 125) it is stated that the land is waste. If, by this, it is meant that the land has already been struck off the defaulters' khate, the arrear may be remitted. If not, the land should be sold after due notice.

Case No. 123.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue .. .	0	15	3
Local Cess	0	1	0
	1	0	3

Case No. 125.			
Land Revenue	17	2	8
Local Cess	1	1	2
	18	3	10

8. It should be explained when and for what reasons previous arrears were remitted as stated in the statement of case No. 211 and the order sanctioning it quoted. The fact of the arrears of previous years having been remitted does not entitle the defaulter to a remission of the arrear of subsequent years, unless the land has been resumed and the amount is shown against the defaulter erroneously.

Case No. 211.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	9	9	0

9. The remarks in case No. 234 are not intelligible. It should be explained when the land was sold and for what arrear and how the non-change of khate affects the question of the arrears.

Case No. 234.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	52	11	0

10. It should be explained when the land in case No. 241 was taken up by the Palace and whether the arrear now proposed to be remitted relates to the years subsequent to the date of the transfer of the lands to the Palace Department.

Case No 241.	Rs.	A.	P
Land Revenue	6	3	0
Local Cess	0	6	3
	6	9	3

11. It should be explained whether the land in each of the cases cited in the margin is wet or dry. If wet, what is the source of irrigation?

Cases No.		Rs.	A.	P.
292	Irrigation Cess ...	0	5	6
293	Do ...	3	2	9

12. In case No. 296 it is of little consequence in whose possession the land is. The khate lands are liable for the arrears due on them. The land should therefore be proceeded against.

Case No. 296.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	86	14	10
Local Cess	5	6	10
Boundary mark charges ...	8	1	11
	100	7	7

13. In case No. 360, the defaulter was probably living in another man's house. If so, the house owner is liable. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to explain if the house in which the defaulter was living has been separately taxed.

Case No. 360.	Rs.	A.	P.
House-tax	2	0	0

14. It should be stated when the lands in the marginally noted cases were taken up for public purposes and in what year the Mohatarfa tax in cases Nos. 482 to 495 and 498 to 521 was transferred to the Municipality. If the arrears are due for previous years, there is no reason why they should not be collected by the sale of defaulters' other property.

Case No.	Land Revenue	Local Cess.	Boundary mark charges	Total.
371 ..	10 11 0	0 10 9	3 12 11	15 2 8
374 ...	3 14 8	0 4 2	... ...	4 2 10
375 ..	7 6 0	0 7 8	.. .. ..	7 13 8
382 to 406 .	44 12 4	2 13 2	26 12 2	74 5 8
414 to 422 ..	19 11 2	1 6 0	4 8 0	25 9 2
425 to 478 ...	62 0 9	4 0 1	20 15 4	87 0 2

	House-tax.	Shop tax	Cart-tax.	Total
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
482 to 495 ..	7 0 0	...	38 4 0	45 4 0
498 to 521 ...	24 2 8	2 0 0	26 4 0	52 6 8

15. The quit-rent is not apparently on the Matt building but on the land on which the building stands or on the lands appertaining to it. If so, the land should be resumed The arrear may be remitted.

Case No 479.	Rs.	A	P.
Quit-rent	4	8	0
Local Cess	0	7	6
	4	15	6

16. It should be stated whether the arrear relates to years prior or subsequent to the acquisition of the lands for public purposes If it relates to the previous years, there is no reason why the arrear should be remitted. The personal property of the defaulters should be proceeded against.

Case No.			Rs.	A.	P.
523	Quit-rent	...	6	12	0
	Local Cess	...	0	9	0
			7	5	0
521	Quit-rent	...	6	12	0
	Local Cess	...	0	9	0
			7	5	0

17. The remarks made in this case are not clear. Why is the Shanbhog responsible and not the defaulter ?

Case No	Amaravi.
	Rs. A P.
543	0 3 10

18. The remarks— "Must pay or land resold", "Land should be put up for sale if these charges are not paid" are manifestly injunctions to the Amildar and not grounds on which the Deputy Commissioner recommends to Government that the arrears should be remitted. It is not explained why these cases were included in the statement.

Cases Nos.	Land Revenue.	L. C.	Total.
548 and 549	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	4 4 0	0 4 3	4 8 3
556	Boundary Mark Charges.		7 6 6

19. These are cases of fictitious names being entered in the "accounts," and the arrears being shown against them. The houses or sites should be sold and if there be no bidders, bought in by Government. Any outstanding balance may be recommended to be remitted.

Cases Nos.	House tax	Rs.	A.	P
566	Do	0	9	0
567	Do	3	0	0
568	Do	2	0	0
569	Do	1	0	0
570	Do	1	8	0

20. It should be stated when and why the lands were resumed and whether the arrears relate to the years previous to resumption or to subsequent years.

Cases Nos		Rs	A	P
609 to 615	Land Revenue ...	33	7	7
	Local Cess	2	1	10
		35	9	5

21. Disallowing the items objected to in the foregoing paragraphs, sanction is accorded to the writing off of the sum of Rs 6,478—8—7 under the following heads in the Demand Collection and Balance accounts of the Mysore Taluk —

	Rs.	As.	P.
Land Revenue	4,893	10	3
Hulbanni	13	10	2
Amanayi	17	10	8
Lime-kilns	56	2	4
Fines	59	3	1
Quit-rent	1	0	0
Local Fund	225	11	9
Irrigation Fund	0	0	0
Mohatarfa	423	8	8
Boundary mark charges	788	15	8
Total .	6,478	8	7

22. In the following cases, the Government do not consider it necessary to disallow the remissions proposed, but wish to make a few observations for the future guidance of the Deputy Commissioner.

Case No. 3

23. Out of the sale proceeds, in case No. 3, Rs. 68—12—9 should have been credited to the arrear due.

Case No. 48.

24. The resumption of khate land for arrears simply because there were date trees on it is wrong. It should have been sold subject to the existing conditions for the preservation of the trees.

Cases Nos.
186
217
373
526 to 528
541 & 542
559 & 606

25. In the cases marginally noted, the house sites have not been sold as they should have been. Even if they do not fetch any money, the sale would give Government an indefeasible right to the property.

Cases Nos. 221 to 224

26. It is not clear how assessed land in occupation for 3 years should have been "so bad as not to be assessed at Survey." Probably they are cases of land forming part of large and unassessed areas taken up after measurement by Survey Department but omitted in the phut-pahani and consequently left at the settlement as part of unassessed land.

27. In case No. 205, it is not clear how occupied land was entered in the settlement records as unassessed waste ; and why the land revenue alone is in arrear for 3 years while the Local Fund cess has apparently been collected.

Case No. 205.

28. If the khatedar is himself the Shanbhog and the outstanding arrear has not been paid by him, it is not clear how it can be a case of embezzlement.

Case No 337.

29. The promise to remit the revenue arrear was irregular and should not have been made without the sanction of the authority competent to sanction the compensation for the lands acquired. The amount of compensation should have been determined without reference to the arrear due on the land.

Cases Nos. 409 to 413.

30. In these cases the defaulters' names are not given.

Cases Nos. 425 and 459.

31. The arrear is remitted ; but it should be explained why only the right, title and interest of the defaulter in the land was sold and not the full right of occupancy.

Case No. 522.

32. It is not stated for what amount of arrear the land was sold and whether the amount fetched was more than the arrear or less. If the sale proceeds were less than the arrear for which the land was sold, the Deputy Commissioner should consider why the amount lost should not be collected from the Shanbhog in consequence of whose neglect, the arrear became irrecoverable.

Case No 555.

33. It should be explained why the purchasers were not put in possession of the lands for one or two years after purchase.

Cases Nos. 579 and 588.

34. The remission statement of the Hunsur Taluk will be taken up next. The arrears to be remitted relate to the years noted in the margin and amount to Rs. 4,207—4—6 as shown below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1876—77	4	11	10
1877—78	24	8	3
1878—79	55	9	7
1879—80	37	7	7
1880—81	63	2	6
1881—82	61	8	4
1882—83	91	0	5
1883—84	105	12	5
1884—85	248	2	9
1885—86	440	13	5
1886—87	1,047	12	10
1887—88	973	12	6
1888—89	934	14	8
Boundary mark charges	117	15	5
Total...	4,207	4	6

			Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	...	...	3,726	10	1
Local Fund	...	...	225	13	2
Mohatarfa	...	...	136	13	10
Boundary mark charges		...	117	15	5
Total...			4,207	4	6

35. Of the 181 cases involved, Government are pleased to accord sanction in all except the following cases the objections to which are mentioned below :—

36. In case No. 66 when the decree was executed and possession of land transferred, the khate should also have been made out in the name of the decree holder. In any case, there is no reason apparent why the land should not be put up to sale. The Deputy Commissioner will order this.

Case No. 66.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue...	40	12	0
Local Cess ...	2	10	7
Total..	43	6	7

37. It is stated that the revised rates were altered in 1887—88. If so, it is not clear why any assessment for 1888—89 is proposed to be remitted. The matter should be explained.

Cases Nos 84 to 122.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	...956	3	7
Local Cess	... 59	2	5
Total...	1,015	6	0

38. The share-holder should be called upon to pay the arrear. If he does not pay, the land may be subdivided and sold.

Case No. 135.

	Rs	A	P.
Land Revenue	8	4	0
Local Cess	..0	8	3
Total.	8	12	3

39. In case No. 141, the reason assigned, *viz*, that "the land property of the defaulters is in dispute" is no reason for exempting from attachment and sale for arears of revenue the land on which the arrears are due.

Case No. 141

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	... 78	11	1
Local Cess	. 3	12	0
Total..	82	7	1

40. Disallowing the above 42 cases, sanction is accorded for writing off Rs. 3,057—4—7 as shown below from the demand collection and balance accounts of the Hunsur Taluk :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	2,642	11	5
Local Fund	159	11	11
Mohatarfa	136	13	10
Boundary mark charges	117	15	6
Total...	3,057	4	7

41. With reference to case No. 15 it is observed that, to report to the Amildar without loss of time the deaths of registered occupants of land should be made one of the most imperative duties of the Shanbhog and the Patel and to register after due enquiry and without delay, the name of the nearest heir in the place of the deceased occupant, is one of the important revenue duties devolving on the Amildar.

Case No. 15.

42. The inam on which the arrear is due should be resumed, that is, charged with full assessment, the arrear being remitted.

Case No. 75.

43. In case No. 147, the Government note that joint khatedars are jointly and severally responsible for the entire demand on the joint khate. But the case is allowed to pass as the arrear is 6 years old.

Case No. 147.

44. Next as to the remissions proposed for the Heggaddevankote Taluk. They aggregate Rs. 516—4—5 as follows and appertain to the years noted in the margin.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1880—81	9	7	5
1881—82	51	6	5
1882—83	12	14	6
1883—84	80	6	6
1884—85	76	13	8
1885—86	104	10	9
1886—87	126	1	11
1887—88	40	5	6
1888—89	14	1	9
Total.....	516	4	5

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue ...	307	1	7
Amarayi ...	0	9	4
Fines	44	0	0
Local Fund ...	16	7	0
Mohatarfa ..	116	13	0
Boundary mark charges...	31	5	6
Total.....516	4	5	

45. In the cases noted in the margin nothing is stated about the disposal of the properties on which the arrears are due. Unless there is any valid reason for not doing so in any case, which if it exists should be explained, the lands on which the arrears are due should be put up to sale It is not clear why the land revenue alone and not local cess also is in arrear in case No. 132.

		Rs	A.	P.
Case No. 87	Land Revenue	5	0	0
	Local Cess	0	10	0
	Total	5	10	0
Do No. 89	Boundary mark charges	0	12	8
Do No. 118	Do do	11	5	6
Do No. 132	Land Revenue	7	13	8

46. Excluding these 4 cases, sanction is accorded for the writing off of Rs. 490—10—7 in the rest as shown below from the demand collection and balance accounts of the Heggaddevankote Taluk.

	Rs	A.	P.
Land Revenue	294	3	11
Amarayi	0	9	4
Fines	44	0	0
Local Fund	15	13	0
Mohatarfa	116	13	0
Boundary mark charges	19	3	4
Total.....490	10	7	

47. Next as to the Yedatore Taluk, the remissions proposed relate to the years noted in the margin and amount to Rs. 436—13—3 as shown below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1877—78	4	11	4
1878—79	4	11	4
1879—80	10	6	3
1880—81	18	6	7
1881—82	19	11	1
1882—83	65	8	8
1883—84	24	0	6
1884—85	33	12	1
1885—86	83	8	9
1886—87	123	4	5
1887—88	48	12	3
Total.....436	13	3	

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue ...	336	15	1
Fines	28	0	2
Local Fund ...	18	2	5
Mohatarfa ...	8	0	0
Boundary mark charges	45	11	7
Total.....436	13	3	

48. Sanction is accorded under the circumstances represented for the writing off of this amount.

49. In this case, the Inam should be resumed.

Case No. 1.

50. Lastly as to the Gundlupet Taluk, the amount recommended for remission is as shown below Rs. 410—4—1 relating to the years noted in the margin.

		Rs.	A.	P.
1877—78	... ...	12	0	10
1878—79	... ...	12	0	10
1879—80	... ...	13	8	10
1884—85	... ...	0	15	11
1885—86	... ..	16	13	7
1886—87	... ...	34	9	0
1887—88	... ...	130	10	1
1888—89	... ...	189	9	0
	Total.....	410	4	1

		Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	...	222	13	10
Amarayi	...	1	2	8
Local Fund	...	13	1	10
Mohatarfa	...	2	0	0
Boundary mark charges	..	111	10	5
Notice fees and interest	..	59	7	4
	Total.....	410	4	1

51. The remission statement received from the Deputy Commissioner consists of 3 lists of cases, each list beginning with a different series of numbers, and one case not bearing a number at all. For convenience of reference, all the cases are in the Dewan's office numbered consecutively from 1 to 35, and the Deputy Commissioner is requested to cause his office copy to be corrected accordingly.

52. In the 3 cases noted in the margin, no reason has been assigned for not proceeding against the properties on which the revenue is due. The reason should be explained if any valid reason exists, or the properties sold.

		Rs.	A.	P.
Case No. 20	Land Revenue	36	4	7
	Local Fund	1	11	4
	Notice fee and interest	28	5	8
	Total.....	66	5	7
Case No. 21	Land Revenue	1	5	3
	Local Fund	0	1	3
	Notice fee and interest	1	0	11
	Total	2	7	5
Do No. 23	Land Revenue	0	12	8
	Notice Fee	0	8	0
	Total.....	1	4	8

53. Excluding these 3 cases, sanction is accorded for writing off the outstanding balances in the other cases from the Demand Collection and Balance accounts of the Gundlupet Taluk. They will amount to Rs. 340—2—5 as follows —

		Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	... ...	184	7	4
Amarayi	... ...	1	2	8
Local Fund	... ...	11	5	3
Mohatarfa	... ...	2	0	0
Boundary mark charges	... ...	111	10	5
Notice fees and interest	... .	29	8	9
	Total.....	340	2	5

54. The information called for in the several cases noticed above, should be submitted as soon as possible.

55. The Government are not satisfied with the manner in which the statements of remissions have been prepared. The incorrect wording of some of the remarks and the defective information they furnish show that they have not been carefully examined by the Deputy Commissioner and revised by him. More care should be taken in future.

56. In several cases, large sums have been recommended to be written off, in consequence of the embezzlements made by the Shanbhogs. This shows want of proper examination of the village accounts, periodically, and enquiry into arrears in proper time.

57. In many cases, it is stated that the lands have been sold and that no bidders were forthcoming or that the defaulter has deserted and the land is waste; but it is not stated whether such lands have been resumed by Government and brought under the head of unoccupied lands. Probably they have been, but if not, steps should be immediately taken for their being resumed and sold to future applicants according to the rules recently issued.

58. In several cases, the arrears appear to have accrued in consequence of the delay on the part of the Taluk officials in reporting deaths and desertion of the khatedars. Care should be taken that such delays do not recur. Ordinarily, the whole arrear must either be collected within the year following that to which the arrear relates or if found irrecoverable recommended to be written off. The Jamabandi officer should go into the list of arrears carefully at the Jamabandi and pass his orders.

59. In several cases, house-tax is proposed to be remitted on the ground that the house does not belong to the defaulter. It must be remembered that the house on which the tax is charged is liable to be sold whether the house belongs to the defaulter or to another.

60. In future, all lands sold but for which there are no proper bids should be bought in by Government and not resumed. The price for which the Government buy should be debited to "Purchase of lands" and credited towards the "arrears". The Comptroller will issue the necessary instructions.

61. Lands on which arrear may be due may be absolutely relinquished by the holders, but it is always better for Government officers to sell them at once for arrears of revenue and if there be no bidders to buy them for Government as such a course would obviate all future disputes and objections against their being made liable for the arrears. Transfers of lands on which arrears are due may also be accepted but the transferrees must be informed that the land would be liable to be sold even for arrears of years previous to the transfer.

62. In the case of Mohatarfa proposed to be remitted, the *bab* or item to which it relates, that is, whether it is cart tax or loom tax, should be stated. In several cases, the tax appears to have been shown in the accounts even after the profession or trade on account of which the charge was made has ceased. This shows that the Jamabandi is not properly conducted. Care should be taken, that the Jamabandi officer goes into each item and satisfies himself that the charge every year has been properly made.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Comptroller.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS:—

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 891, dated Bangalore, 23rd March 1889.

I have the honor to forward the marginally noted papers relating to the proposed revision of the assessment of the Seringapatam Taluk of the Mysore District.

1. Report No. 813, dated 13th February 1889, with 6 accompaniments.
2. Mysore Deputy Commissioner's letter No 21, dated 20th idem.
3. Survey Superintendent's letter No. 848, dated 27th idem, with one enclosure.
4. Mysore Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 2393, dated 16th March 1889, with 3 enclosures.

2. There has been a somewhat prolonged discussion regarding the suitability of the proposed rates, owing to the difficulty which the Deputy Commissioner evidently finds in reconciling himself to the proposed assessment of the channel irrigated lands, in the upper and lower sections respectively. The Deputy Commissioner is distinctly opposed to the gradation of rates for channel lands, as sketched out and illustrated at paras 22 and 23 of my Report, while the Sub-Division Officer is in favor of my proposals generally.

3. I do not know whether Mr. Ananda Row is quite serious in advancing the theory (para 8) that because Government finds greater difficulty and labor involved in supplying water to the lower than to the higher sections that, therefore, the gradation of rates should be in inverse ratio to what I have proposed, and the further down the channel the higher should be the assessment if the supply of water be the same in both cases. I have no wish to distort the Deputy Commissioner's meaning but the above really seems to be his proposition. It is probably only an extreme theory advanced as an argument against any gradation of rates at all, for in the same para the Deputy Commissioner writes "that assessment should be lowered with "reference to diminishing facility of water supply is a proposition the justice of which "cannot be denied."

If the Deputy Commissioner really believes that the time, to which he hopefully looks forward, will come when, under a perfected system of channel conservancy, the supply of water, high and low, will be equally ample and regular, I cannot question the basis of his theory although I do not concur at all in the theory itself. My own opinion is that great difficulty, on the part of Government, in supplying water is synonymous with uncertainty and risk to the cultivator, especially as regards sugar-cane, while even ordinary rice crops are not allowed by some experienced people to be entirely free from risk. The cultivator is aware of the great risk as regards sugar-cane cultivation and therefore does not grow sugar-cane. In the 31 villages the original classification of which I reduced, the Deputy Commissioner himself shows that there is little or no cane grown.

4. I see no good likely to result from discussing the portions of the Deputy Commissioner's letter which are directed, especially at para 7, against the general principles on which our settlements are framed, as I have already touched upon all needful points in my Report and in my letter No. 848 of the 27th February 1888, which last was elicited to meet objections made and further information desired by the Deputy Commissioner.

5. All that appears necessary is to examine with due care whether the Deputy Commissioner has given any good and sufficient reasons for in any way altering my proposals. Looking at the vast importance of the present settlement and the large interests at stake, I embodied in my proposals a question relating purely to classification. I have no right, therefore, to complain if the classification itself is made the subject of criticism, as well as the general settlement which is based upon it, although I confess I did not anticipate such criticism of a purely departmental operation. No one dispassionately reading Colonel Bowen's letter No. 101 of the

8th December 1888 attached can doubt that he advocates at least some difference between the rates in the upper and lower sections, while Major Kensington went further still and advocated a "rapidly increasing ratio" in gradation of rates. Colonel Bowen rightly says that the task of providing such a difference as was necessary would be a delicate one. I can only say that I have spared no pains in doing what was required, but I am not vain enough to suppose that my work has been free from errors of judgment. I have however acted to the best of my ability and at any rate on an intimate knowledge of our system of classification which alone would enable any one to do what was needful.

6. I will briefly notice the reasoning adopted by the Deputy Commissioner against any gradation of rates. In the 31 villages, in which I modified the original classification, the almost total absence of sugar-cane is adduced as an argument against any interference with the original classification, but surely the very absence of this superior cultivation is the strongest argument that could possibly be used in favor of what I have done. It was, for reasons not very dissimilar, that Government, in the case of certain villages transferred from Arkalgud to Yedatore, adopted the original in preference to the revised classification which had been directed to be carried out.

Dewan's Proceedings No. 253—63, 16th April 1884, Para 4.

7. I do not think the classification finally adopted in the present case can be disturbed with any advantage. Mr. Butcher bears evidence in his letter No. 1659 of the 23rd August 1888, which I have not considered it necessary to attach, to the unsatisfactory state of the water supply in the lower and branch channels and the raiyats themselves have been by no means silent on the subject. In the 31 villages concerned, the assessment would, unless I had modified the original classification, have been raised from Rs. 51,142 (channel lands only) to Rs. 85,343 and, even now, they have their assessment on channel rice lands raised by about Rs. 20,000; besides this there is a considerable increase on the dry and garden lands in these villages. The Deputy Commissioner is almost inclined to accuse me, if I may judge from the 7th para of his letter, of consulting expediency, rather than strict justice, and even of timidity, in not increasing the assessment of these 31 villages by some Rs. 35,000 instead of Rs. 20,000. I can only repeat that I found reasons which appeared to me to suffice for the course of action I adopted.

8. The question of classification, which I submit might have safely been left undiscussed, having been disposed of, I take up the Deputy Commissioner's suggestion that enough revenue has not been obtained from the channel lands in this Taluk under my proposals I stated at para 36 of my report that I was of opinion that more revenue might safely be taken, but at the same time I gave my reasons for refraining from adding more heavily to the existing demand. Of these, the great inequality with which the new assessment would fall with reference to past collections, and the intrinsic weight of the new rates which, if not high, are certainly not low, were prominently mentioned.

9. I fully admit the truth and weight of the remarks made by the Deputy Commissioner at para 12 of his letter regarding the advantages enjoyed by the holders of channel lands who have no Nirganti to pay and who occupy altogether an enviable position, being comparatively independent of the vicissitudes of climate The retention of the special cess of 8 annas per khandi appears inconsistent with the introduction of the Survey Settlement and the promises already given in Taluks containing channel lands. If the holders of channel irrigation lands are in a better condition and have fewer servants to pay than the holders of tank irrigated lands, the fact no doubt points to the justice of a relatively higher assessment, but it appears to me that the clearing of weeds must be a heavy tax on the holders of channel lands. The point sought to be established, by which I mean the advantages enjoyed by the holders of channel lands, appears in the present case to be important only so far as it suggests adopting higher rates than those proposed by me.

Against adopting higher rates, is the fact that, if we did so, we should be adopting higher maximum rates than in any of the adjoining settled Taluks, a step which I am not inclined to advocate.

10. The proposed settlement gives an immediate gain of about Rs. 18,000, after deducting the amount required for contribution to the Irrigation Fund and the amount required for paying Patels and Shanbhogs. The bulk of the increase falls upon the 31 villages the classification of which I have modified but, whether this had been so or not, I think it is quite clear that the suggestion of the Deputy Commissioner to seek for an addition to the revenue by falling back on the original classification which was deliberately revised, on grounds believed to be thoroughly sound, cannot be adopted. I have distinctly stated my opinion that the maximum rates could be raised for channel irrigated lands and if desired I will propose somewhat higher rates but I am inclined to recommend the Government, for reasons already given, to be content with what has been proposed.

11. I shall feel greatly obliged by the present question being taken up as early as possible and the necessary orders being issued as the settlement papers are all ready or very nearly so.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 813, dated Bangalore, 13th January 1889.

I have the honor to submit the following proposals for the revision of the assessment of the Seringapatam Taluk of the Mysore District.

2. I append the usual report by the classing officer as well as a sketch map of the Taluk. Under the peculiar circumstances attaching to the Taluk under report, I have found it necessary to open a correspondence with the Superintending Engineer on the subject of channel irrigation. Copies of this correspondence will be found appended.

3. The Taluk of Seringapatam is divided into the following Maganis or subdivisions:—

No.	Name of Magani.	Government villages.	Alienated villages.	Kavals.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Seringapatam *alias* Bangardoddi Nala ..	1	...	...	1	
2	Melkote	38	3	...	41	
3	Tirumalsagar Chattra	35	2	...	37	
4	Kyatanhalli	12	1	...	13	
5	Haravu	17	...	...	17	
6	Kirangur	19	1	...	20	
7	Shettihalli	34	4	1	39	
8	Arkere	16	4	1	21	
9	Chaudagal	16	1	...	17	
10	Palhalli	5	...	..	5	
11	Belgula	15	3	...	18	
	Total.....	208	19	2	229	

4. I concur generally in the accuracy of the description of this Taluk given by Mr. Barker and in the conclusions which he has arrived at. I shall therefore, without going unnecessarily over the same ground, deal with only such portions of that officer's report as refer to the immediate question of revising the assessment.

5. The map will best show the position and constitution of this important Taluk and of the famous town which is its Head-quarter.

6. *General description.*—The bulk of the Taluk, it will be seen at a glance, comes in for a large share in the great system of river channel irrigation and, for this reason, much more than on account of the fertility of its soil which is by no means remarkable, it presents in its villages, its houses and its rayats, an appearance of prosperity not often exceeded in this Province. The Maganis of Melkote and Tirumalsagar chattra are alone remote from the Cauvery and have no channel irrigation, and tank irrigation only in a moderate degree. Both Maganis are distinct from the rest of the Taluk and much more closely resemble, in their character and circumstances, the adjoining portions of the Attikuppa, Nagamangala and Mandya Taluks which so closely and narrowly confine them on three sides. The villages in these two Maganis appear however to be flourishing in spite, as I shall show further on, of the heavy burden of assessment, not intrinsically, but in comparison with the bulk and more favored portion of the Taluk, which they have had to bear.

7. *Climate.*—All the villages under report enjoy a fairly good average rain-fall and the climate, if we except the valley of the Cauvery which has a bad reputation, is fairly healthy. I believe however that sanitary and other changes, more especially near Seringapatam itself, must have led to a great improvement in the general health although an evil reputation still clings to the place.

8. *Railway, Roads and Markets.*—I need not expatiate on the advantages in respect of Railway, Roads, Markets and general facility in disposing of produce, enjoyed by the villages under report. Those are not only well known but will be more readily understood from the Map than from any description of mine. I need only remark that while, generally speaking, these advantages are present in a high degree, there are nevertheless a few comparatively outlying corners the villages in which are at a disadvantage and will therefore have to be treated considerately in distributing the new assessment. As regards Markets, Mr. Barker mentions only the French Rocks, where a large one is held every Thursday, but with such facilities of export and import there could be no better situated local market. I imagine also that at the Jatras at Seringapatam, the Karighatta hill and at Melkote, some trading is done. However this may be, there can be no doubt about the very favorable position which the Taluk occupies with reference to means of communication generally.

9. *Soils.*—The soils are very varied, good (uniformly good according to Mr. Barker) under the channels but of comparatively light order, and by no means uniform, elsewhere. On the upper sides of the channels, I noticed much poor and shallow soil and in the direction of the Mandya Taluk generally there are some poorly populated and wild, but not very extensive, stretches of country. There is however, setting the channel lands aside, a good deal of very fairly good soil in the valleys and bottoms elsewhere.

10. *Crops.*—The crops are described by Mr. Barker at para 6. They present no peculiarity calling for comment unless it be in the case of sugar-cane. This cultivation is stated by Mr. Barker to be even now extensive and the Superintending Engineer of Mysore bears witness to the rapidity with which it is extending. The scale upon which sugar-cane is likely to be cultivated, while promising well for the future wealth of the raiyats, furnishes some problems both for the Settlement Officer and the Irrigation Department and will be more specifically noticed as I proceed. The gardens range from some high class gardens under the channels to some that are merely handwatered and with only minor produce. Of the dry crops it need only be said that in favored spots where the soil is good, the climate admits of two crops being raised occasionally.

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11. *Statistics.*—The following statement exhibits the results of statistics collected during classification in the 208 Government villages, the assessment of which is to be revised :—

Villages.	Houses.	Population.	Square miles.	Cattle.	Ploughs.	Carts	Markets	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
208	14,466	64,436	245	88,461	8,905	1,805	1	

The population is, on the whole area, 263 to the square mile which compares as per margin with adjoining Taluks already settled. As in the Mysore Taluk so here, but in a less degree, the presence of a large town swells the population but, making every allowance, there can be no doubt that the Seringapatam Taluk has as dense an agricultural population as any of its neighbours. The number of carts possessed by the raiyats is a good sign and altogether I regard the indication of resources furnished by the figures given above as very satisfactory. Mr. Barker says nothing about the effect of the famine on the tract under report. In the famine map it is shown as only slightly affected. On this point I would invite attention to my remarks at para 11 of the Settlement report on the Mysore Taluk. As a matter of fact the channels saved the tract and led to the conclusions arrived at by the Famine Commissioner, but that some parts of the Taluk and the dry lands generally suffered, there can be little doubt. There was of course the great benefit, both direct and indirect, from the channels but the dry crops "per se" must have suffered just as much as elsewhere in proportion to actual rainfall.

Mysore ...	392
Mandya ...	182
Nagamangala	152
Attikuppa ...	185

12. The villages under report have been divided up by Survey as follows :—

Description of land.	Government		Inams.		Total.		Grand Total, Government and Inam.
	Occupied acres.	Culturable waste acres.	Occupied acres.	Culturable waste acres.	Occupied acres.	Culturable waste acres.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dry Crop ...	59,360	7,885	3,711	...	63,071	7,885	70,956
Rice ...	20,796	35	1,067	...	21,863	35	21,898
Garden ...	2,449	17	184	...	2,633	17	2,650
Total.....	82,605	7,937	4,962	...	87,567	7,937	95,504
Total area of Roads, Tanks, Village sites, &c.							61,485
Total area of Inam Villages							18,206
Area of Kavals.. ...							191
Grand Total for the whole Taluk, *i. e.*, 274 square miles ...							175,386

The above figures are important In the first place it will be seen that there is but little land, assessed by the Survey, still left unoccupied. There are 61,485 acres of unarable which, for the most part, is in the Shettihalli, Arakere, Tirumalsagar-Chattra and Melkote Magams. The remaining magams are of small area, villages closely packed and unarable lands scarce In all Magams excepting the two northern ones the wet land is almost entirely channel irrigated.

13. I now come to the proofs which the results of Survey afford of the weight of the old assessment The following Maganiwar statement is well calculated for our purpose :—

Number.	Magani,	Dry Crop			Rice			Garden.			Remarks.
		Acres by Survey.	Old Collections.	Average Rate	Acres by Survey	Old Collections.	Average Rate.	Acres by Survey.	Old Collections	Average Rate	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Seringapatam *alias* Bangardoddi Nala	580	677	1 2 8	556	5,289	9 8 2	211	1,105	5 13 9	
2	Melkote ..	5,838	5,847	1 0 0	368	585	1 9 5	194	184	0 15 2	
3	Tirumalasagar-Chattra ..	9,850	6,916	0 11 3	841	3,334	3 15 5	300	517	1 11 7	
4	Kyatanhalli ..	2,342	1,045	0 7 2	1,534	10,363	6 12 1	139	373	2 10 11	
5	Haravu ..	5,091	2,006	0 4	1,632	12,415	7 9 8	102	295	2 14 3	
6	Kirangur .	5,467	2,463	0 7 3	3,704	16 253	4 6 2	192	721	3 12 1	
7	Shettihalli ...	10,526	4,629	0 7 0	2,860	10,553	3 11 0	232	318	1 5 11	
8	Arakere ...	7,859	3,667	0 7 5	2,394	9,651	4 0 6	310	618	1 15 11	
9	Chandagal ...	5,848	2,108	0 5 9	3,845	16,440	4 4 5	241	172	0 11 5	
10	Palhalli ...	694	466	0 10 9	1,938	12,408	6 6 5	97	570	5 14 0	
11	Belagula ...	6,265	1,938	0 5 11	1,124	7,656	6 13 0	431	1,547	3 9 5	
		59,360	31,762	0 8 7	20,796	1,04,947	5 0 8	2,449	6,420	2 9 11	

Some very curious facts are elicited. The most unreasonable inequality of assessment is evident. Thus Melkote and next Tirumalsagar-Chattra have been paying about double the dry assessment paid in the remaining Magams, for I take little account of the exceptional instance of high dry assessment in the Seringapatam Magani where there are only 580 acres of dry land. Again, it will be seen that Tirumalsagar-Chattra, where there is no channel irrigation, has been paying very nearly as much for its wet lands as some maganis where channel irrigation is the chief feature. This is in short one of those cases where the old assessment tells the Settlement Officer little beyond its own story of inequality and unfairness and forces him to fall back upon the experience of previous settlements and his knowledge derived from them. In the Mysore Taluk a similar state of things was found to exist,

directly the old collections were put to the test of actual area, but in the Taluk under report, while the average incidence of the assessment was about the same as in Mysore, the inequality is infinitely greater. I have never yet in my long experience of the Province of Mysore met with any instance of such unequal and at the same time, on the whole, inadequate assessment as in the present case.

14. Next, in order to enable us to judge of the extent to which the true area has been suppressed or understated in the old accounts, the following statement has been prepared. Wet and garden are shown under one head.

Description.	Area in acres as per old account.	As per Survey.	Remarks.
Dry	33,988	59,360	
Wet	17,529	23,245	Includes Garden.
Total.. ...	51,517	82,605	

An excess over what was supposed to be the occupied area of, in round numbers, 31,000 acres, of which nearly 6,000 acres represent some of the best wet lands in the Province, signifies a great deal. I do not mean to lay too much stress on this point and affirm that because the old area is understated to such an extent it would be justifiable to regard as proper such an addition to the revenue as its assessment would amount to. No one expects to find the Survey area correspond exactly with the old area. I think however there is sufficient in the fact of such extraordinary excess, coupled with the extremely low average rates which I have shown to actually exist, notwithstanding decidedly high nominal rates, to confirm the supposition that there has been, compared with other Taluks, an unusual amount of concealment in one way and another.

15. Of the past revenue management generally I have very little to say here. The nominal rates supposed to exist in the Taluk are given by Mr. Barker at para 7. It will be seen that even the minimum rate for dry lands is not in the case of some maganis reached as an *average* (see statement at para 13.) while the maximum rates quoted, it is to be hoped, exist only on paper. The above remarks may be taken to apply also to wet lands. Some idea of the unsoundness which pervades the old assessment may be formed from the correspondence which has taken place between myself and the Superintending Engineer of Mysore which will be found appended. It is not easy to trace the present assessment to its origin nor would it be profitable to do so. Without a Survey and a regular revision of the assessment, the Revenue Officers could not well find any effectual remedy for a long standing and [illegible] assessment which had taken hold of the country, especially as the area in the old accounts was calculated to keep them in ignorance of the actual state of affairs It will therefore be understood that my remarks are levelled against the original settlement and not against the manner in which it has been administered by modern Revenue Officers. My remarks at para 15 of the Settlement Report of the Mysore Taluk on the subject of the old garden assessment will, I imagine, apply to the Taluk under report.

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16. The realizations for the past 25 years are shown below as well as the prevailing prices, during the same period, of Rice and Ragi which may be regarded as the staple products.

Year.	Old Bijavari into khandis.	Total demand Rs.	Remissions.		Total Collections.	Seers per Rupee.		Remarks.
			On account of Alvibaki, &c.	On account of Poverty.		Ragi.	Paddy.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1863—64 ..	9,522	1,26,051	76	..	1,25,975	30	24	
1864—65 .	9,774	1,28,362	116	.	1,28,246	27	21	
1865—66 .	9,908	1,29,668	96	59	1,29,513	20	19	
1866—67	10,021	1,29,559	96	97	1,29,366	9	12	
1867—68	10,051	1,29,883	96	129	1,29,658	14	18	
1868—69 ...	10,082	1,30,375	179	8,090	1,22,106	25	22	
1869—70 ..	10,081	1,30,649	186	59	1,30,404	27	22	
1870—71 ...	10,114	1,31,479	256	...	1,31,223	32	27	
1871—72 .	10,114	1,31,436	296	..	1,31,140	36	27	
1872—73 .	10,225	1,32,911	364	...	1,32,547	52	28	
1873—74 ...	10,248	1,33,276	364	...	1,32,912	33	27	
1874—75 ...	10,135	1,33,633	280	..	1,33,353	32	30	
1875—76 ...	10,278	1,34,443	280	...	1,34,163	24	26	
1876—77 ...	10,264	1,34,131	280	...	1,33,851	12	16	
1877—78 .	10,371	1,35,311	280	...	1,35,031	8	11	
1878—79 ...	10,340	1,35,225	280	...	1,34,945	13	18	
1879—80 ...	10,264	1,34,116	280	...	1,33,836	25	25	
1880—81 ...	10,437	1,36,273	280	...	1,35,993	29	27	
1881—82 ...	10,394	1,35,794	280	48	1,35,466	26	27	
1882—83 ...	10,389	1,36,171	269	352	1,35,550	28	26	
1883—84 ...	10,498	1,37,669	269	366	1,37,034	30	30	
1884—85 ...	10,577	1,38,588	269	366	1,37,953	32	34	
1885—86 ...	10,715	1,40,328	269	...	1,40,059	27	28	
1886—87 ...	10,842	1,41,853	235	...	1,41,618	31	32	
1887—88 ...	11,013	1,43,318	24	28	1,43,266	35	36	

Five years' average ..	...	...	...	1,39,986
Ten years' average ...	...	...	...	1,37,872
Fifteen years' average	...	...	...	1,36,385
Twenty years' average	...	...	...	1,34,622
Twenty-five years' average	...	...	...	1,33,408

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It is seldom that we find the collections showing such a steady increase throughout a period of changes and trial. The famine appears to have affected them in the smallest possible degree. I at once suspected that the increase was not normal and must be due in a great measure to the extension of channel irrigation and, on taking out the details of past collections under each head, I am inclined to think that this must be the true explanation. The figures for a few years will be sufficient for my purpose and are shown below :—

Year.	Dry.		Wet.		Garden.	
	Khandis.	Assessment.	Khandis.	Assessment.	Khandis.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1863—64 ..	2,263	29,861	6,869	90,226	369	5,152
1867—68 ...	2,431	31,925	7,247	92,351	371	5,100
1877—78 ...	2,521	32,511	7,466	99,901	383	5,328
1887—88 ...	2,569	31,768	8,034	1,04,962	414	6,431

17. The increase, so steadily maintained, it will be observed, is almost entirely under the head of Wet and Garden. Dry crop land has gone through fluctuations but not to any great extent. Considering the character of the wet lands in this Taluk it is not to be expected that they would be resigned under any ordinary pressure. Remissions have been generally of a trivial character and only granted on a large scale in 1868—69. There is ample evidence, I think, to show that the lump sum taken from the Taluk has fallen very lightly upon it, indeed comparing the actual revenue paid with what has been paid in other Taluks, it could not well be otherwise.

18. For the purpose of assessing this Taluk, I propose to divide it into the following classes or groups :—

Group.	Number of villages.	Maximum Dry Rate.	Maximum Rice Rate.		Maximum Garden Rate.
			Ordinary.	Channel.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	101	2 0 0			
2	56	1 12 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0
3	51	1 8 0			

The villages of the 1st group are all situated, with reference to roads and facility of disposing of produce generally, in the most favorable position. The 2nd and 3rd groups are similar in one respect, inasmuch as they are all a little distant from roads, but the villages of the 2nd group are more to the west and have a better rainfall. The grouping has been effected so as to fit in almost exactly with rates already adopted and working well in adjoining settled Taluks.

19. Before proceeding to show what results may be expected from adopting the maximum rates which I have proposed, I wish to make a few remarks upon the question of the classification of the water supply to lands under the river channels.

Without entering into any detail of the rules laid down for the guidance of our classing Establishments, I may state that the tendency on the part of the classers, and one for which they cannot be blamed, is to make the duration of the water supply, that is the month up to which the channels run, the most important factor of all in assigning a relative value, as regards water, to each field. This is quite right as regards tanks but it is obvious that there are points for consideration, when river channel irrigation is concerned, which do not come within the scope of the classer's enquiry and indeed it is better that he should proceed on the rules with which he is well acquainted and assign a relative value to each field apart from general considerations of the nature now in question.

20. When I visited the classing officer last year and accompanied him into the field, I was at once convinced that considerations of the kind above stated would force themselves upon recognition but I was careful not to impart my conviction to, and thus unsettle the work of, the classers. Later on after carefully examining the classification Registers of each village and being aware that the question was one to the importance of which the raiyats were keenly alive, I addressed my letter No. 659 of the 29th November last to the Superintending Engineer of Mysore which with his reply No. 161 of the 8th December last will be found attached.

21. The correspondence in question will speak for itself, all I need here state being that Colonel Bowen's opinion has been of great value to me in arriving at a solution of a very difficult and delicate question and in strengthening the opinion which I had already formed. That a gradation of rates based, not so much upon quantity as facility of water supply, is called for cannot well be doubted.

22. As stated by the Superintending Engineer at Para 5, Major Kensington recommends that the water rate on the lower section of the channel should be first fixed and then the rates for each upper section added to in a "rapidly increasing ratio." Colonel Bowen in the same para demurs to a "rapidly increasing ratio." The principle however of a gradation of rates and the necessity of making a difference between the upper and lower sections of each channel are admitted by both Officers. This difference I have made and as it is a somewhat unusual departure from practice, although quite within my province, I deem it necessary to state briefly for the information of Government by what means and to what extent I have done so.

23. As I found that the classification had been thoroughly consistent throughout, it only became necessary to divide the channel lands into sections and to alter the water class in each village, uniformly, according to the section in which it was situated In the upper section no lowering of the classification was necessary but in the 2nd and following lower sections the classification has been lowered in a decreasing ratio, the rapidity of which can best be illustrated by figures. This manipulation of the original classification is a purely departmental operation and I need not enter into details so long as I explain the principle; I will however in addition illustrate the effect of my plan by quoting the actual results of applying it to the lands under, for instance, the Chikdevarayasagar channel. The figures in the margin show with sufficient accuracy the gradations as regards final assessment for an *average* field, the soil it will be understood being the same throughout, the difference in the actual rates being entirely due to the lowering of the water class as above described. The only other channel to which I have had to apply the above procedure is the Virjanadi channel, in the case of which the same principle, but not of course precisely the same gradations, has been followed. I have been careful to give full weight to Colonel Bowen's suggestion at para 8 of his letter regarding the Arkeri tank, which with its storage of water supplementing the channel supply ensures the safety of the sugar-cane crop and counterbalances the disadvantages allowed for elsewhere.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Section 1	7	4	0
Section 2	7	0	0
Section 3	6	12	0
Section 4	6	0	0
Section 5	5	6	0
Section 6	4	8	0

24. The assessment shown in the classwar statement, I need scarcely observe, is as per revised classification above described.

25. The result of adopting the rates which I have proposed will be to give the following assessment on the occupied lands :—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry crop.			Rice.								Garden.			Total.		
					Ordinary.			Channel.										
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.			Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			12	13	14	15	16	17
I	101	27,719	25,146	0 14 6	1,154	5,656	4 14 5	13,352	87,467	6 9 10	1,309	5,767	4 6 5	43,534	1,24,036	2 13 7		
II	56	12,260	8,800	0 11 7	341	1,026	3 0 2	2,858	15,177	5 5 0	529	1,880	3 8 10	15,988	26,883	1 10 11		
III	51	10,381	12,543	0 10 4	664	3,158	4 12 1	2,427	12,381	5 1 7	611	2,179	3 9 1	23,083	30,261	1 5 0		
	208	59,360	46,489	0 12 6	2,159	9,840	4 8 2	18,637	1,15,025	6 2 9	2,449	9,826	4 0 2	82,605	1,81,180	2 3 1		

26. The arable unoccupied land with its Survey assessment is shown in the following statement:—

Group.	Villages.	Dry.			Rice.			Garden.			Total.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment	Average rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
I	101	2,777	2,080	0 12 0	9	40	4 7 1	12	30	2 8 0	2,798	2,150	0 13 4
II	56	3,622	2,158	0 9 6	24	131	5 7 4	3	5	1 10 8	3,649	2,294	0 10 1
III	51	1,486	811	0 8 9	2	4	2 0 0	2	3	1 8 0	1,490	818	0 9 5
	208	7,885	5,049	0 10 2	35	175	5 0 0	17	38	2 3 9	7,937	5,262	0 10 7

It will be seen that the limit of cultivation has been pretty well reached in this Taluk.

27. The minor Inam lands with their assessment are next shown:—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry crop.			Rice			Garden.			Total.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
I	101	1,700	1,546	0 14 7	859	4,958	5 12 6	144	764	5 12 4	2,703	7,268	2 11 0
II	56	659	467	0 11 4	78	366	4 10 10	2	4	2 0 0	739	837	1 2 1
III	51	1,352	840	0 9 11	130	662	5 1 5	38	117	3 1 3	1,520	1,619	1 1 0
	208	3,711	2,853	0 12 4	1,067	5,986	5 9 9	184	885	4 12 11	4,962	9,724	1 15 4

28. The next statement exhibits, in contrast with the total old collections, the whole area and assessment of Government arable land, occupied, waste and Inam.

Group.	Number of villages.	By old accounts.		As per Survey.							
		Bijvari Khandis.	Collections.	Government occupied.		Government waste.		Inam.		Total.	
				Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
I	101	6,929	99,701	43,534	1,24,036	2,798	2,150	2,703	7,268	49,035	1,33,454
II	56	2,116	20,121	15,988	26,883	3,649	2,294	739	837	20,376	30,014
III	51	1,968	23,444	23,083	30,261	1,490	818	1,520	1,619	26,093	32,698
	208	11,013	1,43,266	82,605	1,81,180	7,937	5,262	4,962	9,724	95,504	1,96,166

29. The effect of the proposed settlement may with advantage be shown in the following form :—

Description of Land.	Area by Survey.	By old Accounts.		By Survey.		Remarks.
		Collections.	Average rate.	Assessment.	Average rate.	
Dry	59,360	31,762	0 8 7	46,489	0 12 6	
Wet of all kinds ...	23,255	1,11,367	4 12 7	1,34,691	5 12 8	

By whatever light the proposed settlement is regarded, whether by that of maximum rates already adopted in adjoining Taluks, bearing in mind the relative advantages of the tracts concerned, or by the light of the actual weight of the survey rates above shown, the proposed settlement cannot be regarded otherwise than entirely favorable to the raiyats.

30. Almost the whole of the wet lands are situated under the channels and the only real difficulty or doubt which I have felt has been regarding the gradations of rates proposed for these channel irrigated lands, as described in para 23. I gave the matter my most careful attention examining the classification and all other returns, village by village. It so happens that the old assessment hitherto paid on the lands situated in the lower sections of the channels was really not much more than half what was paid on the lands of the upper sections. Whether this was by design or not, I cannot ascertain, but there is no doubt that unless a marked difference had been made between the higher and lower sections, the new assessment would have fallen with startling inequality with reference to the old payments. Even now the ratio of increase is far greater on the lower than on the higher situated villages and as I found in the opinions of Colonel Bowen and Major Kensington

and, in my own convictions, sufficient justification for the course which I have adopted, I think on the whole it is not to be regretted that the new assessment will fall with comparatively uniform effect, as regards increase, upon the old assessment, corrupt and inadequate as the latter may have been. The classwar statement will show that the villages at the tail end of the Chikdevaraisagar and Virjanadi Channels have had their assessment very greatly raised, even as it is, but there is the satisfaction of knowing that there can be no room whatever for any reasonable complaint against the new rates.

31. *Grazing.*—The grazing last year realized only Rs. 450, a sum probably very inadequate, but as the area of the land which can be sold for grazing will probably be greatly diminished by assignments for free pasturage during the settlement, I prefer to leave this uncertain item out of my calculations.

32. *Local Funds.*—The local cess of one anna on the Rupee returned in 1887—88 Rs. 9,601; under the proposed settlement it will now be Rs. 11,323 on Government occupied lands and Rs. 608 on Minor Inam lands, in all say Rs. 12,000.

33. *Irrigation Cess.*—The amount of irrigation cess to be annually credited to the Irrigation Fund will be in round numbers Rs. 8,000, a large sum in itself but not when considered along with the extraordinary extent and superiority of the wet lands and the importance of the works of irrigation to be maintained.

34. *Pay of Patels and Shanbhogs.*—The amount required for the pay of Patels and Shanbhogs may be estimated roughly at about Rs. 12,000.

35. *General Result of proposed Settlement.*—The general result of the imposition of the proposed rates will be a gross revenue on the Government occupied lands, leaving out any calculation of local cess or grazing of Rs. 1,81,180. Deducting from this the sums noted in the two preceding paras there will be a net revenue of Rs. 1,61,180 against Rs. 1,43,266 realized in 1887-88, or about 13 per cent increase. The raiyats may no doubt fail to at once recognize the sums required for pay of village officers and contribution to the Irrigation Fund as anything different from an addition to the revenue but as a matter of fact they will be relieved of the payment of fees, ranging from two annas to 1 Rupee, which they now make annually to the Shanbhogs. The Patels it is true are supposed to receive nothing from the raiyats. The sum of Rs. 12,000 however is practically returned to the Taluk and the equivalent of that sum included in the gross revenue cannot possibly be regarded in the light of an ordinary addition to the revenue. As regards the Irrigation Cess, if it had not been included in the assessment it would have been separately levied, so that sum also may fairly be regarded as distinct from an addition to the revenue.

36. I may state, in conclusion, that I consider the Taluk under report has been very liberally dealt with. If I have refrained from adding more to the revenue, as I might safely have done, it is because the increase involved in the proposed settlement is already considerable and moreover falls very unequally. It must not be supposed that my rates are so low as to lay them open to the charge of pandering to the imperfections of the old settlement, all that I have done has been to keep the rates as low as I possibly could, consistently with conforming to rates already adopted in adjoining Taluks.

37. The usual classwar statement as well as a sketch map of the Taluk are appended.

38. A list of Inam villages showing the kind of Survey to which each was subjected is attached.

39. The Phut Pahani is now approaching completion and I propose to give out the rates immediately after the completion of the Kolar Taluk.

I beg therefore that sanction may kindly be given as early as possible to the proposed settlement.

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A.

Statement showing the Inam Villages of the Seringapatam Taluk.

Number.	Villages.	Description of Inam.	Nature of the Survey applied.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
1	Ramapura	Jodi Inam ...	Valuation.	
2	Halebidu	Do ...	Do	
3	Balmuri	Do ...	Detail.	
4	Maggipura	Do ...	Do	
5	Yedetittu	Do ..	Do	
6	Manekuhalli ...	Sarva Inam . .	Valuation.	
7	Bilale	Do ...	Do	
8	Bale-Attikuppe ...	Do ...	Do	
9	Dod-Gavadankoplu ...	Do ..	Do	
10	Somanhalli	Do ...	Do	
11	Ballikeri	Do ...	Do	
12	Tadgodu	Do ...	Do	
13	Dommanhalli ..	Do ...	Do	
14	Mahadevpura ...	Do ...	Do	
15	Vadandhalli ...	Do ...	Do	
16	Mandagadade ..	Kayamgutta ...	Do	
17	Hiremarli	Sarva Inam ...	Detail.	Inamdars having elected the extension of the Survey Settlement to their villages and having agreed to adopt the survey rates, these villages will be brought under the Survey Settlement.
18	Chikmarli	Do ...	Do	
19	Bevenkuppi	Do ...	Do	

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From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Superintending Engineer of Mysore, No. 659, dated Bangalore, 29th November 1888.

I have the honor to forward for your inspection a map of the Taluk of Seringapatam and at the same time to ask for your opinion upon one or two points connected with channel irrigation within the Taluk.

2. The map will enable you to follow me in my remarks. There exists great disparity in the incidence of the present assessment on channel irrigated lands Thus beginning with the Chikdevaraisagar Channel, you will see that the following Maganis are situated consecutively from the head sluice eastwards, and the following are the *average* rates now being paid in each Magani as calculated approximately upon the survey area of channel irrigated lands —

Magani.	Rate at present paid per acre. Rs.	A.	P.
Harvu	5	4	0
Kyatanhalli	6	12	0
Kirangur	4	6	0
Shettihalli	3	12	0
Arkeri	4	0	0

The above seems a very serious and unnecessary gradation of rates. The distance traversed by the channel is no doubt considerable but unless there is a very great difference in the supply of water, and the certainty with which it can be supplied in the villages near the head sluice as compared with those lower down, the difference in the incidence of the assessment more than 50 per cent is unwarrantable. Of course the difference *may* be due chiefly to corruption in the old accounts and suppression of the true area. I would however be glad to have your opinion as to the difference of value you would attach to the water supply from the channel in its early career compared with the same further on.

3. I give similar figures for the channel irrigated lands on the south of the river chiefly dependent on the Devaraj and Virjanadi Channel.

Magam.	Present rate now paid per acre.		
Belgola	7	0	0
Palhalli	7	0	0
Seringapatam	10	0	0
Chandgal	2	12	0

4. Presuming the above rates to be approximately correct, I trust you will have no objection to giving me your opinion firstly on the question raised at Para 1, and secondly whether the rates north and south of the river, showing as they do considerable inequality, are based upon any justifying circumstances.

5. Trusting you will be able to let me have an early reply.

From the Superintending Engineer, Mysore, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Camp No. 161, dated Tarikere, 8th December 1888

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt this day of your letter No. 659 of 29th ultimo on the subject of channel irrigation in the Seringapatam Taluk, and lose no time in offering my opinion on the points raised.

2. Supposing the quality of lands, facilities of transport and labor, &c., to be the same, I certainly see no reason for the abrupt gradation of rates below the Chik-

devaraisagar Channel as enumerated by you. There is no uncertainty of supply at present down to Arkere so long as cultivation is commenced in proper time and that the villagers along the banks keep the channel properly clear of weeds and obstructions, so far as I am aware, though of course the further down the channel we go the greater the liability to breaches during the rains, a fact which need hardly be considered, as under existing circumstances I am not aware that the crops have at any time suffered materially from lengthened stoppage of water during recent years. Breaches have occurred, but these have invariably been filled in in time to avert damage to the cultivation.

3. An important element in the question is however the growth of sugar-cane. For this crop there is of course greater certainty of supply during the hot weather along the upper sections than along the lower and when the river is low it is often extremely difficult to force water down a long distance. Such crops must therefore at a distance from the head sluice be always more or less precarious, unless (as in the case of Arkere) there is water stored in tanks above the channel and available for crops below the channel. How far the growth of sugar-cane, now rapidly extending, should govern the rates of assessment it is for yourself and the Revenue Department to decide. It seems to me that as facilities are now given for this richly paying crop and that these facilities involve heavier outlay on conservancy, Government have a right to obtain from the growers a "Quid pro quo".

4. But apart from the above consideration it appears to me perfectly plain that the Harvu lands should be just as heavily assessed as the Kyatanahalli and Kirangur the same. What has been the cause of assessing the Kyatanahalli holdings so much heavier than the sections immediately above and below I cannot make out.

5. Major Kensington has suggested that Chikdevaraisagar and other channels should be divided into sections, say 2 to 4, according to length and other conditions, the water rate on the lowest section being fixed first, on the basis of greater or less certainty of supply, and then the rates for each section upwards to be added to in a rapidly increasing ratio. The idea seems sound in principle, but I demur to the "rapidly increasing ratio," our improved and improving channels considered, unless hot weather supply be restricted to the upper breaches. There should be a difference, but as a rule it need not be very great, and I fancy a really equitable and unobjectionable rate of difference will be a delicate task for your department to fix.

6. I may mention here incidentally a point which appears to call for consideration, the growing tendency of the cultivators to throw back the season for ploughing and sowing. When the cultivation is started late, it is necessarily difficult along the lower parts of a long channel to mature the crops, the rivers often running very low in December. The remedy for this would be to insist on early sowing along the upper sections especially, but I suppose it would be beyond your power to introduce any such stipulation or for the Revenue Officers to enforce it.

7. Coming to the point raised in your para 3, I entirely fail to understand why the lands below the Vizianadi and Devarai Channels (Chandgal excepted) are on the average so much more heavily assessed than those on the north bank of the river, unless the quality of the land is much better. Facility of access to a good market cannot, with the railway and system of roads, account for the difference, but there may be something in facilities for procuring rich manure from Mysore and Seringapatam.

8. To sum up it seems to me that for the Chikdevaraisagar Channel the rates, so far as water supply only is concerned, for Maganis Harvu, Kyatanhalli, Kirangur, should be fixed on a very gradually descending scale. For Shettihalli, where hot weather supply must be very precarious, an abrupt transition of rate may be desirable, and as regards Arkeri a rise is necessary as I believe the water store in Arkeri Tank ensures the safety of sugar-cane crops. For the Maganis on the south bank the same scale should prevail, except at Seringapatam where a constant supply

from year's end is almost certain, except for brief interval for repairs, and two crops of some sort are almost invariably raised.

9. The map of Seringapatam Taluk forwarded with the letter under reply is returned.

From the Assistant Settlement Officer, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, No. 190, dated Bangalore, 8th October 1888.

I have the honor to forward a report on the Seringapatam Taluk of the Mysore District, the greater portion of which was classed during 1886—87 by the "M" Establishment, which was under my charge up to the end of April 1887 and afterwards until the close of that field season under Lieutenant-Colonel Cowie, the classification having been completed this year by the "E" Establishment under Mr. Butcher.

2. *Position, extent, area, &c.*—The Taluk which is attached to the French Rocks Sub-Division is situated to the north of the Mysore Taluk and between it and the Taluks of Nagamangala, Mandya, Tirumakudlu Narsipur and Attikuppa Its head-quarters are in the town of Seringapatam which is 9 miles from Mysore and 78 from Bangalore.

The length of the Taluk from north to south is about 28 miles and its extreme breadth about 25. The area is 169,559 acres or 264 93 square miles.

The river Cauvery, which flows through its entire breadth from west to east, makes this Taluk one of the most important ones in the District From this river four magnificent channels or canals convey water for irrigation purposes to some thousands of acres of land in this Taluk alone and the lands along both banks of the river are covered with a net work of smaller channels flowing from these.

The channel system is the chief feature of the Taluk. In other respects or in the parts not touched by the channels, it differs in no remarkable degree from the Taluks which surround it.

3. *Sub-division, villages, &c.*—The Taluk is sub-divided into eleven hoblis.

The distribution of villages is shown in the following table:—

No.	Name of Hobli.	Government Villages.	Sarva Inam.	Jodi Inam.	Kayamgutta.	Kavals	Total.
1	Melkote	38	2	1	...	...	41
2	Tirumalsagar Chattra ...	35	1	1	...	...	37
3	Haravu	17	...	...	...	...	17
4	Kyatanhalli	12	1	...	...	...	13
5	Kirangur	19	1	...	...	...	20
6	Shettihalli	34	3	...	1	1	39
7	Arekere	16	4	...	...	1	21
8	Kura or Seringapatam ...	1	...	...	...	...	1
9	Palhalli	5	...	...	...	...	5
10	Dalagula	15	...	3	...	...	18
11	Chandagal	16	1	...	...	...	17
	Total.....	208	13	5	1	2	229

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4. *Irrigation, Channels.*—Of the channels, the chief one in the Taluk and the largest and most important I believe, in the whole Province, is the Chikdevaraisagar. This having its origin near the village of Dodgatta of Attikuppa just beyond the border flows along the left bank of the river and irrigates the lands of numerous villages in the Haravu, Kyatanhalli, Kirangur, Shettihalli and Arekere Hoblis.

The next in importance is the Virjanadi. This, on the right bank, is taken from the same anicut on the river as the one above near the village of Balmuri. Its length within the limits of the Taluk is 35 miles and it irrigates the lands of 15 villages in the Belagola, Palhalli and Chandagal Hoblis.

In the middle of its course it also irrigates some of the lands in the Navashahar Hobli of the Mysore Taluk.

The supply of water in it is ample as far as the village of Chandagal, but, after that, the channel becomes smaller, being taken through rocky soil and the supply is rather uncertain from all accounts.

Next comes the Devaraj, also on the right bank which is taken from an anicut to the east of the village of Honghalli in the Belgola Hobli and irrigates the lands of 5 villages.

It runs for a length of 11 miles through the Taluk and then passes into Mysore. There is not such a good supply of water in this channel except near its source as in the two preceding ones.

A fourth channel, known as the Bangaradoddi, comes from an anicut to the west of the Island of Seringapatam and waters the lands on the Island. It has a length of 8 miles and is a fine channel with an ample supply of water.

Sugar-cane of the description known as pattapatti is very extensively cultivated under the first two channels mentioned, especially as far as the villages of Kirangur and Chandagal, respectively. Under the Devaraj there is not so much cane.

It may here be remarked that more attention was paid to the growth of cane when the Palhalli sugar works were carried on than is done at present.

Where rice is grown, but one crop is taken, after which the lands are sometimes ploughed up at once to remove stubble and are then sown with some of the following grains, hutchyellu, hesaru, tadagam, kulti and occasionally ragi. When mature the crop is picked by hand, the green beans and stalks being left to rot and serve as manure to the succeeding rice crop.

Good gardens of cocoanut, areca, plantain, betel-leaf, &c., exist under channels, some receiving direct irrigation from them, others deriving indirect benefit.

In addition to the river channels above mentioned, there is an old one known as Purnasagara Nala which, coming from an anicut on the Lakshmantirtha river near Yedatore, passes through the Belagola Hobli, but there has been no flow of water down this channel for many years past and it is altogether out of repair.

There is also an anicut across the Cauvery, the left bank of which is in Kasaba Arekere, the right being in Sarva Inam Mahadevapur, but the channel from this, which is taken along the right bank, does not irrigate any of the lands in the Taluk under report.

Tanks.—In treating of channels and channel irrigation, the following hoblis have been dealt with, *viz*:—Haravu, Kyatanhalli, Kirangur, Shettihalli, Arekere, Belagola, Palhalli, Chandagal and Kura and in these the only tanks of importance are the Arakere in Kasaba Arekere and the Hirod in Kirangur Hobli. The position of the Arakere is just above the Chikdevaraisagar Channel from which it receives no supply, but into which it discharges its waste water. It receives a good drainage from some neighbouring hills is a first class tank and retains water all the year round. Sugar-cane is largely cultivated under it.

The Hirod Tank is also a first class one, fed principally by the overflow from the Motikere, a very large tank in the Attikuppa Taluk, the natural bund of which a range of hills forms the boundary there of the Attikuppa and Seringapatam Taluks. Both cane and rice are grown below the Hirod Tank and there are a few tree gardens. This tank irrigates lands of the following villages besides Hirod, *viz.*, Kachenhalli, Chikade and Haralhalli.

The Melkote and Tirumalsagar Hoblis differ from the rest in having no channel irrigation and the former is almost entirely a dry crop producing hobli, possessing only one tank of importance in Nyamanhalli village (besides the Melkote Tank which is not used for irrigation) which has a fair stretch of rice land and a few tree gardens below it, but which is by no means a first class one.

The Tirumalsagar Hobli is fairly well off as regards tank irrigation. The large tank, before referred to as the Motikere, irrigates the lands of Tonnur, Devaraipatna, Tirumalsagar Chattar, Bevinkuppi and Bangata.

Another excellent tank is the Sonkitonnur, but its bed is much silted.

Rice is the principal crop below both of these tanks and there is a little cane.

Wells.—There is little well irrigation. Tree gardens are dependent upon position chiefly, or, are channel and tank irrigated, but gundis are used in them as well as in vegetable gardens, water being raised by hand by means of earthen vessels.

Besides the means of irrigation already described, one or two large nalahs are made use of for artificial irrigation in the two northern hoblis by means of stone dams and small channels carried along either bank.

In some instances too in these hoblis, the oozings from springs in the small hills are skilfully utilized and are in good years a sufficient addition to the rain-fall for the production of rice crops and in low lying places, the ground moisture resulting from copious showers enables the raiyats to grow them. Both black rice and doddbhatta are thus cultivated.

5. *Soils.*—The dry soils are red as a rule with an admixture of sand, and light grey and gravelly on some of the high lands.

Under channels they may be said to be uniformly good.

6. *Crops.*—Gardens are found in all the hoblis to a limited extent being most numerous in the Belagola Hobli. They consist of cocoanut trees, areca trees, betel-leaf vines, plantains, graft mangoes, &c., and onions, chillies and vegetables are grown.

Rice.—The commonest kinds of rice grown are karibhatta and bolamallige.

Cane.—Pattapatti is largely grown under channels as already stated.

Dry crops are of the usual kind, *viz.*, food grains such as ragi, jola, avare, togari, hurali, kadale, uddu, hesaru, tadagani, haraka, samé and navane and various oil-seeds.

Haraka, samé and navane are grown in very few localities. Avare among food grains and haralu (caster oil) among oil plants are sown along with ragi and never separately. Togari is sown both with ragi and by itself.

Two dry crops such as jola from early rains and horse-gram and kadale from late rains are in many instances obtained from the same soil in the same year. But from the ground reserved for the cultivation of ragi, which is usually sown in drills with other crops, no second crop is taken.

7. *Rates.*—The following tables, taken from information supplied by the Amildar show the prevailing rates.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

Table of dry rates per kolaga of 3,200 square yards.

Names of Hoblis.	From			To		
Melkote	...	4	8	6	...	...
Tirumalsagar Chattra	...	4	8	2	2	3
Haravu	...	4	8	2	...	...
Kyatanhalli	...	4	8	1	12	...
Kirangur	...	4	8	2	5	4
Shettihalli	...	2	4	1	7	2
Arakere	...	4	8	1	2	8
Kura	...	15	5	7	11	5
Palhalli	...	2	4	2	5	3
Belagola	...	1	10	1	..	9
Chandagal						

Table of wet rates per kolaga of 500 square yards.

Names of Hoblis.	Rice lands below river channels.						Banjar lands.						Rice lands below tanks.					
	From			To			From			To			From			To		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Melkote	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	0	9	4	0	1	18
Tirumalsagar Chattra ..	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	0	4	8	0	12	0
Haravu	0	9	4	1	0	4	...	...	..	...	...	...	0	2	0	0	7	0
Kyatanhalli	...	...	.	..	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kirangur	0	7	2	1	4	0	..	...	...	0	4	8	0	4	8	0	8	9
Shettihalli	0	9	4	0	11	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	4	8	0	11	8
Arakere	0	7	0	0	14	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	4	1	5	7
Kura	0	11	8	35	0	0	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Palhalli	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
Belagola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chandagal	0	7	0	0	11	8	0	3	6	0	4	8	...	...	...	...	..	...

From notes taken at test, the average rates on rice under the Chikdevaraysagar Channel appear to be generally from four to five rupees per acre, but in some the average is over Rs. 9 per acre.

In the Belagola, Palhalli and Chandagal Hoblis, Mr. Butcher gives the average rice rates as Rs. 7—0—0, Rs. 6—6—0 and Rs. 4—4—0 respectively and in the Seringapatam (Island) channel lands as Rs. 10—0—0 both in rice and garden.

The Amildar states that in all the hoblis except Belagola, gardens of areca and cocoanut pay no higher rates than those fixed on the dry or wet lands on which the trees are grown, but that, in parts of Belagola gardens are assessed at from four to eight rupees per acre by a settlement made in 1866—67.

On betel-leaf gardens the rates are from Rs. 2—5—3 to Rs. 4—10—6, on vegetable and chilly gardens from Rs. 0—2—9 to Rs. 5—3—9 per Krishnaraj kolaga of 3,200 square yards.

On plantain gardens which command good irrigation, the rates are the same as on rice land, but, when the irrigation is deficient, they are reduced by a half.

No extra rates are charged on sugar-cane growing lands. They pay the ordinary rice rates.

8. *Sub-letting.*—Rice lands below the channels are sub-let generally on the "Gutta" system; but, in certain localities, where, owing to channel extension, lands have been newly brought under cultivation, the "Vara" system prevails. The latter also prevails under tanks.

9. *Wages.*—The wages of male and female coolies per diem are in money 4 and 2 annas and in kind during harvest time 8 and 6 seers of grain respectively.

Local labor is always in high demand and is insufficient at harvest time.

10. *Population.*—The following statement shows the population of the Taluk by Hoblis as per Census of 1881:—

Names of Hoblis.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Melkote	2,713	2,650	5,363
Tirumalasgara Chattra	2,662	2,836	5,498
Haravu	2,787	3,043	5,830
Kyatanhalli	2,970	3,267	6,327
Kirangur	4,411	4,285	8,696
Shettihalli	4,528	4,561	9,089
Arakere	4,185	4,334	8,519
Kura or Seringapatam	5,579	6,155	11,734
Palhalli	1,355	1,361	2,716
Belagola	2,085	2,216	4,301
Chandagal	3,632	3,741	7,373
Total.....	36,907	38,449	75,356

11. ***Manufactures.***—Country carts are made and sold at Ganjam. Men's cloths and turbans at Melkote and Kodigatta and woman's cloths at Ganjam and Kodigatta.

12. ***Exports and Imports.***—The Chief articles of export are rice in husk to Mysore, thrashed rice and jaggory to Mysore, Bangalore, the Nilgiris and Tellicherry.

The imports are food grains and oil from Kunigal and other parts of the Tumkur District and wheat from the Chitaldroog District and Bellary.

13. *Markets and Fairs.*—There is a large market at the French Rocks every Thursday.

The following fairs are held—

At Seringapatam, some time during January, for one day, the Rathasaptami Játra, at which about 3,000 persons congregate.

On the Karighatta hill, to the north of the river Cauvery near Ganjam, a car festival takes place one day during February when about the same number assemble.

A large játra is held at Melkote in March which lasts for 15 days and which is attended by from ten to twenty thousand persons.

14. *Roads.*—From the town of Seringapatam, there are the following roads:—North, through the French Rocks to Nagamangala. South, to Mysore. East to Bangalore. West to Yelwal. From the Seringapatam-Nagamangala road, others branch off to Kannambadi, Attikuppa, Melkote and Mandya.

15. *Rain-fall.*—The yearly rain-fall during five years, as registered at Taluk Head-quarters, is given below:—

Years.	Inches.	Cents.
1882—83	33	55½
1883—84	37	36
1884—85	19	78
1885—86	24	36
1886—87	29	2

According to this return, the average annual fall is nearly 29 inches.

16. *Remuneration and "Haks" of village Servants.*—Patels have no "Miras" or privileges of any kind, but Totis receive a kolaga of grain and a bundle of staw from each cultivating raiyat and are allowed to seize the carcasses of dead cattle. They also hold land as inam.

The emoluments of Shanbhogs are small monthly salaries from Government, varying from two annas to Rs. 7—4—0, and annual allowances from yaiyats, ranging from two annas to one rupee.

17. *Health.*—The Taluk has not the reputation of being a very healthy one.

The valley of the Cauvery is always more or less feverish and, added to this, the large tracts of land under channel irrigation have a bad effect upon the general health.

18. In almost every other respect, the Taluk, excepting perhaps the northern portion towards Melkote and some of the villages bordering on the Mandya Taluk, is particularly well favored. It has a railway running through it communicating with Mysore, Bangalore and the Coast, roads branching off in different directions from its head-quarters and passing within easy reach of every village (including the northern villages), a fertile soil and a splendid system of river irrigation.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Superintendent of Revenue Survey and Settlement in Mysore, No 21, dated 20th February 1889.

I have had the honor of receiving the papers recently favored by you relating to the proposed settlement of the Seringapatam Taluk They are under consideration in consultation with the Sub-Division Officer at French Rocks and shall be returned to you as early as possible

2. In the meanwhile I beg to enquire whether you can have a statement prepared and favored showing for each of the villages irrigated by the Cauvery river channels in the Seringapatam Taluk what the Survey kamal or standard assessment will be if the fields were classified on the same principles and in the same manner as fields under the Cauvery river channels in the Arkalgud and Yedatore Taluks, *i.* e. without the allowance for " facility of water supply " which your report to the Chief Secretary says is a new departure in the case of the Seringapatam Taluk.

3. Other circumstances (including "quantity of water") being equal in respect of two fields, I imagine that their respective positions in the class will statements as a consequence of difference in " facility of water supply " will be the result of a consideration of two factors, *viz*, the distance of each field from the channel sluice from which its water supply is drawn qualified by the manner in which it is drawn, *i. e* water directly by a " distribution channel " or by overflow from fields on a higher level, and 2nd the distance which the water has to run from head sluice before reaching the irrigating sluice on the channel I beg to enquire whether both these factors have been taken into consideration in the classification adopted for the Seringapatam Taluk and whether the new departure is in respect of both of these factors or in respect of only one of them, and in the latter case, which.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, No. 848, dated Bangalore, 27th February 1889.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 21 of the 20th instant, promising the return of the papers connected with the revision of the assessment of the Seringapatam Taluk, at the earliest possible date after consultation with the Sub-Division Officer.

2. There is no difficulty whatever in preparing the statement you require, showing the survey assessment, of certain villages irrigated by the Cauvery Channels, as it would have been on the original classification and as it now is, as a result of the modification of the classification fully explained and illustrated by me in my Report. Rather than withhold any information you may deem yourself entitled to, or which you think would be useful to you, I have prepared and appended the statement you require, but at the same time I trust there is no intention of launching on an unprofitable discussion on points of classification which represent a purely Departmental responsibility.

3. The principles which governed the classification in the Taluks of Arkalgud and Yedatore and all other Taluks, in no way differ from those which regulated the same operation in the Taluk now under report. In making allowance for facility, or rather for want of facility, in water supply, there has been no new departure in principle, the same course having always been followed, when necessary in all Taluks, but the circumstances of the Seringapatam Taluk containing, as it does such channels as those of Chikdevaraisagar and Virjanadi, necessitated the application of the principle on a scale of such unusual magnitude that I considered it advisable to acquaint Government with the circumstance, not thereby however inviting, or contemplating, any reopening of the question of classification. The new departure has in fact been in the magnitude of the application of the principle but

not in the principle itself. In the Taluks of Arkalgud, Yedatore, Attikuppa, the original classification was altered just so much as the circumstances of each appeared to me to demand and I need scarcely say that the decreasing facility of the water supply as the channels travel on their course is no new feature and has been recognized by me from the very first. An uniform and consistent lowering or raising of the classification is within the authority conferred upon the Superintendent of Survey and this is exactly what has been done in the present case but on a large scale, hence the special mention of the matter in my Report and the corroboration of my views which I sought from the officers of the Public Works Department.

4. As regards the enquiry at para 3 of your letter under reply what you describe as the second factor, *viz.*, the distance from the head sluice, has alone been taken into consideration in the procedure adopted, all other points being fully met by the original classification.

5. I do not regret the addition to these papers of the statement you ask for as it will serve to illustrate the remarks made at para 30 of my Report. Only 31 villages are affected but, in these villages alone, taking no account of dry crop or garden, the wet assessment but for my manipulation of the classification, would have been raised from Rs. 51,142 to Rs. 85,343 or about 70 per cent ; even as it is the increase comes to nearly Rs. 20,000. Now the mere fact that rates have the effect of greatly increasing the Government demand is not a tenable argument against their adoption but in the present instance I found much to justify a gradual lowering of the classification on considerations of a general character wherever those general considerations had not been already allowed for by the Classers. The final classification adopted by me I am solely responsible for, and it was only after consultation with the Irrigation Department and after infinite labor in examining the registers supported by my knowledge of the tract concerned, that I arrived at my conclusions ; to disturb this classification now, as the basis of the settlement, would in my opinion be very inadvisable. The operation, at best, was a very delicate one and, so far as I am concerned, I do not feel myself able to improve upon what has been done.

Appendix to para 2 of Survey Superintendent's letter No. 848 of the 27th February 1889.

Class.	Number.	Village.	Channel.	Old collections on wet land.	Survey assessment as per original classification.	Survey assessment as result of revision by Survey Supt. of original classification.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	1	Agrahar ...	Chik Devaraisagar.	621	1,085	1,012	
1	2	Kasaba Kiraugur ...	Do	6,661	9,524	8,879	
1	3	Darskuppe ..	Do	869	1,547	1,440	
1	4	Kudlakuppe ..	Do	2,291	4,477	3,701	
1	5	Balenhalli ...	Do	1,062	1,789	1,475	
1	6	Chindigirikoplu ...	Do	767	1,885	990	
1	7	Nelmane ...	Do	2,309	3,963	3,294	
1	8	Chikode ...	Do	860	1,347	1,277	
1	9	Kasaba Shettihalli ...	Do	1,152	2,347	1,657	
1	10	Kurbar Shettihalli ..	Do	2,171	4,200	2,950	
1	11	Kalekoplu ..	Do	718	1,242	867	
1	12	Sabanakuppe ...	Do	640	1,232	857	

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

Class.	Number.	Villages	Channel	Old collections on wet land.	Survey Assessment as per original classification	Survey Assessment as result of revision by Survey Supt. of original classification.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	14	Talshasna ...	Chik Devarai-sagar Channel.	451	848	593	
1	15	Allapatna ..	Do	1,228	2,196	1,521	
1	16	Marlagala ..	Do	1,520	3,230	2,265	
1	17	Chunnakanhalli ...	Do	1,212	2,097	1,422	
3	18	Kasaba Arkere ...	Do	5,676	9,800	7,360	
3	19	Gendehoshalli ..	Do	2,421	4,455	3,059	
3	20	Madrahalli ...	Do	179	257	212	
3	21	Hangarhalli ...	Do	888	1,669	1,169	
1	22	Kasaba Chandgal ...	Virjanadi.	3,920	5,587	5,487	
2	23	Melapura ...	Do	1,512	2,330	2,300	
2	24	Hebbadi	Do	2,280	2,995	2,767	
2	25	Nagavanahalli ...	Do	1,581	1,975	1,939	
2	26	Tarapura ...	Do	1,839	3,295	2,613	
2	27	Kommannapura ...	Do	623	1,247	915	
2	28	Channahalli ...	Do	2,140	3,845	3,020	
2	29	Dodankanhalli ...	Do	902	1,260	1,052	
2	30	Bidrahalli ...	Do	526	695	559	
1	31	Balevadi ..	Do	1,039	1,267	1,245	
		Total.....		51,142	85,343	69,409	

From the Sub-Division Officer, French Rocks, To the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, No. 714, dated 11th February 1889.

With reference to your Memo No. 82 of the 18th May last, forwarding a copy of the Mysore Revenue Survey Superintendent's letter No. 92 of the 12th idem, regarding the past revenue management of the Seringapatam Taluk, I have the honor to report as follows :—

1. The revenue of the Taluk of Seringapatm has been steadily increasing for the past 25 years, owing to channel extension and improvement, and the management thereof has been very satisfactory. Some of the raiyats holding lands below channels had been complaining of the deficiency of water supply, but there has been no complaint since the regulation of the water supply, by means of pipes or sluices. The Taluk yields a land revenue of Rs. 1,45,954, of which, the revenue derivable from the lands below river channels, amounts to Rs. 1,00,775—7—10. It is thus clear, that the revenue on land under river channels, forms the main portion of the revenue of the Taluk. There is much inequality in the assessment on lands in the hoblis of the Taluk, and kandayams have been fixed without any proper survey of each number, and without reference to the quality of the land, and other surrounding circumstances.

2. The present assessment is not heavy and pressing with undue severity on any part of the Taluk, or upon any class of cultivation as dry, wet and garden. The acreage assessment now prevailing in the hobli of Kuru, varies from Rs. 5—13—4 to Rs. 17—8—0, whereas in other hoblis it does not rise above Rs. 10, so, I consider, the assessment on some of the lands in Kuru to be heavy. The total assessment of the Taluk is neither heavy, nor the reverse, and is capable of being increased during the approaching settlement.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

3. The climate of the Taluk is generally good and healthy, except at Tonnur, where fever prevails to a great extent. The village, Melkote, and its suburbs, are the healthiest parts of the Taluk. The villages on either side of the imperial road, running from Mysore to Bangalore, have peculiar advantages as regards communication and markets. The town of Ganjam is noted for its trade in paddy, and its surrounding villages can have a ready sale of their produce in that place. The important villages of the hoblis of Kyatanahalli, Palhalli, Harvu and Chandgal, and the whole of Kura Hobli and Kirangur have the advantage of the Railway Station being near to them and the produce grown in these may also be easily exported to the markets in Mysore which are always open. The town of Mysore supplies to a great extent night-soil and other kinds of manures to the several villages of the Taluk, lying within a distance of about 10 or 12 miles, and thus contributes to enrich the soil of the lands belonging to these villages.

4. Seringapatam is being frequently visited by pilgrims on several occasions, and thousands of people from Mysore and other places assemble there, on annual Jatra of Rathasaptami and Brindavana, about 6,000 people assemble for the annual Oorooscо at Ganjam, and also for the annual car festival at Karighatta near Ganjam. The village of Melkote is often visited by pilgrims. About 10,000 people from various parts of India gather there, for the annual Vairamudi Jatra which continues for about 10 days. The chief articles of country growth sold in these religious places on the jatra occasions, are the wet and garden produce.

5. As the wet lands under the river channels yield the main portion of the revenue (of the Taluk), I wish to make some observations regarding the same. The lands have a great attraction to the people because they are capable of yielding produce irrespective of rain-fall. The price of paddy becomes dear if the lands under the tank yield no produce, owing to the failure of season (rain) and the proprietors of lands under the river channels will then make much profit. Hence wet lands irrigated by the Cauvery channels will fetch a very high price, and possess the advantage of causing a steady source of income to the proprietors, whereas lands under tanks are wanting in these respects. So I think that most lands under river channels can bear a higher rate of assessment than those under the tanks. Among the lands under channels, those that are fit for sugar-cane cultivation are considered superior to those that are capable of yielding only paddy. Sugar-cane is not generally grown on high lying and sandy lands under the channels, owing to the deficiency of water supply during summer, when channels are closed for annual repairs. Hence, I think that such lands as are fit for sugar-cane cultivation, can bear a higher rate of assessment than those that yield paddy alone.

Under these circumstances, I suggest that the minimum rate of assessment per acre on the wet lands below the channels, may be fixed at Rs. 6, or 6½ and the maximum rate at Rs. 10½ or 11, the minimum rate being chargeable only on the high lying lands, situated at the tail end of the channels in the hoblis of Chandgal and Arikere. The area of wet lands under the channels is 15,144-22-120¾ acres, yielding a revenue of Rs. 1,00,775—7—10, and so the average acreage assessment thereon is Rs. 6—2—4. As for the garden and dry lands, and for lands below tanks, the rates prevailing in the adjoining settled taluk of Attikuppa, may safely be a dopted in this Taluk. According to the rates suggested above, I am sure, the revenue of the Taluk will increase to a great extent.

From the Sub-Division Officer, French Rocks, To the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, No. B, dated 6th March 1889.

In reply to your letter Camp No. 19, dated 17th ultimo, forwarding for an expression of my opinion and return, the papers relating to the proposed settlement of the Seringapatam Taluk, I beg to submit that in my letter No. 714, dated 11th

ultimo, I have made some observations regarding the revision of assessment in the Seringapatam Taluk. The classification of villages into 3 groups, as made in the Survey Superintendent's letter under reply, is based on sound principles, and the rates of assessment proposed therein, are liberal and moderate.

2. With reference to the allusion made in the 23rd para of the Survey Superintendent's letter, about Arakere Tank supplementing the channel supply of water for sugar-cane, I do not think that the tank is capable of supplying water for sugar-cane, during the hot weather, to all the wet lands belonging to Arakere Its supply of water is limited. It is desirable first, to ascertain to what extent, and to what lands, the tank can supply water during the hot weather, and then, to assess at a higher rate, such lands as may be found being benefitted by the tank. However, the limited area that has been hitherto receiving hot weather supply for sugar-cane from the tank, can bear a higher rate of assessment than those in the neighbourhood, that do not receive such a supply.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, No. 2393, dated 16th, March 1889.

I am in receipt of your letter No. 848, dated 27th ultimo, for the great courtesy of which I am thankful.

2. I herewith return your letter No. 813, dated 13th ultimo, to the Chief Secretary with annexures, containing proposals for the settlement of the Seringapatam Taluk.

3. For dry crops the villages of the Taluk have been divided into three groups, with the maximum rates respectively of Rs. 2, Rs. 1—12—0, Rs. 1—8—0 per acre, the resulting average being Rs 0—14—6, Rs. 0—11—6 and Rs. 0—10—4 per acre respectively, or Rs. 0—12—6 on the whole. These rates and results square with those of the already settled neighbouring taluks and seem suitable, though it may be remarked that it is easy to overrate the disadvantage of distance from made roads, the fact often being that the distance is traversed by cart tracks not inferior to gravelled Local Fund roads and at an expenditure of time of no appreciable value to the raiyat.

4. Be it noted that the increase in assessment of the occupied area of dry lands is more than 46 per cent *.

*

Present collections	...	... 31,762
Proposed ...	...	... 46,489
	Increase...	.. 14,729

5. For rice crops a uniform maximum of Rs. 8 per acre of land under "Ordinary Irrigation," and Rs. 10 per acre of land under "Channel Irrigation" is proposed. As compared with Arkalgud and Yedatore Taluks, these rates for Seringapatam Taluk are very favorable to the latter, Seringapatam being in every respect (including available cultivating population) much better off than the other two taluks, whose channels are also drawn from the Cauvery river. The maximum rates stand compared as follows :—

	Ordinary.	Channel.
Arkalgud	8	10
Yedatore	8	10
Seringapatam	8	10

6. Favorable as these maximum rates are, a manipulation of the classification with reference to "facility of water supply," has favored Seringapatam Taluk still further, the average results being as follows :—

	Average per acre of Channel irrigated lands.
Arkalgud	5 1 5
Yedatore	6 8 5
Seringapatam	6 2 9

7. If the sole or main object of the Revenue Survey and Settlement be to map and record accurate areas of lands and redistribute the existing revenue of the Taluk, so that its incidence may be uniform and equitable with just the margin necessary to preserve the revenue from falling off during the next thirty years, and to secure the ways and means for remunerating Shanbhog and Patel from the Government Treasury, then (minor details apart), the proposals contained in your letter to the Chief Secretary quite fulfil this object, though in one view it would seem better to vary maximum rates than to adopt an unusual departure in the classification. But if a participation of the State in the general prosperity of the community consequent not merely on good seasons, but also on increased security of person and property and improved and improving Public Works including Railways, be also an object to be secured at the introduction of a new settlement, then it seems to me that the lump sum to be taken from the wet lands of the Seringapatam Taluk, can without hardship or relative injustice to the raiyats, be larger than the amount proposed. Without launching into any elaborate explanation of this proposition, I shall content myself with indicating by one or two comparisons how one need not be alarmed at the consequence of assessing the lands under the favorable maximum rates mentioned in para 4 above, and in accordance with the past or usual practice of the Settlement Department, *i. e.* without the new departure implied in the "facility of water supply" principle, as explained in para 23 of your report. The figures will be as follows :—

	Rs.
Old collections on wet lands	... 1,11,367
By survey without the new departure in classification	... 1.,40,799
Increase.....	29,432

which is equal to 26 per cent on the "old collections" and yields Rs. 7 as the * average rate per acre by survey. When we are not afraid of an increase of 46 *per cent* in the revenue from *dry lands* in the Seringapatam Taluk, and when the increase in the assessment of channel lands in the Yedatore Taluk has been more than 50 *per cent* over the "old collections," and the average rate per acre, there, is Rs. 6—8—5, I do not see why an increase of but 26 per cent over a most corrupt assessment yielding an average incidence of not more than Rs. 7 per acre on lands which are about the best, the best situated, the best irrigated and the best cultivated in the Province, should be considered too much. In "lucky Arkalgud" with a population sparse and habitually emigrating to the coffee estates, the increase was 8 *per cent* and the incidence Rs. 5—1—5 per acre.

*Rs. 1,40,799 on 20,796 acres.

8. A manipulation of the classification as explained in para 23 of your report to the Chief Secretary makes a difference of Rs. 15,934, say Rs 16,000 in round numbers, in the assessment. I must confess that I am unable to understand the validity or the necessity of the manipulation or to think that the very nice adjustment which it implies, is worth this sacrifice of revenue. That assessment should be lowered with reference to diminishing facility of water supply is a proposition the justice of which cannot be denied. In this proposition, however, it seems to me to be assumed that the labor of supplying water falls on the payer of the assessment. But if the labor falls on the receiver of the assessment.

I suppose the variation of the assessment, should be otherwise. Of two lands which are equally irrigated and yield equally to the raiyat but are differently situated so that the irrigation of one involves greater labor on Government establishments than the irrigation of the other, that land which possesses less facility of water supply, *i. e.* whose irrigation involves greater Government labor, should pay more than the other which entails less labor; in other words and adopting the illustration contained in para 23 of your letter to the Chief Secretary, the average land in the lower section, should pay a *higher* assessment than the average land in the upper section as far of course as this is possible without encroaching upon the margin of minimum adequate profits to the cultivator. There is, indeed, the element of diminishing certainty of water supply often associated with diminishing facilty of water supply. In my opinion the uncertainty in the Chikdevaraisagar and Virjanadi Channels, is not so great as to absorb this liability to pay a higher rate and to secure for the land in the lower section, a title to pay a *lower* rate than the land in the upper section. The first five paragraphs of Colonel Bowen's letter support this view. According to them there is no uncertainty of water supply down to Arekere; the little uncertainty which exists lower down is not worth considering; the hot weather supply for sugar-cane crop is an important element for consideration; facilities are given for such supply for this richly paying crop involving heavier outlay in conservancy, for these facilities and this outlay Government have a right to obtain a *quid pro-quo*; there is of course greater certainty of hot weather supply in the higher sections than in the lower sections and therefore (*on principle*) there should be a difference in the assessment (*on this ground*) but the difference need not be great and is practically so small that a really equitable and unobjectionable rate of difference, will be a delicate task. Above all, the sufficiency and certainty or otherwise of the hot weather supply in the Chikdevaraisagar and Virjanadi Channels, is governed by the quantity of water in the Cauvery. This for all practical purposes is abundant; and under an improved and improving system of channel works and channel conservancy, the quantity of water which can be drawn and distributed through the channels, is sufficient and ample. It would be extraordinary if it were otherwise. In these circumstances, and due allowance having been made in the ordinary classification for diminishing facility of water supply where the labor falls on the raiyat (para 4 of your letter No. 848, dated 27th ultimo), it seems to me superfluous to lower the classification with reference to the distance the water has to run from the head sluice. However correct a variation may be in principle, it seems to me that in the conditions of the channels and of the Taluk in question this element, not taken into account on the same scale in the Arkalgud and Yedatore Taluks, might be left out of the account in the Seringapatam Taluk with about as little risk of practical error as there is in omitting to take into account the position of the anicut across the river with reference to the river itself and the number of anicuts higher up.

9. The difficulty of water supply in the hot weather for sugar-cane crops and the attendant uncertainty being practically, the sole feature, which disturbs the usual classification, it is worthwhile taking the exact measure of that feature. Among the annexures to this letter there is a statement showing the villages in which and the extent to which sugar-cane was grown last year (1887—88). As of recent years there has been no fluctuation in the cultivation of sugar-cane; this statement may be taken as representing normal conditions. Comparing this with the list favored with your letter No. 848, dated 27th ultimo, some useful results are deduced. Out of the 21 villages with a wet land area of 8,598 acres (by survey) under the Chikdevaraisagar Channel in which the classification has had to be disturbed, in 13 alone was sugar-cane grown. The total area of wet lands in these 13 villages is 5,948 acres (by survey); and (on a free estimate) it is in about 250 acres of this area (the recorded area being about 177 acres) that sugar-cane was grown. Out of the 12 villages with a wet land area of 3,826 acres (by survey) under the Virjanadi Channel in which the classification has had to be disturbed, in 2 villages only was sugar-cane grown. The total area of wet lands in these 2 villages is 1,978 acres (by survey) and (on a free estimate) it is in less than 20

acres of this area (the recorded area being about 12 acres) that sugar-cane was grown. Putting the two channels together, the disturbing feature in question relates to (250+20) 270 acres of land in 15 villages. A principle of classification has been called forth for the sake of these 270 acres the nature of which requires that it should be applied to the remaining 6,756 acres of wet land in these 15 villages. The principle is such that it must be extended so as to apply to 18 other villages with a wet land area of 5,308 acres in which sugar-cane has not been recently grown. The result is that for a feature which affects 270 acres the classification of 12,064 other acres has been manipulated so as to reduce the assessment by Rs. 16,000. Is there no disproportion in this?

10. For garden lands a uniform maximum of Rs. 10 per acre has been proposed which is the same as that adopted for Mysore, Yedatore, Arkalgud and Attikuppa the resulting average per acre, however, varying as follows:—

	Rs.
Seringapatam	4 0 2
Mysore	3 9 6
Yedatore	4 12 4
Arkalgud	4 5 6
Attikuppa	4 14 7

Here also Seringapatam is better treated than the other taluks except Mysore.

11. Dry, wet and garden put together, the figures are as follow:—

	Rs.
Past collections	1,43,266
Proposed collections excluding Irrigation cess and Shanbhogs and Patels' remuneration.	1,61,180
Possible collections without a departure in classification and without higher maximum rates than neighbouring taluks.	1,77,114

What lump sum shall be taken from a Taluk on the advent of a new settlement is eminently a question for Government and its advisers in the Settlement Department to decide. In low rates the raiyats will proportionately rejoice, and the revenue collector will rejoice also.

12. The Irrigation cess (for some time separately levied and now merged in the wet assessment) is a cess which accrues on the introduction of the Survey Settlement, in pursuance of a policy which applies to all irrigated lands in the Province. Ought this as a matter of course supersede the special cess of 8 annas a khandi of channel irrigated land, which was imposed in its present form in 1864 and is now paid to meet the cost of the Channel Conservancy establishment on the river channels of the Mysore and Hassan Districts? May not the special cess be still retained particularly in view of the fact that raiyats holding lands under these channels have no Nirgantis to pay mirasi to, as holders of lands under large Tanks often have to pay irrespective of the Irrigation cess merged in the assessment? May not the cess be retained also partly as a commutation of the raiyats' liability to clear weeds of which on one hand the enforcement and on the other the fulfilment or a perpetual source of vexation all round, the worst feature of which is that the burden in practice falls very unequally upon the raiyats, quite as much so as the growth of the weeds themselves along the course of the channel. The vexation is greater in proportion as weeds have to be dug out by the roots and the cultivators of lands live far from the lands they cultivate (as often happens in the case of bechirakh villages) or far from the parts where weeds grow most. With the liability commuted into money weed clearing can be done by paid labor just as silt clearing is done and the system would work smoothly. As it is easier by far to give up a cess than to impose one, the advent of the Survey Settlement seems a fitting time for considering and determining the question.

13. Besides the statement of a sugar-cane cultivation mentioned in para 9 above, I annex copy of two letters from the Sub-Division Officer, French Rocks, written one before and the other after the receipt of your proposals for the settlement of the Seringapatam Taluk.

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List of villages of Seringapatam Taluk in which sugar-cane cultivation is cultivated.

No.	Name of Hobli.	Name of Village.	Extent.			Assessment.	
			K.	K.	P	Rs.	A. P.
1	Kura.	Kura	7	7	10	178	12 0
		Total.. ...	7	7	10	178	12 0
2	Haravu.	Kasaba Haravu	40	5	11½	528	6 8
3	Do	Kutari	2	4	10	42	5 8
4	Do	Sitapura	20	10	2¼	366	7 10
5	Do	Arlukuppe	10	12	4½	206	9 3
6	Do	Yalekere	15	16	5¾	246	7 2
7	Do	Yennelolekoppal	4	17	13	117	9 11
8	Do	Hosakoppalu	...	18	1	14	11 4
9	Do	Chelvcarsinakoppalu	20	9	15¼	394	2 1
10	Do	Syadanahalli	1	0	0	12	0 0
		Total.....	116	14	15¼	1,928	11 11
11	Kyatanahalli.	Kasaba Kyatanahalli	80	6	5¼	987	12 6
12	Do	Kekkada	34	0	0	761	7 0
13	Do	Atchappanakoppalu	7	7	9½	140	2 9
14	Do	Kurubarkoppalu	3	8	5¾	61	12 2
15	Do	Makanakoppalu	6	7	3	117	7 5
16	Do	Puttaiyanakoppalu	7	3	5½	140	5 0
17	Do	Ramapura	2	4	5	44	3 1
18	Do	Agrahara	4	2	15¾	85	4 2
		Total.....	145	0	2	2,338	6 1
19	Kirangur.	Kasaba Kirangur	22	12	4	271	14 6
20	Do	Dasaguppe	3	9	7	49	4 8
21	Do	Kudlakuppe	8	15	8½	101	1 4
22	Do	Tallenhalli	2	4	0	25	4 0
23	Do	Nelamane	9	15	15	104	11 6
24	,,	Jindagirikoppalu	5	0	0	58	8 1
25	,,	Chikkadi	4	6	2½	62	11 4
26	,,	Kuchenhalli	1	6	¾	15	2 8
27	,,	Herode	2	8	0	27	8 0
		Total.....	59	17	15½	1,716	2 1

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No.	Name of Hobli.	Name of Village.	Extent.			Assessment.		
28	Settahalli.	Kurlar Settahalli	2	10	6	29	4	11
29	Do	Kallikoppalu	1	1	8½	12	8	0
30	Do	Allapatna	2	16	14¾	29	11	6
31	Do	Pihalli	1	4	0	30	11	6
		Total.....	7	12	13¼	102	3	11
32	Arkere.	Kasaba Arkere	17	2	4	197	13	3
33	Do	Hosahalli	1	11	2	14	13	4
34	Do	Chikkaharohalli	2	5	¼	43	13	6
35	Do	Vitlapura	1	4	0	5	9	3
36	Do	Hangarahalli	0	5	4½	3	1	2
37	Do	Gamanahalli	1	10	14	13	8	2
38	Do	Banhalli	0	5	13¾	3	13	3
39	Do	Bettahalli	0	16	3½	20	1	2
40	Do	Madarhalli	2	14	3	31	4	2
		Total.....	22	15	7½	333	13	3
41	Tirumalsagar chattar.	Kasaba Tirumalsagar	1	0	0	11	11	8
42	Do	Tonnur	1	2	8	10	12	6
43	Do	Devarayapatna	1	15	0	17	8	0
		Total.....	3	17	8	40	0	2
44	Balagula.	Kasaba Balagula	10	0	0	202	14	8
		Total.. ...	10	0	0	202	14	8
45	Palhalli	Kasaba Palhalli	6	0	9½	102	10	4
46	Do	Kempalingapura	1	14	13¼	32	12	2
47	Do	Karimanti	7	7	4¾	103	11	0
48	Do	Agrahara	8	13	11¾	137	14	0
49	Do	Brahmapura	1	0	0	14	8	9
		Total.....	24	16	2	391	8	3
50	Chendagalu.	Kasaba Chendagalu	1	12	0	17	10	2
51	Do	Nagauhalli	4	2	12¼	59	11	4
		Total.....	5	14	12	77	5	6
		Grand Total	403	17	5½	7,309	13	10
		Total Area in Acres.....	834	17	54	...	..	...

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From the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, Mowbray Cottage, dated Ootacamund, 19th April 1889.

I have carefully studied the papers connected with the settlement of Seringapatam Taluk. The only point regarding which I am doubtful is the proposed mode of dealing with channel lands The figures for Yedatore and Seringapatam compare as follows :—

	Acres by Survey.	By old accounts.			As per Survey.			
		Collections.	Average rate		Assessment.	Average rate.		
Yedatore (Rice)	9,165	39,686	4	5 3	59,825	6	8	5
Seringapatam (Rice)	18,637	Not known		...	1,15,025	6	2	9

The above figures may be taken as showing that the proposed rates for Seringapatam are on an average unduly light. I have reason to believe that the rates adopted in Yedatore, *though in themselves moderate*, are felt as burdensome as the old rates were excessively light. Seringapatam is more favorably situated than Yedatore in every way. Judging by the experience of the past two years, one would almost regret that the Yedatore rates were not pitched a little lower. If that had been done, I would have nothing whatever to say against the rates now proposed for Seringapatam. The maximum rate for Seringapatam may well be somewhat higher than that for Yedatore and the higher rate would not be felt as burdensome, because it would not involve any startling increase, certainly not an increase greater than what we took in Yedatore.

I am inclined to agree with your principle of classification of the value of water according to distance from the head sluice. The old system apparently recognized this principle and this by itself is a sufficient justification for the classification adopted. I have no means of judging from the papers before me how the old actual rates compare with the proposed ones for the various sections of the different channels and I am therefore unable to decide definitely whether an increased maximum rate would or would not be felt as a hardship.

I have caused a statement (copy enclosed) to be prepared from your classified villagewar statement showing the assessment on rice lands under the various channels by hoblis, commencing with the head sluice. Comparing the figures in this statement with those in a similar statement for Yedatore (copy also enclosed), it is apparent that the transitions in Seringapatam are much more marked. The Haravu and Kyatanahalli Hoblis under the Chikkadevaraisagar and Belagula and Palballi under Devarai and Virjanadi, as well as the Bangardoddi lands are assessed, generally speaking, somewhat higher than the Yedatore lands. This is of course just, all circumstances considered. A higher maximum than Rs. 10 would still further increase the assessment of these lands, and I am not sure that an increase thus caused can be regarded as fair and reasonable. In the remaining hoblis, under both sets of channels, the transition seems to be much more abrupt than necessary, especially so under the Chikkadevaraisagar, which has been brought to such great perfection that distance from the head sluice ought not, in the case of that channel, weigh as much as in the case of the distant villages under the

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Virjanadi. There have been scarcely any complaints of insufficient supply under the former and as regards the cultivating population, it is far superior to the Virjanadi. Prevalent prices of land under both channels would be found to confirm this view. In short, the difficulty to my mind is that if we raised the maximum, we may unduly increase the already high assessment on lands near the head sluice, while if we accepted the proposed maximum rate, we shall not escape from the charge of inconsistency, especially on a comparison with the Yedatore settlement. I am sorry there has been so much delay in writing to you on this subject. I should like to have your opinion as early as possible before coming to a final decision. Please telegraph to me when you propose commencing the announcement of rates in Seringapatam.

Under Chikkadevaraisagar, out of a total of 11,477 acres, 5,227 are assessed at average rates below Rs. 6, while under Devarai and Virjanadi out of a total of 6,880 acres only 1,171 are assessed at average rates below Rs. 6. On the other hand, in Yedatore, under Mirle and Ramasamudra Channels, the lands assessed below an average of Rs. 6 are very inconsiderable indeed.

I have thus hurriedly noted down my difficulties and shall thank you for an expression of your final views and of what you would propose under the circumstances. I would like to have your opinion as to the effect of an increased maximum upon lands which would be assessed at a fairly high rate even with a maximum of Rs. 10, also figures showing *present and proposed average rates* under the various sections of the two systems of the larger channels of Seringapatam. The information last named must be very useful.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Dewan of Mysore, dated Colonsville, 21st April 1889

Thanks for your letter of the 19th instant. To-day being Sunday, I cannot lay my hands on all the papers I require in order to give you all the information you require regarding the Seringapatam settlement. In the mean time however I think if you will consider the following important points, you will regard more favorably what I have proposed:—

1st Chikkadevaraisagar has a large area assessed at rates below Rs. 6, because it is a channel of extraordinary length. Devaraya and Virjanadi being comparatively short channels have of course a much smaller area assessed at rates under Rs. 6. It is only after a certain point that the decrease in valuation of water supply commences. Under this general rule it may be taken as an axiom that where the lands are under channels of no very unusual length the higher will be the average rate under the survey assessment Thus in Yedatore, as compared with Seringapatam, the *average* rate on the whole is higher.

2nd In Yedatore the old assessment was light *throughout*; at the tail end of the channels, it was just as high as elsewhere. In Seringapatam on the contrary, there was what I may call a premeditated lowering of the old rates in the lower sections, in fact very much the same principle as I am now proposing was followed. In no other taluk has anything of the same kind been found to anything like the same extent. This is pretty clear from the fact that in the 31 villages, which I presume are the chief subject of discussion, and which are those in which my proposed rates are considered too low, the chief increase, as a result of the settlement, is to be found. The wet lands in these 31 villages were paying an average rate for lower than that of the Yedatore Taluk and consequently, unless I had lowered the classification, the settlement would involve a far more startling increase than in Yedatore. As it is the increase in these 31 villages is quite as great as was the increase in Yedatore. Unless I had adjusted the classification, the assessment of these 31 villages would have been raised 100 per cent nearly.

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I note that your difficulty lies in reconciling the proposed treatment of Seringapatam with what has already been done in Yedatore. The only question which appears open is, shall we raise the maximum rates in Seringapatam? I think it would be decidedly wrong to attempt to raise again the classification of the lower sections and leave the maximum rates as they are for then the inconsistency would still remain, and a classification deliberately adopted by me after consultation with the Irrigation Department would be upset and the result would be that the bulk of the proposed increase would fall upon that portion of the Taluk where the old rates were lowest. No. I think if we want to take more out of Seringapatam it must be done by raising the maximum rates. I do not recommend doing this as although Yedatore no doubt is less favorably situated than Seringapatam there is nothing so very inconsistent in adopting the same maximum rate in the two Taluks for this particularly valuable kind of cultivation. There is much more inconsistency in fixing the dry crop maximum at Rs. 2 for Mysore and Seringapatam, it ought to have been considerably higher than Rs. 2 but we could not ignore past collections entirely and it was considered advisable to avoid startling increases.

I observe that you think the transition of rates, especially under the Chikkadevaraisagar, has been too abrupt. Remember the length of the channel, the fact that little or no sugar-cane is attempted after a certain point and the strong support my action received from Messrs. Bowen and Kensington, especially the latter. In the Virjanadi the result of my rapid transition of rates is very marked, but, being a shorter channel the area affected is much smaller. To-morrow I will send you some figures in support of my views and embodying the information you require, but I am not sure that I can give you a statement showing present and proposed rates under the various sections, however I will try. There is plenty of time to announce the rates in Seringapatam. I must not delaying doing so however much after the 1st proximo.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Dewan of Mysore, dated Colinsville, 22nd April 1889.

Perhaps the accompanying statement of river channel irrigated lands which I have just compiled will assist you in coming to a decision regarding the proposed settlement.

First of all you will notice that the effect of the proposed rates on the 24 villages, the classification of which I did not revise, is to leave the old assessment almost precisely where it was.

Next you will readily see that the whole of the increase on the channel lands, Rs. 18,000, is on the lower section lands; and you will also see that the fall in rates under the old assessment (column 5) is much more rapid and marked than under the survey assessment (column 7), I will briefly state my views. As regards the 24 villages, which I have not interfered with at all as regards original classification, there is no doubt that they will easily bear a higher maximum than Rs. 10 if we judge solely by the past collections. An average of Rs. 7—4—0 per acre is however a very fair and appreciable rate.

A maximum rate of Rs. 12 would give an increase in these 24 villages of about Rs. 7,000 and the average rate would be about Rs. 8—6—0 per acre. A maximum rate of Rs. 12 in the remaining 31 villages would similarly give an increase of about Rs. 13,000 over my estimate. The average rate would go up about one rupee per acre. A maximum rate of Rs. 11 would give an increase of just half of what a 12 Re. maximum would give. I think you will agree with me that it was right on principle to modify the valuation of the water supply in the lower sections, indeed I observe from your letter under reply that you *do* agree with me on this point.

I believe that there has been the fullest justification for the plan I have adopted and if any change is to be made in *my* proposals, it must be by altering the maximum rates.

You will see from the statement that although I based my proposals entirely upon what I believed to be the necessity of the case, the result has been to distribute the

new assessment so as to fall nowhere with any startling and sudden weight. As regards altering the maximum rates, I do not think we need do so from any fear of being thought inconsistent.

I admit that the proposed settlement is a very liberal one, but we must remember that if we gain only Rs. 18,000 on the channel lands, the dry land assessment in the same magams has been very much increased.

If you think the assessment of the channel lands is lower than it ought to be considering the valuable nature of the lands in question by all means let us raise the maximum rate but I should certainly not do so from any fear of the principle of the settlement being challenged. I do not think that the adoption of my proposals just as they stand will complicate our settlements either past or future and recommend their adoption.

Mr. Ananda Row's objections are much more directed against the lowering of the water valuation in the lower sections than against the maximum rates. On the matter of classification, I feel myself quite unable to modify my views but that a little more revenue can be got by raising the maximum rates. I quite admit.

Seringapatam Channel Lands.

Description.	Villages.	Acres by Survey.	Old.		New.		Explanation
			Collections.	Average Rate.	Survey Assessment	Average Rate.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Wet lands under channel irrigation	24	6,447	46,528	7 3 6	46,732	7 4 0	These are channel lands in which the original classification stands good. They are situated under the Chikkadevaraisagar, Devaraj and Virjanadi Channels. I have not time to give all detail, but I may mention that the old assessment is highest on the lands under the two last named channels
Garden lands or waste of any kind not included ...	3	1,647	8,151	4 15 2	11,319	6 13 11	First reduced Section of Chikkadevaraisagar.
	5	1,478	6 073	4 2 10	8,895	6 0 3	Second do do do
	12	3,860	14,252	3 11 1	18,810	4 13 11	Third do do do
	1	1,383	5,676	4 1 8	7,360	5 5 2	Kasaba Arkere for which see para 23 of Report.
	3	1,252	6,540	5 3 7	8,671	6 14 10	First reduced Section of Virjanadi.
	2	803	3,792	4 11 6	5,067	6 4 11	Second do do do
	5	1,767	6,040	3 6 8	8,171	4 10 0	Third do do do
Total.....	55	18,637	97,052	5 3 4	1,15,025	6 2 11	

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From the Dewan of Mysore, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, dated Fern Hill, 25th April 1889.

Many thanks for your demy-official letters of 21st and 22nd instant. The figures you sent with the latter are very interesting From the beginning I had no intention of questioning your classification of water under various sections of the Seringapatam Channels. Our chief difficulty is in reconciling the settlement proposed for Seringapatam with what was actually adopted for Yedatore. No doubt that your reduced classification of the 31 villages gives a considerable increase in those villages, and it would not be right to meddle with your classification so as to make the assessment still heavier in those villages.

2. In the 24 villages which have the best lands we virtually get no increase whatever, though I admit that Rs. 7¼ per acre is a fairly high average rate.

3. If we raise the maximum rate to Rs. 12 in the 24 villages, we get an increase of Rs. 9,346 and an average rate of Rs. 8—11—2 which is no doubt too high. In the other 31 villages, the increase would be Rs. 13,658 and the average rate Rs. 6—11—6 against proposed average rate of Rs. 5—9—8. This, in my opinion, is also too high.

4. By adopting a maximum of Rs. 11, we get an average rate of Rs. 7—15—7 for the 24 villages and one of Rs. 6—2—7 for the remaining 31 villages. These would seem to be very fair rates and give a total increase of Rs. 11,502 for the 55 villages and an average rate of Rs. 6—12—7 per acre. Bearing in mind the comparative advantages of Seringapatam, this average rate cannot be considered otherwise than as very moderate.

5. Another plan would be to fix a maximum of Rs. 12 for lands under the Bangardoddi Channel in Serigapatam Village, Rs. 11 for lands of the remaining villages of No. 1 group, and Rs. 10 for other villages (of either No. 2 or No. 3 group). This would give the following result:—

		Rs			Rs.	A.	P.
Seringapatam Village	...	4,758	...	Average Rate ...	8	8	11
No. 1 Group Villages	...	93,426	...	Do ...	7	2	6
Nos. 2 and 3 Group Villages...		27,588	...	Do ...	5	3	5
Total		1,25,772					

Under this plan, total increase and average rate are slightly less than those shown in preceding paragraph. (These calculations are based upon figures in classified statement and are only approximations).

6. The arrangement in para 5 would possess the advantage of leaving untouched the assessment of many of the 31 villages the classification of which was reduced by you. There may be other objections to grouping of villages for purposes of rice assessment under the channels. If this be so, the best plan will be to adopt a uniform maximum rate of Rs. 11 for the entire Taluk.

7. I enclose two statements (prepared from classified statements) showing average rates under the Seringapatam and Yedatore Channels. They will show that the variations of rates are more numerous under Chikkadevarai in Seringapatam than in Yedatore (see specially Statement B). For instance under the *Mirle* Channel, there is no rate between 6 and 6¼, or between 4¼ and 5¼. A similar remark applies also to the Ramasamudra Channel, and in a smaller degree to Virjanadi. This perhaps is the result of many conditions of detail relating to classification and does not affect the general question now before us.

8. As soon as I get your final views on proposals made in paras 4 and 5 above, I shall send you sanction to proceed with the settlement. It will help me much to understand fully the question of incidence, if you will kindly send me a statement for channel rice lands in each of the 55 villages in the enclosed Form C.

9. I am very sorry to give you all this trouble, but full information of incidence of present assessment on each village is not to be found in the papers before me, and the subject is one of the highest importance on which it is essential to have definite ideas and a clear policy.

P. S.—Since writing the above, I received this evening your letter of the 24th. You may make your arrangements for commencing Seringapatam settlement about 1st May. As soon as I get your reply to this, I shall telegraph to you whether the maximum is or is not to be increased and to what extent and follow it up by a letter by return post.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Dewan of Mysore, dated Colinsville, 28th April 1889.

I have been thinking over some plan of freeing the Seringapatam settlement from any reproach, if contrasted with what has been done in Yedatore and elsewhere.

I will first show, what I had not time to do in my letter of the 22nd instant, how the new assessment compares with the old in the 24 villages where classification was not reduced. The information as below is for each channel: —

Channel.	Villages.	Acres by Survey.	Old.		New.		
			Collection.	Average Rate.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bangardoddi	1	556	5,289	9 8 2	3,965	7 2 1	
Virjanadi and Devaraj ...	6	1,875	12,412	6 9 11	13,524	7 4 3	
Chikkadevaraisagar ...	17	4,016	28,827	7 2 10	29,243	7 4 6	
Total.....	24	6,447	46,528	7 3 6	46,732	7 4 0	

I quite understand that the proposed settlement is considered to be unduly favorable. I have, in previous letters, endeavoured to make it clear that the unusual length of the Chikkadevaraisagar Channel and the unusual circumstances, as much as the length, of the Virjanadi Channel, have necessitated a classification which has reduced the average rate on the channel lands throughout the Seringapatam Taluk below the total similar average rate for the Yedatore Taluk, but the average rate in the 24 villages, not reduced as to water class is in itself a good high rate and higher than the average in Yedatore, or any where else. At the same time as you say, and as the statement given above clearly shows, not only do we gain absolutely nothing in these 24 villages but the old incidence was so unequal that the new assessment must be regarded as extremely light and I quite believe that an average rate of about Rs. 8 per acre would not be much felt. I will now suggest three alternative plans and you can decide upon which ever you please.

I.

Leave the proposed rates as they stand. The justification of this step is that an average rate of Rs. 7-4-0 is a good honest rate even although there is no gain to the revenue; also, if it be asserted that the total average rate is low compared with less favorably situated Taluks, the answer is that the great length of the channels concerned and the consequent lowering of the water class has been the cause; also that on the lands generally, other than channel lands, dry land especially, the proposed settlement involves a large increase.

II.

Without altering the maximum rate, I could raise the water class so as to give precisely what are 11 Re. maximum rate. It is precisely the same thing in practice and, just as I lowered original classification lower down, here I would raise it. The result would be.

	Old Collection.	New Assessment.	Old Average rate.	New Average rate.
24 Villages	46,528	51,800	7 3 6	8 0 0
31 Villages	50,524	68,293	4 2 4	5 8 8
Total.....	97,052	1,20,093	5 3 4	6 7 1

Under this plan all I would have to do would be to work out the rates afresh in 24 villages and send you a short explanatory letter and figures for the necessary correction of the classwar statement.

III.

Bring the whole of the villages of Group I under a maximum rate of Rs. 11 for channel lands (I would not have a 12 Re. maximum for Bangardoddi only). The results would be :—

	Old Collection.	Survey Assessment.	Old Average rate	New Average rate.
42 Villages	76,407	97,676	5 10 9	7 4 0
13 Villages	20,645	26,983	4 0 0	5 3 6
Total.....	97,052	1,24,659	5 3 4	6 9 1

I am myself on the whole in favor of Plan II, if the original proposals are to be altered at all. It will necessitate changes in only 24 villages. I am quite prepared however to act according to your instructions on any of the Plans. If you wire Plan 1 or Plan 2 or Plan 3, I shall know exactly what to do. The villages are all pretty large and it will take me some time working out the fresh rates. I have filled up Form C. received with your letter so far that it can easily be completed in your office. I hope you will be able to wire something definite.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

Telegram from the Dewan of Mysore, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, dated Bangalore, 1st May 1889.

Plan number three approved and settlement sanctioned accordingly.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 155, dated Bangalore, 25th June 1889.

I have the honor, in continuation of my letter No. 813 of the 13th January 1889, to report the final arrangements for the revision of the assessment of the Seringapatam Taluk which I have made and carried out after a careful reconsideration of the circumstances of the Taluk. On the authority of the Dewan's Telegram, dated 1st May 1889, I slightly modified my original proposals and, in order to complete these papers, I now beg to report upon the scope and extent of the modification in question.

2. I may at once state that no alteration in my original proposals has been made, excepting in the case of the villages of the 1st group and there too only as regards the lands under river channel irrigation. No alteration whatever has been made in the classification which formed the basis of my original proposals and calculations, but only in the maximum rate which, for channel lands in group I, has been raised from Rs. 10 to Rs. 11. This is not a very material increase when the very favorable position of the villages of the 1st group is borne in mind. In the matter of Railway, roads, population and other material advantages, the villages in question are superior to the best villages of the Attikuppa and Yedatore Taluks and, to be consistent, some slight difference in the maximum rate for channel irrigated lands is necessary.

3. For the statement at para 25 of my original report which shows the proposed assessment of the occupied lands, the following should be substituted :—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.						Garden.			Total.		
					Ordinary.			Channel.								
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
I	101	27,719	25,146	0 14 6	1,154	5,656	4 14 5	13,352	96,208	7 3 3	1,309	6,104	4 10 7	43,534	1,33,114	3 0 11
II	86	12,260	8,800	0 11 7	341	1,026	3 0 2	2,858	15,177	5 5 0	529	1,880	3 8 10	15,988	26,883	1 10 11
III	51	19,381	12,543	0 10 4	656	3,158	4 12 1	2,427	12,781	5 1 7	611	2,179	3 9 1	23,083	30,261	1 5 0
3	208	59,360	46,489	0 12 6	2,159	9,840	4 8 2	18,637	1,23,766	6 10 3	2,449	10,163	4 2 5	82,605	1,90,258	2 4 10

The difference it will at once be seen is almost entirely in the case of the channel lands of the 1st group the assessment of which is Rs. 8,741 more than my original estimate, the average rate rising from Rs. 6—8—10 to Rs. 7—3—3 per

acre. A further increase of Rs. 337 appears in the assessment of the garden lands under channels which had to be slightly raised owing to the change in the maximum rate for wet lands under similar source of irrigation.

4. In the same way, for the statement of arable unoccupied land with its assessment, given at para 26 of my original report, the following should be substituted :—

Group.	Number of villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.			Garden.			Total.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
I	101	2,777	2,080	0 12 0	9	42	4 10 8	12	30	2 8 0	2,798	2,152	0 12 4
II	56	3,622	2,158	0 9 6	24	131	5 7 4	3	5	1 10 8	3,649	2,294	0 10 1
III	51	1,486	811	0 8 9	2	4	2 0 0	2	3	1 8 0	1,490	818	0 9 5
3	208	7,885	5,049	0 10 2	35	177	5 0 11	17	38	2 3 9	7,937	5,264	0 10 7

There being scarcely channel lands unoccupied, the difference is practically inappreciable.

5. For the statement of minor inams at para 27 of my original report, the following should be substituted :—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.			Garden.			Total.		
		Acres	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
I	101	1,700	1,548	0 14 7	859	5,844	6 7 3	144	810	5 10 0	2,703	7,900	2 14 9
II	56	659	467	0 11 4	78	366	4 10 10	2	4	2 0 0	739	837	1 2 1
III	51	1,352	840	0 9 11	130	662	5 1 5	38	117	3 1 3	1,520	1,619	1 1 0
3	208	3,711	2,853	0 12 4	1,067	6,572	6 2 7	184	931	5 0 13	4,962	10,356	2 1 5

In the above, the raising of the maximum rate for channel lands from Rs. 10 to Rs. 11 has made some appreciable difference, a good many of the lands being under the channels.

6. Finally for the statement at para 28 of my original report which shows the whole area and assessment of Government arable land occupied, waste and Inam, the following should be substituted :—

Group.	Number of villages	By old accounts		By Survey							
				Government occupied		Government waste		Inam.		Total	
		Bynam Khands	Collections Rs	Acres	Assessment	Acres	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
I	101	6,929	99,701	43 534	1 33,114	2,798	2,152	2,703	7,900	49,035	1,43 166
II	56	2,116	20,121	15,988	26,883	3,619	2,294	739	837	20,376	30,014
III	51	1,968	23,414	23,083	30 261	1,490	818	1,520	1,619	26,093	32,698
3	208	11,013	1,43,266	82,605	1,90,258	7,937	5 264	4,962	10 356	95,504	2,05,878

There is a total increase, over my original estimate, of Rs. 9,078.

7. The local cess on Government occupied lands will now be Rs 11,900 instead of Rs. 11,323 and on the minor Inam lands Rs. 687 instead of Rs. 608; in all Rs. 12,587 instead of Rs. 11,931.

8. The irrigation cess will amount to about Rs. 8,500 instead of Rs. 8,000.

9. The gross revenue on the Government lands instead of being Rs. 1,81,180 as stated at para 35 of my original report will now be Rs. 1,90,258; and the net revenue, deducting pay of village officers and irrigation cess, will be Rs. 1,74,345 instead of Rs. 1,61,180, (see para 35 of Report) against Rs. 1,43,266 realized in 1887—88, or about 22 per cent.

10. I submit a classwar statement for group I. No change whatever occurs in the classwar statement for group II and III.

APPENDIX

Statement showing the Area, Cultivation, Cattle, Carts, Ploughs, Houses, Population, and Past and reported on in Survey Superintendent's letter

Class.			Number.	Name of Village	Survey Area and Kaval or													
								Government Culturable Waste.								Government	
								Dry Crop.		Rice.		Garden.		Total.		Dry Crop.	
Dry Crop.	Rice.	Garden			Total Area	Inam Acres.	Unmake.	Acres	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	Acres	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 2—0—0.			1	Kasaba Seringapatam	2,774	106	1,173	137	110		..	6	19	145	129	580	565
	1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 8 for ordinary and Rs. 11 for channel irrigated lands.		2	Kasaba Melkote ...	280		258	.	..		..	..	...	...	.	5	4
			3	Hoshalli .	604	30	349	.	..	..	...		.	...	...	185	176
			4	Anupanahalli	1,140	73	630	106	88	.	.	..	.	106	88	319	332
			5	Muddanahalli	247	1	41	9	8	.	..	.	..	9	8	187	180
			6	Shettihalli ...	288	18	105	9	6		..		..	9	6	155	154
			7	Siranahalli	163	7	21	27	24		..	...	...	27	24	106	94
			8	Jakkanahalli	641	27	247	69	56			..	..	69	56	292	290
			9	Chamanahalli	735	32	298	85	56		..	..	..	85	56	295	266
			10	Kadalgeri	1,351	42	713	32	26	..	...		..	32	26	703	678
			11	Devarahalli	435	18	97	51	32	.	...	...		51	32	260	250
			12	Lakshmipura	129	16	14	6	4		...	...	.	6	4	84	62
			13	Sidlakalakoplu	34		7	..	.	.	...	.	...	.	...	27	20
			14	Dolagatta	283	9	80	31	24	...	...	1	2	32	26	155	145
			15	Kadenahalli	887	16	358	27	20	..	..	..	..	27	20	457	415
			16	Kasaba Tirumalsagar . .	523	15	99	49	42	.	...		.	49	42	254	287
			17	Lakshmisagara .	525	18	170	11	10		..	..	...	11	10	322	316
			18	Devarapatna .	499	68	53	19	14	..	.	...	...	19	14	196	182
			19	Talya	994	20	411	59	42	..	..	2	3	61	45	491	459
			20	Nilanahalli	921	40	359	24	18	...	...	.	...	24	18	482	437
			21	Biranahalli	719	17	414	74	66		...	.	.	74	66	204	168
			22	Banagatta	219	5	30	1	2	..	...		...	1	2	131	135
			23	Koranahalli	326	7	66	1	2	..	. .	..	...	1	2	231	242
			24	Bichanahalli	279	...	181	24	20	. .	...	..	...	24	20	73	71
			25	Rangainakoplu . ..	578	10	190	15	12	.	...	...	...	15	12	350	281
			26	Hulikerikoplu	89	1	5	6	4	...	...	..	...	6	4	77	56
			27	Ingalkuppe	382	34	69	61	52	...	...	.	...	61	52	190	209
			28	Kasaba Kyatanhalli ...	712	38	189	1	2	...	...	..	. .	1	2	63	70
			29	Ukda	394	80	44	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	13	13
			30	Manchenhalli	623	45	85	17	10	...	...	...	...	17	10	441	350
			31	Harohalli	1,038	102	522	41	24	..	...	..	...	41	24	367	370
			32	Kennal	2,005	86	537	265	206	.	...	..	...	265	206	1,058	1,111
			33	Kudatanalu	368	81	66	20	20	.	...	...	...	20	20	198	170
			34	Nokanakoplu	428	44	109	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	120	123
			35	Puttainakoplu	545	20	299	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	4	4
			36	Atchepanahalli	241	27	28	1	2	...	...	1	2	2	4	17	17
			37	Rampur Chikdevarangana'a.	240	6	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	11

of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

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Proposed Survey Assessment of the 101 Government Villages of the Seringapatam Taluk of the Mysore District No. 155, dated 25th June 1889.

Standard Assessment.							Cattle.			Carts.						
cultivated.																
Rice.		Garden.		Total												
Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	Last collectors on cultivated lands	Agricultural.	Other cattle.	Total.	Small.	Large thalli Bandies.	Total.	Population.	Number of Houses.	Ploughs.	Remarks.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
553	4,361	211	1,252	1,347	6,178	7,196	268	1,764	2,032	274	...	274	10,300	3,010	134	
...	...	17	32	22	36	...	68	1,099	1,167	8	...	8	2,693	860	34	
10	38	30	104	225	318	299	24	81	105	...	...	...	57	14	12	
...	...	7	14	326	346	370	59	398	457	...	...	...	136	26	30	
...	...	9	23	196	203	152	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	1	156	155	202	74	360	434	1	...	1	147	51	37	
...	...	2	4	103	98	99	12	88	100	...	...	...	26	6	6	
3	6	3	9	298	305	364	76	399	475	6	...	6	197	36	38	
18	86	7	20	320	372	324	60	414	474	3	...	3	114	31	30	
30	94	31	105	764	877	838	173	877	1,050	12	..	12	421	94	88	
4	12	5	20	260	232	219	42	322	364	...	..	...	84	19	21	
4	12	5	19	93	93	66	2	26	28	.	...	...	7	1	1	
...	...	...	...	27	20	35	2	1	3	...	...	..	5	1	1	
3	8	4	13	162	156	116	21	120	141	1	..	1	38	10	11	
20	58	9	36	486	509	587	128	1,044	1,172	3	...	3	240	60	64	
90	470	16	31	360	788	650	96	444	540	3	...	3	283	51	48	
...	...	4	9	326	325	513	236	976	1,212	18	...	18	619	90	118	
145	734	18	95	359	1,011	663	6	9	15	...	...	...	17	4	3	
...	..	11	24	502	483	438	162	717	879	3	...	3	402	89	81	
...	...	16	40	498	477	349	82	449	531	.	...	...	220	29	41	
..	...	10	21	214	189	125	18	175	193	...	...	...	39	10	9	
40	212	12	33	183	380	194	48	258	306	1	...	1	89	23	24	
20	96	1	2	252	240	221	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
...	..	1	4	74	75	69	36	93	129	...	..	...	61	10	81	
11	42	2	6	363	329	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	..	...	77	56	39	62	128	190	...	...	...	145	22	31	
20	76	8	25	218	301	314	38	229	267	1	...	1	121	29	19	
401	3,304	20	83	484	3,457	3,283	590	1,175	1,765	61	...	61	2,544	460	295	
255	2,013	2	15	270	2,041	2,132	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	35	73	476	423	211	2	22	24	...	...	...	4	2	1	
1	4	5	12	373	326	163	146	349	495	1	...	1	521	85	73	
12	98	47	104	1,117	1,313	593	187	472	659	68	...	68	750	190	100	
1	4	2	3	201	177	105	75	262	337	9	...	9	273	61	37	
152	1,207	8	12	275	1,342	1,048	90	142	232	7	...	7	403	100	45	
217	1,746	5	38	226	1,783	1,375	96	53	149	...	...	...	251	58	48	
105	1,314	2	15	184	1,346	1,146	108	165	273	5	..	5	473	105	54	
155	1,262	15	119	178	1,392	828	78	73	151	...	...	...	224	53	39	

APPENDIX B—C

1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 2—0—0.

1st Class Minimum rate, Rs. 8 for ordinary and Rs. 11 for channel irrigated Lands.

1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 11—0—0

Class					Survey Area and Assessment													
								Government Cultivable waste							Government			
								Dry Crop		Rice		Garden		Total		Dry Crop		
Dry Crop	Rice. Garden		Number	Name of Village	Total area	Inam Area	Unarable	Acres	Assessment	Acres	Assessment	Acres	Assessment	Acres	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment	Acres.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
			38	Agrahara Chikdevanagundi	252	1	116	2	1					2	1	14	1	146
			39	Kuntakoplu	186	2	44	2	2					2	2	79	4	29
			40	Hosbet Hanu	1 106	61	166	58	58					58	58	269		510
			41	Yelekeri	903	78	223	11	8					11	8	531		57
			42	Vedasandra	1,018	20	190	16	10					16	10	817		1
			43	Chigalchetti dli	532	11	310									504	4	2
			44	Kumbalchetti dli	615	17	136	3	2					3	2	389	3	2
			45	Shambunal dli	770	14	296	2	2					2	2	351	9	6
			46	Hutheri	527	5	183	3	2					3	2	3.9		
			47	Malenal dli	548		137	17	16					17	16	379	3	3
			48	Dimmadli	871	6	97									199	1	4
			49	Shettanal dli	691	12	303									287	2	28
			50	Chelve Arsukoplu	400	6	70									2		313
			51	Yemmiekoplu	120	15	68									5		30
			52	Heskoplu ...	402	7	42	20	12					20	12	192	1	38
			53	Kattari	776	51	201	2	2					2	2	513	3	3
			54	Sitapura	1,081	21	400	5	4					5	4	332	3	2
			55	Arlikuppala	300	21	120									...		11
			56	Kattari Nadu ..	140	2	94									1		48
			57	Kasba Kirangur ..	2 376	134	494	2	2					2	2	325		30
			58	Darsakuppe	342	5	63									58		15
			59	Gudlukuppe	76	5	80			1	5			1	5	38		21
			60	Ballenalu li	337	13	56					1	2	1	2	10		51
			61	Chandgunkoplu	261	3	51									14	1	36
			62	Nelmani	1,275	25	227	22	14					22	14	450		3
			63	Haralahalli	344	23	73									199		
			64	Hirod	1,146	23	507	58	38					58	38	293		1,
			65	Bir hettihalli ...	450	10	172	7	4					2	4	160		
			66	Chikade	1,092	36	142	6	6					6	6	630		1,
			67	Kachenhalli	342	14	108									182		2
			68	Pavadahalli ..	176	8	45	18	14					18	14	103		
			69	Mugarkoplu ..	251	2	50	6	4					6	4	502		
			70	Betnahalli alli ..	526	11	80	51	38					51	38	380		
			71	Kurihatti ..	443	13	235	1	2					1	2	192		
			72	Vadesamudra ..	1,016	43	993	111	78					111	78	733		
			73	Kalenhalli	1,036	19	429	8	6					8	6	562		
			74	Kodihallihosur ..	659	49	165	35	34					35	34	404		

Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

—Continued.

Standard Assessment.						Last cr'le tro is on cultivated lands.	Cutt'e			Carts.			Popular on.	Number of Houses.	Houghs.	Remarks.
Cultivated.																
Rice.		Garden.		Total			Agricultural	Other cutt'e	Total.	Small	Large Hallı Bandı	Total.				
Acres.	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.											
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
146	1,113	3	15	163	1,147	642	31	62	93	.	...		52	14	15	
29	225	.	..	68	266	265	..	.	..	.	..		.	...	..	
510	3,960	9	44	788	4,290	3,917	184	663	847	2	.	2	652	140	92	
57	415	3	8	591	964	643	125	481	604	3	...	3	341	67	62	
1	2	4	8	822	760	1,499	242	630	872	2	.	2	656	133	121	
2	8	5	10	511	432	227	62	436	498	...	..		144	25	31	
2	6	7	18	389	336	162	90	303	393	2	...	2	303	65	45	
6	22	1	1	358	311	164	60	260	320	1	.	1	159	19	30	
..	..	7	16	336	283	152	76	248	324	2	..	2	160	21	38	
3	12	12	29	304	346	276			...		.	...	..		...	
4	14	9	22	212	204	131	78	373	451	..	...	.	222	51	39	
28	104	11	50	326	304	202	88	1,080	1,166	1		1	172	32	43	
05	2,524	14	106	329	2,732	3,034	38	195	233	.	...	.	386	123	19	
39	313	2	7	46	328	490	114	118	232	.		...	500	124	57	
38	1,111	3	19	333	1,294	1,048	2	5	7	..	...	...	3	2	1	
3	8	6	12	5.2	521	741	105	570	765		...	.	540	122	93	
67	2,153	6	43	605	2,532	2,010	185	745	930	..	...	.	756	149	110	
21	1,672	3	16	214	1,688	...		..	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	
48	363	.	...	49	365		.		...	...	..	.	..	.		
0	9,766	81	594	1,696	10,740	7,248	459	785	1,244	52	...	52	1,690	375	222	
15	1,584	1	4	274	1,647	907	80	74	154	11		11	328	73	40	
71	4,071	8	40	667	4,167	2,362	104	144	248	15		15	395	75	52	
1	1,610	6	36	267	1,659	1,(80	136	235	371	...	..	.	585	99	68	
6	1,089	3	15	203	1,119	781	120	255	375	4		4	414	89	60	
5	3,622	11	89	1,001	4,175	2,792	242	656	898	39	...	39	867	146	121	
1	220	8	32	243	411	261	98	449	547	2	...	2	293	65	49	
3	1,404	12	35	558	1,747	1,254	220	1,198	1,418	42	...	42	1,804	499	110	
3	10	3	6	166	151	111	60	238	298	15		15	192	31	30	
1	1,310	25	66	878	2,064	1,160	245	539	784	11	...	11	699	122	60	
1	220	.	..	220	387	247	.		...	...		...		...	...	
		2	9	105	112	58	4	10	14		...	...	17	2	2	
	34	..		188	178	89	..	..	...		...		...	...	...	
	..	4	10	384	318	140	...	.	..		...	...	...	..	...	
	...	2	3	194	153	86	48	640	688	..	.	...	94	14	24	
	64	9	25	769	806	440	196	970	1,166	...			397	97	98	
	26	8	24	580	502	210	102	635	737	1		1	242	32	51	
	...	6	16	410	405	223	102	471	573	7	...	7	247	54	51	

APPENDIX

1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 2—0—0.
1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 3 for ordinary and Rs. 11 for channel irrigated lands.
1st Class Maximum rate, Rs. 11—0—0.

Class					Survey Area and Kannale													
								Government Cultivable Waste.								Government	
								Dry Crop.		Rice		Garden.		Total.		Dry Crop.	
Dry Crop.	Rice.	Garden.	Number.	Name of Village.	Total Area.	Inam Acres.	Unarable.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres	Assessment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
			75	Vadesamudra Mayta Nallenhalli ...	1,081	23	430	73	52	...	...	...	...	73	52	547	4
			76	Kasaba Shettihalli ..	1,073	14	487	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	233	2
			77	Kurbarshettihalli ..	1,300	5	473	1	2	.	...	..	...	1	2	223	2
			78	Kalekoplu	427	3	199	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	2	46	
			79	Gaungur	1,362	23	760	38	70	...	...	..	...	98	70	463	3
			80	Siddapur	1,179	20	378	29	18	...	...	...	..	29	18	721	4
			81	Nagaragatta	503	40	323	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	137	1
			82	Gavadarahalli	898	5	622	5	4	...	...	...	...	5	4	252	2
			83	Sabbanakuppe	736	9	302	1	2	1	5	...	...	2	7	243	1
			84	Chinnenahalli	1,195	24	543	3	2	2	11	...	...	5	13	320	2
			85	Allapatna	905	14	452	3	2	...	...	..	...	3	2	131	1
			86	Marlngala	1,060	30	401	7	4	...	...	...	...	7	4	166	1
			87	Chinnaikanhalli ...	922	7	498	12	8	...	.	...	...	12	8	103	
			88	Kasaba Chendagal ...	1,057	58	133	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	50	
			89	Belvadi	2,470	26	509	469	328	...	...	..	...	469	328	1,238	1,1
			90	Kasba Palhalli	1,425	19	411	15	12	..	...	..	...	15	12	412	4
			91	Kempalingapur ...	388	10	77	3	2	...	...	...	...	3	2	89	
			92	Karrimatte Nala .	662	17	209	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	93	
			93	Bramhapura	733	53	145	1	2	1	2	..	...	2	4	93	
			94	Agrahar	656	73	100	...	..	1	5	...	...	1	5	7	
			95	Kasaba Belgulla	3,713	151	1,034	60	42	1	8	1	2	62	52	1,208	1,1
			96	Kuppekala	233	...	51	34	20	...	...	...	...	34	20	148	
			97	Hulekere	673	7	180	19	14	...	...	...	...	19	14	458	3
			98	Hongahalli	1,513	12	814	162	120	2	6	...	...	164	126	506	8
			99	Jekkanakuppe	165	...	41	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	108	
			100	Hoshalli	623	18	135	6	4	...	...	...	...	6	4	451	3
			101	Karepura	202	2	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	109	
				Total	74,758	2,703	25,723	2,777	2,080	9	42	12	30	2,798	2,152	27,719	25,1
			1	Pagadekallahalli ...	1,066	13	899	44	31	...	...	...	...	44	31	55	
			2	Narayanpura	1,213	12	991	13	9	...	...	...	...	13	9	180	1
			3	Singapura	896	12	753	36	26	...	...	...	...	34	26	79	
			4	Talekeri	1,048	71	748	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	178	1
			5	Chilarahalli	120	8	31	8	5	...	...	...	...	8	5	66	
			6	Kanaganahalli	474	19	260	4	2	...	...	...	...	4	2	178	1
			7	Balgatta	381	29	106	6	3	...	...	...	...	6	3	184	1

f Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September **1890.**

—Continued.

ndard Assessment.							Cattle.			Carts.						
Cultivated.						Past collections on cultivated lands.										
Rice.		Garden.		Total.												
Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.		Agricultural.	Other cattle.	Agricultural	Small	Large Hall Bands.	Total	Population	Number of Houses.	Ploughs.	Remarks.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
5	12	3	6	555	440	..	64	251	315	4	.	4	156	28	32	
325	1,822	14	56	572	2,106	1,223	188	655	843	14	...	14	626	114	94	
588	3,245	10	67	821	3,516	2,248	258	951	1,209	24	..	24	913	204	129	
172	954	6	39	224	1,029	734		.	...	...	...	...	...	...		
9	26	3	9	47	386	320	102	434	536	2	...	2	273	54	51	
16	42	5	12	742	539	197	97	384	481				251	54	48	
	...	3	7	140	123	88	22	138	160	1	...	1	33	8	11	
.	..	14	31	266	238	149	60	287	347	2	..	2	150	24	30	
172	943	8	27	423	1,165	770	114	347	461	7	...	7	408	65	57	
299	1,630	4	18	623	1,906	1,270	86	455	541	3	...	3	204	45	43	
301	1,672	4	21	436	1,520	1,303	164	514	678	26	...	26	405	86	82	
454	2,491	2	11	622	2,649	1,601	74	310	384	9	...	9	176	39	37	
300	1,564	2	10	405	1,666	1,282		..	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	
790	6,036	24	158	864	6,233	3,975	160	508	468	29	...	29	493	111	80	
174	1,369	54	193	1,466	2,699	1,429	88	254	342	9	..	9	270	59	44	
503	3,800	65	505	980	4,712	3,951	436	864	1,300	94	...	94	1,732	296	218	
207	1,500	2	8	293	1,596	1,455	.	...		...	..	..	...	...	...	
337	2,755	6	20	4 6	2,874	2,521	64	153	217	13		13	326	68	32	
429	3,190	11	81	553	3,356	2 0 5	88	124	212	15	.	15	114	24	44	
462	3,643	13	104	482	3,755	3,422,	24	82	106	5	...	5	64	18	12	
,116	8,819	142	757	2,466	10,684	8,405	1,175	1,649	2,824	98	...	98	1,910	427	587	
	...	...	...	148	89	8	...	..	..	...	..	..	...		...	
.	..	9	31	467	370	224	148	562	710	7	.	7	316	59	74	
7	24	10	21	5 3	431	278	58	305	363	...	.	..	120	31	29	
...	...	12	29	120	112	40	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	33	464	375	127	260	553	813	41	...	41	684	118	130	
1	5		...	110	89	70	84	205	289	15	...	15	225	55	42	
4,506	1,01,864	1,309	6,104	43,534	1,43,114	99,701	10,761	36,437	47,198	1,115	...	1,115	45,054	10,546	5,334	
15	38	2	5	110	108	119	36	317	353	2	.	2	60	14	18	
17	42	..	...	197	160	120	18	166	182	1	...	1	28	5	8	
10	26	1	1	90	82	68	22	425	447	...	...	...	32	8	11	
48	154	3	7	229	307	284	68	274	342	1	...	1	204	25	34	
7	16	.	...	73	59	85	10	32	42	2	..	2	21	4	5	
12	32	1	2	191	172	204	46	625	671	...	...	...	197	20	23	
31	158	5	11	240	316	478	142	1,484	1,626	6	...	6	299	57	...	

APPENDIX

2nd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 8 and 10 for ordinary rice and channel irrigated lands respectively.

2nd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 10—0—0.

2nd Class Maximum rate Rs. 1—12—0.

Class.					Survey Area and Kanal o.													
								Government Cultorable Waste.								Government	
								Dry Crop		Rice.		Garden.		Total.		Dry Crop	
Rice.	Garden.	Dry Crop.	Number.	Name of Village.	Total Area	Inam Acres.	Unarable	Acres.	Assessment	Acres	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
			8	Shanbhoganhalli	133	5	57	3	2		..	.	...	3	2	68	51
			9	Maduvanhalli .	872	13	680	3	2		...	...		3	2	169	138
			10	Narsimhankoplu ..	29	.	8	.		.	...	...	..	...	...	16	11
			11	Guggonhalli .	322	9	199	21	16	.	.	...	...	21	16	84	54
			12	Dibbehosur	27	.	2	25	17	.	...	..	...	25	17	...	...
			13	Kodgalhalli . ..	744	8	592	5	3	..	...	..	..	5	3	122	102
			14	Yembramankoplu ..	85		13	30	16	..	..	.	..	30	16	32	21
			15	Alapahalli	322	..	245	...	..	...			..	...	...	67	45
			16	Chennapura	347	8	232	6	3	..	.	..	...	6	3	81	65
			17	Amrati	772	55	346	7	7	..	...	.	...	7	7	337	302
			18	Gavadgeri	930	35	522	43	28		...	...	..	43	28	310	257
			19	Kajikoplu	228	4	39	39	23		.	...	...	39	23	132	81
			20	Chikkainkoplu	32	..	5		.	...	..	.	...	...	...	25	16
			21	Bindikeri	27	...	6		...	...	...	..	...	..	..	14	9
			22	Heggadihalli .. .	148	1	15	49	30		.	.	...	49	30	80	53
			23	Devikerikoplu	54	2	8	.	..		..	.	..	..	...	28	26
			24	Chendri	675	24	327	41	30				..	41	30	262	183
			25	Deshvalli	453	9	141	30	19	.	.	..	...	30	19	272	177
			26	Vadrahalli	922	11	286	39	21	...	.	...	...	39	21	552	374
			27	Pursankoplu	173	...	47	..	...	..	.	..	...	...	...	126	78
			28	Patangeri	312	11	64	5	3	.	.	...	.	5	3	232	150
			29	Anurala	1,144	33	634	198	136	.		..	..	198	136	275	194
			30	Kodagahalli	592	10	269	90	70	..		..	..	90	70	212	164
			31	Atiganhalli	651	27	263	137	98	..	...	..	..	137	98	216	166
			32	Sambunal alli	893	12	411	5	3		...	..	...	5	3	452	368
			33	Borapura	774	7	468	79	51	...	...	.	...	79	51	216	161
			34	Hosuru	596	8	99	103	72	..	..	..	...	103	72	385	295
			35	Melapura	1,132	6	588	85	47	3	17	..	...	68	64	96	74
			36	Heladi	3,054	81	1,185	638	325	1	2	...	...	689	327	608	495
			37	Hampapura	1,210	17	216	179	117	...	...	.	..	179	117	2.2	547
			38	Nagavanhalli	353	10	41	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...	1	1
			39	Taripura	1,405	27	649	82	52	19	110	...	...	101	162	64	48
			40	Kemmanpura	480	16	52	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	2	160	95
			41	Chennanhalli	1,100	30	135	59	31	1	2	...	..	60	33	213	145
			42	Bidrahalli	440	3	62	7	5	...	...	..	...	7	5	250	169
			43	Dodaklanhalli ...	1,482	2	754	58	37	...	..	...	..	58	37	428	279
			44	Chikaklanhalli ...	484	9	127	58	35	...	...	..	...	58	35	262	169

Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

—Continued.

ndard Assessment.																
ltivated.							Cattle.			Carts.						
Rice.		Garden.		Total.												
Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Past collections on cultivated lands.	Agricultural.	Other cattle.	Total.	Small	Large Halli Bandis.	Total	Population.	Number of Houses.	Ploughs.	Remarks.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
...	...	..	..	68	51	45	16	165	179	...	...	...	30	5	8	
5	12	2	5	176	155	132	30	310	340	1	...	1	51	8	15	
5	16	...	..	21	27	17		...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
7	18	2	4	93	76	75	34	507	541	...	...	..	48	6	17	
.	..	...	...	...	.	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
16	40	1	3	139	145	123	28	321	349	..	...	.	64	11	14	
9	30	1	3	42	54	30	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	
1	4	9	21	77	70	33	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
20	48	...	..	101	118	64	10	95	105	...	.	...	12	4	2	
14	52	14	45	365	399	518	100	479	579	1	...	1	240	45	50	
5	16	15	45	330	318	283	42	262	304	...	..	.	86	21	21	
13	38	1	4	146	123	93	24	116	140	3	...	3	35	7	12	
2	6	.	..	27	22	11	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	..	
3	8	4	9	21	26	7	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	8	...	...	83	61	36	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	22	.	...	44	48	37	...	...	...	...	..	...	..		...	
...	...	21	50	288	235	183	52	265	317	..	...	..	133	40	26	
.	...	1	2	273	174	136	26	102	128	..			58	14	13	
27	96	7	17	586	487	390	106	439	545	7	...	7	300	33	53	
.	...	...	...	126	79	10	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	.	...	
..	...	...	...	292	150	144	26	119	145		..	...	55	11	13	
2	4	2	6	279	204	200	38	215	253	..	...		116	24	19	
...	..	11	25	223	189	172	27	177	204	...	..	...	62	18	15	
..	...	11	28	227	192	142	50	403	453	...	..	...	130	23	25	
10	24	3	7	465	400	393	144	1,251	1,395	...	...	...	292	53	72	
3	8	1	2	220	171	116	34	450	484	...	.	...	79	11	17	
..	...	1	2	386	285	209	38	68	106	6	...	6	80	21	19	
46	2,300	6	36	448	2,410	1,557	168	585	753	9	...	9	562	144	84	
57	2,767	34	224	1,099	3,486	2,524	100	294	394	11	...	11	295	72	50	
	..	1	2	803	549	282	70	212	282	8	...	8	179	30	35	
38	1,039	13	61	302	2,002	1,588	343	778	1,121	20	...	20	1,007	241	171	
46	2,613	18	97	628	2,758	1,861	36	167	203	4	..	4	82	27	18	
42	945	...	..	411	1,040	664	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	3,020	2	10	875	3,175	2,175	104	257	361	20	..	20	257	50	52	
99	559	9	38	368	766	576	124	513	637	25	...	29	238	52	62	
14	1,052	26	102	668	1,433	1,014	4	4	8	..	...	..	6	1	2	
		28	67	290	236	137	146	485	631	33	...	33	340	48	79	

APPENDIX

Class.					Survey Area and Kamal cr													
Rice	Garden.	Dry Crop.	Number.	Name of Village.	Total Area.	Inam Acres.	Unarable.	Government Culturable Waste.								Government	
								Dry Crop.		Rice.		Garden.		Total.		Dry Crop.	
								Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
2nd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 8 and 10 for ordinary rice and channel irrigated lands respectively.	2nd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 10—0—0.	2nd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 1—12—0.	45	Sugamballi	342	4	210	45	30	...	...	...	...	45	30	569	416
			46	Bhontgalli ..	566	10	118	56	30	...	...	1	1	57	31	379	254
			47	Kattanhalli ...	658	12	182	102	68	...	...	...	..	102	68	334	229
			48	Anagahalli	688	2	87	314	187	...	...	...	...	314	187	234	139
			49	Pura	244	4	79	53	28	..	..	..	...	53	28	102	76
			50	Bastipura	431	...	162	204	115	...	...	..	...	204	115	55	34
			51	Magamballi ...	699	9	320	107	66	..	...	...	...	107	66	261	173
			52	Bichenkuppe	470	4	330	7	3	..	...	...	..	7	3	129	82
			53	Maidanhalli ...	1,963	9	430	209	115	...	...	2	4	211	119	659	498
			54	Kuragahalli	1,702	13	862	45	24	...	...	..	...	45	24	695	511
			55	Avehalli	603	7	257	162	94	...	..	...	...	162	94	142	91
			56	Gardapura	452	6	329	32	21	...	...	...	...	32	21	73	49
				2nd Class Total	37,322	739	16,946	3,622	2,158	24	131	3	5	3,649	2,294	12,260	8,800
3rd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 8 and 10 for ordinary rice and channel irrigated lands respectively.	3rd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 10—0—0.	3rd Class Maximum rate, Rs. 1—8—0	1	Kenchenahalli ...	388	...	234	76	48	.	..		...	76	48	73	46
			2	Sanjanahalli	407	13	71	46	25	.	..		...	46	25	274	171
			3	Tonnura	1,302	146	468	7	6	1	2	...	..	8	8	335	260
			4	Madrahalli	741	27	335	22	9	...	...	.	...	22	9	352	216
			5	Managara	996	13	621	6	4	..	..	..	...	6	4	346	261
			6	Rangapura	226	2	30	8	4	..	...	.	...	8	4	159	100
			7	Arkanakeri	843	16	456	...	..	..	.	...	...	...	..	360	273
			8	Narahalli	1,176	36	738	10	6	..	...	1	2	11	8	375	304
			9	Bolenahalli	1,106	29	567	6	3	...		...	...	6	3	493	295
			10	Kenchanhalli hamlet of Tonnur	409	299	102	8	4	...	...	...	..	8	4	...	...
			11	Sankatonuru	1,548	25	596	119	70	...	...	1	1	120	71	650	466
			12	Sangapura	335	4	159	23	13	..	...	...	...	23	13	145	81
			13	Hoskote	784	59	196	30	18	...	...	...	..	30	18	472	319
			14	Hosur Titadumalin ...	378	9	180	4	1	..	...	..		4	1	178	107
			15	Kalenhalli	1,055	12	911	26	15	..	...	...	...	26	15	99	63
			16	Talavana	1,803	23	879	44	24	...	...	...	...	44	24	728	522
			17	Dodbelarihalli	2,351	19	1,416	85	36	...	...	...	...	85	36	805	539
			18	Chikbelarihalli ...	658	10	276	46	19	..	..	...	...	46	19	524	290
			19	Kanagamaradi ...	1,860	78	1,211	15	7	...	...	...	...	15	7	536	343
			20	Nughalli	858	23	397	43	27	..	...	...	...	43	27	389	243
			21	Madhupatna	360	14	172	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	173	114

Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

—Continued.

ndard Assessment						Past collections on cultivated lands.	Cattle.			Carts.			Population.	Number of Houses.	Ploughs	Remarks.
ltivated.																
Rice.		Garden.		Total.												
Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.		Agricultural	Other cattle.	Total	Small.	Large Hill Bands	Total.				
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
2	6	12	30	583	452	319	42	250	292	11	...	11	88	19	21	
...	...	2	3	381	257	192	82	197	279	9	...	9	193	39	41	
17	62	11	34	362	325	218	62	384	446	9	...	9	135	28	31	
.	...	51	152	285	291	217	..	...		.	...	...	...	...	...	
.	.	6	20	108	96	60	. .	. .	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	10	27	65	61	66	...	. .	...	...	. .	...	...	. .	...	
.	...	2	5	263	178	76	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	
.	...	..	...	129	82	64	18	88	106	..	...	...	52	8	9	
...	...	54	174	713	672	534	72	314	386	2	..	2	170	47	36	
..	...	87	375	782	898	760	148	871	1,019	25	...	25	318	63	74	
.	...	35	116	177	207	197	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
9	26	3	8	85	83	83	18	154	172	...	...	..	42	11	9	
99	16,203	529	1,880	15,988	26,883	20,121	2,702	14,618	17,320	220	...	220	6,581	1,369	1,278	
.	...	...	...	73	46	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	6	277	177	149	34	119	153	3	...	3	72	15	17	
04	1,686	41	203	680	2,149	1,542	130	464	594	1	...	1	386	72	65	
1	6	4	10	357	232	254	60	486	546	1	...	1	166	26	30	
3	8	7	19	356	288	317	68	353	421	...	...	...	207	44	34	
.	..	27	56	186	158	62	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	
9	30	2	6	371	309	387	80	504	584	...	...	...	167	37	40	
4	16	12	27	391	347	428	106	897	1,003	...	...	...	263	45	53	
5	12	6	12	504	319	249	64	427	491	...	...	...	124	25	32	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	145	211	...	...	...	137	24	33	
44	716	13	37	807	1,219	1,218	218	1,208	1,426	1	...	1	556	126	139	
3	8	1	2	149	91	90	36	292	328	. .	...	...	76	14	18	
...	...	28	65	500	384	470	72	663	735	1	...	1	390	63	36	
4	8	3	6	185	121	87	80	285	365	10	...	10	165	33	40	
4	12	3	9	106	84	52	20	48	68	1	...	1	45	10	10	
19	393	10	51	857	1,146	734	98	383	481	6	...	6	297	50	50	
2	4	24	71	831	614	374	135	451	586	1	...	1	428	103	67	
...	...	2	5	526	295	85	62	466	528	2	...	2	181	41	40	
31	72	9	22	576	437	211	78	835	913	...	...	...	279	83	49	
1	2	5	13	595	258	129	72	385	457	...	...	...	183	37	36	
..	...	1	1	174	115	72	26	171	197	...	...	...	59	13	13	

APPENDIX

3rd Class Maximum rate Rs. 8 and 10 for ordinary rice and channel irrigated lands respectively.
3rd Class Maximum rate Rs. 10—0—0.
3rd Class Maximum rate Rs. 1—8—0

Class. Rice. Garden.	Dry Crop.	Number.	Name of Village	Survey Area and Kaul													
							Government Culturable Waste.								Government	
							Dry Crop.		Rice		Gram.		Total.		Dry Crop.	
				Total Area.	Gram Acres	Unarable.	Acres	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	Acres	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
			22	Madikeri .. .	93	5	8	2	1	..		..	...	2	1	72	40
			23	Gaud hosur ...	340		40	27	13		..	.	...	27	16	250	610
			24	Tirumalapura . .	375	..	81	18	10	.		..	..	18	10	274	101
			25	Agathalli ...	993	22	424	13	6	.		..	...	13	6	528	200
			26	Hallal hosura . ..	313	8	221	...	...	.	...	..	...	..	...	76	50
			27	Nalankoplu ..	308	7	207	13	7			...	...	13	7	79	49
			28	Jekanahalli	1,138	23	578	3	2	...	...		..	3	2	503	270
			29	Chennanakeri	873	27	535	68	30	.	...	. .	...	68	30	228	137
			30	Chotanahalli ...	479	8	185	48	25	...	.	.	...	48	25	233	129
			31	Hunasagalhalli	588	23	151	33	18	...	...	...	. .	33	18	368	207
			32	Kodiyala	1,050	20	424	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...	579	310
			33	Pihalli	588	10	114	15	7	.	...	..	..	15	7	415	227
			34	Mallenahalli ...	354	11	199	22	12	.	...	...	...	22	12	110	65
			35	Hujanakeri	1,293	32	885	47	27	. .	...	..	...	47	27	323	231
			36	Kasabo Arkeri	3,272	131	782	36	19	1	2	...	...	37	21	853	598
			37	Gendehoshalli	1,128	16	319	9	6	..	...	...	...	9	6	110	72
			38	Nirikeri	963	21	262	36	21	..	...	...	...	31	21	636	381
			39	Vitalapura	285	6	42	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	...	228	141
			40	Garshalli	568	17	66	19	13	...	...	...	...	19	13	431	309
			41	Chik harohalli	390	5	77	20	7	...	...	.	..	20	7	245	158
			42	Dodd aro' alli	401	15	70	27	13	...	...	..	...	27	13	273	155
			43	Gamanhalli	4,098	134	1,057	256	154	...	...	.	...	256	154	2,589	1,881
			44	Bannahol i	888	31	177	25	7	...	...	...	..	25	7	624	380
			45	Bethal'i	541	12	190	32	18	...	...	...	..	32	18	289	165
			46	Madrahalli	409	20	133	20	12	...	...	...	..	20	12	192	108
			47	Aladal al'i	308	11	28	33	15	...	...	..	...	33	15	235	142
			48	Hangural alli	1,191	5	799	6	3	...	..	...	...	6	3	82	53
			49	Gotaragala	643	13	179	3	1	...	.	...	.	3	1	208	117
			50	Tarmandanhalli ...	430	1	183	4	6	...	...	.	...	4	6	241	130
			51	Algodu	1,100	30	383	27	16	...	...	...	...	27	16	614	415
				3rd Class Total	44,909	1,520	18,816	1,486	811	2	4	2	3	1,490	818	19,381	12,511
		208		Grand Total	1,56,989	4,902	61,485	7,885	5,049	35	177	17	38	7,937	5,264	59,360	46,489

of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

B.—*Concluded.*

Standard Assessment.						Past collections on cultivated land.	Cattle.			Carts.			Population.	Number of Houses.	Ploughs.	Remarks.
Cultivated.																
Rice.		Garden.		Total.			Agricultural.	Other cattle	Total.	Small.	Large Halu Eandu.	Total				
Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.											
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
	...	6	14	78	60	39		...	...		...	...	...	...	...	
..	..	5	11	264	180	98	20	74	94	...	...	.	38	8	10	
		2	3	276	164	74	22	145	167	.	.	..	22	12	11	
3	8	3	9	534	313	155	56	666	722	...	.	...	185	36	27	
2	6	6	12	84	68	55	...		.	...	. .	..	...		...	
1	4	1	2	81	55	46	16	150	166	2	..	2	40	9	8	
12	46	19	60	534	382	295	84	463	547	1	..	1	244	40	42	
...	...	15	42	243	177	178	94	173	257	..	..		217	21	47	
2	6	3	8	238	142	109	20	79	99	6	..	6	50	10	10	
6	14	7	17	381	238	225	84	357	441	1	...	1	171	33	42	
15	60	12	39	606	415	457	90	346	436	7		7	430	101	45	
21	96	13	54	449	377	346	152	338	490	30	.	30	274	71	76	
...	...	3	6	122	71	53	40	222	262	...	.	...	89	12	20	
1	2	5	13	329	246	441	50	213	263	7	..	7	104	24	25	
333	7,360	86	509	2,322	8,497	6,412	850	1,858	2,708	159		159	3,039	647	425	
607	3,039	8	37	784	3,168	2,478	138	361	499	23	...	23	399	68	69	
.	...	8	23	644	404	346	204	825	1,029	40	...	40	595	103	102	
	..	9	27	237	171	74	..	...	...		...	...	...	...	..	
.	...	35	99	486	407	277	22	140	162	.	...	...	47	12	11	
17	74	26	79	288	291	216	41	268	312	7	..	7	96	22	22	
5	18	11	31	280	204	255	80	252	332	5	...	5	180	37	40	
10	34	52	186	2,651	2,101	1,178	500	1,567	2,067	83	...	83	1,243	202	250	
3	10	28	101	655	447	311	126	716	842	25	..	25	297	71	63	
12	46	6	27	307	238	219	42	187	229	7	...	7	97	23	21	
37	212	7	41	236	361	299	56	203	259	11	...	11	149	32	28	
...	...	1	4	236	148	71	22	129	151	4	...	4	70	12	11	
231	1,169	12	60	228	1,284	916	40	126	166	5	...	5	64	16	20	
...	...	10	31	218	148	177	72	403	475	12	...	12	200	35	36	
...	...	1	3	242	138	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
36	142	10	30	660	618	614	120	549	669	8	...	8	280	54	60	
091	13,539	611	2,179	23,083	30,261	23,444	4,549	19,394	23,943	470	...	470	12,801	2,551	2,293	
996	1,33,603	2.449	10,163	82,695	1,90,258	1,43,266	18,012	70,449	88,461	1,805	...	1,805	64,436	14,466	8,935	

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 4th September 1890.

No. 6496-530—CIR. 134, DATED BANGALORE, 4TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Superintendent of Revenue Survey, in his letter No. 891, dated 23rd March 1889, above quoted, submitted proposals for the revision of assessment in the Seringapatam Taluk.

2. The usual details are furnished in his letter No. 813, dated 13th January 1889.

3. For purposes of assessment, Colonel Grant proposed to divide the Taluk into three groups and to fix the following maximum rates :—

Group.	Number of Villages	Maximum Dry Rate	Maximum Rice Rate.		Maximum Garden Rate.
			Ordinary.	Channel	
1	2	3	4	5	6
I	101	2— 0—0	8—0—0	Rs. 10	Rs 10
II	56	1—12—0			
III	51	1— 8—0			

4. The proposed maximum of Rs. 10 per acre was considered to be light as regards the very valuable rice lands under the Cauvery channels in the Taluk, and for reasons explained in the Demi-Official correspondence printed above, the Government deemed it expedient to raise the rate to Rs. 11. The results of the Settlement with this increase on occupied land are shown in the subjoined statement :—

Group.	Number of Villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.						Garden.			Total.		
					Ordinary.			Channel.								
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
I	101	27,719	25,146	0 14 8	1,154	5,626	4 14 5	13,352	96,208	7 3 3	1,309	6,104	4 10 7	43,534	1,33,114	3 0 11
II	56	12,260	8,800	0 11 7	341	1,026	3 0 2	2,858	15,177	5 5 0	529	1,880	3 8 10	15,988	26,883	1 10 11
III	51	19,381	12,343	0 10 4	664	3,158	4 12 1	2,427	12,381	5 1 7	611	2,179	3 9 1	23,083	30,261	1 5 0
3	208	59,360	46,289	0 12 6	2,159	9,840	4 8 2	18,637	1,23,736	6 10 3	2,449	10,163	4 2 5	82,605	1,90,258	2 4 10

5. The Settlement having been introduced in May 1889 in accordance with the Dewan's telegram to Colonel Grant dated 1st May 1889, the papers above printed will be recorded

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Superintendent, Revenue Survey.
The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts for information.
The Heads of Departments.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.
A. Surappah.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 10th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPER :—

From the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 297, dated 29th August 1890.

Adverting to late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6300-7—R. 1103, dated 25th January 1881, regarding the confirmation by the Chief Commissioner of the highest offer for Kuranga stones, I have the honor to request to be informed whether, under Clause 5 of section X of the Revenue Rules, the submission of sale proceedings of Kuranga stones for the confirmation of the Dewan should be continued.

No. 6880-7—CIR. 143, DATED 10TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The results of the sale of the right to collect Kuranga stones need not be reported to Government.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts for information and guidance.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER :—

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 240, dated 27th August 1890.

I have the honor to submit for the orders of Government application, dated 7th December 1889, from one Mr. Saldanha of Mangalore for land measuring 46 acres and 30 guntas for Coffee cultivation on permanent tenure, out of Survey No. 28, extent 565—24 acres, in the Honnegundi village of the Koppa Taluk set apart in the Survey settlement for free grazing purposes.

2. The usual sale which was held on 1st May 1890 was permitted by me before the receipt of the Government Proceedings No. 3442—60, dated 10th July 1890. The land fetched Rs. 470 or 2½ rupees above the upset price, the first and the highest bidder being the applicant.

3. It is reported that irrespective of acres 46—30 now sold, there remains free pasture land in the said village to the extent of acres 613—8 for 124 head of cattle, or 4—38 acres per head, which is considered sufficient, and the villagers raise no objection.

4. The Amildar reports that there are 2 unoccupied lands as marginally noted in the same village which are stated to be unfit for coffee.

No.	Extent.
57	11—10.
58	22—13.
Total	33—23.

5. Under these circumstances, I request the favor of the orders of Government for the confirmation of the sale, or otherwise.

6. It would seem probable that when passing the orders contained in the Proceedings above alluded to, the Government had in view Maidan Taluks rather than Malnad Taluks in the former of which free pasturage lands are less extensive and therefore more valuable than in Malnad Taluks. In the present case, the application is for land for Coffee cultivation, and land suitable for that description of cultivation is becoming comparatively scarce and is not in such plenty in favorable localities as are lands suitable for dry cultivation in Maidan Taluks.

7. The Vernacular file ending with the Koppa Taluk Amildar's report No. 409, dated 10th instant, is herein enclosed for perusal and obliging return.

No. 7025-33—Cir. 147, dated Bangalore, 10th September 1890.

Order thereon.—The orders contained in Proceedings No 3442-50—Cir. 60, dated 10th July last, are applicable to Malnad and Maidan Taluks alike, and the Deputy Commissioner has done right in submitting the sale proceedings for the approval of Government.

2. That land fit for Coffee cultivation is becoming comparatively scarce is not such a necessity for grant of land assigned for free pasturage as is contemplated in the Proceedings above cited. Absence of other land suitable for Coffee cultivation in the village or its neighbourhood will be more to the point in an individual case.

3. In the particular case under reference however as the sale has been held and there is other abundant grazing land available and the villagers consent, and there is otherwise no objection to the grant of the land, Government sanction the grant of about 47 acres out of Survey No. 28 free pasturage of Honnegundi village in Koppa Taluk, for Coffee cultivation under the usual terms and prescribed rules.

4. Government remark that in the Vernacular proceedings and in important Vernacular documents such as agreements to be executed by the Native planter, English terms such as "permanent", "Upset price", &c, are unnecessarily used instead of their Kanarese equivalents.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts.
The Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 15th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPER:—

From the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 332–S., dated 9th September 1890.

I have the honor to submit the following for orders.

2. One Sitaramaiya, Shanbhog, applied for, for cultivation the marginally noted Survey numbers (Government waste) situated in the Wuddurhosahalli village, Holé-Narsipur Taluk. Being the Shanbhog himself, he certified at the foot of the application to the effect that there were no trees on Survey Nos. 22 and 133 and on Survey 150 there were some Mugali young plants and that there seemed no objection for the grant of the lands applied for.

		A.	G.	Assessment.		
No.	22	10	2	10	0	0
,,	133	3	0	3	0	0
,,	150	...	39	4	8	0

3. The Shekdar of the Hobli supported the certificate made by the Shanbhog.

4. On this, Saguvali chit was granted to the applicant for Survey Nos. 22 and 133 above referred to and No. 150 was put up to auction and one Budra, Kul wadi, was the highest bidder for Rs. 13. The sale has been confirmed and a Saguvali chit was granted.

5. One Ramaiya of Wuddurhosahalli village petitioned the Taluk authorities stating that Saguvali chit was granted for Survey No. 22 to the Shanbhog without putting the same to auction though there were trees on it and that he would purchase it for Rs. 16 if it was resold.

6. The land was inspected and it was found that there was a Muttuga tree on it. The Amildar brought the matter to notice during the Jamabandi settlement of the taluk in 1889–90, with the recommendation that as the Saguvali chit has already been granted to the Shanbhog, he may be allowed to cultivate the same on "Yekasala tenure" and afterwards it may be put up to auction.

7. The Amildar was called upon to make a special report and on his report it was ordered to punish the Shekdar for his carelessness and to sell the land. In the resale held, one Honna Shetti was the highest bidder for Rs. 16—2—0.

Under these circumstances, I beg you will be kind enough to move Government to cancel the Saguvali chit granted to Shanbhog for the said Survey No. 22 and to confirm the second sale held.

The Shanbhog was deprived of the land and in my opinion this punishment seems to be sufficient.

The entire Vernacular papers ending with the Amildar's report No. 278—348 are also submitted for needful further reference and obliging return.

No. 7273-4—206, DATED BANGALORE, 15TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government authorize the Deputy Commissioner to cancel the Saguvali chit granted to Shanbhog Sitaramaiya who obtained it on a misrepresentation. They are also of opinion that the Shanbhog should be punished for having failed to report the existence of the tree on the land and accordingly direct that he be fined five rupees.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan.
Copy to Superintendent, Revenue Survey, for information.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTERS:—

From the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, No. 1067, dated Mysore, 10th September 1888.

I am directed to forward herewith extract of para 19 from Colonel Bowen's letter No. 1081—179, dated 16th March 1888, regarding the condition of boundary marks in the Kolar Gold Fields, and to observe that it is necessary that permanent boundary marks should be erected in the case of all Gold Mining blocks, in order to avoid disputes in future. I am accordingly to request the favor of your opinion as to the nature of the boundary marks which you would propose to secure the above object. The marks used for cultivation fields are, in the Dewan's opinion, not suitable for the demarcation of Gold Mining land, as a difference of a foot or so in a boundary line would lead to serious dispute when the various Companies extend their works underground.

19 Before concluding, I would call attention to another point, the necessity for accurately demarcating the boundaries of the several properties There are at present, so far as I could observe, no proper boundary stones, and I am not aware that there are any very reliable surveys In course of time there are sure to be disputes and steps should be taken in time to obviate this Indeed, in the case of the Nine Reefs Mine, I understood from the Agent that already some difficulty is cropping up and he claims more land than is shown on our map. This matter first forced itself on my notice when, on going over the ground belonging to "Nundydroog" and "Uligam," I observed the close proximity of Probyee's and Well's shafts and enquired what was the line of demarcation between the two. Be it observed that the galleries, north from the one and south from the other, may some day meet underground. An old tree was pointed out and a stone (which might have been a boundary stone.) This stone, I saw on a subsequent day, had been actually knocked down. This and the claim of "Nine Reefs" with the general absence of land-marks, are sufficient, I think, to show that proper and permanent delimitation of the several blocks is of some importance.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 478, dated Bangalore, 28th September 1888.

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 1067 of the 11th instant on the subject of the boundary marks in the Kolar Gold fields.

2. I append copy of letter No. 78 of the 22nd instant from Mr. Appu Rao under whose supervision the measurement and demarcation of the Kolar Gold fields were carried out. You will observe that earthen marks 6 × 6 × 3 feet with a stone in the centre were erected at each corner, and at each large bend a stone about 3 feet high. Colonel Bowen states, in his letter No 1081—179 of the 16th March 1888, that, so far as he could observe, there were no proper boundary marks but he does not state whether he saw any boundary marks at all. Boundary marks such as Mr. Appu Rao describes were, beyond all doubt, erected in the first instance and if Colonel Bowen could see no boundary marks at all, both earthen marks and stones must have been deliberately removed. Before suggesting the kind of demarcation to be adopted, which evidently will require to be of a very permanent character, I should feel much obliged by being informed whether Colonel Bowen saw any deteriorated marks, or spots from which marks had been removed, and whether he thinks it possible he may have overlooked the exact position where the boundary marks were to be found.

It is of great importance to know whether the boundary marks have really disappeared and an inspection will I fear be necessary. I cannot give any opinion on the nature of mark to be adopted until it has been ascertained whether those erected originally have disappeared and if so how they have disappeared.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue), dated 16th September 1890.

3. I am not sure that any surface demarcation of the blocks could be devised sufficiently minute to regulate underground disputes. The disputes would arise, let the demarcation be ever so fine, and the dispute would probably have to be settled by aid of the field books and the bearings taken. I will however give the matter the best consideration in my power after I have ascertained the utter disappearance or otherwise of the original marks.

Copy of letter No. 78 from the Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, dated Bangalore, 22nd September 1888.

Begs to state that the demarcation of the Gold Mining blocks referred to was carried out in accordance with the instructions issued at the time. The marks erected were stones about 3 feet long for principal bends and a bandh 6 × 6 × 3 feet at each corner with a stone planted in its middle. Stones of similar dimensions were also put up at the corners to show the direction of the boundary line.

Memo. Camp No. 1495, dated 26th October 1888.

Copies forwarded to Colonel Bowen for such remarks as he may have to offer on the subject.

From the Superintending Engineer of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 5469, dated 7th November 1888.

With reference to Survey Superintendent's letter No. 478 of 28th September to your address, forwarded to me, with your Camp No. 1495, dated 26th ultimo, for such remarks as I may have to offer on the subject of the Gold Fields boundaries, I have only to say that I did observe in a few places what were doubtless boundary stones, but they were not such as in my opinion should demarcate the lines between valuable rival mining properties. High solid irremovable pillars are, in my opinion, necessary, but this of course is only my personal opinion. I did not observe many marks or stones, but I must add that existing ones may easily have escaped my notice, as I did not search for them and only rode from property to property along the most direct line as a rule. Again, in my opinion, marks between properties of this class should be at very moderate distances apart so as to prevent future disputes. Something more in fact is required than has been found sufficient for revenue purposes in ordinary lands.

II. I agree with Colonel Grant that no surface demarcation of the blocks could be devised sufficiently minute to regulate underground disputes, but where the workings on two properties are likely to come into contact, the boundary pillars should be exceptionally solid and at close intervals.

Camp No. 1754, dated Mysore, 17th November 1888.

ORDER.—Copy forwarded to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, for information, in reply to his No. 478 of 28th September 1888.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1890.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 200, dated Bangalore, 10th July 1889.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1067 of the 11th September 1888, requesting my opinion on the subject of more permanent demarcation of all Gold Mining blocks.

2. The measurement of the Gold fields, as at present mapped and demarcated, was carried out by Assistant Commissioner Mr. Appu Rao. I submit for ready reference copy of his Memo No. 78 of the 22nd September last on the subject of the present correspondence. It will be observed that at each corner of every Gold Mining block a mound 6 × 6 × 3 feet was erected and a stone about 3 feet long planted in the middle of the mound; at each principal bend a stone of similar size was erected. These marks differ from the ordinary Revenue Survey marks and ought to be sufficient, if looked after by the proprietors as they are bound to do under their agreement with Government.

3. At the time that Mr. Appu Rao had these Gold Mining blocks measured, in only three of these were any mining operations on foot. It will therefore be very readily understood that the boundaries as fixed were not pointed out in every case by the owners or agents of each block. Mr. Appu Rao nevertheless informs me that he believes the boundary, as now laid down, would in very few cases be disputed.

4. The Survey officers have no authority to settle the boundaries of Gold Mining blocks. It is impossible to separate the question of demarcation from that of the authoritative settlement of the boundaries. The present boundaries were laid down with reference to the information afforded by the map and statement furnished with Under-Secretary's letter No 6586—79 of the 22nd February 1886. In the same letter, such map and statement were directed to be taken as the only guide for the correct ascertainment of the boundaries of each block. In his letter No. 63 of the 12th July 1886, Mr. Appu Rao reported that the blocks had been surveyed in accordance with the terms of the settlement come to by the Dewan and the Agent of the Kolar Concessionaires as duly embodied in a Memorandam, dated 12th May 1886. At the same time, Mr. Appu Rao showed that the total area by survey of the blocks held by the Kolar Concessionaires was 12,868 acres, 37 guntas against 12,224 acres, 33 guntas entered in the official statement received from the Dewan's Office. There can be no question therefore of the full extent, to which the Concessionaires are entitled, having been measured.

5. I have gone into the above particulars because if more permanent and expensive demarcation is to be carried out, it will be necessary to know that we are proceeding upon lines of boundary which are not disputed or which, if disputed, we can settle, or have settled for us, before demarcation.

6. There is no difficulty in following the lines on the survey map of the blocks The Deputy Superintendent (Memo attached) suggests a trench being dug connecting the corners and bends all round each block. I think the suggestion is a good one but I am not able to say what the expense would be, as compared to that of high masonry pillars. The trench would be the more convenient boundary and could in time be supplemented by a hedge. If, as stated by Colonel Bowen, mounds 6 × 6 × 3 feet with a 3 foot stone in the centre have disappeared, even masonry pillars might be found insufficient. The trench once dug should be regarded and protected as a boundary mark. In the case of underground disputes, the trench would represent a very useful and efficient guide. It is impossible to say now how many stone pillars would be required, each pillar to be within sight from that next to it, but in the case of a trench say 3 × 3 feet it would be easy to calculate the cost. I would suggest the proprietors, (upon whom the expense will fall), of the various blocks being consulted, after the cost per yard linear of a trench has been estimated in the

Public Works Department. At the same time the cost of a masonry pillar say 5 × 1 × 1 feet or whatever size may be approved for the corners and for the bends might be estimated.

7. If I may be permitted to offer an opinion upon the general question, I should say that the necessity for demarcation, more permanent and expensive than that already adopted, and which latter I would observe is not the same as that used for ordinary revenue lands, should be judged by the existence of any disputes between the various blocks or by any instances of inconvenience which have arisen from the present demarcation being found insufficient. Whether a trench be dug or whether pillars be erected the work will be very expensive and by some of the proprietors at any rate may be deemed excessive.

Copy of letter No. 78 from the Assistant Commissioner, Mysore Revenue Survey, dated 22nd September 1888.

Begs to state that the demarcation of the Gold Mining block referred to was carried out in accordance with the instructions issued at the time. The marks erected were stones about 3 feet long for principal bends and a bandh 6 × 6 × 3 feet at each corner with a stone planted in its middle. Stones of similar dimensions were also put up at the corners to show the direction of the boundary line.

Copy of letter No. 458 from the Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, dated 22nd September 1888.

Forwarded for the information of the Superintendent. The nature of the demarcation adopted will be clear from the numerous maps already sent in. The substitution of mounds at the corners and stones at each side to show the direction of the boundary line instead of a stone at each corner and a mound at each side was necessary to distinguish the demarcation of Gold Mining blocks from that of Survey numbers. There are also stones at all the important bends. For all practical purposes the demarcation is sufficient. To obviate disputes underground or elsewhere, a trench could be dug connecting the corners and bends all round the block, if the owners of the block are willing to incur the expense. No trees, old or otherwise, were utilized for demarcation purposes, and the boundary stone, said to have been knocked down, was presumably fixed in its proper position originally.

From the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, To the Superintending Engineer of Mysore, No. 4927—104, dated 9th August 1890.

Adverting to your letter No. 5469, dated 7th November 1888, I am directed to forward herewith extract of paras 1, 2 and 6 of a letter No. 200, dated 10th July 1889, from the Superintendent of Revenue Survey on the subject of suitable boundary marks for Gold Mining blocks, and to request that you will be good enough to cause a typical boundary line on one side of a typical block to be selected and an estimate prepared for demarcating it by the different methods proposed. The dimensions of the proposed trench are given in appended extracts from Colonel Grant's letter. Those of masonry pillars may be taken according to your views of what may be suitable and sufficient in the circumstances.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 18 90.

From the Chief Engineer of Mysore. To the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 4168, dated Bangalore, 5th September 1890.

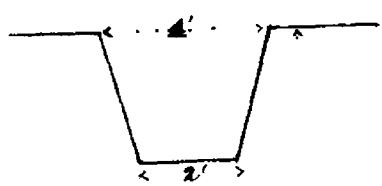
With reference to your letter No. 4927—104, dated 9th ultimo, requesting to have a typical boundary l ne on one side of a typical Gold Mining block selected, and an estimate prepared for demarcating it by the different methods proposed by the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, I have the honor to attach a sketch, on a small scale of a typical plot of land of about 3 square miles in area, with a Memo showing the cost of fixing stones, as compared with that for digging a trench, from which it will be seen that the trench is about 8½ times as expensive as fixing stones.

MEMO.

1. The estimate for fixing 6' stones, *a furlong apart*, with larger 8' stones, at the corners (or angles of deviation) would be—

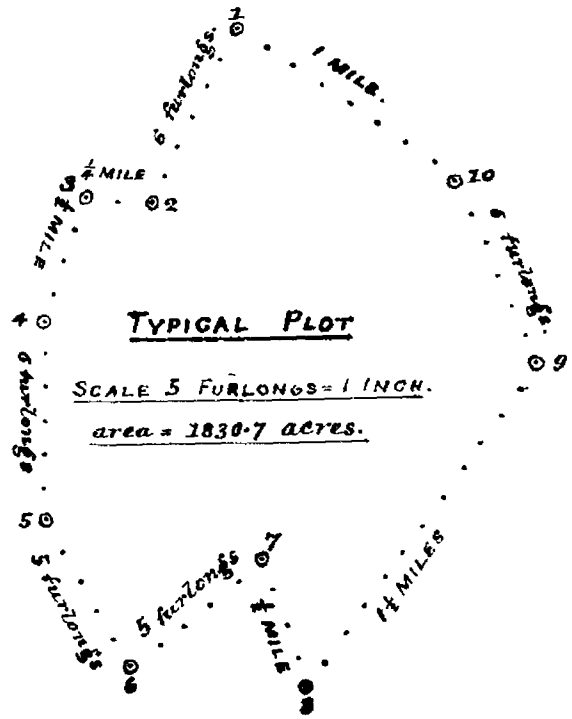
No.		Rs.
10.	8' Stones at Rs. 6 each	.. 60
48.	6' Stones at Rs 4 each.. ..	.. 192
	Total Rs.	... 252
	Contingencies .	13
	.. Grand Total Rs.	.. 265
	or about Rs 90 per square mile.	

2. For digging a trench of dimensions in margin, the cost would be at 0—3—0 per cubic yard.



(12,760 Cubic Yards × 1) × $\frac{1}{16}$	Rs. 2,393
Contingencies	... 119
Total Rs.	...2,512
or about Rs. 837 per square mile.	

3. Something should be allowed for fixing the stones, so that we may say the trench is about 8½ times as expensive as fixing stones.



⊙ 8' Stones at angles of intersection lines.
· 6' Stones about 1 furlong apart.

No. 7543-53—GOLD 43, DATED 16TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The subject of the condition of boundary marks in the various blocks of the Kolar Gold fields and as well as that of the other Mining Companies in the Province having engaged the attention of Government for a long time past, they deem it necessary that permanent boundary marks should be erected in the case of all Gold Mining blocks in order to avoid disputes in future. But before arriving at any definite conclusion and passing final orders, the Government would like to obtain and consider the views of the gentlemen interested. The correspondence read above will accordingly be forwarded to the Agents of the several Mining Companies, with a request that they will be so good as to favor the Government with their opinion thereon at an early date.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To— The Agents of the several Mining Companies in Mysore through the Deputy Commissioners concerned.
The Superintendent, Revenue Survey.
The Chief Engineer in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Exd.—A. N. Surappa

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 18th September 1890.

No. 7382-92—Cir. 154, dated Bangalore, 18th September 1890.

Order.—The Government resolve to issue the following instructions for the information and guidance of the Deputy Commissioners with reference to the Land Revenue Code and the Rules recently framed thereunder.

2. The main object of the Land Revenue Code is to give to the raiyats of the Province an indefeasible title to the lands they hold and obviate, as far as possible, all unnecessary interference of Government officers in the exercise of their rights. Under the Code, the raiyats are at liberty to use the lands as they please, without rendering them unfit for cultivation, to erect buildings, to excavate wells, and raise any crops they like subject only to the payment of assessment and such charge as may be imposed for any additional supply of water which they may receive from Government for irrigation, its value not being included in the assessment. The raiyats are also at liberty to keep or to relinquish their lands or transfer them by gift, sale, mortgage or otherwise, provided that in the case of relinquishments, the relinquished area is accessible to others and does not fall below the prescribed minimum and the relinquishment is tendered within the time allowed by the Rules. They can also cut or remove any trees on their lands provided they are not specially reserved by law, or by agreement or by special orders of Government.

3. In order that full effect may be given to the intentions of Government the Deputy Commissioners are requested to pay special attention to the following points.

4. Under the system hitherto in force, lands registered in the name of one individual were often held by a number of unregistered sharers, and this has led to much hardship, since, when the registered holder failed to pay the arrear, the lands held by other innocent sharers who had paid their dues became liable and had to be sold. To obviate this hardship and the consequent numerous complaints to Government, provision has been made in the Rules for the registration of lands held by each sharer in his own name, provided it is properly demarcated and made identifiable. Deputy Commissioners should cause this important provision in the Rules to be made known as widely as possible, and use their best endeavours to make the registration correspond as far as possible with actual possession. The raiyats must be made to understand that the Revenue Pattas issued by Government merely fix the responsibility of the raiyats to the payment of the assessment due to Government and determine the amount payable by them; but in no way interfere with the rights of the parties which are, as in the case of all other property, adjudicable by Civil Courts. If any one is dissatisfied with the registration made by Revenue officers, he is at liberty to establish his right in a Civil Court of competent jurisdiction and he may be assured that the Government will have no objection to registering his name if he succeeds in establishing his right in the Courts. He may also be allowed under Rule XXXII, para 9, to pay the assessment fixed on the land to save it from sale for arrears of Revenue which the registered defaulter may refuse or neglect to pay.

5. In the case of lands jointly held by a number of raiyats without the lands being divided among them, the names of all the joint holders may be registered if they apply for the same and the fact of their joint interest is admitted by the registered holders or established by a decree of the Court.

6. Particular care should be taken that no Patta stands in the name of deceased raiyats. The Jamabandi officer should make it his duty to see whether or not all the Registered Pattadars are alive, and if any one of them is dead, he should register the names of the heirs under Rule XXV.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 18th September 1890.

7. The Government believe that with a proper and careful registration of lands in the names of their actual holders, numerous complaints that now come before Government will cease and lead to the improvement of landed property.

8. Sub-divisions of fields for purposes of registration of transfers or sale, or granting Darkhasts, should as far as possible be made by Revenue officers without the intervention of the Survey Department. The correct area of the whole number being known, its sub-division into parts is not at all a matter of any difficulty, but if the Deputy Commissioners consider it necessary, the Government will be prepared to attach a Surveyor to each District to work under their orders. The assessment of the sub-divided portions of a field should be fixed at the same rate at which the assessment of the whole field has been fixed, but when the application of such an average rate may be considered inequitable in consequence of any material difference in the soils of the several portions of the sub-divided field the aid of the Survey Department should be obtained so long as that Department exists, and when it ceases to exist, the Government will attach one or two competent classifiers to each District to aid the Deputy Commissioners in apportioning the assessment.

9. It is essential that people should know which lands can be had for cultivation on mere application, and which are liable to be sold and have to be paid for. Deputy Commissioners should therefore lose no time in causing the lists A and B referred to in Rule XX, para 3, to be prepared The villagers must be made to understand clearly that the lands entered in list A will always be given to the 1st applicant, and that no preference will be given to the residents of the villages after the application has been once made.

10. The punctual collection of Revenue is an important duty of Deputy Commissioners. The existing practice of allowing arrears to accumulate for years is highly objectionable. The Jamabandi officer should, as already pointed out in para 58 of Government Proceedings No. 6582-90—C. 136, dated 2nd September 1890, carefully go through the list of arrears at each jamabandi, and decide once for all which should be collected, and which should be recommended to be written off. The recoverable arrears must then be collected and statements of irrecoverable arrears forwarded to Government with the necessary explanations, without delay.

11. Patta lands should never be resumed for arrears of revenue. They should be sold under the Code, and purchased by Government if there be no bidders or if the bids are unduly low. There is no legal objection to absolute relinquishments of lands on which arrears are due being accepted; but it is advisable not to accept such relinquishments when arrears are due. In such cases the lands should invariably be sold under the rules with the least practicable delay.

12. The Code makes no difference between Inamdars paying quit-rents, and holders of raiyatwari lands, in regard to the mode of recovering Government dues except as regards the holders of Service Inams. The previous sanction of Government is not necessary for the sale of inam villages for arrears of revenue, but it must be remembered that as in the case of raiyatwari holdings, the whole village or a whole field should not be sold when the sale of a portion is sufficient for the discharge of the arrear. Deputy Commissioners should also remember that, in the case of inam villages held in vrittis without the lands being actually divided, they are also competent to sell the vritti of the defaulter before enforcing the joint responsibility, provided the names of the vrittidars and the extent of their vrittis were duly entered in Government Registers. Deputy Commissioners should use their best endeavours in getting the shares of the several vrittidars entered in Govern-

ment Registers, so that such vrittidars as punctually pay their dues to Governmen might not needlessly suffer for the fault of some recusant vrittidar.

13. In the course of reviewing statements of irrecoverable arrears, Govern ment noticed that several sums had to be written off in consequence of the pay ments made by raiyats having been embezzled by Shanbhogs. This indicates laxity in the examination of village accounts. It is the duty of the Jamabandi officer t examine the village accounts at the jamabandi, and the result of the examinatio should invariably be reported in the annual administration reports.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Survey Superintendent.
The Inspector General of Forests.
The Comptroller.
The Inam Superintendent.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS :—

From the Chief Engineer of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 4182, dated Bangalore, 6th September 1890.

I have the honor to forward to you copy of a Report from the Executive Engineer, Kolar, No. 186, dated 8th August, on the subject of procedure adopted for the recovery of the contributions levied from raiyats for tank restorations.

II. The proposal of Mr. Srinivasa Rao, to ensure prompt and full recovery of such contributions seems certainly a good one for general adoption, but as the procedure is outside the province of the Public Works Department, it must I presume be considered in the Revenue Department and a revenue order should issue on the subject. The method of keeping Shanbhog ledgers and dealing with and checking the accounts and entries therein, I do not understand, and I feel therefore not competent to issue instructions on or to enter very fully into the subject.

From the Executive Engineer, Kolar Division, To the Chief Engineer of Mysore, No. 486, dated Kolar, 8th August 1890.

In continuation of this Office No. 428 of 18th July 1890, regarding the question of contribution and No 437, dated 22nd idem, submitting list of contribution remaining uncollected on the 1st July 1890, I have the honor to report further that the procedure now adopted for the recovery of contribution is the following. The necessary bond is taken. It goes ultimately to the Deputy Commissioner who issues orders for recovery of the contribution to the Amildar. The Amildar or the Shekdar goes to the spot and prepares a distribution statement and tries to recover money according to it. He may not be able to recover the whole at once. So he does what he could and returns to Head-quarters. The question is practically dropped until it is raked up again either from a reference from this Department, or attention drawn to it by one of the higher Revenue officers.

2. It will be observed that owing to changes naturally occurring, the persons that signed the bond may not always happen to be persons whose names appear in the distribution list as prepared afterwards. Owing to the same cause, preparation of fresh lists may become necessary ; and lists prepared on one occasion may not be similar or contain the same names as those prepared on a previous one. These must give rise to numerous complaints. The procedure takes the nature of a specialty and therefore requires special attention and effort, which are not always, I shall

only say, possible to give. Thus in the nature of the procedure it is that delays should occur in the recovery of contributions and many complaints should arise and as a result in many cases, it should be found impossible to realize the sums promised.

3. When I inspected Tirumalhatti Tank, recently with the Senior Assistant Mr. Coopoosawmy Mudaliar, the question of the recovery of contribution promised had to be discussed, and it appeared to me that it would be a very good arrangement to enter, as soon as distribution lists are ready, in the Khate (Ledger) of the Shanbog, the amount due from each rayat.

4. I discussed the question with one of the Revenue officers and was informed that, of late as soon as the distribution lists are ready, the amount due from each individual is entered in the Ledger (Khate) kept by the Shanbhog The amount under this arrangement are not really lost sight of and came up for settlement year after year at the time of Jamabandi and, in the course of routine, are recovered.

5 I would propose this procedure being insisted upon in every case contribution is promised. Giving it a retrospective effect, will probably greatly facilitate the collection of contributions, now outstanding.

6. With reference to para 18 of my No. 428, dated 18th July 1890, I beg to submit a statement of works projected, carried out or in hand, showing the return expected in each case, and it will be observed that were the orders contained in Chief Engineer's Circular No. 102 of 24th December 1889 applicable, 13 out of 24 of the projects would have had no chance, even if the return had been fixed at 5 per cent.

No. 7326-33—Cir. 153, dated 19th September 1890.

Order thereon —Copy of the above is forwarded to the Deputy Commissoners of Districts for early expression of their opinion.

T. ANANDA ROW,

Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

KOLAR DIVISION.

Statement showing the amounts that the Raiyats should have contributed for some of the Irrigation works in Kolar District, according to Chief Engineer's Circular No. 102 of 24th December 1889.

No.	Name of Tank.	Taluk.	Registered No.	Revenue previous to Restoration Rs.	Increase due to Restoration Rs.	Estimated cost of Restoration Rs.	Amount of outlay allowable on an expended return of 5 per cent Rs.	Difference or amount of contribution payable by ryots Rs.	Remarks.
1.	Madivala Tank	Malur	37	346	131	4,600	2,620	1,980	Not restored.
2	Settihalli Tank, Serial No 422 of R. S.	Chintamani	90	504	140	13,774	2,800	11,000	Reduced even so much it will still be heavy.
3.	Doddaholabi Tank	Malur	128	265	200	1,841	...	1,841	Rs. 5,282 had already been spent on the Tank.
4.	Mavukere	Chikballapur	187	598	...	3,650	..	.	Restored to standard.
5	Malur Tank	Sidlaghatta	32	421	112	7,040	2,240	4,800	Restored.
6.	Kandavara	Chikballapur	6	2,405		9,926	...	...	Remunerative.
7.	Naremaldpalli Tank	Bagepalli	3	642	358	8,956	..	..	Remunerative at 5 per cent.
8.	Hanumenhalli Tank	Gowribidnur	50	363	200	6,373	4,000	2,373	In hand.
9	Chinnasandra Tank, Serial No. 451 of R. S.	Chintamani	400	...	...	7,806	...	.	Remunerative at 5 per cent return.
10.	Patapalya Dodkere	Bagepalli	2	310	130	4,310	2,600	1,710	Completed.
11.	Nalgamba Tank	Gowribidnur	11	297	200	1,883	...	..	Remunerative.
12.	Chokasettihalli Tank	Gowribidnur	16	85	200	3,255	.	.	Do
13.	Mallikuppa	Mulbagal	627	397	140	4,469	2,800	1,669	
14.	Jogalkoshti	Mulbagal	189	535	180	7,246	2,600	4,646	
15.	Lakkur Dodkere	Malur	473	520	120	5,476	2,400	3,076	Completed.
16.	Krishnasagara Tank	Malur	299	246	150	5,442	3,000	2,442	In hand.
17.	Nallapareddipalli Tank	Bagepalli	789	700	312	5,004	...	..	Remunerative.
18.	Anemadugu Tank	Sidlaghatta	71	1,077	240	7,721	4,800	2,921	Completed.
19.	Mahamalleswara Tank	Gudibanda	154	1,218	200 to 300	5,000	5,469	...	Remunerative.
20.	Hudugur Chikkere	Gowribidnur	156	1,516	1,186	14,598	13,592	..	Remunerative.
21.	Idagur Dodkere	Gowribidnur	192	1,527	290	8,300	5,800	2,500	
22.	Hudagur Dodkere	Gowribidnur	155	1,275	495	5,972	...	..	Remunerative.
23.	Saragondlu Tank	Gowribidnur	128	358	400	2,696	...	...	Remunerative.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue), dated 29th September 1890.

ERRATUM.

No. 7742-51—CIR. 160, DATED 25TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

In line 8, Rule II, para 2 of the Orders in printed Proceedings No. 9792-800—Cir. 214 of the 5th March 1890 for the word "Banjar" read "Bengar."

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts
The Superintendent, Revenue Survey
The Director of Statistics and Agriculture

READ—

Letter No 178—164, dated 21st June 1889, submitting for orders a Memo of the Kanarese correspondence ending with the Shimoga Munsiff's Yadi No. 551, dated the 10th idem, regarding a Patel Umbli land attached and sold in satisfaction of a Civil Decree, and adding that this procedure is opposed to para 3 of General Circular No 5 of 1872—73 published at page 269 of Revenue Manual of 1886.

No. 7913-20—CIR. 162, DATED 29TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Patel Inam sold by the Civil Court should be fully assessed, and the assessment credited to Government A corresponding sum may be paid to the Patel who renders the service if no Potgi allowance has yet been fixed

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District
The Survey and Inam Superintendent
The Comptroller
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 5th September 1890.

READ—

Memo dated 21st August 1890, from the Superintendent of Census operations in Mysore, proposing that a lump sum should be placed at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioners for meeting emergent charges on account of the Census.

No. 6540-74—CIR. 135, DATED 5TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—An advance of Rs. 500 is sanctioned for each District from the Local Funds, in order to defray the cost of numbering, petty stationery, lighting, maps, &c., required for taking the Census in February next.

2. The charges will be adjusted on monthly bills supported by proper vouchers to be submitted by the Deputy Commissioners for audit.

3. The Comptroller is requested to debit all Census expenditure under a separate head entitled "26 Minor Departments Census." In what proportions the charges should be debited to Provincial, Local and Municipal Funds will be decided hereafter.

4. The batta due to Government servants usually entitled to travelling allowances, when employed on Census work, need not be debited against the Census expenditure.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Comptroller.
The Heads of Departments

READ AGAIN—

Proceedings No 4512 20—Cir. 90, dated 3rd July 1890.

READ ALSO THE FOLLOWING LETTER.—

From the Comptroller of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 2180, dated 25th August 1890.

With reference to para 4 of Proceedings of the Government of Mysore No. 4512-29—Circular 90, dated 30th July 1890, requesting me to depute an Accountant from my office annually to audit the accounts of the Municipalities at the Head-quarters of Districts, I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to intimate to this office when the Accountant in question should be deputed. Allowing a month for the closing of the annual accounts of the Municipalities, I should consider that the audit of the accounts might be commenced in May, and allowing two weeks for the audit of the accounts of a District Municipality inclusive of the time occupied in travelling, it will take an Accountant about 3 months to complete the work. For the first year or two, the accounts are not likely to be found in proper form, with all the necessary vouchers in order and the audit may in consequence take time. But with experience, the accounts will be satisfactorily kept and the auditing could be finished in less time. If 3 months be considered too long, I shall arrange to depute an additional Accountant. In any case substitutes will have to be entertained for the Accountants sent out from this office on this duty.

No. 6767-75—CIR. 141, DATED 10TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The suggestions of the Comptroller are approved.

2. As the audit of the accounts has to be completed before the submission of the annual reports, the Comptroller should arrange to depute as many Accountants to the several Municipalities as would enable them to complete the work before the 10th June of each year at the latest.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 10th September 1890.

3. The Comptroller is at liberty to employ substitutes in his office, if he considers necessary to do so The extra cost incurred by the employment of substitutes and the allowance granted to the Accountants will be distributed among the Municipalities concerned.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Comptroller to the Mysore Government.
The Presidents of the District Head quarter Municipalities.

READ AGAIN —

Proceedings of Government No 6600 1—312, dated 26th November 1889, reducing the amount of a bill from Rs 53—15—8 to Rs * 19—15—8 as per Proceedings No 1162 66—4, dated 30th April 1886, on account of fee, &c., payable to Mr Subba Row, Advocate, for having, under instructions from the District Magistrate, supported the conviction before the Chief Court, on the 28th August 1889, in case No. 12 of 1889 on the file of the District Magistrate of Bangalore

	Rs	A	P
* Fee payable under Proceedings of 30th April 1886	16	0	0
Amount of cost incurred by Mr Subba Row	3	15	8
	19	15	8

READ ALSO THE FOLLOWING PAPERS —

(1) Docket No 767, dated 3rd February 1890, from the District Magistrate, Bangalore, submitting an application from Advocate Mr Subba Row, and recommending that, under the circumstances therein represented, the full amount of the bill, *viz*, Rs 53—15—8 may be sanctioned.

(2) Docket No 3774—177, dated 22nd July 1890, to the District Magistrate, Bangalore, enquiring whether the case was of such importance as to justify the employment of an Advocate, specially to support the conviction in the Chief Court, and calling for the record of the case in question.

(3) Docket No 378, dated 19th August 1890, from the District Magistrate, Bangalore, (Mr. Abdul Rahman) forwarding the entire records of the case in question and stating that his predecessor Mr P. N. Krishna Murti considered it necessary to engage an Advocate to support the conviction in appeal before the Chief Court.

No 6947–55—Cir. 145, dated 10th September 1890.

ORDER THEREON —On a perusal of the records of the case referred to in the correspondence read above, the Government observe that the case was not of such general interest and importance as to warrant the District Magistrate instructing an Advocate, specially, in the absence of the Government Advocate and Public Prosecutor, to support the conviction before the Chief Court The complaint was one of defamation preferred by a private pleader who was more interested in the result than the Government, and there was apparently no necessity to instruct an Advocate specially to support the conviction in appeal.

2. The attention of the District Magistrate is, moreover, drawn to the Proceedings of the late Chief Commissioner, No 1369—16, dated 22nd May 1878, in which it was clearly laid down that it was only in cases of special interest and importance that the services of the Public Prosecutor or a Pleader should be engaged to support a conviction before the Chief Court. The Government will be put to needless expense if the instructions contained in the Proceedings aforementioned are not strictly observed.

3. The fee usually paid to the Public Prosecutor, for supporting convictions by the Magistracy, is Rs. 16, (*vide* Proceedings No. 1162-66—4, dated 30th April 1886), and a higher fee cannot be sanctioned in the present case, as the Public Prosecutor himself could not have claimed a larger amount.

T. ANANDA ROW.
Chief Secretary.

To—The District Magistrate of Bangalore, returning the bill.
Other District Magistrates for information and guidance.
The Registrar of the Chief Court.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th September 1890.

READ—

Letter No. 1026, dated 27th May 1890, from the Senior Surgeon with the Government of Mysore soliciting, with reference to Government Order No. 7180-90—Cir. 164, dated 6th December 1889, sanctioning charge allowance to Hospital Assistants in charge of Local Fund Dispensaries, sanction to the grant of charge allowance to the Hospital Assistants attached to the Bangalore Central Jail, Mysore and the Shimoga Jails at Rs. 120, 100 and 90 respectively per annum, not in the shape of a monthly allowance but as a lump sum, the whole or any portion thereof being given to the Hospital Assistant at the end of the year, according, as the Medical Officer in charge of the Jail may think, he deserves it.

2. Letter No. 352, dated 22nd August 1890, from the Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore, submitting his opinion on the above, and recommending sanction to the Senior Surgeon's proposal, with the modification that the Hospital Assistant at Shimoga may be granted the same allowance as that of the Mysore Hospital Assistant.

ALSO—

3. Docket No. 1549, dated 2nd September 1890, from the Senior Surgeon, reporting that there are only 3 Hospital Assistants in charge of Jails and that the cost of the charge allowance recommended by him would be Rs. 310 per annum.

No. 7201-3—67, DATED 13TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government are pleased to sanction the grant of charge allowances to the 3 Hospital Assistants as noted on the margin, involving a total cost of Rs. 240 per annum, with effect from 1st October 1890, on the conditions proposed by the Senior Surgeon in his letter No. 1026 of 27th May 1890, above read.

		Rs.
Hospital Assistant in the Central Jail,	Bangalore	100
Do	Mysore	70
Do	Shimoga	70
	Total... ...	240
	per annum	

2. Should there be a change of Hospital Assistants during the year, and all who were in charge had done their work efficiently, the amount of the allowance will be proportionately distributed.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Senior Surgeon with the Government of Mysore.
The Officiating Inspector General of Prisons.
The Comptroller.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th September 1890.

A.

Statement showing the Present and Proposed Establishment of the District Registrars in the Province

District.	Present Establishment.			Proposed Establishment.			Increase.
	No.	Designation.	Pay.	No.	Designation	Pay	
Bangalore ...	1	Head Clerk ...	40 0 0	1	Head Clerk ..	40 0 0	... ...
	1	Assistant Clerk..	25 0 0	1	Assistant Clerk....	25 0 0	... ...
	1	Gumasta ..	15 0 0	1	Gumasta ...	15 0 0	... ...
	1	Peon ...	5 0 0	1	Peon ...	5 0 0	... .
Mysore ...	1	Head Clerk ...	40 0 0	1	Head Clerk ..	40 0 0	... ...
	1	Assistant Clerk..	20 0 0	1	Assis'ant Clerk..	20 0 0	... ...
	1	Gumasta ...	12 0 0	1	Gumasta ...	15 0 0	3 0 0
	1	Peon ...	5 0 0	1	Peno ..	5 0 0	... ...
Kolar ...	1	Clerk ...	30 0 0	1	Clerk ...	30 0 0	... ...
	1	Gumasta ...	20 0 0	1	Gumasta ..	20 0 0	... .
Tumkur ...	1	Clerk ...	30 0 0	1	Clerk ...	30 0 0	... ...
	1	Gumasta ...	20 0 0	1	Gumasta ..	20 0 0	... .
Hassan ...	1	Clerk ..	25 0 0	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	... .
			... .	1	Gumasta ...	15 0 0	15 0 0
Shimoga ...	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	.. ..
			... .	1	Gumasta ...	15 0 0	15 0 0
Kadur ...	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	... ...
	1	Gumasta ...	15 0 0	1	Gumasta ...	15 0 0	... ...
Chitaldroog ...	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	1	Clerk ...	25 0 0	... ...
French Rocks.	1	Clerk ...	20 0 0	1	Clerk ..	25 0 0	5 0
	18	Total.....	397 0 0	20	Total.....	435 0 0	38 0 0 *

* per mensem or Rs. 456 per annum.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th September 1890.

READ AGAIN—

Letter No 354 of the 26th November 1889, from the Inspector General of Registration, submitting certain proposals for the revision of the Registration Establishments in Mysore.

(2) Letter No. 5185—528 of the 13th August 1890, to the Inspector General of Registration, calling for certain particulars in connection with the proposals made by him.

ALSO—

(3) Letter No. 5203 of the 26th August 1890, from the same Officer, submitting the particulars called for

No. 7308-9—815, DATED 13TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON—On a careful consideration of the proposals made by the Inspector General of Registration, the Officiating Dewan thinks that the establishments of the District Registrars at Bangalore and Mysore are sufficiently strong, and that increase to the present pay is only called for in the case of the Gumasta in the Mysore District whose pay will be raised from Rs. 12 to Rs. 15. Similarly the appointment of an additional Gumasta on Rs. 15 to each of the District Registrars' establishments at Hassan and Shimoga will give relief to the existing Clerks, and the heavy work in the French Rocks Sub-Division calls for an increase of Rs. 5 to the pay of the Clerk employed in that office. The increase thus required and sanctioned to the establishments of the District Registrars will amount to Rs. 38 per mensem or Rs. 456 per annum as shown in the accompanying Statement A.

2. The Officiating Dewan is also pleased to sanction an increase of Rs. 50 per mensem to the pay of the Special Sub-Registrars and their establishments at the marginally noted places as shown in Statement B. This provides for the entertainment of a peon on Rs. 5 per mensem in the Sub-Registrar's office at Seringapatam.

Mysore.
Seringapatam.
Tirumakudlu-Narsipur.
Yedatore.

3. The total increase thus sanctioned is Rs. 88 per mensem or Rs. 1,056 per annum and will take effect from the 1st October 1890.

4 With regard to the increase of pay recommended to the Manager of his office, the Inspector General of Registration is requested to report if the work has considerably increased since 1st April 1877, and if so, to forward a statement showing the present establishment and the establishment as it stood in April 1877.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Inspector General of Registration,
The Comptroller to the Government of Mysore.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th September 1890.

B.

Statement showing the Present and Proposed pay of the Special Sub-Registrars and their Establishments

Name of Sub-Registry Office	Present Scale			Proposed Scale			Increase.
	No.	Designation.	Pay.	No.	Designation	Pay	
Mysore ...	1	Sub-Registrar ..	50 0 0	1	Sub-Registrar ..	55 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Clerk ...	20 0 0	1	Clerk .	20 0 0	.. ..
	1	Gumasta ...	10 0 0	1	Clerk ...	15 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Peon ...	5 0 0	1	Peon ...	5 0 0	.. ..
Seringapatam.	1	Sub-Registrar ...	50 0 0	1	Sub Registrar ..	55 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Clerk ...	20 0 0	1	Clerk ..	20 0 0	... ...
	1	Gumasta ...	10 0 0	1	Clerk ...	15 0 0	5 0 0
				1	Peon ..	5 0 0	5 0 0
Tirumakudlu-Narsipur,	1	Sub-Registrar ..	30 0 0	1	Sub-Registrar ...	30 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Clerk ..	15 0 0	1	Clerk ..	20 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Assistant Clerk ...	10 0 0	1	Clerk ...	15 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Daftarband ...	5 0 0	1	Peon ..	5 0 0	... ...
Yelatore ...	1	Sub-Registrar ...	30 0 0	1	Sub-Registrar ...	35 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Gumasta ..	10 0 0	1	Clerk ...	15 0 0	5 0 0
	1	Daftarband ...	5 0 0	1	Daftarband ...	5 0 0	... ...
	14	Total.....	270 0 0	15	Total... ..	320 0 6	50 0 0

* per mensem or Rs. 600 per annum.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 15th September 1890.

READ—

Letter from the President, Bangalore City Municipal Commission, dated 9th August 1890, No 249, submitting the explanation called for on the points referred to in Government Proceedings, dated 9th May 1890, No. 1824-35—30, regarding the Budget Estimates of the Bangalore City Municipality for 1890—91.

(2) Government Proceedings, dated 20th July 1890, No. 4161-2—412.

(3). Do do No. 4003-4—405.

(4) Do do No. 4001-2—404.

No. 7786-8—883, DATED 15TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—Extract of Para 1 of the Vice-President's letter will be forwarded to the Chief Engineer for report as to why the supplemental grant hitherto allowed to the City Municipality for the maintenance of the Provincial roads was withheld in 1889—90 and as to whether there are any District Fund roads within the Municipal limits of the City and if so to state their length and the amount payable to the Municipality on account of their maintenance under Public Works Department Circular, dated 20th December 1889, No. 97—98.

Para 8 of Government Proceedings of 9th May 1890, No. 1824-35—30.

Para 1 of Vice-President's letter, dated 9th August 1890.

2. *XII. Grant-in-aid.*—The omission in the estimate of the contribution payable by the Sivaganga Matt is stated to be due to the Matt not having remitted the amount since December 1888 notwithstanding several reminders. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to ascertain from the Matt and report whether it is willing or not to continue the subscription according to the promise contained in its Srimukha referred to in the Vice-President's docket, dated 18th September 1888.

Para 2 of Vice-President's letter.

Para 9 of Government Proceedings.

3. *VIII. Public Works.*—The works noted in the margin executed in 1889—90, but not paid for within the year, will be included in the current year's Budget.

		Rs	A	P
1.	Extension of main drain sanctioned in Proceedings, dated 20th July 1890, No. 4001-2—404 ...	876	7	0
2.	Constructing railings to the Dharmambudhi Tank Bund sanctioned in Proceedings dated 20th July 1890, No. 4003-4—405	441	1	6
3.	Constructing Sheep pen and payments due to petty contractors sanctioned in Proceedings, dated 23rd September 1890, No. 7782-3—881 ...	988	11	8
4	Constructing Boti stalls and a Latrine referred to in Proceedings, dated 23rd September 1890, No 7784-5—882 ..	310	1	2
	Total.....	2,616	5	4

4. *VIII. Public Works.*—Under the circumstances stated, the proposed alterations in the sanctioned provisions under Works involving a net increase of Rs. 900 over the sanctioned allotment will be made and the current year's estimate under the head raised to Rs. 38,417 including the items referred to in Para 3 *supra*.

		As already sanctioned.	Increase or decrease proposed.	
(*b*)	Roads, original ...	4,000	+ 500 =	4,500
(*c*)	Do repairs ...	13,600	... =	13,600
(*d*)	Drains, original ...	4,000	.. =	4,000
(*e*)	Do repairs ..	1,500	... =	1,500
(*f*)	Water supply, original...	1,000	... =	1,000
(*g*)	Do repairs ...	700	.. =	700
(*h*)	Buildings, original ...	500	.. =	500
(*i*)	Do repairs ...	1,000	... =	1,000
(*j*)	Road watering ...	600	.. =	600
(*k*)	Other works, original ...	1 000	—600 =	400
(*l*)	Do repairs ...	2,000	... =	2,000
(*m*)	Compensation ...	4,000	.. =	4,000
(*o*)	Reserve	1,000	+ 1,000 =	2,000
		34,900	Net + 900 =	35,800

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 15th September 1890.

5. X. *Education.*—The increase of Rs. 364 provided on account of the Kannada schools is stated to be due to the increases given to some of the teachers as per Education Secretary's docket, dated 27th September 1890, No. 240, and to the new provision of Rs. 40 for furniture. But the Government observe that no express sanction was conveyed in the Education Secretary's docket above referred to. The President will explain if there is any order which sanctioned the increases Moreover the sum of the increases recommended in the docket above referred to is only Rs. 14 per mensem or Rs. 168 per annum, while the increase provided for in the Budget, exclusive of the cost of furniture, is Rs. 354. This difference also should be explained. Meanwhile the provision will stand.

Government Proceedings Para 20. Vice-President's Para 4.

6. The charges as now sanctioned for 1890—91 amount to Rs. 1,07,262 as shown below :—

		Rs.
(1)	Amount sanctioned in Proceedings, dated 9th May 1890, No. 1824-35—80 ...	1,02,933
(2)	Do do 20th July 1890, No. 4161-2—412 ..	812
(3)	Do in Paras 3 and 4 *supra*	3,517
	Total.....	1,07,262

7. The estimated opening balance of the Municipality was reported as Rs. 21,498, but the Government observe that, according to the Municipal accounts for the month of March 1890, the actual balance in favor of the Municipality is Rs. 24,722. Adding to this the estimated receipts of Rs 1,02,353, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,27,075. Deducting the expenditure of Rs. 1,07,262 sanctioned above, the probable balance at the end of the year will be Rs. 19,813, which is less than 25 per cent of the receipts by Rs. 5,775. The expenditure will have to be probably increased on account of Census charges. This will be considered hereafter when the estimate of charges is received.

A. SRINIVASACHARLU,
Under-Secretary.

To—The President of the Bangalore City Municipality.
The Comptroller.
The Chief Engineer of Mysore.
The Education Secretary.
The Presidents of the other District Municipalities.

READ—

letter from the Comptroller, dated 12th September 1890, No. 2452.

No. 7960-8—Cir. 163, DATED 25th SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—As it is necessary that the balance on hand at the end of each year in each Municipality should correspond with that shown in the accounts of the Comptroller, the Presidents of the several Municipalities are requested to credit to the Treasury any sum that may remain with them unexpended on the evening of the 31st March of each year and draw from it afterwards such sums as may be necessary for expenditure. No sum not actually expended should be shown in the accounts as expenditure.

A. SRINIVASACHARLU,
Under-Secretary.

To—The Comptroller.
The Presidents of the Municipalities in the several Districts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 25th September 1890.

READ —

Proceedings dated 6th May and 28th July 1890, Nos. 1837-48—31 and 4277-80—84, respectively.

Letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, dated 30th August 1890, No 712, submitting the explanation called for in regard to the Budget Estimates of the Mysore City Municipality for 1890—91.

CAMP No. 346—58, DATED MYSORE, 25TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

Receipts III—(a) Liquor License Fees.

ORDER THEREON.—The Vice-President states that no information is forthcoming to explain why the higher rates of liquor license fees sanctioned in Proceedings, dated 21st December 1888, No. 6107-10—288, were not levied in 1889—90. The Government note that by omitting to introduce the higher rates in 1889—90, the Municipality has sustained a loss of more than Rs. 3,500.

Para 4 of Government Proceedings. Para 3 of Vice-President's explanatory Memo.

2. *X. Miscellaneous.*—The estimate under "(*m*) Contributions" is proposed to be reduced from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 2,300, the amount of grant made by the Public Works Department for the maintenance of the Provincial roads within the Municipality. The President is requested to state whether the sum of Rs. 2,300 includes the maintenance allowance of District Fund roads transferred to the District Head-Quarter Municipalties under Public Works Department Circular, dated 20th December 1889, No. 97-98. If not, the amount should be ascertained and stated. Meanwhile the reduced estimate will stand.

Para 7 of Government Proceedings. Para 2 of Vice-President's explanatory Memo.

3. The income as now estimated amounts to Rs. 1,07,189. Adding to this the opening balance of Rs. 14,890 standing in favor of the Municipality on 1st April 1890, the sum available for expenditure during 1890—91 is Rs. 1,22,079. The total charges as now proposed amount to Rs. 1,10,616 inclusive of the pay of the City Amildar., leaving a balance of Rs. 11,463 which is less than 25 per cent of the receipts by Rs. 15,334.

4. *II. Head Office.*—It is proposed to revise the establishment as shown in the margin involving an annual increase of Rs. 864. Considering the state of finances and in view of the fact that the relief now granted to the Municipality by the transfer of the Police to the Provincial Funds is only temporary, the Government cannot sanction any increase to the Establishment at present. The increases newly proposed are therefore disallowed. The provision for printing and advertisement

	As already sanctioned.			As now proposed.		
	No.	Rate.	Amount.	No.	Rate.	Amount.
President's allowance... ...	1	250	3,000	1	250	3,000
Vice-President's allowance ...	1	160	1,920	1	160	1,920
Manager	1	50	600	1	70	840
Accountant	1	20	240	1	30	360
Munshi	1	10	120	...	...	...
Shroff or extra Clerk ...	1	10	120	1	10	120
Contingencies	...	...	600	...	...	600
Allowance to Watch-maker ..	1	15	180	1	15	180

	As already sanctioned			As now proposed		
	No.	Rate	Amount.	No	Rate	Amount
Store keeper and Record keeper ..	1	15	180	1	15	180
Munshi	1	15	180	1	15	180
Peons for City Amildar ...	3	5	180	2	6	144
Do do ...	...	..	..	2	5	120
English Clerk	..	...	. .	1	25	300
Draughtsman	...	. .	...	1	20	240
Printing charges	...	.		..	..	300
Advertisement charges ...	..	...		.	...	300
Total Rs.	...	...	7,320	...	.	8,784
Deduct.						
Vice-President's pay for 3 months at Rs 110 ...				..	...	330
Manager for 5 months			..	...	...	100
Accountant do			...	..	..	50
2 Peons at Rs. 6 per mensem ...			..	...	..	60
2 Do at 5 Rs. do			...	...	...	50
Draughtsman do			...	...	...	100
English Clerk do			...	...	...	125
Total Deduction.....				...	...	815
Net amount shown in the Statements.....				...	...	7,969

charges is also excessive and will be reduced to Rs 300. The total provision under this head will be Rs. 7,620.

5. *III. Collection*—(*a*) *Octroi.*—The increase of Rs. 180 provided under this head, which is on account of the printing charges, being stated to be necessary, is sanctioned.

Amount already sanctioned	5,820
Now proposed	6,000
Difference.....	180

6. *(b) House Tax.*—The establishment proposed under this head involves an increase of Rs. 204 per annum. This increase cannot be allowed for reasons given in para 4 *supra*, but the Government will have no objection to the establishment being revised, provided the total cost does not exceed the sum of Rs. 2,064 for the whole year. The provision for printing charges is excessive and will be reduced to Rs. 200. The Amildar's pay will also be included under this head and the question whether any portion of his pay should be debited to Provincial on account of his services as Magistrate will be considered hereafter. The total amount sanctioned under this head is Rs. 4,364 as shown below :—

Amount already sanctioned	2,064
Now proposed	2,268
Difference	204

Amildar's pay	2,100
Establishment	2,064
Printing charges	200
Total Rs.	4,364

7. *V. Police Charges.*—In accordance with Proceedings, dated 28th July 1890, No. 4277-80—84, the provision of Rs. 24,704 sanctioned under this head has been properly struck off.

8. *VII. Lighting.*—No increase is proposed under this head. The amount of Rs. 4,500 already sanctioned will be retained. The President is requested to report the actual cost of lighting per lamp.

9. *VIII. Public Works.*—The provision for works as now proposed amounts to Rs. 44,047 against Rs. 33,747 already sanctioned. This is sanctioned.

10. *IX. Charitable Grants—(d) Maternity.*—The provision under this head is proposed to be increased by Rs. 631 on account of the items noted in the margin. The details of other charges are not given but the provision will not be disturbed.

	Rs.
As already sanctioned	3,646
As now proposed	4,277
Increase	631

Particulars of Increase.

Srds of Matron's pay for 7 months ...	70
Other charges ... 760 — 300 =	460
Clothing ... 167 — 66 =	101
Total.....	631

12. *X. Education.*—The provision of Rs. 600 entered originally in the current year's original Budget under this head is more than that sanctioned for 1889—90 by Rs 142. The Vice-President states that the increase is due to the excess grant made to the night school in the City but does not quote the authority under which the excess grant was made. The omission should be supplied and full details of the charge (Rs. 600) given. The addition of Rs. 9,180 now made with reference to Proceedings, dated 28th July 1889, No. 4277-80—84, is sanctioned. The total charge under the head as now sanctioned amounts to Rs. 9,780.

13. *XI. Miscellaneous—Peoples' Park.*—The provision of Rs. 3,576 proposed under this head is approved.

Owing to the separation of the Municipal Office from that of the Town Magistrate and increased establishments proposed, a sum of Rs. 230 is provided for the purchase of furniture as noted in the margin. This is sanctioned.

	Existing	Proposed	
	No	No.	Cost.
Vice-President's Office			
Tables	4	1	25
Chairs	5	6	30
Almirahs	4	1	30
Camp Tables	...	2	20
Pigeon holes	...	2	32
Desks	...	4	28
Green Baize, 3 yards	...	...	15
Total ...	...	...	180
City Amildar's Office			
1 Big Almirah	...	1	35
1 Do Box	...	1	15
Total	...	...	50
Grand Total	...	...	230

14. Subject to the explanations called for, the estimated receipts and expenditure sanctioned are as shown below :—

Receipts.	As already sanctioned.	As now proposed.	Expenditure.	As already sanctioned.	As now proposed.	As finally approved by Government.
I. Octroi ...	60,650	60,650	II. Head Office ...	6,000	7,969	7,620
II. Tax on houses ...	16,000	16,000	III. Collection ...	8,196	8,675	10,676
III. License Receipts ...	6,000	6,000	IV. Conservancy ...	18,502	18,502	18,502
IV. Carriage Tax ...	350	350	V. Police ...	24,764	...	...
V. Tax on Animals ...	600	600	VII. Lighting ...	4,500	4,500	4,500
VII. Mohatarfa ...	10,000	10,000	VIII. Public Works—			
VIII. Rents ...	4,864	4,864	(*a*) Supervision Establishment ...	1,680	1,680	1,680
IX. Fines ...	50	50	(*b*) to (*o*) Works ...	33,747	44,047	44,047
X. Miscellaneous ...	11,375	8,675	IX. Charitable Grants ...	4,090	4,721	4,277
			X. Education ...	600	9,780	9,780
			XI. Miscellaneous ...	5,412	8,642	8,642
Total.....	1,09,889	1,07,189	Total.....	1,07,491	1,08,516	1,09,724
Opening Balance.....	14,890	14,890	Closing Balance...	17,288	13,563	12,355
Grand Total.....	1,24,779	1,22,079	Grand Total.....	1,24,779	1,22,079	1,22,079

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 25th September 1890.

15. The Government understand that the opening balance given by the President is not correct inasmuch as it was arrived without the expenditure incurred on account of the pay of the President and Vice-President being taken into account. The President is eequested to verify the figure, and if the correct opening balance be less than Rs. 14,890, to propose a corresponding reduction in the provision under Public Works, or such other items as he may think fit. It must be clearly understood that the closing balance should not be less than Rs. 12,000.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The President, Mysore City Municipal Board.
The Comptroller.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Secretary in the Education Department.
The Presidents of District Head-Quarter Municipalities.
The Secretary, Public Works Department

PART I.

GENERAL.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 6th September 1890.

No. 6637-65—Cir. 139, dated 6th September 1890.

Order.—The Officiating Dewan has noticed that some Annual Reports are received very late and desires to call the attention of Heads of Departments to the Proceedings of the late Chief Commissioner Nos. 4423—103 and 11187—221, dated the 7th September 1878 and 4th March 1879, fixing the dates by which the respective Departmental Annual Reports should reach Government, and to request the punctual submission of the Reports. The dates are as follows:—

Chief Judge	15th May.
Inspector General of Prisons	do
Inspector General of Police	do
Deputy Commissioners of Districts	1st June.
Chief Engineer, Public Works Department	15th July.
Survey Superintendent, Inam Superintendent	15th June.
Comptroller	1st July.
Inspector General of Registration	1st June.
Education Secretary	do
Senior Surgeon for Vaccination Report	do
Do for other Reports	1st May.
Inspector General of Forests	15th July.
Military Secretary	15th June.
Superintendent, Government Gardens	1st May.
President, City Municipal Commission	1st July.

2. The Officiating Dewan further desires that the Reports on the Departments named on the margin, some of which are of recent formation, be submitted so as to reach this office on or before the 1st June.

Excise Department.
Archæological Department.
Legislative do.
Amrut Mahal do.
Government Press.
Museum.
Department of Statistics and Agriculture.
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Registrar, Chief Court.
The Inspector General of Police.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts
The Chief Engineer
The Survey and Inam Superintendent.
The Comptroller.
The Inspector General of Registration
The Registrar, Joint Stock Companies
The Education Secretary
The Senior Surgeon.
The Inspector General of Forests.
The Military Secretary.
The Superintendent, Government Gardens
The President, City Municipality, Bangalore.
The Excise Commissioner.
The Director of Archæological Researches
The Legislative Secretary.
The Officer in charge of Amrut Mahal Department.
The Superintendent, Government Press
The Superintendent, Government Museum.
The Director of Statistics and Agriculture.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 10th September 1890.

READ—

Letter No. 4077—122, dated 8th September 1890, from the Offg Chief Judge in Mysore.

No. 6737-8—104, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON—The following scale of Establishment for the District and Sessions Court of the Nundydroog Division is sanctioned with effect from the 15th September 1890:—

		Pay per Mensem. Rs
1	Sheristadar and Nazir	100 rising to Rs. 125 by annual increments of Rs 5.
1	Head Munshi	70
1	Deputy Munshi	50
1	3rd Munshi	35
1	4th Munshi	20
1	Head Clerk	60
1	Second Clerk	30
1	Third Clerk	25
1	Record-Keeper	35
1	Mutchi and Book-binder	10—8—0
1	Daftarbund	8
1	Dafadar	10
2	Peons at Rs 7 each ...	14
4	Peons at Rs. 6 each	24
2	Mashalchis at Rs 5 each	10
1	Laskar	7
1	Sweeper	5
	Total	513—8—0 rising to Rs 538—8—0

2. The proposal to fix the pay of the Sheristadars of the District and Sessions Courts of Mysore and Shimoga at Rs 100, rising to Rs. 125, is also approved, and may be brought into effect on the occurrence of vacancies Men who have passed the examinations prescribed for a Munsiffship should be appointed to the post of Sheristadar in the District Courts, so that they may be promoted to the Munsiff's grade if considered competent.

3. The necessary Process Service Establishment should either be entertained at once or transferred from the Sub-Court for employment in the new District Court.

4. The proposals for the reduction of the Establishment of the Chief Court consequent on the formation of the new District and Sessions Court of the Nundydroog Division, are awaited.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Offg. Chief Judge in Mysore.
The Comptroller.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 11th September 1890.

READ—

Demi-Official letter, dated 29th August, from the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of Mysore, submitting for the information of Government a report of cholera at the Gold Fields of Kolar.

No. 7073-81—CIR. 148, DATED BANGALORE, 11TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—Recorded.

2. The Government are glad that cholera at the Gold Fields has abated and that the outbreak was slight.

3. The prompt measures taken by the Officiating Deputy Commissioner in communication with Dr. McGann to establish quarantine at the Railway Station and sanitation in the villages situated in the locality, as well as the attention paid to sanitation by the resident Medical officer at the Mines, are commendable.

4. Dr McGann expresses a doubt as to his having any *locus standi* within the limits of the properties of the different Companies working on the Gold Fields, and Government desire it to be pointed out to that Officer, that he has a perfect right to go to any place in the Province, and it is his duty to do so when necessary, for the purpose of satisfying himself of the sanitary conditions and requirements of the locality and advising Government and its local officers on needful action. It was with a view to obviating any possible doubt which may otherwise exist that the Notification No. 20, dated 19th May 1887, was issued appointing the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government *ex-officio* Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of Mysore. In the particular case of the Gold Fields, the Officiating Dewan entertains no doubt that the Managers of the several Companies would be only too glad to receive visits of inspection of the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner and his advice.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts for information.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS —

The undermentioned dockets submitting lists of books and furniture received and purchased during 1889—90.

(1)	From Deputy Commissioner,	Bangalore,	No. 150, dated 27th May 1890.
(2)	Do	do	Kolar, No. 568—132, dated 26th May 1890.
(3)	Do	do	Tumkur, No. 160, dated 8th July 1890.
(4)	Do	do	Mysore, No. 304, dated 13th June 1890.
(5)	Do	do	Hassan, No. 242, dated 14th August 1890.
(6)	Do	do	Shimoga, No. 98—95, dated 20th May 1890.
(7)	Do	do	Kadur, No 85, dated 23rd May 1890.
(8)	Do	do	Chitaldroog, No. 37—32, dated 22nd April 1890.

No. 6956-63—CIR. 146, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The list received from the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore has been separately returned for revision.

2. The attention of Deputy Commissioners is drawn to the Rules published with Proceedings of the late Chief Commissioner No. 11016—Genl. 218, dated the 30th January 1877, for the effectual control and supervision of Government Libraries, and they are requested to devote a paragraph to the state of their Office Libraries in their Annual Reports. The Rules are reprinted here below for easy reference.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 10th September 1890.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department.

No. 11016—GENL. 218, DATED BANGALORE, 30TH JANUARY 1877.

ORDER.—Under instructions from the Government of India, Financial Department, the Chief Commissioner directs that the following rules for securing efficient control over the Official Libraries in this Province and Coorg, be observed in future.

Rules for the control of Office Libraries.

I. All books and periodicals belonging to the Library of each Office should be placed under the charge of the Head Clerk or some one responsible official, and kept where practicable in a separate room.

II. A catalogue of the Office Library will be prepared and revised from time to time.

III. No book should be removed from the Library without the permission of the Head of the Office.

IV. A receipt must be taken from any person removing a book, to be returned to him, or cancelled, when the book is returned.

V. Every Officer upon receiving charge of an Office to which a Library is attached, must satisfy himself as to the state of the Library. Unless he then reports that the books are out of order, or that any volumes are missing, it will be assumed that he received the Library in good order, and he will be held thenceforward personally responsible for any defects.

VI. Officers at the Head of Departments and Offices will report upon the condition of their Office Libraries in their Annual Reports, noticing whether they are complete in accordance with the catalogue as revised up to the date of each report.

(Signed) T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Judicial Commissioner.
The Commissioners of Divisions.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts
The Superintendent of Coorg.
The Chief Engineer, Public Works Department.
The Inspector General of Police.
The Surgeon, Mysore Commission.
The Director of Public Instruction.
The Superintendent of Revenue Survey.
The Superintendent of Inam Settlement.
The Conservator of Forests.
The Military Assistant.
The Director of Government Gardens.
The Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum.
The Deputy Accountant General.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 10th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPER :—

From the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 1012—118, dated 5th August 1890.

In reply to your No. 3548—361 of the 17th instant, I have the honor to submit that the Mines Regular Police ought to be responsible for the submission of the usual reports to the Magistracy and the conduct of ordinary investigations. In fact they should carry on all the routine. Mr. Raju Mudaliar may be treated as a Special Detective officer whose duty it will be to watch bad characters and get himself thoroughly acquainted with their history, doings and movements, detect any cases of thefts of quartz and other materials which may, in the course of his surveillance, come to notice and to take such special work of detection as may be given him by the District Police officers. The Gold Mines Inspector should of course give him, whenever Mr. Raju Mudaliar may require, every help in men, &c., and he should himself go to the spot when necessary to aid Mr. Raju Mudahar. It would be a pity to take up Mr. Raju Mudaliar's time in routine, the management of which cannot improve by divided responsibility. Mr. Raju Mudahar may send in his Diaries to the Superintendent of Police. The Mines Inspector and Mr. Raju Mudaliar should frequently meet and interchange information and work in thorough accord for the common purposes of efficient Police administration at the Mines. In the case of the particular dynamite accident referred to, I do not think that there was any necessity for Mr. Raju Mudaliar to interfere. His work is of a different and more difficult character *viz.*, concerning ramifications of theft, receiving and the like.

No. 6776-7—743, DATED 10TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The proposals made in the foregoing letter are approved, and will be communicated to Raju Mudaliar by the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, for information and guidance.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Inspector General of Police.
The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

READ AGAIN—

Proceedings of Government No. 5971-81—Cir. 125, dated the 23rd August 1890, granting certain concessions to Dr. Dhanakoti Raju for the establishment of an Iron Manufactory in the Province.

No. 6934-43—144, DATED 13TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER.—Resolved that the following proviso be added to para 6 of the Memorandum annexed to the Proceedings read above and the same communicated to Dr. Dhanakoti Raju :—

"Provided that no foreign capitalists shall be allowed to become partners with Dr. Dhanakoti Raju or become share holders, in any company that may be formed, without the previous sanction of Government."

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Government Advocate.
Copy to Dr. Dhanakoti Raju.
" The Inspector General of Forests.
" Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore and Mysore Districts for information and guidance.
" to other Deputy Commissioners for information and guidance.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 13th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS —

From the Director of Statistics and Agriculture in Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 208, dated Bangalore, 1st September 1890.

In returning the Memo on the manufacture of cumblies in the Chitaldroog District prepared by Mr. Ramaswami Iyer, Assistant Commissioner, as altered by me in pencil together with a fair copy of the same as altered, I have the honor to observe that the main features of the Memo, which was fairly complete and interesting remain after revision by myself with the obliging and valuable assistance of Mr. Potter of the Woollen Mills as regards technical names and processes.

Manufacture of Cumblies in the Chitaldroog District.

The Chitaldroog District is far famed for its cumblies. It is true that the manufacture is carried on in the other Districts also, but it is believed not to such an extent nor is the quality of the articles manufactured of such superior description. Several causes have contributed to make this the foremost District in regard to this particular branch of industry. In the first place, the dry climate appears to be favorable to the breeding of sheep yielding fairly fine wool. Secondly, being a thinly populated district, plenty of pasturage is available and at very low rates of assessment. Thirdly the class of cumbly-weavers are industrious and skilful and in former days found ready purchasers for their manufactures in the Pallegars or petty chiefs.

2. Here as elsewhere throughout India, a profession means a caste. From time immemorial, particular industries have been followed by particular castes. Accordingly we find the craft of cumbly weaving almost exclusively in the hands of a class of men known as "Kurubars." The word is derived from "Kuruba" a shepherd, but the avocation of the Kurubars is often not sheep rearing. This branch of industry is mostly under the management of Gollars a separate class of men altogether, whose sole occupation is to tend sheep. Whence the Kurubars came and how long they have been settled in this part of the country are points which cannot be determined with any degree of certainty; but this much may be affirmed, that the different families must have migrated into this country in body at one time, as evidenced by the fact, that those found scattered in the different parts of the District are related to one another and intermarry.

3. The cumbly manufacturer as a rule has no direct concern with sheep rearing. The "Gollars" own large flocks of sheep. The weaver generally pays them an advance and binds himself to supply them and their families annually with a certain number of cumblies for their use. In return he is given the wool of the sheep at the proper seasons, or the understanding may be that he is to pay a certain rate per head of sheep or in proportion to the quantity of wool obtained. On the day previous to shearing, the sheep are collected in one place. They are then driven into a tank or other reservoir of water and there well washed. After they are cleaned they are allowed to warm in the sun and graze for a day. This is usually done twice a year, once in June and July and again in March. The former season produces the best wool as the fleece is then very soft. About the months of January and February it becomes stiff owing to the cold weather.

4. The operation of shearing extends over a period of about a month and is conducted by the manufacturer himself. The best fleece comes from young sheep and the belly and neck wool of the older sheep are kept separate from the other fleece. The operator uses his shears carefully and dexterously and the wounding of the sheep is not common. The instrument itself is extremely simple. It consists of a blade of iron locally manufactured with an edge of steel and bent in the shape of the letter V thus forming two sides or blades which are pressed with the hand against each other in the act of shearing. When the pressure is removed the sides bound back like a spring. One person shears about 15 sheep a day and each sheep is capable of yielding on an average a seer (Rs. 24) weight of wool. During the period the manufacturer is engaged in this work, he manages to accumulate about 10 or 12 maunds,

i. e., 240 or 288 lbs of wool. The next care of the manufacturer is to sort the wool he has sheared. This is an operation of much importance, as the quality and fineness of the cumbly depends greatly on the kind of wool used and the age of the sheep. Ordinarily three divisions are recognized :—

1. The wool of the back and neck.
2. The wool at the sides.
3. That on the legs and under the belly. The last class is not of importance and the major portion of it is generally rejected as useless. When the wool is thus sorted into classes, it is packed close in mats and removed to the manufacturer's quarters and kept in a dry and well ventilated place. It can then be preserved for about a year.

5. This completes the out-door work of the manufacturer. His further operations are conducted in his own place. He has no separate buildings for his residence and for carrying on his profession. The same house answers both purposes.

6. Hitherto the labor was confined entirely to the manufacturer and the male members of his family. Now, however, a division of labor is recognized in which the females of the house take an active part. The first process which the wool undergoes at their hands is that of opening and disentangling the locks of wool and cleansing them from sandy and other impurities. This is done by means of a small hand bow. The curved handle is held in one hand and with the other hand a quantity of wool is laid on the bow string which is pulled outward and then let go with a twang. The fibres are thus opened out and the wool presents a carded appearance, simplifying the subsequent spinning process. It is then spun into yarn by the women on an ordinary native spinning wheel.

7. Much dexterity is required in spinning this yarn. The quality of the article manufactured is entirely dependent on the fineness and evenness of the yarn employed. Where the yarn is wanting in these respects an inferior description of cumbly is the natural result. Hence it will be seen how materially the females help the manufacturer in his labor.

8. The next operation is the laying out of the warp which is done so that the individual threads lie separately and form the shed, which is carefully preserved by sticks placed across at suitable intervals throughout the full length of the web. It is hardly necessary to describe the warping machine, it being of the usual primitive yet effective kind and varying only as to the length or breadth of the web. From the warper the thread is removed and stretched between two bamboos upon supports about breast high. This is done in order to carry out the starching or sizing process. Tamarind seeds are generally used for this purpose. The husk is removed and the pulp crushed and soaked in a proportionate quantity of water for a day. The mixture is then boiled until all the superfluous water evaporates, leaving a paste of the consistency of honey. Whilst still warm the paste is applied to the threads with a brush made of thin reeds and the whole allowed to dry in the sun. A second application of the paste is then resorted to and treated in the same manner. The process is continued until the threads are stiffened to the requisite degree.

9. There now remains the last operation, *viz.*, that of laying out the warp threads on the loom. In connection with this it will be necessary to give an account of the loom itself. This is an exceedingly simple, though somewhat rude apparatus well adapted for the purpose for which it is made. One does not find that delicacy of workmanship or that intricacy of design in the various parts of which it is composed which are the usual characteristics of modern inventions; but there is this recommendation that the apparatus costs very little in making and when out of order can be easily mended locally with the assistance of but few implements. Practically

this is not an insignificant consideration seeing that if the loom is out of use for a single day it entails loss on the manufacturer. It must however be borne in mind that this rudeness of appearance does in no way detract from its utility. The loom somewhat resembles that employed by cloth weavers; but there is a difference. The cloth weaver employs two sets of healds and a treadle. The cumbly manufacturer is satisfied with a single set nor does he use any treadle. The loom itself is composed of the beam, a heald frame, a reed and a batten. The beam is a thick square piece of strong wood about two yards long whose tranverse section measures 9' by 9'. It has four rectangular sides one of which has a groove about as long as the beam, six inches broad, and three inches deep. Along this groove at the sides there are about 2 dozen holes opening into it in which small plugs are inserted. The object of this arrangement is to enable the warp threads to be collected in the groove and held tight by a stick being placed over them in the groove and the plugs driven over the stick through the side holes to keep it firm. At one of its extremities the beam has four holes of somewhat larger size one on each side. A peg driven into the ground passes through one of them. The other end has another peg in front of it against which it presses. At the distance of about three yards from the beam and at intervals extending over the whole length of the warp are placed bamboo rods which keep the shed open constantly. And the last rod has again at its ends two ropes which passing round a peg at the furthest end of the loom are long enough to be brought back and wound round another peg in close proximity to the beam. By this arrangement the weaver is enabled by pulling the ropes to keep the warp threads stretched as tight as he pleases. Midway between the beam and the rods is placed a reed with as many dents as there are threads in the warp passing through them. This keeps the threads separate and distinct. Between the reed and the beam is suspended the heald frame. This is a contrivance consisting of two pieces of wood placed one over the other at the distance of about 2 feet from each other. Over and under these rods pass cotton healds. The upper rod of the heald frame is hung to the ceiling by means of a rope which with its two ends attached to the extremities of the rod form the two sides of an isosceles triangle having the rod itself for its base. The tightening and releasing of the rope attached to the heald frame governs the action of the shed. The batten is a heavy instrument of wood very similar in appearance to and about twice as long as a cricket bat without the handle and is used for driving home the weft. The weaver's arrangements are now complete He has now only to sit and work at the loom. For this purpose he sinks a pit deep enough for letting down his legs and makes the ground floor his seat Before him on a level with his breast lies stretched the weaving apparatus The warp threads are now laid on the loom in the manner already indicated, with the ends collected in the groove in the beam. A flat piece of wood as long as the groove is fitted into it and pegs are driven over it through the side holes. The warp threads are thus kept tight in their places and in a way not easy to pull out. With his two hands the weaver moves towards himself the heavy heald frame suspended in front of him at the distance of his arm's length. This has immediately the effect of raising one series of alternate warp threads which with the other series parallel to the ground floor form an angle. The weaver is thus enabled to push his shuttle across the web through the opening. The shuttle is a single joint of bamboo or hollow reed closed at one end and into which the weft yarn is filled or pushed in with a stick, which pays out as the shuttle is thrown from side to side and is beaten up into position by the use of the batten; the shed being raised or depressed after each passage of the shuttle. These successive manipulations are continued until a web of about a foot in length is completed. The beam is now removed from the peg on which it hitherto rested and turned round and made to wind the web around itself. After this is done, it is replaced on the peg and the weaving resumed.

10. The fame acquired by the Chitaldroog manufacturers is due not to any superiority of the apparatus employed, but to the fineness of the wool yarn used and the close texture of the cumbly to which the greatest attention is paid. Weaving cumblies of fine and close texture is a slow and laborious task. To manufacture a cumbly

of about 12 cubits long requires the weaver to work hard for upwards of 20 days He has generally to pay for his materials in advance and to keep a stock of wool in hand. He has to be both a laborer and a small capitalist; and in this double capacity he has often to resort to money lenders on very unfavorable terms. Success can therefore only be achieved by prudent yet enterprising and dexterous hands. The value of an ordinary cumbly ranges from 5 to 10 Rs. but those of a superior description run up to between 50 and 100 Rs. and even more. Some of these were exhibited at the Mysore and Bellary Exhibitions and won Special prizes. At the Bellary Exhibition they elicited the following remarks:—

"In class 2, there was a superior display. This was a class of cumblies and the "distinctive feature was the collection of articles from Chitaldroog which however "being of fanciful make were treated as a class apart and awarded special prizes. "They are made in imitation of cotton stuffs and even of English tweed, one cloth "specially being so well devised as to be quite good enough for ladies dress, being in "character and appearance something like a scotch home-spun"

11. Cotton and silk yarn are at times worked into these cumblies, adding of course to their price which is such that only the richer class of what may be termed conservative natives can afford to purchase them.

No. 7101-36—Cir. 149, dated 13th September 1890.

Order thereon.—The monograph on the manufacture of cumblies in the Chitaldroog District is interesting and contains much useful information. It will be recorded, and a copy sent to the Resident as a contribution to the Indian Art Journal.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Director of Statistics and Agriculture.
The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District.
The Heads of Departments.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 19th September 1890.

OFFICIAL MEMO.

No. 7016—149, DATED 15TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

With reference to the Proceedings of Government No. 5971-81—Cir. 125 and 6934-43—144, dated 23rd August and 13th September 1890, respectively Dr. Dhanakoti Raju is informed that before the necessary lease is executed, His Highness the Maharaja's Government would like to have some guarantee for the punctual carrying out of the terms of the lease. Considering that the enterprise requires the investment of a large capital, the Government do not think it proper to close the field to other competitors and to grant the lease if there is no immediate chance of the operations being started with.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—Dr. Dhanakoti Raju

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPERS :—

From the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, To the Dewan of Mysore, No. 1125—6716, dated 3rd April 1890.

The Post Master General of Madras has come to learn that the Imperial Post Offices in Mysore have undertaken the sale of Mysore revenue or receipt stamps, although they received no orders to do so. He therefore wishes to know whether such sale is in accordance with the wishes of the Darbar.

2. It was understood from the accompaniment to your letter No. 1490, dated the 12th October 1887, that the sale of such stamps by the local stamp vendors would be sufficient, and it was inferred therefrom that the Darbar did not wish the Post Offices to undertake such sales in addition.

3. The Resident will therefore be glad to know what are the present wishes of the Darbar on the subject.

From the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, To the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, No. 2252—110, dated 11th June 1890.

In reply to your letter to the Dewan No. 1125—6716, dated 3rd April last, regarding Imperial Post Offices in Mysore undertaking the sale of Mysore receipt stamps, I am directed to explain that circumstances have changed since my predecessor wrote his No. 1490 on the 12th October 1887. Then Imperial Post Offices were few in number and situated in most cases at Head-Quarters of Districts where stamp vendors existed, and there was little advantage to be gained by Imperial Post Masters selling Mysore stamps in addition. Now, however, the case is the reverse of this, and the Darbar have no objection to authorize Treasury Officers to supply Imperial Post Offices with Mysore receipt stamps for sale to the public. The Post Masters who may apply for supplies will pay cash with their indents and be allowed a commission at 3 per cent at Head-Quarters of Districts and Taluks, and at 5 per cent at other than District and Taluk Head-Quarters which will be their profit in the business. I am to request to be favored further with the views of the Resident on the subject.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 19th September 1890.

From the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, To the Dewan of Mysore, No 2439—6716, dated 2nd August 1890.

With reference to correspondence ending with your letter No. 2252—110, dated the 11th June 1890, regarding the sale of revenue receipt stamps by the Imperial Post Offices in Mysore, I am directed to forward a copy of a letter from the Post Master General in Madras, and to say that the Resident will be glad to receive the definite views of the Darbar on the subject.

No. C. 417—1358, dated the 25th July 1890

From the Officiating Post Master General, Madras, To the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, No. C. 417—1358, dated 15th July 1890.

With reference to your letter No. 1943 of the 24th ultimo, I have the honor to state that if the Mysore Darbar specially desires it, with the view to placing facilities in the way of the people of the country for purchasing revenue or receipt stamps, I shall be glad to direct the Imperial Post Offices in the Mysore Province to take up the sale of these stamps, with the permission of the Darbar, and on hearing that the desire really exists, the necessary instructions will at once be issued. It is with the wish to render our Post Offices useful to the Native administration that this question is mooted.

From the Under-Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, To the Comptroller of Mysore, No. 4605—337, dated 7th August 1890.

In forwarding the correspondence noted on the margin (in original to be returned,) regarding the sale of Mysore receipt stamps at the Imperial Post Offices in the Province, has the honor to enquire if there is any objection to the proposals therein made and whether private vendors will suffer by the arrangement.

No 2252—110, dated 11th June 1890, to the Assistant to the Resident
No. 2439—6716, dated 2nd August 1890, from do with enclosure.

From the Comptroller of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 1891, dated 11th August 1890.

I have the honor to acknowledge your No. 4605—337, dated 7th August, anent the sale of 1 anna receipt labels by Postal officials and its *enclosures. I beg to submit in reply that the sale by the Postal Department of these labels is likely to be beneficial to the public and it is not likely to be productive of any great disadvantage to the private vendors as the commission lost thereby will not be large. But it is doubtful if there will be sufficient demand at all Post Offices for this label so as to make the sale really remunerative to the vendors. As it is advisable however in the interests of the general public, the Resident may be requested to kindly arrange for issue of the necessary instructions by the Post Master General. The present reference has probably been made for the purpose of informing the Darbar that the Postal Department is not very particular about selling these stamps and that the sale will be introduced only if it should be specially desired by the Darbar.

* Herewith returned.

From the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, To the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, No. 560[illegible]—265, dated 20th August 1890

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 2439—6716, dated the 2nd instant, requesting to be informed of the definite views of the Darbar regarding the sale of Mysore revenue receipt stamps by the Imperial Post Offices in the Province, and in explanation of my letter No. 2252—110, dated 11th June last, I am directed to state that the Darbar are prepared to constitute all Post Masters in Mysore (or such of them only as the Post Master General may think can undertake the

work without detriment to their postal duties) *Ex-officio* vendors of Mysore receipt stamps, and authorize Treasury Officers to supply them on payment with receipt stamps for sale to the public. The measure is calculated to be beneficial to all concerned. Thereby the public can obtain receipt stamps as easily as they can go to the nearest Post Office and the Post Masters will receive a commission and thus improve their income.

From the Offg. Post Master General, Madras, To the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, No. C 587—1358, dated 9th September 1890.

In acknowledging the receipt of your endorsement No. 2901—6716 of the 2nd instant, I have the honor to state that the Mysore Darbar may appoint all Post Masters in Mysore without exception *Ex-officio* vendors of Mysore receipt stamps.

2. I shall direct that the sale of these stamps be taken up as soon as the Treasuries are authorized to issue them to the Imperial Post Offices.

From the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, To the Dewan of Mysore, No. 3089—671-6, dated 16th September 1890.

Copy forwarded to the Dewan of Mysore for favor of necessary action with reference to correspondence ending with his letter No. 5601—265, dated the 20th August 1890.

No. 7534-42—Cir. 156, dated 19th September 1890.

Order thereon.—Communicated to the Comptroller with a request that he will be so good as to issue the necessary instructions for the issue of Mysore receipt stamps from the several Treasuries to all Post Masters in Mysore who are newly appointed *Ex-officio* vendors of such stamps.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Comptroller
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING PAPER :—

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, No. 374, dated Bangalore, 6th September 1890.

I have the honor to submit a list of officials of the Revenue Survey Department to whom the usual 3 months' notice has been given, under Section 104 (2) of the Civil Pension Code, that their services will be dispensed with.

2. The list, it will be observed, includes 27 officials an abstract of my remarks upon the qualifications and disposal on each case being as per margin.

21 qualified for post of Shekdar or Taluk Measurer.

6 recommended to be pensioned if they cannot be provided for elsewhere.

3. I recommend very strongly that the 21 men noted as qualified should be taken on as Shekdars and, if there is no vacancy, that they should be entertained as Special Shekdars. There are now in the Revenue Department, irrespective of Tank Inspectors, 22 Shekdars who are ex-measurers. With the 21 men now to be thrown out there will be 43 trained Measurers and these should be distributed so that there should not be more than one in any Taluk. The advantage of this arrangement is very great as any work connected with the survey such as sub-dividing fields, measuring land in connection with darkhasts, rectification of boundaries and so on can be carried out without sending officials of the Survey Department long distances at great cost of both time and money.

4. I take this opportunity of asking Government to consider whether it would not be advisable to create the appointment, as distinct from Shekdar, of "Taluk Measurer." In Bombay such an appointment exists under the designation of "Circle Inspector" and ample and useful work is found for those officials. There is of course no doubt that miscellaneous work can be performed by these skilled Measurers employed as Shekdars in Mysore but his revenue duties, as Shekdar, only impair his usefulness as a Measurer and "*vice versa*." The Taluk Measurer could be entrusted with all work connected with the survey, which the Superintendent of Survey requisitions or sanctions, and acting directly under that Officer's orders, or at any rate with his sanction, and submitting all sketches, field books and calculations, for incorporation of his work in the Survey Records, he would be just as useful as a Measurer deputed direct from the Survey Department. In all revenue matters the Taluk Measurer would not be at all under the control of the Superintendent of Survey. He could be most usefully employed on Boundary Mark Inspection, for which the most crying necessity now exists, in the examination of village accounts, in the conduct of sales and in a variety of useful miscellaneous revenue work.

5. If Government is disposed to approve of my suggestion, I would recommend that a scale of pay somewhat superior to that of Shekdars should be allowed.

6. The men now available might be appointed to Shekdar vacancies or as Special Shekdars on their present pay, and the scheme of a Taluk Measurer grade be in the meantime carefully discussed.

7. I would solicit early orders so that the question of providing these men with new appointments may be disposed of one way or the other before the termination of the 3 months' notice which will terminate on 1st December next.

List of Officials in the Mysore Revenue Survey Department who have been given 3 months' notices in view of their retirement from service under the general scheme of reduction and whose employment elsewhere under the Government of Mysore is recommended.

Number.	Name of Official.	Date of entry into Service.	Pay.	Knowledge of village accounts and revenue work generally.	Assistant Superintendent's remarks as to character, &c.	Survey Superintendent's opinion.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Nanjappa Subbaiya	3rd October 1878...	25	Has a good knowledge of village accounts and knows general revenue work.	He is a fair Measurer, and bears a fair character, will do well as a Shekdar.	Fit to be made Taluk Measurer or Shekdar.
2	Bhimaji R.....	8th October 1878...	25	Has a fair knowledge of village accounts and knows general revenue work.	He is a fair Measurer. His general character and conduct very fair, will do well as a Shekdar	Do do
3	Samaji Venktesh	1st September 1878	22	Has a fair knowledge of village accounts and general revenue work.	A very fair Measurer. General conduct very fair, will do well as a Shekdar.	Do do
4	Krishraju Sakharam	27th Nov. 1882 ...	20	Has a fair knowledge of revenue work.	As a Measurer very fair He bears a good character. As a Nimta Karkun, I have closely observed him. He will turn out a capital Shekdar.	Do do
5	Govind Hanmant	10th August 1876.	25	Do	..	I do not recommend this man for the post of Taluk Measurer but he might be given a Shekdari if one is available.

6	Gurunath Arant	15th Sept. 1875 ...	25	Has a fair knowledge of revenue work.	...	I recommend this man for the post of Shekdar not for that of Taluk Measurer.
7	Narhar Shripad	14th July 1877 ...	25	Being on leave their knowledge of village accounts cannot be ascertained. But they are all intelligent and hard working young men and well qualified for any revenue work.	Characters good. Good Measurers. Physically fit for theodolite work.	These six men are fit to be made Taluk Measurers or Shekdars.
8	Gurunath Deoji	1st Sept. 1878 ...	25			
9	Pandurang Gangadhar	1st April 1879 ...	25			
10	Sakharam Krishna	1st October 1878 ...	25			
11	Bapuji Pandurang	1st July 1879 ..	25			
12	Sivaji Kalo	1st November 1878.	25			
13	Sivaji Lingo	26th March 1877...	25	Have a fair knowledge of village accounts and revenue work generally.	Characters good. Good Measurers. Physically fit for theodolite work.	These 3 men are fit to be made Taluk Measurers or Shekdars.
14	Naro Janardhan	29th Dec. 1878 ...	25			
15	Narain Raghavendra	2nd Feb 1883 ..	20			
16	Ramachandra Narasimha ...	7th Dec. 1872 ...	18	Has a fair knowledge of village accounts and revenue work.	... ..	This man is fit to be made Taluk Measurer or Shekdar.
17	Venktesh Ramachandra	1st Sept. 1878 ...	22	Have a good knowledge of village atcounts and other revenue work.	Characters fair. Fair Measurers. Physically fit for out-door work.	These 3 men are fit to be made Taluk Measurers or Shekdars.
18	Swami Rao Ramachandra ...	20th June 1878 ...	22			
19	Narso Narayan	1st April 1882 ...	18			

Number.	Name of Official.	Date of entry into Service.	Pay.	Knowledge of village accounts and revenue work generally.	Assistant Superintendent's remarks as to character, &c.	Survey Superintendent's opinion.
20	Gurrao Narain	1st August 1878...	25	Knows a little and can easily master it.	Satisfactory.	Fit to be made Taluk Measurer or Shekdar.
21	Rango Vardendra	1st Sept. 1878 ..	20	Do do	Do	Do do
22	Timmaji Narsimha	18th Nov. 1874 ...	25	Has a fair knowledge of village accounts and revenue work.	...	... I recommend that this man should be pensioned he is reported by the Assistant as sickly.
23	Narain Narsimha	15th Dec 1869 ...	25	Knows village accounts, &c.	...	.. Same remarks as above but this man is willing to retire.
24	Malhar Dhordo	15th Feb. 1875 ...	28	Do do	...	... I recommend this man being pensioned, the Assistant pronounces him unfit for further service.
25	Gopal Bhimaji	10th August 1864.	28	Knows a little and can easily master it.	...	... I recommend this man to be pensioned
26	Venkaji Govind	1st June 1870 ...	28	Do do	...	... Do do
27	Venkatesh Srinivas	5th Dec. 1872 ..	25	Do do	...	... Do do

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 24th September 1890.

No. 7612-21—Cir. 157, dated 23rd September 1890.

Order thereon.—Of the 27 officials of the Revenue Survey Department whose services will be dispensed with from 1st December 1890, the Survey Superintendent recommends the retirement of the 6 officials noted in the margin, on such pension or gratuity as they may be entitled to. The recommendation is sanctioned.

1. Narain Narasimha.
2. Timmaji Narasimha.
3. Malhar Dhondo.
4. Gopal Bhimaji.
5. Venkaji Govind.
6. Venkatesh Srinivas.

2. The names of the remaining 21 officials will be sent to Deputy Commissioners of Districts with a request that they may be appointed as Shekdars on their present pay, as vacancies occur. Such of them as cannot be provided for before the 1st December next must be retired on such pension or gratuity as they may be entitled to.

3. The Deputy Commissioners are requested to submit their views in regard to the proposed creation of the appointment of Taluk Measurer, discussed in para 4 of Colonel Grant's letter under reference.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Survey Superintendent.
The Comptroller.

Read again—

1. Proceedings of Government No. 5640-9—Cir. 137, dated 18th October 1889, directing provision to be made for feeding a small number of in patients in Local Fund Dispensaries.

From the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Mysore Government, No. 237, dated 31st January 1890.

With reference to para 9 of Government Proceedings No. 5640-9—Cir. 137, dated 18th October 1889, in the matter of making provision for feeding some in-patients in connection with Local Fund Dispensaries, I have the honor, with a view to giving effect to this in a satisfactory manner, to recommend that a small building be constructed for the accommodation of such patients, say two small rooms 10′ × 10′ each one for a male and one for a female, close to each dispensary building where there is no accommodation available at present close by in the shape of a Government building or chattram.

2. Those likely to require aid in this way such as cases of serious illness, injuries, or accidents, ought be capable of being dealt with and taken in at once and be located close by, so that they may be as much as possible under the eye of the Hospital Assistant who would thus be in the best position to see that all their wants both medical and dietetic are attended to, which he would not be if they were housed some distance off.

3. Chikballapur Dispensary referred to in para 3 of the Proceedings is provided for in this manner by the conversion of the dead house into a small ward, as the dead house from its close proximity to the dispensary had to be abandoned as such and a new one constructed at a distance. The dead houses at Mulbagal and Arsikere ought be abandoned for the same reason and new ones constructed at a distance and if this be done these buildings could be utilized as wards.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd September 1890.

No. 7683-93—CIR. 159, DATED 24TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government approve of the Senior Surgeon's proposal for providing accommodation for in-patients in Local Fund Dispensaries. The Secretary, Public Works Department, will accordingly be requested to arrange for the construction of the necessary buildings. Two-thirds of the cost of such additional accommodation will be met from Provincial Funds, and one-third from the District Funds, or from Municipal Funds in places where there are Municipalities.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner.
The Secretary, Public Works Department.
The Comptroller.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

PART 1.

EDUCATIONAL.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Educational Department.

ORDER No. 98—100 C, DATED 19TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

1. Darbar Bakshi, R. B. A. Narasimhaiengar, Honorary Secretary of Her Highness the Maharani's Girls' School at Mysore, has managed that Institution with great ability for the last nine years and brought it to such a high state of efficiency as to render it a model Institution. It is the wish of His Highness' Government to increase his sphere of usefulness and enable him to popularise the cause of female education throughout the Province. With this object in view, the Government are pleased to appoint him "Superintendent of Government Girls' Schools in Mysore" on Rs. 200 a month to be paid from the Provincial Funds, with effect from the 1st September 1890.

2. The entire control over the instruction and discipline of all Government Girls' Schools will continue as heretofore to be in the hands of the Education Secretary, as also the supervision and control now exercised by him over the Aided Schools.

3. All Girls' Schools, Government and Aided, will continue to be regularly inspected by the Deputy Inspectors or other Departmental Officers as at present. But all Girls' Schools will also be open to Mr. Narasimhaiengar's inspection, and he will from time to time submit his Inspection Reports, together with any proposals or suggestions calculated to improve the present system of female education, to the Education Secretary for the consideration of Government.

4. He will hold direct correspondence with the Education Secretary and not with any of the Managers or Head-masters of Government or Aided Schools or any of the subordinate Officers of the Educational Department.

H. J. BHABHA,
Secretary.

To—The Comptroller.
The Darbar Bakshi A. Narasimhaiengar, Esq., B. A.
The Managers of all Aided Girls' Schools.

PART I.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Public Works Department and Railways),—dated 4th September 1890.

READ THE FOLLOWING NOTES:—

Note, dated 7th August 1890, by the Secretary, Public Works Department and Railways, forwarding a Draft Budget for the Bangalore-Hindupur Railway for 1890—91, amounting to Rs. 2,96,000.

Note, dated 11th and 14th idem, giving the approximate money requirements up to November 1890, and promising a further Budget of requirements after the Estimate for the Project has been sanctioned, with the Officiating Dewan's endorsement thereon.

Also a Note by the Secretary, Public Works Department and Railways, dated 4th September 1890 submitting a budget for Preliminary expenses to be incurred during the current year amounting to Rs. 19,500.

No. I. DATED 4TH SEPTEMBER 1890.

ORDER THEREON.—The Draft capital Budget for the official year for the Bangalore-Hindupur Railway submitted with the first Note, read above, amounted to Rs. 2,96,000, which provided for the following expenditure —

I.	Preliminary Expenses	Rs.	8000
II.	Land	„	20,000
III.	Construction of line	„	2,07,000
IV.	Ballast	„	10,000
V.	Stations and Buildings	„	16,000
VI.	Plant	„	7,000
IX.	Establishment	„	28,000
	Total Rs.....		2,96,000

But as the estimate for the said line was not ready for submission to Government, and work was not likely to be actually commenced before November, the Secretary, Public Works Department and Railways, was requested to give the approximate money requirements (exclusive of any construction work) for the present.

A Budget for Preliminary expenses to be incurred before actual construction is taken in hand, has accordingly been submitted, which provides the requirements for 8 months of the year as under :—

I.	Preliminary Expenses	Rs.	8,000
VI.	Plant	„	3,000
IX.	Establishment	„	8,500
	Total Rs.....		19,500

The Government is pleased, with the approval of His Highness, to convey formal sanction to this Budget amounting to Rs. 19,500, in order to regularise the accounts, and directs that a regular Budget for the year (which should include the above amount) be prepared and submitted, when the estimate for the Line is sanctioned.

The Comptroller is requested to place the necessary funds at the disposal of the Secretary, Public Works Department and Railways, from Provincial revenues.

By Order,

C. BOWEN, COLONEL, R. E.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Public Works Department and Railways.

To—The Secretary, Public Works Department.
The Comptroller, Mysore.
The Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Mysore, with copy of Budget and Note, dated 28th August 1890.
The Executive Engineer B. M. Project Division.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
6267—182.	2nd	The District Magistrate of Hassan.	Returning duly countersigned a license under the Arms Act.
235.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying certain rules under the Indian Stamp Act regarding the stamp on which any instrument which is chargeable with a duty not exceeding Rs. 100 is to be written.
6611—478.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
6303—93	3rd	The District Magistrate of Chitaldroog.	Stating that the Taluk Sheristadar being a public servant not removable from his office without the sanction of Government, the requisite sanction ought to have been obtained by the Deputy Commissioner for the prosecution of Rama Rao, Sheristadar of the Jagalur Taluk, and that the sanction is now accorded.
220.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the investiture, under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, of Timmakrishna Rao, B A., B. L., Munsiff of Kolar, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class till January 1891.
6370—91.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
6538—218.	5th	The District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Returning duly countersigned a license under the Arms Act.
226.	6th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the withdrawal of the original civil jurisdiction of a District Court and the ordinary original criminal jurisdiction of a Sessions Court conferred upon the Chief Court, and the establishment of the District Court of the Nundydroog Division.
6145—94.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent	
10	227.	6th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notification(—)conferring upon the Chief Court jurisdiction to hear and decide all such appeals as are allowed by law to a District Court or Court of Sessions from the judgments, orders, decrees or sentences passed by a subordinate Court, civil or criminal, within the local limits of the Districts of Bangalore, Kolar and Tumkur comprised in the Nundydroog Division and directing that until further orders the appellate jurisdiction hereby conferred upon the Chief Court shall not be exercised by the District Court or Court of Session of the Nundydroog Division except as regards cases of appeals which may be transferred by the Chief Court
11	6446—95.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding copy of the above.
12	228.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the appointment of Mr. T. Narahari Rao, M. L., District and Sessions Judge of Mysore, as District and Sessions Judge of the Nundydroog Division, with effect from the 15th September 1890 and of Mr. C. Srinivasaiengar Sub-Judge of Mysore, as District and Sessions Judge of Mysore.
13	6447—96.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding copy of the above.
14	6448—378.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Do do
15	6449—470.	Do	The Comptroller.	Do do
16	229.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that the trial of certain offences before the Sessions Court of Nundydroog Division when the trials are held at Bangalore, shall be by Jury consisting of five persons.
17	6450—97.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding copy of the above.
18	230.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that all trials before the Court of Session of the Nundydroog Division shall, whenever such trials are held at Kolar or Tumkur, be with the aid of Assessors.
19	6451—98.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding copy of the above.
20	231.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the appointment of Mr. S. Ramaswami Iyer as Public Prosecutor, Nundydroog Division.
21	6452—99.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
22	232.	6th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the investiture of Mr. L. Anantaswami Rao, Subordinate Judge, Bangalore, with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class.
23	6453—100.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding copy of the above.
24	6454—292.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do
25	236.	7th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the cancellation of certain Notifications owing to the re-establishment of the District Court of the Nundydroog Division.
26	6698—103.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding copy of the above for information and the issue of necessary orders.
27	245.	9th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that Mr. L Anantaswami Rao, Sub-Judge and 1st Class Magistrate, Bangalore District, is directed to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the English language.
28	6746—297.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
29	6719—223.	10th	The District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Forwarding copy of a list of casualties amongst convicts at Port Blair during the month of July 1890, and requesting that the death of the convict Nanja may be communicated to his relatives.
30	6720—39.	Do	The District Magistrate of Mysore.	Forwarding a warrant issued by the Acting Joint Magistrate of Coimbatore with a request that the same may be executed and returned early direct to the Joint Magistrate and the fact intimated to this office.
31	6789-91—225.	11th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, the Government Advocate and the Officiating Inspector General of Jails in Mysore.	Stating that the Deputy Commissioner should have obtained the orders of Government before sanctioning the prosecution of the Amildar Magistrate of Gubbi Taluk; that the order for the release of Mallappa was admittedly received by the Amildar at about midnight when the prison was closed; that according to the practice obtaining in all the jails, no prisoner could have been released at such a late hour in the night; that the Amildar could not be found fault with for putting off the release till the next morning; that the De-

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent	Subject and Order.
				puty Commissioner's order sanctioning the prosecution is manifestly wrong, and that the Public Prosecutor will be requested to move the Chief Court on the revision side for quashing the order.
32	6897—106	11th	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding for the information of the Judges of the Chief Court copy of letter No 1179—142, dated 23rd August 1890, from the Inspector General of Police, requesting that all cases of illegal detention of individuals by the Police may be reported to him in view to adequate notice being taken of the offenders
33	6982-3—199	Do	The District Magistrate of Hassan and Comptroller	Approving of the appointment of Perumal Mudaliar as Public Prosecutor during the trial of Sessions cases on account of the absence of the Public Prosecutor owing to domestic inconvenience on the understanding that it is an arrangement made by the Public Prosecutor himself and that it will not entail any additional cost to Government
34	6993—107.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court	Forwarding copy of docket No. 316, dated 27th ultimo, with its enclosures, from the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur, reporting on the petition from Khandari Rasulkhan, complaining that his son Nasirudinkhan, a Police Dafadar, was illtreated and murdered by the Police and requesting that the Munsiff of Tumkur may be called upon to submit a detailed report as to the state in which he found the deceased when he ordered the cords to be removed and water to be supplied
35	6858—324	12th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding the return of sick prisoners in the Jails of the State for July 1890.
36	6944—328.	Do	Do	Intimating that proclamation in the case of Venkappa *bin* Naranappa, late a resident of Bangalore, was duly published in the town of Bangalore and adjacent places.
37	6861—105.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge in Mysore.	Forwarding a copy of the order passed by His Highness the Maharaja, commuting the sentence of death passed upon Pujari Rudra by the Sessions Judge of Shimoga in Sessions case No. 11 of 1890 and affirmed by the Chief Court of Mysore in Criminal appeal No. 90 of 1890, to one of transportation for life.
38	7090—788.	13th	The Inspector General of Police.	Approving of his recommendation to supplement the reward of Rs. 300 offered by Rangappa of Sagar for information leading to the detention of the murderers of his nephew Rudrappa with

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				one of Rs. 100 from Government and requesting him to submit a draft notification for publication in the Gazette.
39	254.	13th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the cancellation of Notification No. 128, dated 26th August 1884, and the appointment of Mr. T. Narahari Rao, M. L., District and Sessions Judge of Nundydroog Division, as a visitor of the Lunatic Asylum at Bangalore with effect from the 15th instant.
40	7044—66.	16th	The Officer in charge of Lunatic Asylum.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
41	7045—786.	Do	Mr. T. Narahari Rao, District and Sessions Judge, Nundydroog Division.	Do do
42	7046—783.	Do	Mr. T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty.	Do do
43	7177—211.	Do	The District Magistrate of Kadur.	Intimating the issue of a warrant for the arrest and surrender of Subbaraya and Kuppa who stand charged with theft in a building.
44	7170—213.	Do	Do	Intimating the issue of a warrnt for the arrest and surrender of Peter Fernandez, accused of criminal breach of trust by a servant.
45	7287—207.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Stating with reference to the refund of a stamp duty of Rs. 5 applied for by him, that the Stamp Act seems so framed that the stamp duty wrongly levied may not be refunded except when the question has been decided by a reference to the Chief Court.
46	7272—246.	Do	The District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Returning duly countersigned a license under the Arms Act.
47	7297—112.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Approving of the transfer of Mr. B. Ramaswamaiengar to Mysore in order that he may work as Additional Munsiff in that District and to work in the town of Mysore from October till Christmas and in the Town of Seringapatam from January 1891 till the annual recess.
48	7351—829.	20th	The Officiating Inspector General of Prisons.	Sanctioning the remission of portions of the sentence passed upon Dasaiya and 3 other convicts of the Central Jail.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
49	7732—358.	23rd	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that the Officiating Dewan sees no objection to the course proposed in his letter No. 3074—7347, dated 15th September 1890 relative to the direct interchange of judicial notices, summonses, &c., and correspondence connected therewith between the officers of the Civil and Military Station and elsewhere and those of the Darbar and that the necessary instructions have been accordingly issued.
50	7733—117.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding a copy of the Assistant to the Resident's letter above referred to and stating that the Darbar has no objection to the course proposed in the above as it would facilitate business and avoid the delay and inconvenience at present experienced and requesting that the necessary instructions may be issued to the Subordinate Courts in the State, both Civil and Criminal.
51	269.	24th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette	Notifying the appointment of Mr. T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty as Officiating Chief Judge of the Chief Court of Mysore and as Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore and his being invested with all the powers specified in Section 18 of the Mysore Chief Court Regulation, 1884.
52	7622—848.	Do	Mr. T. R. A Thumboo Chetty.	Forwarding copy of the above.
53	7623—114.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Do do
54	7710—858.	Do	The Inspector General of Police	Forwarding certain letters received from the Excise Commissioner in Mysore, proposing the investment of Excise Assistant Supervisors with the powers of Police officers, and requesting to be favored with his opinion on the propcsal.
55	7727—354.	26th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting the issue of a warrant for the surrender of one Kali Koravan.
56	7731—357.	Do	Do	Forwarding the returns of sick prisoners in the Jails of the State for August 1890.
57	278.	30th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that Mr. B. Ramaswamaiengar, Additional Munsiff, is directed to hold his court at Mysore from October till Christmas and is empowered to exercise jurisdiction over the Taluks which are included in the jurisdiction of the Munsiff of Mysore.
58	7848—121.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge.	Forwarding copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
59	280.	30th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the investiture of Mr. Changaiya Chetty, B. A., Officiating Assistant Commissioner and 2nd Class Magistrate of Chitaldroog, with certain additional powers.
60	7937—123.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30*th September* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—A. Surappa.

PART II.

REVENUE.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	6186—294.	1st	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Forwarding 5 printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains and salt in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st July 1890.
2	6214—92.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Passing orders regarding a certain small house in Hosdurga, to the effect that the present possession of Rayappa should not be disturbed, and that proper enquiries should be made during the next jamabandi and a report submitted.
3	6294-5—692	Do	Mr C. Sabhapati Iyer, Barrister-at-Law, Secundrabad and the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District.	Cancelling the two prospecting licenses granted to Mr. C. Sabhapati Iyer on behalf of Mr. W. C. Furnivall for prospecting for minerals in certain pieces of land in the Davangere and Jagalur Taluks.
4	6602-4—201.	2nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, the Survey Superintendent, and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Passing orders restricting the limited use of the water of the Government channel commanding the lands of the Yammedoddikan belonging to Abdul Rahman Khan in the Kadur Taluk to purposes of coffee cultivation only and as far as may be possible without prejudice to the requirements of the wet and garden lands dependent on the channel.
5	6405—195.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Requesting him to inquire again into the claims of Channegauda to the Patelship of Keresante and another village in the Kadur Taluk and pass such orders as he may think proper.
6	6489—720.	Do	The President of the Bangalore City Municipality.	Approving of the draft lease, suggested by the Government Advocate, to be executed by Colonel Hickman, XXI Hussars, for the bed of the Sampangihalli Tank, and authorizing the President to have it executed.
7	6402—708.	4th	The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 2903—6486, dated the 3rd September 1890, from the Assistant

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				to the Resident in Mysore, regarding the Toddy contract of the Bangalore District or Taluk for the submission of the information therein called for within a week.
8	6476-7—145.	4th	The Secretary, Public Works Department, and Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Stating that before passing orders for placing the kayamgutta village of Abbalavadi in the Mandya Taluk under Government management, the Officiating Dewan wishes to have information as to the probable cost of restoring the village tank and as to what additional revenue may be expected, and that in the meantime the kayamgutta amount due to Government if not paid by the guttadar may be recovered from the raiyats of the village under Section 142, para 2 of the Land Revenue Code.
9	6579—294.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Enquiring whether Shanbhog Ramaiya to whom certain lands containing valuable trees in the village of Chikkantanahalli in the Closepet Taluk were sold without consulting the Forest Department, is willing to give up the lands on payment of the purchase money and the assessment paid by him.
10	6593-4—385.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 52—6—6 being the amount of hulbanni for the year 1889—90 of Kyatanahalli and 12 other villages in the Heggaddevankote Taluk on account of assistance rendered by the villagers at the time of His Highness the Maharaja's tiger shooting in December 1889.
11	6494—35.	Do	Mr. H. F. Strickland. The Club, Bangalore.	Conveying sanction to the period allowed to him for the payment of the cash deposit of 10 per cent on the value of the 2,500 £ shares tendered by him for the lease of the Kempinkote Blocks A, C and D, being extended to 3 months from the 1st September 1890, and stating that the deposit will be refunded to him on the production of share certificates of the value of £ 2,500.
12	6679-80—269.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of irrecoverable balances in the Malur Taluk amounting to Rs. 928—14—1 for the years 1876—77 to 1887—88.
13	6492-3—Gold 34.	5th	The Secretary, Kolar Gold Mining Board, and the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Recording the proceedings of the monthly Meeting of the said Mining Board held on the 30th June 1890, with the request that the Secretary will forward the proceedings of the Board through the Deputy Commissioner of the District who

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				should submit them to the Government with any remarks or suggestions he may wish to offer on any points refered to therein.
14	6607—Gold 34.	5th	The Comptroller.	Recording his letter No. 2219, dated 26th August 1890, stating that the following documents have been sent to the Huzur Treasury for safe custody:— 1 Share certificate of the Mysore Wynad Consolidated Gold Mining Company, (Limited), in favor of the Mysore West Gold Mining Company (Limited), No. 6049, dated the 15th July 1890 for 500 shares of £ 1 each. 2 Deed of transfer of the above shares executed by the Mysore West Gold Mining Company, Limited, in favor of the Dewan of Mysore, No. 321, dated 16th July 1890.
5	6617-27—Cir. 137.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, the Deputy Commissioners of the other Districts, the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette and the Proprietors of the Bangalore Daily Post and Spectator.	Stating that it is unnecessary to forward to this office the notifications of the intended sales of the whole inam villages and that they may be sent direct to the Gazette and the Newspapers authorized to publish Government advertisements.
3	6600—196.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Stating that "Totis" who correspond to the "Ugranis in the Kanara District" are considered sufficient for assisting the village officers in Mysore who have no magisterial or civil functions to perform.
	6753-6—396.	6th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Comptroller, the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Military Secretary.	Sanctioning the sum of Rs. 54—8—7 due to Government by Dafadar Melgiri Rao of the 1st Battalion, Mysore Horse, on account of contribution for repairing the Dod Hejjur Tank in the Hunsur Taluk being reduced to Rs. 24—8—7 in consideration of the poverty of the defaulter and recovered by monthly instalments of Rs. 2 each.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
18	6824-6—404.	6th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Comptroller and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Issuing instructions regarding the management of the villages of Purigal and Kaglipu belonging to the Jahgirdar of Sivasamudram but now under the management of the Government and the rate of contribution to be levied from the raiyats for the extension of the Ramaswami Channel and declining to reduce the rate of interest chargeable on the loan advanced by Government in payment of the Jahgirdar's share of the cost of the extension of the Ramaswami Channel.
19	248.	9th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying under the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870 that a piece of land is required for public purpose that is for the construction of a dispensary in the Town of Malvalli.
20	6674—315.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 5 printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains and salt in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 13th August 1890.
21	6785—Gold 35.	Do	Mr. W. Lonsdale, Arsikere, Hassan District.	Stating that his request for a block of a half a square mile of land contiguous to the northern boundary of the Yelvari Block in the Arsikere Taluk already leased to him for mining purposes on the same terms as those of the lease granted for the latter block, cannot be complied with, and that the Mysore Government have no desire to sell the shares which they hold in the Mysore Haranhalli Gold Mining Company, Limited.
22	6828-9—193.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent.	Passing orders setting apart waste gomal land Survey No. 31 measuring 5 acres, 12 guntas in the village of Bikkode of the Belur Taluk for the purpose of holding the weekly market at that place.
23	6856—Gold 37.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Forwarding a copy of the Report, dated 5th August 1890, of the Mysore Haranhalli Gold Mining Company, Limited, and stating that the Mysore Government holds 7,000 shares of £ 1 each in the said Company and requesting that he will, as the local representative of the Government of Mysore, arrange to take notice of all proceedings and do what may be necessary to protect the interests of Government and from time to time advise the Government on matters connected with the affairs of the Company.
24	6967-9—304.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the grant of certain pieces of land in favor of Lakshminaranappa in lieu of his Inam lands taken up for the Bangalore-Tumkur Railway in the village of Halenijigal in the

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				Nelamangala Taluk on condition of his paying to Government as Jodi the difference in survey valuation of the land taken up for Railway and that now allotted as Inam, and also the sub-division of certain land granted to Srikanthashastri, he having refused to take up the entire Survey number.
25	6766—321.	10th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 2 manuscript copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st August 1890.
26	6985-6—206.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of irrecoverable balances amounting to Rs. 301—10—4 in the Kadur District for 1889—90 and the remission of assessment on certain pieces of land.
27	6975-6—237.	11th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Registrar of the Chief Court.	Declining to sanction the grant on shraya tenure to Assistant Commissioner Mr. H. Nanjundaraj Ars and Munsiff Varadarajaiengar for the purpose of raising a fuel plantation of 72 acres of land in the bed of the Tygatur Tank in the Gubbi Taluk, with the remark that the Government cannot sanction the appropriation of such valuable land for fuel plantation on favorable assessment. and that it is moreover considered undesirable to permit the Munsiff to acquire land in the District in which he is employed.
28	6792—226.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Passing orders on a petition from the Jodidars of Puttasandra in the Tumkur Taluk to effect that the proceedings of the Amildar of the Tumkur Taluk in permitting the Jodidars to open a toddy shop in their village without the Deputy Commissioner's sanction and independently of the Government toddy contractor were irregular and unauthorized and that the Deputy Commissioner properly set aside the Amildar's order, that the petitioners are not entitled to the toddy revenue and that their request to open a toddy shop independently of the Government Contractor is inadmissible.
29	6888—196.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District	Replying that the provisions of the Land Revenue Code in regard to appropriation, for purposes of cultivation of land set apart for free pasturage should be strictly adhered to.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
30	6923—766.	11th	The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.	Stating that the license system in force in *re* the "Soge" contract may be continued as recommended by Deputy the Commissioner and concurred in by the Excise Commissioner.
31	7283 84—249.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the remission of the proportionate assessment amounting to Rs. 4—1—3 on lands measuring 3 acres, 39¼ guntas taken up for the feeder from the Pura Tank to the Nittur Tank in the Gubbi Taluk.
32	6992—208.	12th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	According permission to Amildar Ramachandra Rao acquiring by purchase land bearing Survey No. 54 in Hirikalale in the Chikmagalur Taluk.
33	7158-60—419.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Comptroller and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the sale of the Hebbal Kaval lands in the Yedatore Taluk in 21 lots for Rs. 3,751—4—0 and the return of Tammaiya's deposit of Rs. 231 with interest at 6 per cent thereon from the date of the deposit.
34	7175-6—211.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Cancelling the alienation of Survey No. 29 sanctioned for reconstructing the village of Hartihalli in the Channagiri Taluk and sanctioning the writing off of the assessment fixed on the old village site, the villagers having reverted to their old village.
35	7149—311.	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Stating that the Government have no objection to the acquisition of Government dry land measuring 68 acres, 17 guntas assessed at Rs. 101—8—0 in the villages of Mailasandra and Patnagere in the Bangalore Taluk by Mr. Naram Rao, Assistant Commissioner, Dewan's Office.
36	7150—798.	Do	Mr. Narain Rao, Assistant Commissioner.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
37	7151-½—312.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the restoration of the Kayamgutta villages of Rajapur and Hennakki in the Anekal Taluk to Channabasavaswami of the Rajapur Matt, and the survey settlement being withheld after recovering all arrears and dues from him.
38	7244-5—295.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of Rs. 488 being the excess quit-rent imposed on survey valuation for the years 1887—88 and 1888—89 in the case of Pindapanahalli and certain other alienated Inam villages in the Sidlaghatta Taluk.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
39	7169—206.	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No. 9 measuring 3 acres, 32 guntas assessed at Rs. 2 in favor of the villagers of Hosudi in the Shimoga Taluk for planting a tope in lieu of Survey No. 71 which had been allotted for the purpose but which was granted to the villagers for rebuilding the village on sanitary grounds, and the remission of the assessment on the land.
40	7220—Gold 40.	15th	Messrs. Wilson & Co., Madras.	Stating that as requested by them the claim for assessment due by them on the Honnali lands for the year 1889—90 will be held in abeyance for two months from this date and requesting that in the meantime arrangements may be made for the payment of the assessment due.
41	7221—Gold 41.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
42	7637-S—442.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the writing off of irrecoverable balances in the Mandya and Malvalli Taluks amounting to Rs. 602—3—6 and Rs. 22—1—3 respectively for 1888—89.
43	7288-9—208.	19th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of a portion of Survey No. 130 measuring 5 acres in favor of Iregauda and other raiyats of the Kalale Village in the Manjarabad Taluk for building purposes.
44	7292-3—211.	Do	Do	Sanctioning the alienation of a part of Survey No. 30 measuring 2 acres and assessed at Rs. 1—12—0 for the purpose of a cemetery at Arsikere for European and Eurasian residents and the remission of the assessment thereon.
45	7280-1—247.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of a part of Survey No. 54 measuring 3 acres, 35 guntas assessed at Rs. 3—6—3 in favor of the raiyats of Bettegaudanpalaya in the Tiptur Taluk for extending the village site and the remission of the assessment thereon.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
46	7574-6—220.	19th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent and the Inam Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of Inam lands Survey Nos. 174 and 176 measuring 1 acre, 4 guntas assessed at Rs. 1—12—0 in favor of the Hassan Municipality for keeping clean the approaches and the margins of the feeder channel which brings water to Devikere series of ponds forming the chief source of water supply to the Town of Hassan, and the grant in exchange of Survey No. 18 of the Advalli Village measuring 1 acre, 10 guntas assessed at Rs. 1—12—0 as Inam to the Virupakshesvara temple at Hassan
47	7504-5—215.	20th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the writing off of the assessment on Survey Nos. 11 and 13 measuring 2 acres, 3 guntas and 18 guntas respectively assessed at Rs. 3—8—0 and 8 annas respectively taken up by the Public Works Department for constructing the new Taluk Cutcherri at Channarayapatna
48	7564-5—843½.	Do	The Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department and the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District	Stating that under the existing Revenue Rules when there are more applicants than one lands must be sold, and that therefore the Changavi Kaval in the Gubbi Taluk could not be made over to Regimentdar Rama Rao Rananavar for kandayam without sale.
49	7578-80—214.	21st	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, the Survey Superintendent and the Inspector General of Police.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No. 5 measuring 35 guntas and 5 yards assessed at annas in favor of certain Brahmins of Malalagadd in the Sorab Taluk for the construction of house and the remission of the assessment thereon and stating that the extent of 1 acre and 14 guntas of kharab land taken up out of Survey No. 1 the Shikarpur Kasaba for constructing the Forest Lodge for the use of the Sub Assistant Conservator Shikarpur Sub-Division, should be noted in the accounts.
50	7357-8—251.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey.	Sanctioning the alienation of Survey No measuring 9 acres, 10 guntas assessed at Rs. 10 favor of the rayats of the Jabagutta Village, Tu tur Taluk, for rebuilding the village and the remission of the assessment thereon, and the old village site being assessed and given out for cultivation
51	7696—443.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a statement of lands acquired for Palace use and requesting that the lands may be exempted from land revenue during the period of their use by the Palace Department.
52	7697—857.	22nd	The Officer in charge of the Palace Establishments.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
53	7585-6—214.	23rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of certain lands in the Seragalale and Nagalapur Villages in the Yedahalli Sub-Taluk for the extension of the Yedahalli Town and the remission of the assessment thereon.
54	7673—854.	Do	The Education Secretary.	Sanctioning the acquisition of certain lands in the Srinivaspur Sub-Taluk and the Bangalore Taluk by S. Srinivasa Rao, Assistant Master, Central College, Bangalore.
55	7624—345.	24th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 2 manuscript copies of the return of prices current of food grains and salt in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th September 1890.
56	7626—347.	Do	Do	Do five printed copies of do do for the fortnight ending 31st August 1890.
57	7740—445.	25th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that the Deputy Commissioner is competent to revise the classification of looms on his own authority and that he may do so in the case of the weavers in Malvalli.
58	7877-8—222.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the grant of certain pieces of land measuring 17 acres, 28 guntas assessed at Rs. 25 as service inam to the Totis of the village of Tattur in the Sorab Taluk in lieu of their service inam lands which were formerly resigned by them and now taken up by others for cultivation, and the old jari of Rs. 15—5—8 being continued and a jodi of only Rs. 9—10—4 being levied on the lands now granted.
9	7796—803—Cir. 161.	26th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Deputy Commissioners of the other Districts.	Stating that if persons carrying supari fail to produce Rahadaris when called upon to do so by the sayer officials, the article should be regarded as smuggled and that the smugglers with the smuggled goods made over to the Taluk authorities to be dealt with under the Notification of the late Commissioner's No. 29, dated 5th May 1840.
)	273.	29th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying under the Land Acquisition Act that certain pieces of land in the village of Goragundi in the Yedatore Taluk are required for public purposes that is for the construction of houses.
1	7816—452.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
62	7879-80—285.	29th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Sanctioning the transfer of the old anche house at Chikmagalur to the Municipality at a valuation.
63	7932-3—227.	30th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Sanctioning the alienation of a portion of Survey No. 91 (free grazing land) measuring 2 acres, 28 guntas, 57 yards in the Sombalur Village in the Koppa Taluk in favor of the Gymkhana Club at Koppa for building purposes.
64	7934—112.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District	Passing orders on a petition from Ramachar and others of Muttagadahalli in the Jagalur Taluk, declining to interfere with the orders of the Deputy Commissioner in the matter of dam constructed by Vaddar Budda across the sluice channel of their village tank.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.

PART II.

FORESTS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	6215-16—112.	3rd	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of certain articles of furniture at a cost of Rs. 13—8—0 for the use of the Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, Hassan District.
2	6460—303.	5th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 1552—141, dated 5th instant, from the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations, regarding the supply of fuel to the Southern Mahratta Railway Company at Nanjangud on the completion of the Railway line to that Station, and stating that for reasons therein explained, the Darbar would prefer to leave the Southern Mahratta Railway Company to invite tenders from private contractors for the supply of fuel to the Company as is done at present on the other lines.
3	6576—307.	6th	Do do	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 1506—137, dated the 3rd September 1890, from the Inspector General of Forests and Plantations and requesting to be informed of the decision of the Southern Mahratta Railway in the matter of the offer of the Mysore Forest Department to supply timber for the sleepers required for the Mysore Line and Nanjangud extension.
4	6846-7—117.	8th	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Passing orders on a statement received from Mr. Sanderson through the Inspector General of Forests, showing the receipts and charges on account of the sale of elephants at Palghat on the 5th and 16th February 1890.
5	6848—118.	9th	The Inspector General of Forests.	Stating that the Khadda must be regarded a branch of the Forest Department, that all the Khadda accounts are subject to the control and check of the Inspector General of Forests, and that the Khadda Superintendent Mr. Sanderson is therefore immediately subordinate to the Inspector General of Forests and must carry on all correspondence connected with the Khadda operations and accounts, &c., through the Inspector General of Forests.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
6	6994-5—121.	11th	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Recording letter No. 1339—129, dated 22nd August 1890, from the Inspector General of Forests, reporting the abolition of the timber depôt at Tumkur
7	7195-6—124.	12th	Do do	Sanctioning as a special case an allowance of Rs 50 each to Messrs E. P. Lovery, Narayan Rao, and Ramaswami Iyer, during the period of their acting appointments consequent on the absence of Mr. Russell, Superintendent of Forests, on leave on medical certificate.
8	7199-200—126.	15th	Do do	Sanctioning the purchase of a copy of the "Manual of Sylviculture by Mr. E. E. Fernandez for the use of Forest Officer, Hassan District, at a cost of Rs. 10.
9	7310-11—816.	19th	Do do	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs 4—4—0 in favor of Gollar Subbaraya of Chintamani.
10	7701-2—132.	23rd	The Inspector General of Forests and the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Stating that the Government see no objection to the free grant of such quantity of wood as is actually required for the repair of the car of the Channakesavadevaru temple at Vutada Hosahalli in the Goribidnur Taluk whenever required; that the required quantity may, on application of the manager of the temple, be supplied from the Narasimhadevara Betta State Forest as recommended by the Inspector General of Forests; and that the quantity issued and the estimated value thereof should be reported for the information of Government.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary

Exd.—B. G. Rangama Chetti.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	6181—443.	2nd	The Comptroller.	Returning duly signed by the Officiating Dewan certain Government of India bonds and Mysore debentures.
2	6277-8—117.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 29—12—0 payable to the Public Prosecutor, Mysore.
3	6279-80—88.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, and the Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the Resident's Proceedings No. 2821-2—7197 of the 28th August 1890, sanctioning a superannuation pension of Rs. 37—8—0 per mensem—of which Rs. 20—1—0 are debitable to Mysore—to Sakkaram Narayan Kelkar, lately a Surveyor in the Mysore Revenue Survey, and requesting that the necessary arrangement may be made for the portion of the pension debitable to Mysore.
4	6285—686.	Do	The Legislative Secretary	Stating that a copy of the Fort St. George Gazette may be subscribed for and its cost charged to the contingencies of his office.
5	6286—452.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
6	6261-2—361.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 400 for constructing a latrine in Jumma Masjid, Lashkar Mohalla, Mysore.
7	6372-3—69.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the grant of an allowance of Rs. 50 to Serjeant Lewis, the Overseer in charge of the Palace grounds at Bangalore, for having superintended the drilling of the gunners attached to the Palace and the firing of salutes, &c., since August 1889.
8	6386-7—704.	Do	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 173—14—8 being the value of instruments and furniture purchased for the Excise Department.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
9	6685-6—221.	3rd	The President of Municipalities in the Tumkur District & the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 72 for opening a new road at Tumkur.
10	6695-6—198.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 20 for repairing a Cattle-pound in the town of Shikarpur.
11	6706-7—734.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 3'3 for repairing roads in the town of Tumkur.
12	6710-11—736.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 179, for repairing a Honda in the town of Sorab.
13	6712-13—199.	Do	Do do	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 115, for constructing and repairing roads in the town of Kumsi.
14	6714-15—737.	Do	Do do	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 200 for repairing roads in the Municipality of Siralkoppa.
15	6781-82—749.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 75 for repairing a portion of the Provincial road within the Municipality of Mandya and calling for explanation regarding certain other notifications of sanction.
16	6852-3—758.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 176 for constructing roads in the town of Siralkoppa.
17	6915-16—762.	Do	Do do	Accepting three notifications of sanction, aggregating Rs. 340, for works in the Municipality of Benkipur.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
18	6288-90—683.	4th	The Superintendent, Government Press, the Census Superintendent and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 575—15—0, for 100 reams of badami royal paper purchased for Census work.
19	6358-9—367.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 24—1—2, being the arrears of Paditara allowance due to certain temples in the Mysore District.
20	6427-8—90.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a superior compensation pension of Rs. 355 per mensem to Mr. Edward Henry Butcher, Assistant Settlement officer, Mysore Revenue Survey, with effect from the 1st February 1890.
21	6432-4—711.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, the Comptroller, and the Census Superintendent.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 800 on account of paper supplied by Messrs. Dymes and Co. of Madras for Census work.
22	6473-4—96.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the transfer of the Government chattram at Tallak in the Challakere Taluk to Bommana Gaudanakere in the Molkalmuru Taluk in the interests of the travelling public, the chattram being located at the Musafarkhana in the latter place, and requesting the Deputy Commissioner to report how he intends to dispose of the chattram building at Tallak.
23	6429—466.	5th	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a certificate from the Collector of the Civil and Military Station, exempting from income tax the Government Promissory notes held on account of the Mysore Gumbaz Fund and the Muzarayi institutions of the Shimoga and Kadur Districts.
24	6465—382.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Returning duly registered an estimate for Rs. 11 for repairing the curtains belonging to the Jumma Masjid at Mysore.
25	6613-14—727.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a reward of Rs. 3 to Nagappaiya, Shanbhog of the Navale village in the Channarayapatna Taluk, for rescuing a girl from drowning in the Channarayapatna Kasaba.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
26	6761-3—100.	5th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District, the Comptroller and the Senior Surgeon.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 48 for the purchase of 8 cots for the 8 Dispensaries in the Chitaldroog District.
27	6717-18—739.	7th	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of rewards amounting to Rs. 55 to the Police officers who detected the High ground theft case.
28	6702—483.	8th	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of pensions and gratuities to Nagappa and certain other Anche officials.
29	6703—484.	Do	Do do	Forwarding duly countersigned a bill for Rs. 750 being the amount of honorarium paid to Captain Tufnell for his work in connection with the collection and arrangement of coins in the Mysore Government Museum.
30	6704—732.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum.	Forwarding copy of the above
31	6536—306.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding Rs. 15 being the price of five copies of "Moore's Manual of Family Medicine."
32	6591—384	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District	Returning duly registered an estimate for Rs. 63—2—0 for repairing certain drains in the Chamarajesvara temple at Chamrajnagar.
33	6596—387.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 4—1—0 payable to one Banasabi of Seringapatam Taluk.
34	6666—480.	Do	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning pensions of Rs. 2—6—0 and Rs. 1—1—4 to Postmen Babu and Andani of Bangalore Town, with effect from the 1st April 1889.
35	6671—312.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 2220 dated 29th August 1890, from the Comptroller in Mysore, bringing to notice that Surgeon Major Dobson has drawn a sum of Rs. 165—5—2 in excess of the emoluments to which he was entitled for his employment under the Darbar in 1888, and requesting that this officer may be called upon to refund the amount, and that the Government of India may be moved to waive the claim put forward by the Accountant General of Madras for Rs. 28—6—0 on account of

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				interest owing to the delay in the payment of contribution till the 24th October 1889.
36	6635—479.	9th	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury.	Requesting him to advance Rs. 350 for payment to the Managing Proprietor of the Bangalore Spectator for executing printing work for Government.
37	6722-3—392.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Approving of certain changes made in the Establishment of the Mysore City Municipality with the remark that iTppaiya may draw the pay of a 1st Class Taluk Sheristadar (*viz.*, Rs. 50) till the date of the death of the Taluk Sheristadar of Seringapatam from which date he has, in Proceedings No. 6069-70—344, dated 28th August 1890, been appointed to be 1st Class Taluk Sheristadar.
38	6779—747.	Do	The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 2298, dated 4th September 1890, from the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore, intimating that Rs. 36,000 have been provided in the Budget for 1890—91, on account of stationery for all Departments.
39	6778—486.	Do	The Comptroller in Mysore.	Requesting that Messrs. Coutts and Co. of London may be instructed to pay on demand to Messrs. W. H. Allen and Co. of London, the sum of £ 8—8—0 being the price of two copies of Mr. Wollaston's English Persian Dictionary.
40	6779—140.	Do	Messrs. W. H. Allen and Co., London.	Forwarding copy of the above.
41	6805 6—276.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning pay at Rs. 40 per mensem to Nagappa and Nanjundaiya during the time they were employed as temporary Sheristadars of the Sidlaghatta and Mulbagal Taluks while the permanent Sheristadars were employed on Nimtan work.
42	6816-17—399.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 77—8—0 for the purchase of paper, &c., required for preparing the Khetwar accounts of the Seringapatam Taluk.
43	6830-1—194.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 5 being the cost incurred in a certain case on the file of the Hassan Munsiff's Court.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
44	6834-5—203	9th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 12—0—6 being the amount of Bhand charges collected in excess of the amount due from K Lingegauda on behalf of his nephew Barappa of Kundur in the Chikmagalur Taluk.
45	6833—201	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District	Acknowledging the receipt of the right half of a Mysore debenture bond for Rs. 500 deposited by Lakshman Rao appointed to act as Sheristadar of the Tirthahalli Taluk on account of his security
46	6965-6—303.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 250 for repairing the temple of Champakadhamaswami Bannerghatta in the Anekal Taluk.
47	6716-17—738.	10th	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 28,316—13—11 being the amount of duty and local cess on arrack issued to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore during July 1890.
48	6786-7—487.	Do	The Comptroller and the President of the Mysore Municipal Board	Stating that the Government consider that the accounts of each of the Head-quarter Municipalities should be thoroughly audited by an independent officer whether there is any suspicion of defalcation or not, that a competent Accountant should be deputed from the Comptroller's office for the audit of the accounts of the Mysore City Municipality as soon as possible; that the Accountant will be allowed a salary of Rs 100 the difference between which and his pay proper plus his travelling allowance and the salary of the substitute whom the Comptroller may appoint in his office will be debited to the Municipality, and that the Comptroller should place himself in communication with the President of the Municipality and arrange with him in regard to the time of the deputation of the Accountant.
49	7216—805.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the establishment of Municipalities at Ramasandra and Saligram in the Yedatore Taluk to be maintained by the moiety of Mohatarfa collections and miscellaneous revenue, such as fines, &c., and requesting the President to submit in the usual the Budget estimates for the two Municipalities and a list of members for each of them.
50	7003-4—771.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 25—5—4 per mensem to Raghavachar, Police Headquarter Inspector, Chitaldroog District, with effect from the 10th March 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
51	7000-1—769.	11th	The Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore, and the Comptroller.	Stating that the sum of Rs. 758—6—6 required to meet the cost of prizes awarded and other charges incurred on account of the Horticultural Show held at the Lal-Bagh on the 30th and 31st July last should be met from the Budget provision of Rs. 800 under the head "Horticultural Show;" that the budget grants should not generally be exceeded; and that the prizes should be so regulated as to keep the expenditure within the sanctioned limits; and sanctioning a supplemental grant of Rs. 360 to meet the cost of the winter show to be held in January next.
52	6735-6—485.	Do	The Comptroller and the Public Prosecutor, Bangalore.	Sanctioning an advance of Rs. 100 for purchasing stamps, &c., required for lodging an appeal against the judgment and decree of the Sub-Judge of Bangalore in O. S. No. 2066 of 1888 on the file of his Court— P. Subbanna of Chikballapur *v.* s. the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar and 20 others— and directing the Public Prosecutor to file the appeal before the expiry of the time allowed by law.
53	6818—323.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident, in Mysore.	Forwarding a draft for Rs. 3,500 granted by the Bank of Madras, Bangalore, on the Bank of Bombay, Indore, and requesting that early arrangements may be made for the supply of 5 chests of opium.
54	6844 5—73	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 100 being the value of a dinner service purchased from Mr. Plumer for use at the Upper Residency, Mysore.
55	7005-6—772.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a reward of Rs. 4 to T. Honnura for having rescued one Mallamma of Holalkere from drowning.
56	7259-60—808, 7261-2—809, and 7263-4—810.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction for Rs. 33, Rs. 13 and Rs. 679 for certain repairs in the town of Shimoga.
57	7268-9—813.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Accepting three notifications of sanction aggregating Rs. 169—14—6 for works in the Holalkere Municipality.
58	6921-2—765.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of Rs. 5 to 1st Class Constable Shek Budan of the Sagar Taluk for detecting a case of house-breaking and theft.

Serial No.	Proceedings			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date	To whom sent	
59	6998-9—768.	11th	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of a copy of Dr King's Monograph of the genus Ficus at a cost of £ 3—15—6.
60	6990-1—207	12th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioned a detailed Muzarayi contingent bill for Rs 2 for July 1890.
61	6927—147	Do	The Proprietor, Hindu Jana Bushani	Advising the despatch of a money order for Rs 13—5—0 on account of subscription to his journal
62	7209-10—801.	Do	The Director of Archæological Researches and the Comptroller.	Stating that the question of granting permanent travelling allowances to the establishment accompanying the Director of Archæological Researches is under the consideration of Government and that meanwhile, batta bills submitted by the Director should be passed under existing rules, that the Director should see that in future his camp establishment does not unnecessarily make expeditious journeys so as to swell the charges on account of mileage, and that journeys should only be undertaken when there is an absolute necessity for the same; and requesting the Director to report for how many months in a year his establishment is usually required to be in camp
63	6928—148.	13th	Messrs. Thacker Spink and Co., Calcutta.	Advising the despatch of a money order for Rs 2 in final adjustment of their account.
64	6987-8—205.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning to Mr. Chelviengar an acting allowance at 20 per cent on Rs 700, the pay of the Deputy Commissioner of the last Class, and forwarding his acting allowance bill to the Comptroller duly corrected to Rs. 126—7—3.
65	7092—790.	Do	The Inspector General of Police.	Sanctioning a reward of Rs. 3 to Police Constable Narasimha for rescuing a boy from drowning.
66	7093—504.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
67	7206—799.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Stating that as Mr Syed Uddin Husen is actually doing the duties of a Police Assistant Commissioner, he is allowed as a special case to draw batta at rates sanctioned for an Assistant Commissioner, and that the charge allowance is limited under the rules to 10 per cent of the pay of Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
68	7346—432.	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Rejecting the appeal from Venkatanarana-iengar (cook) and 2 other servants of the Narasimhasvami temple at Seringapatam and declining to interfere with the order passed by the Sub-Division Officer holding all the temple servants responsible for the loss of the jewels from the said temple and directing that new jewels be made to replace the missing ones from the amount recovered from the servants of the temple at a cost of Rs. 295.
69	7188-9—110.	15th	The Registrar of the Chief Court and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 20 per mensem to Krishnaswami Modaliar, late Sheristadar of the Sub-Judge's Court, Mysore, with effect from the 12th September 1889.
70	7205—508.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding copies of letter No. 2969—2449, dated 9th instant, from the Assistant to the Resident and the correspondence forming its enclosure, on the subject of the supply of postage stamps to Post offices by the Treasuries and requesting that the necessary orders may be issued, that the stamps may be issued daily as is done in the Resident's Treasury, and also that a copy of the instructions issued by him may be submitted to this office.
71	7319-20—821.	Do	The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, Bangalore, and the Comptroller.	Forwarding to the Comptroller duly countersigned three bills for Rs. 734—0—6, 725—12—0 and Rs. 2—12—0 on account of stationery obtained.
72	6939—487.	Do	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury.	Requesting an advance of Rs. 200 on account of camp expenses.
73	7010-11—775.	Do	The Census Superintendent and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 122—8—0, being the cost of furniture, &c., purchased for the use of the Census Office.
74	7043—108.	Do	C. G. Plumer, Esq., Bangalore.	Forwarding copy of a letter addressed to Messrs. Coutts and Co., in the matter of his furlough allowance and special pension.
75	7359—431.	16th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Directing that the compensation of Rs. 410 offered by the Southern Mahratta Railway Company in connection with the proposed diversion on the Mysore-Kukarhalli road on account of the Nanjangud Railway extension should be credited to Provincial Funds for the present, and calling for further information on the subject.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
76	7376—831.	16th	The Secretary, Board of Examiners.	Forwarding copy of letter No. 2392, dated 10th September 1890, from the Comptroller, showing the receipts and payments on account of the Local Service Examinations during the years 1885—86 to 1889—90 and the balance at the close of the last mentioned year.
77	7500-1—436.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment to Haji Harun Sait of Rs. 118—2—7 being the value of the contingent articles supplied to the Mysore Taluk from October 1883 to October 1885.
78	7509-10—218.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 69—15—9 being the cost incurred for making up belts for the use of the Jamadar, Dafadars and Peons of the Hassan District Office.
79	7516-7—80.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 1,068—14—0 being the price of travelling Mail Phæton and a pair of horses purchased from the Palace Stables for Government.
80	7164-7—423.	18th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Comptroller and the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 55—7—8 in connection with the execution of earthwork to tanks in the Mandya Taluk.
81	7305—516.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding duly countersigned a bill for Rs. 7—15—6 being the amount paid to the Sringeri Matt on account of sayer collections during July 1890.
82	7306—214.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
83	7364-5—212.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 2 being the amount advanced on account of process fees in the 3rd Class Amildar Magistrate's Court of Sagar in a certain case.
84	7596-9—527.	19th	The Comptroller, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Stating that Krishna Ars will draw Rs. 70 per mensem while acting as Deputy Amildar of Seringapatam.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
35	7354-5—299.	19th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 53—10—6 payable to Dhobi Venkatrama of Mustur in the Mulbagal Taluk.
36	7300-1—100.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a statement of Europe articles purchased amounting to Rs. 2—3—0 charged in the contingent bill of the Survey Superintendent's Office for July 1890.
37	7316-18—820.	Do	The Census Superintendent, the Comptroller and the Superintendent, Government Press.	Sanctioning the purchase of 300 reams of half bleached royal paper for census enumerator's schedules, &c.
38	7313-14—818.	20th	The Excise Commissioner and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 60—14—0, being the amount of two anna cess on retail arrack shops due to the Inamdars of Boyamaranahalli and two other villages in the Bangalore Taluk.
39	7396-7—317.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the undermentioned temporary arrangements for filling up the appointment of Revenue Sheristadar of the Bangalore District :— P. Nagabhushana Naidu, Revenue Head Accountant, to act as Revenue Sheristadar on full pay, Syed Abdul Gaffar, Revenue Head Munshi, to act as Revenue Head Accountant on full pay, and Tirthagiraiya, Revenue Deputy Accountant, to act as Revenue Head Munshi on full pay.
90	7398-99—318.	Do	Do do	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 51 to Ranga, late Gollar. District Treasury, Bangalore.
91	7404-5—253.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 59—8—0 in favor of Timma of the Gubbi Taluk.
92	7408-9—435.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 76—2—0 being the expenditure incurred in removing certain stone slabs from a temple at Yechahalli to the Residency Bangalow at Nanjangud.
93	7507-8—217.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 19 payable to Shamanna, Muzarayi Gumasta of the Hole-Narsipur Taluk, for having discharged the duties of Shanbhog of Bagivali Firka.
94	7530-1—842.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 73—8—0 to Katta Naik, 1st Class Police Constable, Holalkere Taluk.
95	7556-7—319.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 66 to Naga, Revenue Peon, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Bangalore.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
96	7560-1—303,	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 55 to M. Mu niga, late Revenue Peon, Kolar Taluk.
97	7566-7—257.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 22—8—0 t Fakrudin, Attavam Peon, Koratagere, Sub-Taluk,
98	7594—525.	Do	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of a pension o Rs. 10 per mensem to Annasamaiengar, Anch Mutsaddi, Receiving house, Srirampet, Mysore with effect from 1st April 1889.
99	7598-9—845.	Do	The Director of Archæological Researches in Mysore and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the entertainment of Singalacha at Melkote for copying manuscripts on a salary o Rs. 10 per mensem with effect from the 1st Jul last, with the remark that when the services of th copyist are dispensed with the date should b intimated to the Comptroller and fresh sanctio obtained for his re-entertainment if found neces sary.
100	7565-9—439.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 260 on account o difference of pay due to Mr. Assistant Commis sioner Muhammad Ali, from 13th April to end o June 1890, consequent on his promotion from th 2nd to the 1st Class Assistant Commissioner a per Notification Camp No. 1192, dated 26t March 1890.
101	7589-90—107.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 75 to Syed Adam Sahib, late Revenue Peon of Hiriyur Taluk
102	7767-8—875.	Do	The President of the Mysore City Municipality and the Comptroller.	Authorizing the Municipality to draw th balance of Rs. 3,800 out of the loan of Rs. 10,00 sanctioned in Government Proceedings No. 843- dated 21st August 1886, for the construction of fountain in front of the Devaraj Mohalla Marke in the city and requesting the President to provid annually, commencing from the year 1891—92, sum of Rs. 2,000 towards the repayment of th loan.
103	7361-2—212.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the preparation of two teak woo Pigeon hole cases for the use of the Revenu Sheristadar and Head Accountant of the Hassa District office at a cost of Rs. 50.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
104	7607—215.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Acknowledging the receipt of the left half of a Mysore debenture for Rs. 500.
105	7668-70—851.	Do	The Superintendent, Government Press, the Census Superintendent and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 87—8—0 on account of 20 reams of brown cartridge paper purchased for Census work.
106	7832-3—857.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Accepting six notifications of sanction aggregating Rs. 231 for works in the Municipality of French Rocks.
107	7830 1—886.	23rd	The President of the Bangalore City Municipality and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill presented by Messrs. Abraham and Co., for Rs. 150 being the cost of furniture and medicines purchased by deceased Mr. Arokeyam Pille for Municipal purposes, with the remark that the Municipality should take charge of the medicines and furniture and recover the advance of Rs. 150 from the heirs of Mr. Arokeyam Pille.
108	7922 3—122.	Do	The Officiating Chief Judge and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the revision of the establishment of the Chief Court in Mysore.
109	7528-99—841.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 315 to C. D. Chokkalinga Mudahar, late Police Sub-Inspector, Bangalore District.
110	7600-1—846.	Do	The Superintendent of Stamps in Mysore and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 3—8—0 per mensem to Giriya, late Pressman in the office of the Superintendent of Stamps, Mysore, with effect from the 1st February 1890
111	7635-6—441.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 2 per mensem to Muhammad Ghaus, Sayer Peon in the Town of Mysore, with effect from the 28th November 1889.
112	7571-2—439.	Do	Do do	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 6—3—10 per mensem to Shama Chetti, Shroff, Mysore Taluk, with effect from the 1st May 1890.
113	7581-2—215.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 32—8—0 to Sidda, Sayer Kolkar, Koppa Taluk.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
114	7583-4—216.	23rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 28—13—7 in favor of Timmappa and 6 others on account of excess kandayam and local cess recovered from them in the Koppa Taluk.
115	7665-7—850.	Do	The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, the Comptroller and the Census Superintendent.	Forwarding duly countersigned to the Comptroller a bill for Rs. 427—8—0 on account of 85½ reams of half bleached paper supplied by Messrs Dymes and Co. of Madras for Census work.
116	7402-3—252.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 37—8—0 being the amount of process fees advanced in certain Courts.
117	7703-4—73.	Do	The Senior Surgeon and the Comptroller.	Requesting the Comptroller to advance to the Senior Surgeon a sum of £ 50 in addition to Rs.1, 700 already sanctioned to enable him to adjust the accounts of Mr. H. K. Lewis, Book Seller, London, on account of books purchased from him for sale to Medical Subordinates in the Province.
118	7764-5—873.	Do	The President of the Mysore City Municipality and the Comptroller.	Stating that emergent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 500 may be incurred with the sanction of the President for precautionary measures for cholera, &c.
119	7892-3—900.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the alienation of the Government share of Mohatarfa including House tax for the next 8 years as well as the additional grant from Provincial Funds of a loan of Rs 10,000 to the Closepet Municipality on condition of its paying annually interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, and repaying the loan to Government at the rate of Rs. 1,333 a year plus the interest and calling for plans and estimates for works proposed to be executed out of the loan above referred to.
120	7644-5—103.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 135 to Muhammad Ghaus, Mutchi, Deputy Commissioner' Office.
121	7656-7—131.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 76 to Syed Hayath, Peon, Assistant Conservator's Office, Shimoga.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
122	7633-4—440.	24th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 6—6—4 being the arrears of pay due to Javaregauda, Vaccinator, Chamrajnagar Taluk.
123	7676-7—856.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 12—4—4 on account of tramage and batta due to Sardar Singh, Drill Instructor, Special Reserve Police Force, Bangalore District, who was sent to Madras and other places for recruiting men for the Special Reserve Police during the month of July 1890.
124	7587-8—106.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 4—10—1 per mensem to Balaguraiya, 1st Class Vaccinator of the Hiriyur Taluk, with effect from the 1st January 1890.
125	7646 7—115.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 15 being the amount of charge allowance due to Srinivasa Raghavachar, Deputy Record-keeper of the Central Record Room, Bangalore, for the period he was doing the duties of the Head Record-keeper.
126	7658—535.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding for safe custody in the Huzur Treasury a Mysore debenture for Rs. 500 being the security deposited by Lakshman Rao, appointed to act as Sheristadar of the Tirthahalli Taluk.
27	7705—538.	Do	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury.	Forwarding for safe custody in the Huzur Treasury the mortgage deed executed by Mr. Bhima Rao Badami and L. Bisto Pant for Rs. 17,250 lent to them on the mortgage of the Devapur and Kupsoge villages in the Nanjangud Taluk.
28	7706—444.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
29	7602-3—847.	Do	The Education Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning gratuities of Rs. 100 and Rs. 105 respectively to Ballappa, Assistant Master, Taluk Kannada School, Tumkur, and Naranappa, Hobli School Master, Hanagal, Arkalgud Taluk.
0	7639-40—221.	25th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning as a special case the payment of mileage to Dasaiengar, Revenue Deputy Munshi of the District office, who travelled expeditiously with the Deputy Commissioner and a bill therefor amounting to Rs. 11—6—5.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
114	7583-4—216.	23rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a refund bill for Rs. 28—13— in favor of Timmappa and 6 others on account o excess kandayam and local cess recovered fron them in the Koppa Taluk.
115	7665-7—850.	Do	The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, the Comptroller and the Census Superintendent.	Forwarding duly countersigned to the Comp troller a bill for Rs. 427—8—0 on account of 85 reams of half bleached paper supplied by Messrs Dymes and Co. of Madras for Census work.
116	7402-3—252.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 37—8—0 being the amount of process fees advanced in certain Courts.
117	7703-4—73.	Do	The Senior Surgeon and the Comptroller.	Requesting the Comptroller to advance to the Senior Surgeon a sum of £ 50 in addition to Rs.1, 700 already sanctioned to enable him to adjust the accounts of Mr. H. K. Lewis, Book Seller, London, on account of books purchased from him for sale to Medical Subordinates in the Province.
118	7764-5—873.	Do	The President of the Mysore City Municipality and the Comptroller.	Stating that emergent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 500 may be incurred with the sanction of the President for precautionary measures for cholera, &c.
119	7892-3—900.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the alienation of the Government share of Mohatarfa including House tax for the next 8 years as well as the additional grant from Provincial Funds of a loan of Rs. 10,000 to the Closepet Municipality on condition of its paying annually interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, and repaying the loan to Government at the rate of Rs. 1,333 a year plus the interest and calling for plans and estimates for works proposed to be executed out of the loan above referred to.
120	7644-5—108.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 135 to Muhammad Ghaus, Mutchi, Deputy Commissioner's Office.
121	7656-7—131.	Do	The Inspector General of Forests and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a gratuity of Rs. 76 to Syed Hayath, Peon, Assistant Conservator's Office, Shimoga.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
122	7633-4—440.	24th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 6—6—4 being the arrears of pay due to Javaregauda, Vaccinator, Chamrajnagar Taluk.
123	7676 7—856.	Do	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 12—4—4 on account of tramage and batta due to Sardar Singh, Drill Instructor, Special Reserve Police Force, Bangalore District, who was sent to Madras and other places for recruiting men for the Special Reserve Police during the month of July 1890.
124	7587-8—106.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a pension of Rs 4—10—1 per mensem to Balaguraiya, 1st Class Vaccinator of the Hiriyur Taluk, with effect from the 1st January 1890.
125	7646 7—115.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 15 being the amount of charge allowance due to Srinivasa Raghavachar, Deputy Record-keeper of the Central Record Room, Bangalore, for the period he was doing the duties of the Head Record-keeper.
126	7658—535.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding for safe custody in the Huzur Treasury a Mysore debenture for Rs. 500 being the security deposited by Lakshman Rao, appointed to act as Sheristadar of the Tirthahalli Taluk.
127	7705—538.	Do	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury.	Forwarding for safe custody in the Huzur Treasury the mortgage deed executed by Mr. Bhima Rao Badami and L. Bisto Pant for Rs. 17,250 lent to them on the mortgage of the Devapur and Kupsoge villages in the Nanjangud Taluk.
28	7706—444.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
29	7602-3—847.	Do	The Education Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning gratuities of Rs. 100 and Rs. 105 respectively to Ballappa, Assistant Master, Taluk Kannada School, Tumkur, and Naranappa, Hobli School Master, Hanagal, Arkalgud Taluk.
30	7639-40—221.	25th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning as a special case the payment of mileage to Dasaiengar, Revenue Deputy Munshi of the District office, who travelled expeditiously with the Deputy Commissioner and a bill therefor amounting to Rs 11—6—5.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
131	7659—536	25th	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of pensions t Nunjappa and five others of the Anche Depar ment, and gratuities to Ibrahim Sahib and s others of the same Department.
132	7758-9—83.	Do	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 65—1—8 bein the cost of swords, &c., supplied from the Ord nance Stores, Madras, for the use of the Police and Military Department.
133	7761—541.	Do	The Comptroller to the Government of Mysore.	Forwarding a bill for Rs. 98—15—0 bein the equivalent of £8—8—0 remitted t Messrs. Allen and Co. on account of two copie of Wollaston's English Persian Dictionary.
134	C. 345.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a cheque on the Bank of Madra for Rs. 5,960 received from Mr. H. F. Stricklan being the balance of the premium offered by hi on behalf of himself and 5 others f the mining lease of Blocks A, C and D, at Kem pinkote in the Channarayapatna Taluk, and als the Koppa Amildar's receipt for Rs. 665 paid b Mr. Strickland on the 7th August 1890; an requesting that a formal receipt for the whol sum of Rs. 6,625 may be sent to this office.
135	7773-4—842.	Do	The Comptroller and the Proprietor of the Kasim-ul Akbar.	Requesting the Comptroller to pas Rs. 59—6—0 to the Proprietor Kasim-ul-Akba on account of arrears of contract allowance.
136	7896-7—902.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 794 for co structing V shaped drain in the Municipality Bowringpet.
137	7953-4—921.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Accepting a notification of sanction f Rs. 100 for constructing drains in the Municipal ty of Magadi.
138	7955-6—923.	Do	The President of the Municipalities in the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Accepting certain notifications of sanctio aggregating Rs. 310—11—4 for works in th Municipality of Hunsur.
139	7819—222.	26th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Approving of his proposal to collect th beautifully carved stone figures scattered throug out the District at convenient centres at a cost Rs. 1,000 with the remark that the expenditu

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				should be met from by the District Funds, that the matter should be laid before District Fund Committee and their opinion reported ; and that the figures when collected may be utilized for ornamental purposes in buildings connected with the District Funds.
139	7821-3—221.	26th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Condoning breaks amounting to 3 months and 14 days in the service of Naranappa, Shekdar of Ajjampur, Tarikere Taluk.
140	7951-2—920.	Do	The President of the Bangalore City Municipality and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a revised estimate for Rs. 902 for the construction of a well at Cubbonpete, Bangalore City.
141	8024-32 — Cir. 164.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the investment of Rs. 84,415—14—6 at 5 per cent interest in the Madras Bank at Bangalore, being the sum available for investment in the Districts of Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur, Mysore, Hassan and Shimoga on the 31st March 1889 under the head " Receipts of Temples " under the management of Muzarayi Officers.
142	7735—868.	27th	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the appointment of Rai Bahadur A. Narasimmaiengar, Darbar Bakshi, as Superintendent of Government Girls' Schools in Mysore.
143	7736—540.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding copy of the above with the remark that Mr. Narasimmaiengar will draw a consolidated pay of Rs. 1,000 per mensem from 1st September 1890, of which Rs. 800 will be debited to the Palace and Rs. 200 to Provincial Funds.
144	7737—86.	Do	Mr. A. Narasimmaiengar.	Forwarding copy of the above for information and guidance.
145	7828-9—865.	28th	The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Museum and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the purchase of a copy each of " Dictionary of Indian Economic Products " Volumes I and II and Stanleys Darkest Africa in 2 Volumes at Rs. 13 each.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
146	7868-9—458.	29th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a supplemental pay bill for Rs. 62 due to Subbaiya, Shanbhog of Guttal Mandya Taluk.
147	7673-74—225.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 160—8—(for repairing the boundary marks between th village of Hosagatta in Coorg and the Arkalgu Taluk.
148	7840-2—893.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, the Census Superintendent and the Comptroller.	Forwarding to the Comptroller duly counter signed a bill for Rs. 1,721—12—0 received from the Titaghar Paper Mills Company, (Limited) on account of paper supplied for Census work.
149	7875-6—226.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 22—4—11 being the sale proceeds of certain stray cattle payable to Timmappaiya of Myadarahalli in the Hassan Taluk.
150	7882-3—223.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the entertainment of a sweeper on Rs. 4 per mensem to the Inspection Lodge at Ulvi in the Sorab Taluk. the charge being debited to the Provincial and District Funds in the proportion $\frac{2}{3}$rds and $\frac{1}{3}$rd respectively.
151	7938—168.	Do	The Chief Engineer in Mysore.	Stating that Mr. Murry Gungiah's application for the grant to him of concession No. 2 of Government of India Resolution No. 2087, dated 10th August 1878, for services rendered by him during the famine will be taken into consideration when he retires from the public service.
152	7941-3—107.	Do	The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the payment of the difference between the original and revised remuneration fixed for the Shanbhogs' charges of Hosdurga and certain villages in the Holalkere Taluk amounting to Rs. 10.
153	7854—547.	30th	The Comptroller in Mysore.	Forwarding for the issue of necessary instructions to the Treasury Officer at Bangalore copy of Proceedings of the Resident sanctioning the payment of a compassionate allowance of Rs. 10 per *mensem* to Abbasi Begam *alias* Bijubi with effect from the 7th June 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
154	8114-5—949.	30th	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the offer of a reward of Rs. 50 for arresting an absconded murderer named Hounegauda of Adgur in the Belur Taluk.
155	7888—106.	Do	The Superintendent of the Mysore Revenue Survey.	Intimating that the Madras Government have assented to the proposal to raise the pay of Balaji Malhar, a Measurer of the Mysore Revenue Survey, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 60 per mensem with effect from the 1st April 1889.
156	7889—548.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
157	7890—549.	Do	Do do	Sanctioning a pension of Rs. 20 per mensem to Tolasinga Mudaliyar, late Anche Inspector, Kolar District, with effect from the 1st April 1889.
158	8075-6—475.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning a bill for Rs. 212—2—0, being part of the expenditure incurred in connection with the visit of His Highness the Maharaja to the Khaddas in July 1889, the charge being debited to the contingencies of the Dewan's Office.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	6137—290.	1st.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a printed memorial addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy by Mr. T. J O'Connell now Deputy Jailor in the service of the Mysore State praying for the condonation of a break in his service in British India between 24th October 1875 and 22nd April 1876.
2	6155—291.	Do	Do do	Forwarding 3 copies of the Report of the Registrar of Companies in Mysore for the year 1889—90, with the Officiating Dewan's Review thereon.
3	6388—705.	4th.	The Director of Statistics and Agriculture.	Forwarding a note on the decline of the silk trade in Bengal by Babu Nitya Gopal Mukarji.
4	224.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that Badami Krishna Rao, Deputy Amildar of Channapatna, is appointed to act as 5th Class Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Dodballapur Taluk during the absence of Kuppusami Naidu or until further order, and that D. Narasinga Rao, Translator in the Chief Court, is appointed to act as Deputy Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of Channapatna during the absence of B. Krishna Rao, or until further orders.
5	6394—285.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
6	6395—92.	Do	The Registrar of the Chief Court.	Do do do
7	6396—461.	Do	The Comptroller.	Do do do

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
8	225.	4th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying as follows:— Ahmad Ali, Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate of the Arsikere Taluk, is temporarily transferred to the Mysore Taluk *vice* Mr. Changaiya Chetti on other duty. R. Madhava Rao, Deputy Amildar of Seringapatam, is appointed to act as 5th Class Amildar and 3rd class Magistrate of the Arsikere Taluk during the absence of Ahmad Ali or until further orders. Krishna Ars, Probationer, Mysore District, is appointed to act as Deputy Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of Seringapatam during the absence of Madhava Rao on other duty or until further orders.
9	5399—373.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
10	6400—183.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Do do do
11	6402—462.	Do	The Comptroller.	Do do do
12	234.	5th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that Mr. A. Ramachandra Iyer assumed charge of the office of Member of His Highness the Maharaja's Council on the forenoon of the 3rd July 1890.
13	6482—474.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding copy of the above.
14	6609—62.	Do	The Senior Surgeon.	Referring him, in reply to his enquiry as whether the Hospital Assistant at Mulbagal could be permitted to accept certain presents proposed to be given to him by the inhabitants of Mulbagal for services rendered by him during the recent prevalence of influenza, to the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 449, dated 21st March 1887, printed at page 205 of the Revenue Manual of 1886, and stating that the receipt of such presents by public servants is objectionable and cannot be permitted.
15	6485—716.	Do	The Excise Commissioner.	Issuing certain instructions regarding the distribution of the Lascars sanctioned for the Excise Department and stating that there is no necessity for raising the pay of the Farash of the Central Office from Rs. 3 to Rs. 5.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
16	6436—301.	6th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a copy of letter No. 3438, dated 23rd August 1890, from the Education Secretary, regarding L. McCracken, a student.
17	233.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying (1) the transfer of Mr. K. Muhammad Ali, Police Assistant Commissioner and 1st Class Magistrate, Mysore District, for General duty in that District. (2) The transfer of Mr. P. R. W. Wetherall, Police Assistant Commissioner, Kadur District, to the Mysore District for Police duty (3) And the appointment of Mr. George Dunning to act as Police Assistant Commissioner of the Kadur District on probation.
18	6455—714.	Do	The Inspector General of Police.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
19	6456—379.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Do do
20	6457—198.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Do do
21	6458—471.	Do	The Comptroller.	Do do
22	6578—309.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding eight copies of the Report on the Administration of the Municipalities in the Mysore State for the year 1888—89 with the Dewan's Review thereon.
23	6672—313.	8th.	Do do	Forwarding a statement received from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District giving the additional particulars required in respect of the newspaper called "Vrittanta Patrika."
24	6675—316.	Do	Do do	Forwarding eight copies of the Report on Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Mysore State for the year 1888 with the Dewan's Review thereon.
25	6676—63.	Do	The Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government.	Forwarding 20 copies of do do

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent	Subject and Order.
26	6724-31—140.	9th.	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Census Superintendent.	Directing that Assistant Commissioners in charge of Census Work in the Districts should keep a weekly diary ending every Saturday detailing their operations in connection with the Census for the period embraced and submit a copy thereof every Saturday evening punctually to the Census Superintendent for his remarks and instructions.
27	6742—317	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding a statement of incidents in the services of Public Works Officers lent to Mysore during the month of August 1890.
28	6751—394.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District	Stating that the destruction of the late Town Munsiff's Court records said to have been assorted by the Mysore Taluk officials should take place under the orders of the Judicial Department in accordance with the rules in force in that Department and requesting the Deputy Commissioner to report how many daftars still remain to be assorted
29	246.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of one month's privilege leave to Mr P Panchanatha Rao in extension of the one month's privilege leave sanctioned in Notification No. 146, dated 18th July 1890.
30	6809—228.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District	Forwarding copy of the above.
31	252.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of leave without allowances for 3 months to Mr. D. Devaraj Ars, General Assistant Commissioner, Hassan District, in extension of that sanctioned to him by Notification No 126, dated 10th July 1890.
32	5827—192.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
33	6815—398.	10th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Approving of the transfer of Sheristadar Surappa from the Heggaddevankote Taluk to the Chamrajnagar Taluk and of Sheristadar Nanjappa from the latter Taluk to the former, with the remark that the A. Amildar of the Chamrajnagar Taluk should be warned to exert himself in the matter of the collection of the Government revenue and that the Deputy Commissioner should report upon his efficiency after the expiration of 6 months from this date.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
34	6741—742.	10th.	Mr. K. Doreswami Iyer, Private Secretary to the Dewan.	Deputing him for duty under the Census Superintendent until further orders.
35	6734—740.	Do	The Census Superintendent.	Forwarding copy of the above.
36	6910—494.	Do	The Comptroller.	Do do
37	6863-70—142.	11th.	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.	Intimating that Circular Order No. 3338-58—55 of the 16th July 1890 was not intended to cover the cases of Amildars.
38	7040—785.	Do	The President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission.	Stating that letters on all important matters should be signed by the President himself in future, and sanctioning the appointment of Mr. Sambasiva Iyer as Municipal Commissioner in place of the deceased Changalraya Mudaliar and also the re-appointment of certain others as Municipal Commissioners.
39	257.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the appointment of Mr. Sambasiva Iyer as Municipal Commissioner for the 3rd Division of the Bangalore City in the room of Mr. Changalraya Mudaliar deceased.
40	7038—783.	Do	The President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission.	Forwarding copy of the above.
41	258.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the re-appointment of certain gentlemen as Municipal Commissioners of the Bangalore City.
42	7039—784.	Do	The President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission.	Forwarding copy of the above.
43	6946—330.	12th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Forwarding 20 copies of "Inscriptions at Shravana Bélgola" for transmission to the Government of India.
44	6930—495.	13th.	The Comptroller.	Transferring Chokkanna, Revenue Probationer, Mysore District, to the Hassan District.
45	6931—410.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
46	6932—198.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Do do do

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
47	255.	13th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette	Notifying the transfer of Mr. H Nanjundaraj Ars, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Tumkur District, to the Mysore District.
48	6929—409.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Forwarding copy of the above.
49	7035—332	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore	Forwarding eight copies of the report on the Administration of Jails and Lock-ups in the State for the year 1888
50	239.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette	Notifying the grant of casual leave for one week to Krishnappa, Amildar of the Arkalgud Taluk
51	7041—201.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
52	7144—334.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Requesting him to communicate the loss on two occasions of small bundles of vernacular correspondence between the Deputy Commissioner's office at Hassan and subordinate offices to the Post Master General of Madras with a view to his adopting measures to prevent the loss of official correspondence frequently complained of
53	261.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of privilege leave for one month to Kanthuravachar, Amildar of the Gubbi Taluk, and the appointment of Kalappa, Sheristadar, to act as Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Gubbi Taluk.
54	7154—243.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
55	7236—294	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Stating, with reference to his report of a death from cholera at Appehalli in the Bowringpet Taluk on the 6th instant, that cholera reports should invariably contain a note of the arrangements made to prevent the spread of the disease
56	7237-43—Cir. 152.	Do	The Deputy Commissioners of the other Districts.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
57	256.	15th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying that Mr. P. S. Krishna Rao, B. A., B. L., (Registrar of the Resident's Court) is appointed as an Assistant Commissioner of the 4th Grade and posted to the Tumkur District as a temporary measure and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
58	7037—239.	15th.	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
59	7034—331.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Do do
60	7098—151.	Do	Messrs. Dymes & Co., Madras.	Stating that the quantity of printing paper required for the current year has been already purchased and that in future Government intend inviting tenders for the supply of country stationery, &c., required.
61	7099—794.	Do	The Superintendent of Stationery.	Communicating the above with the intimation that a draft Notification similar to that issued in March 1880, should be submitted for approval and publication.
62	7257—510.	Do	The Comptroller.	Approving of the grant of 8 days' casual leave from the 23rd August 1890 to Mr. A. Virasami Mudaliar, Khazana Bakshi.
63	7511-14—Cir. 155.	17th.	The Chief Engineer in Mysore, the Inspector General of Forests and the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Chitaldroog Districts.	Communicating letter No. 3083—7616, dated 16th September 1890 from the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, acknowledging receipt of Rs. 15 remitted on account of copies of Moore's Family Medicine for India and stating that no more copies of the work are available.
64	7608—344.	19th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that there have no casualties among the European Uncovenanted Officers serving in Mysore during the month of June 1890.
65	7304—514.	Do	The Comptroller.	Forwarding two copies of the Report on the working of the Income Tax Act in Coorg for 1889—90.
66	7353—339.	20th.	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that the Gangasamudra Tank near the Harihar end of the Mysore Extension Railway has been made quite secure by enlarging the kodi and strengthening and raising the bund.
67	263.	23rd	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the cancellation of the privilege leave for 42 days granted to Mr. A. S. Fernandes, Civil Surgeon, Shimoga, in Notification No. 250, dated 9th September 1890, the two days availed of by him, *viz.*, the 2nd and 3rd September 1890 being treated as casual leave, and the posting of Mr. Fernandes to Bangalore to do duty as Chief Assistant to the Senior Surgeon during the absence on sick list of Assistant Surgeon P. S. Atchyuta Rao with effect from the 4th instant.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
68	7674-5—855	23rd	The Inspector General of Police and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the proposal of the Inspector General to appoint Mr. Ballard, the Bangalore Town Inspector, temporarily as Special Inspector of the Kolar Gold Mines in the room of Mr. Dunning.
69	7721—867.	Do	The Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department	Stating that the Order of 10th April 1886 has been virtually superseded by Mr. Gopalaiengar's appointment as Assistant Commissioner of the 4th Class on 21st December 1888; and that his promotion now will be regulated along with that of the other Assistant Commissioners, and enquiring whether Mr. Gopalaiengar can now be spared for employment in the General Department, as Major Macintire has now gained sufficient knowledge and experience of the Department to enable him to get on with any other Assistant.
70	7641—216.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Approving of the grant of 15 days' casual leave to Revenue Probationer N. Subba Rao.
71	267.	24th.	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the appointment of Papaiya as Second Class Hospital Assistant in the Mysore Service on probation for 6 months with effect from the 19th June 1890.
72	7651—70.	Do	The Senior Surgeon.	Forwarding a copy of the above.
73	7722—353.	Do	The Assistant to the Resident.	Stating that there has been no casualties among the European Uncovenanted Officers serving in Mysore during the month of July 1890.
74	7294—361.	29th	Do do	Forwarding 8 copies of the Volume of the Mysore Government Proceedings for the month of June 1890.
75	7791—360.	Do	Do do	Forwarding a statement of traffic both of goods and passengers on the Gudalur road in the Gundlupet Taluk for the month of July 1890.
76	271.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Notifying the grant of casual leave for 4 days from the 1st October 1890 to Colonel J. P. Grant, Superintendent Revenue Survey and Inam Settlements in Mysore.
77	7792—105.	Do	Colonel J. P. Grant, Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Inam Settlements in Mysore.	Forwarding a copy of the above.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
78	6196—256.	29th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Stating that Suranaranappa, late Sheristadar of the Goribidnur Taluk, who was suspended by the Deputy Commissioner pending the result of his prosecution for criminal breach of trust in connection with the Sahaya Companies in the Kolar District and convicted by the General Assistant Commissioner but whose conviction was quashed on appeal by the Chief Court ought to be transferred to a distant District such as Shimoga or Kadur and that the Deputy Commissioners of those Districts will be requested to provide Suranaranappa when a vacancy occurs.
79	6197—185.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District	Forwarding a copy of the above.
80	6197½—191.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Do do do
81	6197¾—678½.	Do	Petitioner Suranaranappa.	Do do do

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	84.	3rd	The Comptroller.	Sanctioning the budget provision of Rs. 5,000 for grants-in-aid of school buildings being utilized for the construction and repairs of Taluk School buildings.
2	80—38.	4th	The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, the Comptroller, the Deputy Inspector, East Circle, and the Head Master, English School, Bowringpet.	Sanctioning a Pupil Teacher for the Bowringpet English school on Rs. 5 a month as a temporary measure till the 31st March 1891, the fee income admitting of the extra charge.
3	85—86.	10th	The Comptroller and the Principal, Medical College, Madras.	(1). M. C. Nanjunda Rao who failed to pass the final examination for the M. B., C. M. Degree only in one secondary subject allowed as a special case to hold his scholarship of Rs. 25 for one year longer. (2). Darsha Framjee who failed to pass the First L M. S. Examination allowed to hold the scholarship of Rs. 25 for a year longer as he was seriously ill for three months preceding the examination. (3). B. Venkataramanaiya and K. Suraiya who have been recommended by the Principal, Medical College, Madras, allowed to hold scholarships of Rs. 12½ each for one year more from the date of their failure. Should they pass next year, their original scholarships of Rs. 25 each to be restored to them. (4). T. V. Kuppuswami Mudaliar who has passed the First Examination for the L. M. S. Degree granted a scholarship of Rs. 25 a month for 2 years from 1st October 1890 to enable him to pass the L. M. S. Degree Examination.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
4	86—87.	10th	The Comptroller and the Dy. Inspector, East Circle.	Sanctioning a grant-in-aid of the Private Sanskrit School under Pandit Srinivasachar at Channapatna of Rs. 10 a month from 1st September 1890.
5	92—97.	11th	The Comptroller, the Deputy Inspector, South Circle, Mr. B. Garudachar, Pensioned Amildar, Melkote, the Sub-Division Officer, French Rocks, the Under-Secretary and the English School Head Master, Melkote.	Sanctioning the Private English school at Melkote being added to the list of Municipal English schools. The cost of the school to be Rs. 20 a month, the Municipality contributing Rs. 5 or one-fourth the charge. The Municipality being unable to contribute more than Rs. 5, the people to make up the difference between one-fourth of the cost of the school and Rs. 5 when the expenditure is raised.
6	88—91.	12th	The Comptroller, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, the Head Master, Chikballapur High School, and the Under-Secretary.	The pay of S Venkataraya, 4th Assistant Master, Municipal High School, Chikballapur, raised from Rs 8 to Rs. 12 from the 1st September, the fee income being large enough to cover the increased expenditure.
7	101.	25th	The Comptroller.	Raising the monthly contingent allowance given to each of the High Schools at Kolar, Hassan, Tumkur, Chitaldroog and Chikmagalur, to Rs. 5 from the 1st October 1890.
8	102—4.	25th	The Comptroller, the Principal, Central College, and Khazi Nazar Husen Sharif.	Omar Sharif, holding a Muhammadan scholarship of Rs. 5 in the Senior B. A. Class, Central College, under Proceedings No. 1738—85 of 13th August 1887, permitted to retain the scholarship to 30th September 1890, when he joins the Madras Medical College.
9	105—6.	29th	The Comptroller and the Curator, Govt. Central Book Depôt.	(1). The Curator, Central Book Depôt, allowed batta and other travelling allowances to which a Deputy Inspector of Schools is entitled when he visits Branch Depôts or leaves headquarters to examine furniture made to order in the Districts. (2). A Member of the Curator's establishment deputed to go on similar duties to be paid the actual travelling expenses incurred from the Depôt contingencies.

BANGALORE,
30th September 1890.

H. J. BHABHA, M. A.,
Education Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.

PART II.

MILITARY.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
1	6312—299.	3rd	The Assistant to the Resident.	Intimating that a copy of each of the two returns showing the strength of the Mysore Horse and Infantry for the month of August 1890 has been posted to the Quarter-Master General and Adjutant General of the Madras Army, respectively, and forwarding a duplicate copy of each return.
	399—900 —74.	11th	The Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Sanctioning the promotion of Risaldar Mastan-khan of the 2nd Regiment, Mysore Horse, to the 1st Grade, with effect from the 5th June 1890.
3	7015—778.	Do	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette.	Forwarding for publication a Notification regarding the promotion above referred to.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—A Surappah.

PART II.

PUBLIC WORKS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1890.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
				Buildings.
1	4618—681.	29th	The Sanitary Engineer, Special Improvements Division.	Returning the estimate for constructing house for the Military Secretary at Mysore, duly sanctioned by Government for Rs. 22,000.
				Communications.
1	4214—624.	8th	The Executive Engineer, Shimoga Division.	Returning the general abstract for improving and bridging the Shimoga-Mangalore Road, *vid* Agumbi Ghat, duly sanctioned by Government for Rs. 23,492, in supersession of the 4 estimates sanctioned between 1886 and 1890.
2	4226—625.	Do	The Executive Engineer, Kolar Division.	Returning the estimate for metalling and improving the Cuddapah Road Railway feeder, duly sanctioned by Government for Rs. 12,121.
				Establishment.
1	4338—632.	16th	The Assistant Engineer, Belur Range.	Sanctioning the grant of the Range allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, to the Assistant Engineer, with effect from date of the formation of the Independent Belur Range, *viz.* 1st May 1890.
2	4339—633.	Do	The Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Communicating the above.
				Miscellaneous.
1	[illegible]—619.	6th	The Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	Returning the original Mutchalika given by the raiyats to pay Rs. 25 per acre for lands converted from dry to wet by the restoration of the Guttahalli Tank, Registered No. 164 of Koratagere Sub-Taluk; and informing that the Government, considering that document to be of no use, it being loosely worded, has directed that the work be stopped, until the raiyats execute a Mutchalika in proper form, binding themselves to convert the dry

Serial No.	Proceedings			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
				land into wet when the capacity of the tank has been increased, and to pay Rs. 25 per acre for such land.
2	4185—620.	6th	The Executive Engineer, Tumkur Division.	Communicating the above with instructions to stop work to the tank, until further orders.
3	4189—622	Do	The Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	Informing that the Government direct that the project for the proposed bridge over the Jayamangali River reported to be required for making the Maddagiri-Dodballapur Road perfectly trafficable, should lie over for the present, as there are many other contemplated bridges that should take precedence.
4	4190—623.	Do	The Executive Engineer, Tumkur Division.	Communicating the above.
5	4335—630.	16th	The Government Advocate, Bangalore.	Forwarding a summons served on the Executive Engineer, Channel Division at Mysore, together with papers connected with the case, and requesting him to instruct the Public Prosecutor to appear for the Government and to oppose the appeal suit before the Chief Court of Mysore, reporting result for the information of Government.
6	4336—631.	Do	The Executive Engineer, Ashtagram Channel Division.	Communicating the above.
7	4577—674.	26th	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.	Requesting to communicate to the Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, that in the opinion of the Darbar, it will be better to leave the disposal of the spoil from the portion of the Nanjangud Railway extension which passes through the Gordon Park in Mysore, to the Municipality, after the banks and cuttings have been completed.
8	4578-79—675-76.	Do	The President, Mysore Municipality, and Sanitary Engineer, Mysore.	Communicating the above.
				Railways.
1	248. R.	1st	The Assistant to the Resident.	Requesting to be supplied with one copy at least of the "Half-yearly Establishment Rolls and working Estimates", from the Southern Mahratta Company's authorities, immediately it issues.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
2	249. R.	1st	The Assistant to the Resident.	Informing that the Darbar have no objection to the alteration proposed to be made in the eleventh line of the Mysore Railway contract.
3	250. R.	Do	Do	Informing that the Darbar, whilst recognizing the difficulty of keeping separate stores for different sections, would be glad, before acceding to the proposal to amalgamation of stores accounts, to receive information, as regards the value, quantity and relative conditions of the stores at present in stock on the two Lines.
4	257. R.	2nd	Subba Rao, a formerly pensionable employé of Mysore State Railway.	Informing that his appeal cannot be entertained as he failed to pay up contribution, the equivalent of which he received from the Company.
5	284. R.	15th	The Assistant to the Resident.	Informing that the revised list of level crossings on the Nanjangud extension may be considered as accepted by the Darbar.
6	295. R.	19th	The Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Intimating sanction to Mr Groves' travelling *vid* Calcutta from Rangoon to Bangalore, thus entailing 10 days' extra "joining time" in the interests of the Bangalore-Hindupur Railway.

BANGALORE,
30*th September* 1890.

C. BOWEN, *Col., R. E.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Public Works Department.

Exd.—A. N. Surappa.

PART II.

DECISIONS OF GOVERNMENT IN REVENUE CASES.

SEPTEMBER 1890.

	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date.	To whom sent.	
	6407—286.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Appeal No. 2345 of 4th February 1890. *Appellant* .. Singaiya, Archak of Anjaneyaswami Temple, Kengeri, Bangalore Taluk. This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner, dated 4th September 1889, requiring the Petitioner to present the Prasadam (flowers, &c.,) to Brahmins in a plate instead of giving it by the hand. Petitioner complains that it is not usual to present the Prasadam in a plate and that the Deputy Commissioner's order was contrary to *Mamul*. Petitioner is of the Satani caste and it is on that ground that Brahmins object to receive Prasadam from his hand. *Decision*.—The Government declined to interfere with the order passed by the Deputy Commissioner.
2	6414—264.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Appeal No. 1096 of 22nd August 1889. *Petitioner and Appellant* .. Pachchagiri Lakshmaiya of Mulbagal. This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, by which some of the lands belonging to Appellant which had been resumed by Government were re-sold for arrears amounting to Rs. 252—14—3. The sale was fixed for the 9th January 1886, and proclamation issued accordingly, but the lands were actually sold on the 20th idem, when only one field (No. 296, 4 Kolagas and 8½ Padis assessment Rs. 2—14—0) was knocked down for Rs. 16 and the other fields, the area of which was 8 Khandis, 17 Kolagas and 6½ Padis assessed at

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				Rs. 102—4—0, was resumed by Government, a there were no bidders. The arrear which remain ed unpaid was remitted. In January 1887 the land resumed was re sold and purchased by a cultivator named Guru murti Iyer for Rs. 400. Petitioner complains against this sale an states that it was illegal since it was held withi 30 days from the date of the Notification, and re quests that either the sale may be cancelled or th amount realized in excess of the arrears due b refunded to him. The Deputy Commissioner states that al though the sale was held within 30 days of th last Notification, the land had been previously advertised for sale on several occasions and th sale repeatedly adjourned, and that the Petitione himself was present at the auction held in 188 but omitted to pay the arrear. *Decision.*—The sale held in 1886 was n doubt illegal, as it took place within 30 days of th sale Notification. But as the lands were resumed so long ago as 1886 and the Petitioner did not question either the resumption or subsequent sale till 1889, the Government declined to interfere but directed that the balance of sale proceeds after deducting the amount of assessment due on the lands up to the date of sale, *i. e.*, 10th January 1887, and the costs incidental to the same, be re-funded to Petitioner.
3	6416—377.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	The Deputy Commissioner of Mysore District in his docket No. 481, dated 19th July 1890, referred for the decision of Government the question whether one Subbanna, who was dismissed in the year 1880 by the order of the then Deputy Commissioner Colonel Pearse, from the office of Shanbhog of Muddanahalli and two other villages in the Kalale Hobli of the Nanjangud Taluk, could now be re-instated. *Decision*—The Government are not disposed to re-appoint Subbanna, who was allowed to resign the office on payment of the Government money embezzled by him, but the office may revert to his family on his death. 2. During the life-time of Subbanna, Venkatasubbaiya, the grandson of Subbanna's adoptive father by his daughter, may be appointed, if

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date.	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				he is qualified to hold the office; on the distinct understanding that he will not acquire any permanent or hereditary right to the office.
4	6420—191.	3rd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Appeal No. 2157 of 26th December 1889. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Huliyavva of Shikarpur, Shimoga District. Siddappa. The Appellant prays that she may be recognized as one of the Hakdars of the office of Patel of Goddanakoppa, and that her husband's brother be allowed to act in her stead. The Register of 1868 shows that Respondent's father Budappa was the registered Patel and that Appellant's husband's father was a Hissedar. In 1868 both the Respondent and the Appellant's husband were appointed as Patels. In 1874 Appellant's husband died and his brother Hutchaiya was appointed. In 1880, as only one Patel was required, Respondent was appointed as the sole Patel on the ground that he was the son of the Sannaddar, and he was accordingly recognized as Patel in the Potigi Settlement of 1886. 2. Appellant represented that Respondent was a bad character, had undergone imprisonment on several occasions, and was once suspended for 3 years, and that therefore the Patelship should be conferred upon her husband's brother Hutchappa. The record showed that Respondent was fined Rs. 200 in 1877 and that he was also suspended for 3 years in 1883. The Government did not consider it proper to turn out the Respondent from office simply because he was once suspended and fined, but Petitioner's claim to the office would be considered when a vacancy occurs.
5	6894—197	8th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Appeal No. 1627 of 26th October 1889. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Subbaraya of Nidudi, Hassan Taluk. Venkatanarnappa. In 1882 on a complaint that Appellant concealed certain village accounts and falsely pleaded

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				that they were stolen, he was removed from t office of Shanbhog of Dodda Kundagola Firk and his minor son Nagappa was appointed Shanbhog, and a stranger named Venkatanaray nappa was appointed as Gumasta. In 1886 the minor Nagappa was remov and the Gumasta confirmed by the Deputy Con missioner, but this order was set aside on appe and Nagappa was ordered to continue as the R gistered Shanbhog, Venkatanarayanappa doi duties till he (the minor) attained his majorit *vide* Government Proceedings, dated 2nd Mar 1888, No 2191. Appellant now requests that Venkatanaray. nappa may be removed and another appointed i his stead, and that if this cannot be done, Ve katanarayanappa may be directed to pay som thing for the maintenance of the minor. *Decision.*—As Appellant was removed fro office on suspicion of having concealed public a counts, he cannot be allowed to nominate his ow Gumasta. But considering the time that ha elapsed since Appellant's removal, the Responde will be directed to pay the minor son of the A pellant Rs. 12 per annum for his education. Th Deputy Commissioner will cause this payment t be made regularly from the Potigi allowance du to the Respondent.
5	6974—236.	8th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Appeal No. 2568 of 28th February 1890. *Appellant* .. Manangi Krishnappa Gulur, Tumkur Talu This is an appeal against the order of th Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District dated 24th January, No. 437, confirming the sal of land No. 18 which, on Appellant's applicatio for cultivation, had once been put into his posses sion. Petitioner applied in April 1889 for tw fields Nos. 16 and 18 in the village of Marlu Amanikere. This application was referred to th Shekdar, and, on his report that arrears were due on No. 16 alone by its former occupant, th Amildar ordered, on 15th May 1889, that land No. 16 should be sold and land No. 18 made over to the applicant. The next day the Amildar received an appli cation from one Ranga for No. 18, and he sent it

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Proceedings. Date	Proceedings. To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				to the Shekdar on 20th May, with a request not to make over the land to Petitioner, if what was applied for by him (Ranga) was the same land which was ordered to be made over to Petitioner on his application. The Shekdar having reported in the affirmative and that there were no bidders for No. 16, the Amildar ordered that land No. 16 be made over to Petitioner, and No. 18 put up to auction. No. 18 was accordingly sold in June 1889, and Ranga purchased it for Rs. 19. The sale was duly confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner. Petitioner, who was present when No. 18 was sold, did not bid for it. Petitioner now complains that the sale of No. 18 was irregular, because it was once ordered to be made over to him, but the Government observe that although No. 18 was ordered to be made over to Petitioner on 5th May 1889, the order was countermanded shortly afterwards, *i. e.*, on 20th May 1889 before the land was actually made over to Petitioner. He had therefore no just ground for complaint. If Petitioner wanted No. 18, he should have bid for it when it was sold in June 1889, but he did not do so, although he was present at the auction. The Petitioner's complaint being groundless, the appeal was rejected.
6	6752—395.	9th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	The Deputy Commissioner of Mysore District in his letter dated 30th January 1890, No. 890, referred for the orders of Government a claim preferred by the family of the late Bakshi Narasapppa to the produce of certain tamarind trees standing on the bund of the Mariyappana Tank in the Bogadi Village of the Mysore Taluk. In consideration of the fact that the tank, on whose bund the tamarind trees under notice stand, is maintained by the family of Bakshi Narasappa who it is said had planted them, and of the fact, that the produce of the trees has, all along, *i. e.*, for the past 25 years and upwards, been enjoyed by the same family, the Government are pleased to decide that the produce of the trees may continue to be enjoyed by Narasappa's widow Lakshmidevamma and her heirs, so long as the tank is maintained in good order at their own expense.

Serial No.	Proceedings.			Subject and Order.
	No.	Date	To whom sent.	
7	7167—424	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Appeal No. 2874 of 10th March 1890. *Appellant* .. Tippere Gauda of Bhavikoppa Nagamangala Taluk, Mysor District. Appellant complained that he was unjustl deprived of his Inam. He held an Inam the are of which according to old accounts, was 12 kolaga dry or 7 80 acres. In 1862 on a complaint tha appellant encroached upon Government waste, th land was measured and the excess discovered wa fully assessed and otherwise disposed of. *Decision.*—The Government declined to ir terfere, the matter having been disposed of so lon ago as 1862
8	7172—208.	13th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Appeal No. 3202 of 12th December 1883. Petition No. 1827 of 5th August 1885. Do No. 2186 of 26th December 1889. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondents.* Bandakka of Dodda Jogihalli, Shikarpur Taluk, Shimoga District. 1. Lingakka. 2. Tirdhanna. 3. Gurubasaiya. This is an appeal against the order of th Deputy Commissioner, dated 19th March 1879. The facts of the case are as follow :— One Virabhadraiya, who had certain Patt and Umbli lands in the village of Dodda Jogihall died in 1877 without leaving a widow or any issu There were several claimants to the land Appellant claimed as the widow of the deceased father's brother's son. She had no son but on a daughter. The 1st Respondent claimed as the sister the deceased, the 2nd Respondent being her so The 3rd Respondent claimed the Umbli lands they had been granted for Pateli service and was a Co-Patel. He is unconnected with th family of the deceased. The Deputy Commissioner decided in fav of the 2nd Respondent, but directed that his ord

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date.	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				need not interfere with actual possession with whomsoever it might be. Appellant appeals against this order and claims registry in her name and states that as widow of the *gnati* of the deceased, she is a better heir. *Decision.*—Held that Petitioner was not in line of heirs, and that the Deputy Commissioner's decision was correct. Appeal dismissed.
9	7164—422.	14th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Appeal No. 1909 of 20th November 1889. *Appellant* .. Mallegauda of Satenhalli, Nagamangala Taluk, Mysore District. This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, refusing to appoint appellant as joint Patel of Satenhalli as recommended by the French Rocks Sub-Division officer. There were 3 Patels for the village of Satenhalli, named (1) Boregauda, (2) Rachegauda and (3) Gaddegauda. They belonged to different families. In consequence of the rule that there should be only one Patel for a village, Timmasettigauda, the son of the last named, was appointed Patel in 1878, the 1st and 2nd having stated that they were unable to perform the duties of the office singlehanded, Petitioner, who is the son of Rachegauda, now states that he is able to do the duties of the office, and requests that he may be appointed Patel. Decided that the existing office holder Timmasettigauda could not be turned out. Petitioner's claims to the office will, however, be considered when a vacancy occurs.
10	7173—209.	Do	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	This was a case referred for the orders of Government by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, in his letter dated 24th October 1889, No. 464—428. The facts are these:—On 20th July 1880, a house site was sold to one Sheshabhatta for Rs. 6,

Serial No.	Proceedings. No.	Date	To whom sent.	Subject and Order.
				but it having been subsequently discovered that this very site had been given to a toddy shop keeper for building purposes for 2 years, Sheshabhatta was ordered to wait till the expiry of that period. In August 1886 Sheshabhatta paid the purchase money to the Shekdar, after settling a private dispute regarding the land between himself and one Manja. Allusion is made to this payment of the purchase money and the settlement of the dispute in a deposition given by Sheshabhatta before the Amildar Nanjunda Naidu on 29th August 1886; but the Amildar erroneously reported on 4th September 1886, that Sheshabhatta had not paid the purchase money and recommended the resale of the land. On that report Mr. Assistant Commissioner Syed Nasiruddin ordered resale, and the site was accordingly resold in November 1886 and purchased by one Manja for Rs. 25, which amount was paid in September 1887. The question now referred by the Deputy Commissioner is whether the 2nd sale should not be cancelled. *Decision.*—The Government considered the 2nd sale was irregular and directed its cancelment, as no building has as yet been raised thereon. The Deputy Commissioner was requested to call upon the Amildar Nanjunda Naidu to explain why in his report of the 4th September 1886, he stated that Sheshabhatta had not paid the purchase money, while as a matter of fact the payment was made prior to that date.
11	7813—266.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	**Appeal No 311 of 13th May 1890.** *Appellant* .. Nanjundaiya of Mallenahalli Maddagiri Taluk, Tumkur District. Petitioner was a Vrittidar in the Jodi village of Mallenahalli. The village fell into arrear, was exposed for sale in auction and there having been no bid was resumed by Government in January 1881. Petitioner states that his share had been mortgaged and the mortgagee failed to pay the Jodi. On these grounds, he requests that his share may be restored to him. 2. He also requests that he may be appointed Patel of the village. The present Patel Maduluregauda and his brother are willing to give up the office to Petitioner who is a Police Constable, but the Amilda

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			refused to appoint Petitioner as the office is hereditary and the future heirs of the present man may object. Decided that the village or Vritti properly resumed so long ago as 1881 cannot be now restored, and the Petitioner's request for the office of Patel cannot be complied with as he has no right whatever to it.
7818—454.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Appeal No. 1259 of 1889. Do 485 of 1890. Do 247 of 1890. *Appellant.* *Vs.* *Respondent.* Srikanthaiya of Nanjangud. Kasi Ranganna. Appellant claims to be restored to the office of Paricharak in the temple of Srikantheswaraswami at Nanjangud. Appellant's uncle Ramaiya was formerly Paricharak, the pay attached to the office being Rs. 1—3—0 per mensem. He was convicted of theft and removed from office in 1866. The office was vacant till 1871 when Respondent unconnected with the family of the dismissed man, was appointed, and Ramaiya declared to have lost all his hak. In 1876 the Respondent was dismissed, the Muzaray officer having considered him to be untrustworthy, and Appellant was appointed in his place. This appointment was cancelled on appeal in 1877, on the ground that Appellant was related to the dismissed Ramaiya, and the re-appointment of the Respondent was left to the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner, who conferred the appointment on Respondent's minor son Venkatasubbaiya and ordered the duties to be performed by some one appointed by Respondent. The Respondent, however, himself conducted the duties on behalf of his son. In 1888—89 Venkatasubbaiya was convicted of theft and sentenced to imprisonment. The office having thus become vacant, Appellant now claims it. It was proved during the enquiry held in this case, that Appellant was a divided member of the family of the late Hakdar Ramaiya. The Deputy Commissioner ordered that the Respondent should continue to do the duties of the office and

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				that, on his death, the office may be given to the Appellant *Decision.*—The Government, agreeing with the Deputy Commissioner, observed that although the Respondent was dismissed in 1876, yet the dismissal was virtually cancelled when his minor son was appointed in his place and he himself was allowed to perform the duties In fact he has been officiating as Paricharak since 1871 and it would be hard to turn him out now. On his death or removal, the appointment may be given to Appellant or his heirs
13	7871—223.	22nd	The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District.	Appeal No. 2801 of 28th March 1890 *Appellant* .. Tammannagauda of Kirugodlu, Hassan Taluk. This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, directing the sale of land bearing Survey No. 50 in the village of Kirugodlu. Survey No. 50 area 1·22 assessed at Rs. 4 formerly belonged to one Haligegauda. It was resumed by Government in Parthiva 1882—83, the owner not having paid the arrears thereon amounting to Rs. 40. On 20th June 1888, Shanbhog Ranganna applied for the land, stating that it contained no trees and that it was not brought on Takrar Statement No. 7 (that is it was not land resumed by Government). The darkhast was sent to the Shekdar on the same day with instructions to make over the land to the applicant if it contained no trees. The Shekdar accordingly delivered possession of the land on the 27th June 1888. Subsequently, *i. e.*, on 23rd July 1888, one Mallegauda applied for the land. The Amildar fined the Shanbhog one Rupee for not having mentioned the fact of the land having been once brought on Takrar Patti No. 7, took back the Sagavali chit that was issued and ordered the land to be sold. Petitioner who is stated to have purchased the land from the Shanbhog on 25th July 1888 for Rs. 4 complained against the order for the sale of the land, and the Deputy Commissioner after enquiry, finding that Petitioner had spent Rs. 25 on the land, ordered the amount to be collected from the Shanbhog and the Taluk Gumasta Putta Devaraiya, who omitted to bring

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				the fact of the Takrar Patti to notice, and paid to the Petitioner. The land was ordered to be sold in public auction, and it was accordingly sold on 23rd July 1889 when the 2nd darkhastdar Mallegauda purchased it for Rs. 32—8—0. The purchase money has been recovered but delivery of possession has been postponed pending disposal of this appeal to Government. The Appellant contends that the sale of the land which was once granted on darkhast is irregular, especially as he has spent some money on it. The Deputy Commissioner was of opinion that the alleged sale of the land to Appellant on 23rd July 1888 was fictitious, since the Shanbhog did not allude to it in the statement he made before the Amildar on 20th August 1888, and that Appellant had no sufficient ground to complain as the sum of Rs. 25 he had spent on the land has been ordered to be repaid to him. It was held by Government that the chief person to blame in this matter was Shanbhog Ranganna and not Appellant who purchased the land from him and spent some money on it. The Shanbhog ought to be made to pay the full value of the land and also a fine for having omitted to bring to the notice of the authorities that the land applied for was one that had been resumed by Government for arrears of revenue. It was ordered that Rs. 32—8—0 the value of the land, and a fine of Rs. 4 in addition to the fine already imposed be collected from the Shanbhog, and the sale held on 23rd August 1889 be cancelled. The purchase money must be refunded to Mallegauda together with interest at 12 per cent per annum. The interest payable will also be collected from the Shanbhog. Appellant will be left in undisturbed possession of the land in dispute.
14	8063—324.	30th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	**Appeal No. 1709 of 7th November 1889.** *Appellant* .. **Channappa of Bangalore.** **This is an appeal against the order of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, appointing a stranger named Subbarayappa as Appellant's Gumasta.**

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				Appellant is a Shanbhog of the villages of (1) Mantanakurchi, (2) Bhattarahalli and (3) Chandasandra. The duties of the office were performed by a Gumasta named Ramaiya who was appointed in 1884—85 with the permission of the then Jamabandi Officer, Appellant being employed in the Senior Surgeon's office at Bangalore. Appellant's father fell into arrear and although all his kandayam lands were sold, yet there remained a balance of Rs 141 which Appellant failed to pay, in 1889 a notice was issued informing him that he should resume the duties of his Shanbhog office, and that if he did not do so, another Gumasta would be appointed in the place of Ramaiya. Petitioner did not comply with the notice, and a stranger named Subbarayappa was appointed by the Deputy Commissioner as Gumasta. The appeal is against this order. Appellant prays that he may be allowed to do his duties by his own gumasta as usual, and that the arrear outstanding against him which accrued in consequence of the bad management of his father, may either be remitted or allowed to be paid by 3 annual instalments. *Decision.*—It was held that the Deputy Commissioner was wrong in removing Appellant's Gumasta without any fault on his part, merely on the ground that Appellant did not pay up the arrear of assessment due on his Kandayam lands. The order appealed against was set aside and the Deputy Commissioner requested to arrange for the collection of the arrear by instalments, if Appellant had no other property which could be sold to meet the demand.
15	808-89—482.	30th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Survey Superintendent.	*Appellant* .. Settigauda of Jattihundi, Mysore District. The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, reported in his letter No. 1096, dated 22nd March 1890, that land No. 145 of the village of Komarabidu claimed by Settigauda of Jattihundi, Mysore Taluk, was purchased by him at a Civil Court auction in 1877 and was in his enjoyment till the Survey Settlement when it was included in Kharab land Survey No. 65, owing to its having been stocked with date trees, and that it should not be arbitrarily resumed in the way it has been, but that it should be assessed and given over to the Petitioner.

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				The Superintendent of Revenue Survey stated in his letter No. 100, dated 27th May 1890, that under the circumstances represented by the Deputy Commissioner, a rate of assessment on the best available data can be fixed on the land referred to. Under the circumstances stated in the letters read above, Government considered that Petitioner's land must be separately demarcated and assessed and made over to him. The Superintendent of Revenue Survey was requested to arrange accordingly.
6	8252—488.	30th	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	The Deputy Commissioner of Mysore District submitted, with his letter No. 560, dated 31st July 1890, certain papers connected with the Pateli hak of the Sarvamanyam village of Hunasanal in the Nanjangud Taluk, Mysore District, claimed by one Venkatakrishnappa who appealed to Government against the Deputy Commissioner's Order dated 17th July 1889, referring him to competent court for the recovery of the office. The facts of the case are briefly as follows :— Appellant complained to the Amildar of Nanjangud in June 1888 that although he was the Patel of the Sarvamanyam village of Hunasanal for a long time and was keeping the Register of births and deaths, the Shekdar was latterly getting the work done by the Shanbhog ; the Amildar after due enquiry reported to the General Assistant Commissioner that Petitioner was acting as agent in the village but had been dismissed from that office by the vrittidars, and that his name was entered as Patel in the Patchi Register of 1869—70 kept in the Taluk records, and suggested that owing to some doubt he had regarding the date of that register, similar register in the District Office may be referred to. The register not being forthcoming in the District Office, the Assistant Commissioner on referring to an English Register kept in the Taluk Cutcherry found that the name of the Appellant was entered in it as Patel, and thereupon directed the Amildar in December 1888 to put Appellant in possession of the Register of births and deaths of the village. Two vrittidars one named Ranganna employed as Deputy Munshi in the District Office and another named Venkatanarasimhachari complained to the Deputy Commissioner against the appointment of the Appellant as Patel. The Deputy

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				Commissioner ordered that as Appellant has been out of office for some time and Shanbhog Narasimhaiya has been doing the duties, the former should be directed to establish his hak in a regular suit and that the Shanbhog now holding the office should be recognized as Patel. It is against this order that this appeal has been preferred On a perusal of the report No. 560, dated 31st July 1890 received from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the papers submitted therewith, the Government were of opinion that Appellant Venkatkrishnappa was recognized Patel of the village and was entitled to relief and that the order issued by the Deputy Commissioner removing him from office and appointing the Shanbhog in his place, cannot be upheld. Order quashed.
17	8155—321.	30th	The District Magistrate of Kolar.	One Viappa and others of the Devanga Caste residing in Sulikunte, a village in the Bowringpet Taluk, Kolar District, complained against an order issued by the Deputy Commissioner permitting the Muhammadans of that place to erect a Mosque newly on a site close to Hindu locality in front of which they (Petitioners) would have frequently to pass in procession on occasions of festivals and religious worship. The Deputy Commissioner reported in his letter No. 480—117, dated the 20th May 1890, that the site objected to by Petitioners belonged to the Muhammadan community and that an Ashurkhana was once standing on it, that as the site was about 60-90 yards away from the Hindu temples, the Amildar was directed to permit the Musalmans to raise a Masjid on the site in question after obtaining from them the necessary Mutchalika for keeping the peace, provided there was no other suitable site available in their own street for the purpose The papers connected with the letter read above were forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar for disposal under Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code, with the remark that if he considered it fit to stop the erection and wished to give effect to his order for a longer period than 2 months, he should report the matter for the orders of Government under the last clause of the aforementioned section.

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				2. The Government observed that if the Musalmans selected a less objectionable locality for the erection of their Mosque, the site so selected would be granted free of tax.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30*th September* 1890.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

Exd.—B. G. Ranganna Chetti.